

2. Consider three different processors P1, P2, and P3 executing the same instruction set. P1 has a 3GHz clock rate and a CPI of 1.5. P2 has a 2.5GHz clock rate and a CPI of 1.0. P3 has a 4.0GHz clock rate and has a CPI of 2.2.

(a) [6 points] Which processor has the highest performance expressed in instructions per second? = IPS

$CPU_{time} = \frac{\text{instruction count} \times CPI}{\text{clock rate}}$ $\frac{\text{clock rate} \cdot CPU_{time}}{CPI} = \frac{\text{instruction count} \times CPI}{CPI}$ $\frac{\text{clock rate} \cdot CPU_{time}}{CPI} = IC$ $\frac{\text{clock rate}}{CPI} \cdot \frac{CPU_{time}}{1} = IC$	$\frac{\text{instructions}}{CPU_{time}} = \frac{\text{clock rate}}{CPI}$ <p>P2 has the highest performance in instructions per second.</p>	$1 \text{ GHz} = 10^9 \text{ Hz}$ $IPS_1 = \frac{3 \text{ GHz}}{1.5} = 2 \times 10^9$ $IPS_2 = \frac{2.5 \text{ GHz}}{1} = 2.5 \times 10^9$ $IPS_3 = \frac{4 \text{ GHz}}{2.2} = 1.82 \times 10^9$
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- (b) [6 points] If the processors each execute a program in 10 seconds, find the number of cycles and the number of instructions.

slides →

CPU time = 10s, 1 GHz = 10^9 Hz

From Problem A = Know that $\text{instructions} = IPS \times CPU_{time}$

$\text{clock cycles} = CPU_{time} \times \text{clock rate}$

Processor 1: $\text{instructions}_1 = 2 \times 10^9 \times 10 = 2 \times 10^{10}$
 $\text{clock cycles}_1 = 10 \times 3 \text{ GHz} = 10 \times 3 \times 10^9 = 3 \times 10^{10}$

Processor 2: $\text{instructions}_2 = 2.5 \times 10^9 \times 10 = 2.5 \times 10^{10}$
 $\text{clock cycles}_2 = 10 \times 2.5 \text{ GHz} = 10 \times 2.5 \times 10^9 = 2.5 \times 10^{10}$

Processor 3: $\text{instructions}_3 = 1.82 \times 10^9 \times 10 = 1.82 \times 10^{10}$
 $\text{clock cycles}_3 = 10 \times 4 \text{ GHz} = 10 \times 4 \times 10^9 = 4 \times 10^{10}$