

laba_6

May 24, 2023

1 Yeva Aksonova

1.1 K13; V-101

1.2 Version of:

Pandas - 1.5.3;

matplotlib- 3.6.3

P=6

1.2.1 TASK_0

(Cleaning data)

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib as mpl
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

```
[2]: path = "weather.csv"
df = pd.read_csv(path, names=('d', 'cl', 'precip',
                              'D.t', 'N.t',
                              'W.pow', 'per'), header=0)

df.replace('-', np.nan, inplace=True)
```

```
[3]: df['cl'] = df['cl'].str.replace('%', '', regex=False).astype(int)

df['precip'] = df['precip'].str.replace(' . .', '', regex=False)
df['precip'] = pd.to_numeric(df['precip'], errors='coerce', downcast='unsigned')
df['precip'] = df['precip'].astype(pd.Int64Dtype())

df['D.t'] = df['D.t'].astype(str)
df['D.t'] = df['D.t'].str.replace('°C', '').astype(float)

df['N.t'] = df['N.t'].astype(str)
df['N.t'] = df['N.t'].str.replace('°C', '').astype(float)
```

```
df['W.pow'] = df['W.pow'].str.replace(' / ', '', regex=False).astype(int)
```

```
[4]: df['per'] = pd.to_datetime(df['per'])
df['m'] = df['per'].dt.month
df.groupby('m')
df
```

```
[4]:
```

	d	cl	precip	D.t	N.t	W.pow	per	m
0	1	72	<NA>	13.5	6.0	4	2023-04-01	4
1	2	100	1	8.0	8.5	3	2023-04-01	4
2	3	100	2	6.0	6.0	4	2023-04-01	4
3	4	100	<NA>	5.0	2.0	3	2023-04-01	4
4	5	87	4	7.5	3.0	5	2023-04-01	4
..	
360	27	64	1	19.5	13.0	6	2022-05-01	5
361	28	39	<NA>	17.0	10.0	4	2022-05-01	5
362	29	38	<NA>	18.5	10.5	3	2022-05-01	5
363	30	86	4	15.5	12.5	4	2022-05-01	5
364	31	39	<NA>	17.0	13.5	3	2022-05-01	5

[365 rows x 8 columns]

1.2.2 TASK_1

For period P, plot line graphs of changes in daytime temperature, night temperature, cloudiness, and wind strength by day

```
[5]: P =(df['m'] == 6)
```

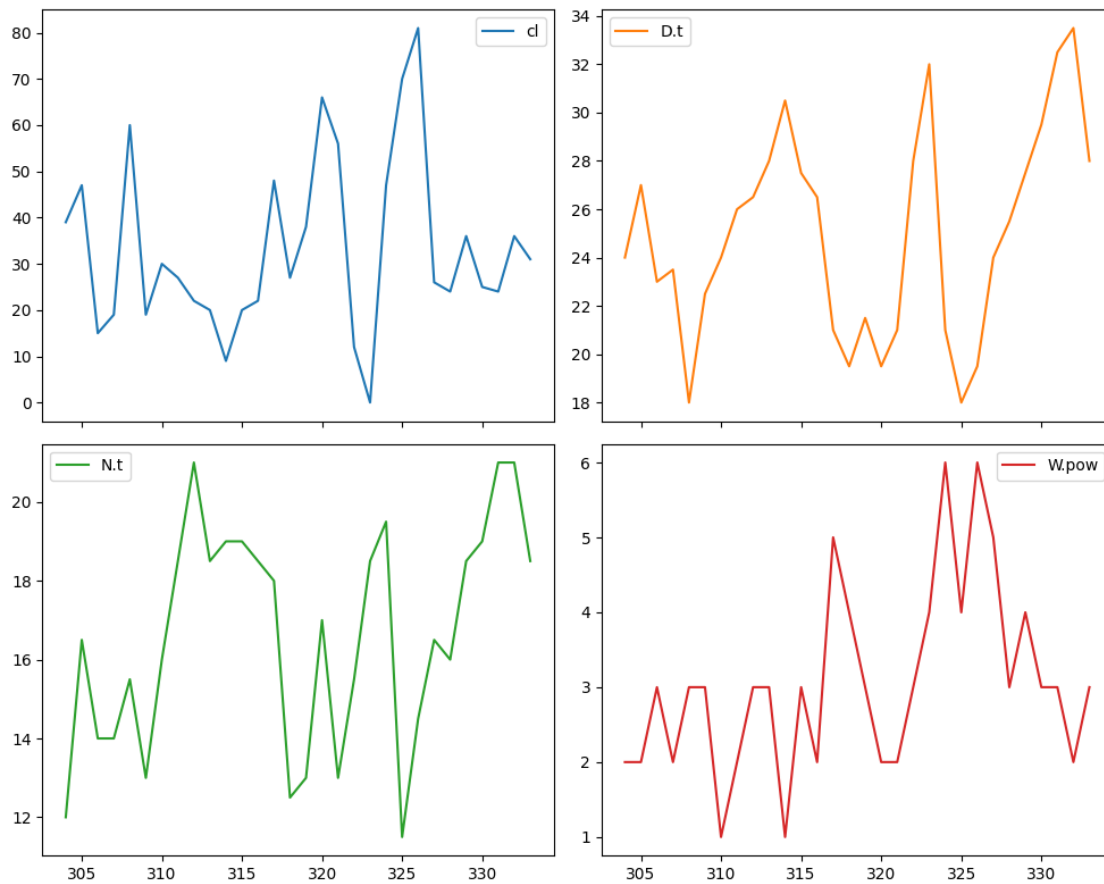
```
[6]: gr1=df.loc[P, ['cl', 'D.t', 'N.t', 'W.pow']]
gr1
```

```
[6]:
```

	cl	D.t	N.t	W.pow
304	39	24.0	12.0	2
305	47	27.0	16.5	2
306	15	23.0	14.0	3
307	19	23.5	14.0	2
308	60	18.0	15.5	3
309	19	22.5	13.0	3
310	30	24.0	16.0	1
311	27	26.0	18.5	2
312	22	26.5	21.0	3
313	20	28.0	18.5	3
314	9	30.5	19.0	1
315	20	27.5	19.0	3
316	22	26.5	18.5	2
317	48	21.0	18.0	5
318	27	19.5	12.5	4

319	38	21.5	13.0	3
320	66	19.5	17.0	2
321	56	21.0	13.0	2
322	12	28.0	15.5	3
323	0	32.0	18.5	4
324	47	21.0	19.5	6
325	70	18.0	11.5	4
326	81	19.5	14.5	6
327	26	24.0	16.5	5
328	24	25.5	16.0	3
329	36	27.5	18.5	4
330	25	29.5	19.0	3
331	24	32.5	21.0	3
332	36	33.5	21.0	2
333	31	28.0	18.5	3

```
[7]: gr1.plot(kind='line', subplots=True, layout=(2, 2), figsize=(10, 8))
plt.tight_layout()
```



1.2.3 TASK_2

The bubble (scatter) graph of daily temperature

```
[8]: data = df[P]

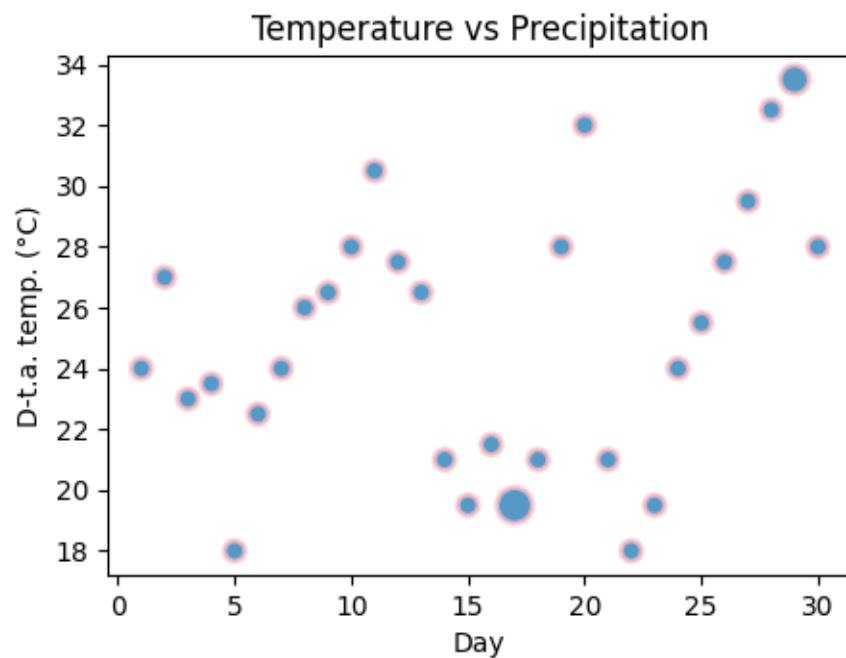
x = data['d']
y = data['D.t']
sizes = data['precip'].fillna(1)

sizes = [10 if pd.isna(precipitation) else precipitation * 60 for precipitation,
        in sizes]

plt.figure(figsize=(5, 3.5))
plt.scatter(x, y, s=sizes, alpha=0.75, edgecolor='pink', linewidth=2)

plt.xlabel('Day')
plt.ylabel('D-t.a. temp. (°C)')
plt.title('Temperature vs Precipitation')

plt.show()
```



1.2.4 TASK_3

Find the monthly average deviation of night temperature from daytime

```
[9]: df['dev'] = df['D.t'] - df['N.t']

monthly_avg_deviation = df.groupby('m')['dev'].mean()
monthly_avg_deviation
```

```
[9]: m
1      2.467742
2      3.089286
3      4.693548
4      4.350000
5      7.451613
6      8.316667
7      8.661290
8      9.403226
9      5.416667
10     5.048387
11     3.200000
12     2.596774
Name: dev, dtype: float64
```

1.2.5 TASK_4

The biggest discrepancy between day and night temperatures

```
[10]: larg_values = df.groupby('m', group_keys=False)['dev'].apply(lambda x: x.abs()).
      ↪max()
largest_deviation = df.loc[df['dev'].abs() == larg_values]
largest_deviation
```

```
[10]:      d  cl  precip  D.t  N.t  W.pow      per  m  dev
267  26   9    <NA>  36.5  20.5      4 2022-08-01  8  16.0
```

1.2.6 TASK_5

4 windiest days in period P

```
[11]: windiest_days = df[P].nlargest(4, 'W.pow')
windiest_days
```

```
[11]:      d  cl  precip  D.t  N.t  W.pow      per  m  dev
324  21  47         1  21.0  19.5      6 2022-06-01  6  1.5
326  23  81    <NA>  19.5  14.5      6 2022-06-01  6  5.0
317  14  48         1  21.0  18.0      5 2022-06-01  6  3.0
327  24  26    <NA>  24.0  16.5      5 2022-06-01  6  7.5
```

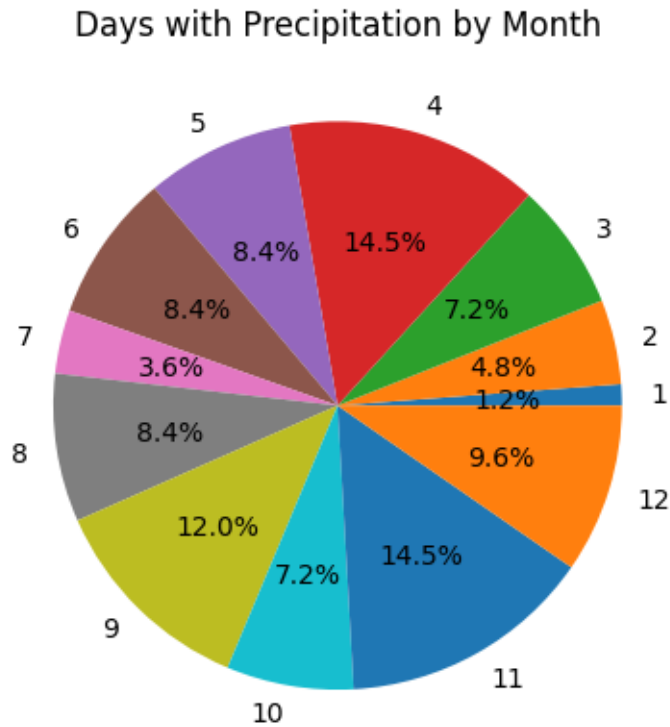
1.2.7 TASK_6

The number of days with precipitation in the month

```
[12]: precip_days = df[df['precip'].notna()].groupby('m')['d'].count()

plt.pie(precip_days, labels=precip_days.index, autopct='%.1f%%')
plt.title('Days with Precipitation by Month')
```

```
[12]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Days with Precipitation by Month')
```



1.2.8 TASK_7

loudness

```
[13]: def day_type(cloudiness):
        if cloudiness > 70:
            return 'Cloudy'
        elif cloudiness < 35:
            return 'Sunny'
        else:
            return 'Variable'

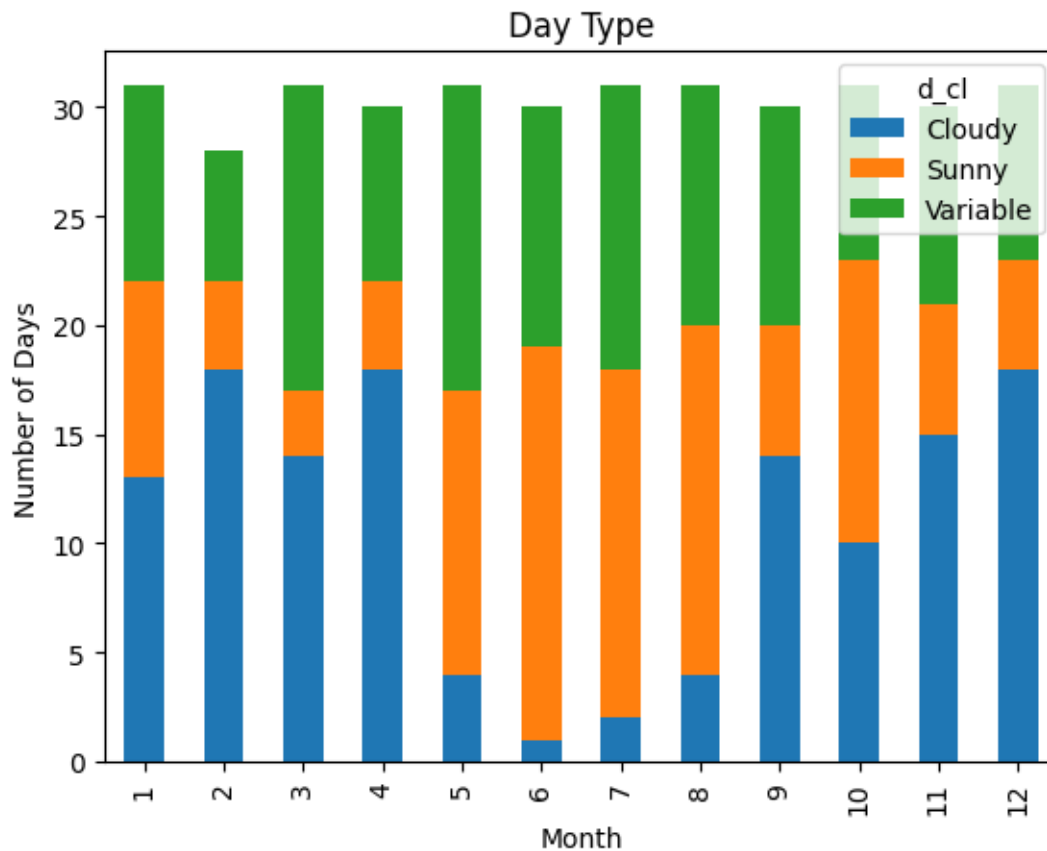
df['d_cl'] = df['cl'].apply(day_type)

grouped_data = df.groupby(['m', 'd_cl']).size().unstack(fill_value=0)
```

```
grouped_data.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True)

plt.xlabel('Month')
plt.ylabel('Number of Days')
plt.title('Day Type')
```

[13]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Day Type')



1.2.9 TASK_8

All the months in which there were more sunny days than days with precipitation

```
[14]: n_sunny = df.groupby('m')['cl'].apply(lambda x: (x < 35).sum())
n_perc = df.groupby('m')['precip'].count()

sunny_months = n_sunny[n_sunny > n_perc].index
print('Lucky sunny days:')
print(*sunny_months, sep=',\n')
```

Lucky sunny days:)

1,
5,
6,
7,
8,
10

1.2.10 TASK_9

Histogram of the deviation of night temperature from daytime

```
[15]: plt.hist(df['dev'], bins=40)
plt.xlabel('Deviation (°C)')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Temperature Deviation')
```

```
[15]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Temperature Deviation')
```

