



MECH0064 MSc Group Design Project

# Compact Continuum Robotic Manipulator Platform

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# Abstract

This is the Abstract of the final report.

AAAAA bbb

test for github

*Key Words: Continuum Robotic e.g.*

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# List of Tables

# 1 Introduction

This is the Introduction of the final report.[1]

Introduction including market survey.

Introduction including market survey.

## 1.1 Background

This is the background part.

## 1.2 Motivation

This is the motivation part.

## 2 Literature Review

This is the Literature Review of the final report.

### 2.1 part ??

unknown

### 2.2 part ??

unknown

unknowz



### 3 Design

This is the Design of the final report.

#### 3.1 Methodology

##### 3.1.1 Forward Kinematics

The manipulator consists of four sections, and the backbones of each section are perpendicular to each other. To derive the workspace of the manipulator for further analysis, the forward kinematics formula need to be conducted. According to the fishbone continuum robot[2], the forward kinematics formula of two perpendicular sections are shown in Equations 1, 2, and 3.

$$\begin{aligned} x = & -\frac{S_r r}{\Delta S_1} + \frac{S_r r}{\Delta S_1} \cos\left(\frac{\Delta S_l}{r}\right) - d_1 \sin\left(\frac{\Delta S_l}{r}\right) \\ & - \frac{S_r r}{\Delta S_3} \sin\left(\frac{\Delta S_1}{r}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\Delta S_3}{r}\right) \\ & - d_2 \sin\left(\frac{\Delta S_1}{r}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\Delta S_3}{r}\right) \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

$$y = -\frac{S_r r}{\Delta S_3} + \frac{S_r r}{\Delta S_3} \cos\left(\frac{\Delta S_3}{r}\right) - d_2 \sin\left(\frac{\Delta S_3}{r}\right) \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} Z = & \frac{S_r r}{\Delta S_1} \sin\left(\frac{\Delta S_l}{r}\right) + d_1 \cos\left(\frac{\Delta S_l}{r}\right) \\ & + \frac{S_r r}{\Delta S_3} \sin\left(\frac{\Delta S_3}{r}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\Delta S_1}{r}\right) \\ & + d_2 \cos\left(\frac{\Delta S_1}{r}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\Delta S_3}{r}\right). \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

However, calculating the centroid directly using the above formula becomes somewhat complex while there are four sections. Additionally, the inverse kinematics part also requires the derivation of corresponding matrices for subsequent calculations using the composite coordinate transformation formula. Therefore, The relevant matrices for subsequent calculations need to be derived. The position of the end effector at the section whose backbone is parallel to the

x-axis, which is  $\mathbf{P}_{end}$  can be derived based on the bending angle matrix  $\mathbf{B}$ , mechanism parameters, the position of the end effector in the base coordinate system  $\mathbf{P}_{base}^{end}$  and the position of the base at the section  $\mathbf{P}_{base}$ . The composite coordinate transformation is a combination of rotation and translation. The equations are shown in Equations 4 and 5.  $P_{horizontal}$  and  $P_{vertical}$  are the horizontal and vertical position of end effector at the section in the base coordinate system, respectively.

$$\mathbf{P}_{end} = \mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{P}_{base} + \mathbf{P}_{base}^{end} \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\alpha) & \sin(\alpha) \\ 0 & -\sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ P_{horizontal} \\ P_{vertical} \end{bmatrix} \quad (5)$$

$$P_{horizontal} = R \cdot (1 - \cos(\alpha) + d \cdot \cos(\alpha))$$

$$P_{vertical} = R \cdot \sin(\alpha) + d \cdot \sin(\alpha)$$

### 3.2 part ??

unknown

### 3.3 part ??

unknown

## 4 Result and Discussion

This is the Result and Discussion of the final report.

### 4.1 part ??

unknown

### 4.2 part ??

unknown

### 4.3 part ??

unknown

### 4.4 part ??

unknown

### 4.5 part ??

unknown

### 4.6 part ??

unknown

### 4.7 part ??

unknown

### 4.8 part ??

unknown

## **4.9 part ??**

unknown

## **4.10 part ??**

unknown

## **4.11 part ??**

unknown

## 5 Conclusion

This is the Conclusion of the final report.

# References

1. Benner, S. A. Synthetic biology: Act natural. *Nature* **421**, 118–118 (2003).
2. Zhou, P. *et al.* A bioinspired fishbone continuum robot with rigid-flexible-soft coupling structure. *Bioinspiration & Biomimetics* **17**, 066012 (2022).

# Appendix A

## TEST

This is the Appendix 1.

# Appendix B

## Test

This is the Appendix 2.