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Strategic Capital Management, LLC (A)

On December 9, 1998, Elena King contemplated her first investment as a hedge fund manager. In only a few months, Elena had raised \$20 million for her new fund, Strategic Capital Management, and was looking forward to putting the money to work. Based on recent comments by high-profile analysts such as Henry Blodgett of Merrill Lynch and Mary Meeker of Morgan Stanley, Elena thought that the Internet sector provided excellent prospects for lucrative investments. She was specifically interested in a recent initial public offering (IPO) by Ubid, an Internet auction firm.

Strategic Capital Management, LLC

Elena became interested in hedge funds when she was an MBA student during the prior two years. A strong believer in portfolio diversification, Elena was enamored with the risk-return profile of many hedge-fund strategies. Like many of her fellow classmates, Elena chose to forgo a traditional career in consulting and investment banking by pursuing an entrepreneurial venture. She was able to convince two of her classmates to join her in launching Strategic Capital Management (SCM), LLC. Against the backdrop of a strong stock market, SCM had little trouble raising \$20 million with a mandate of generating annual returns of 10% with little market exposure. SCM would charge its investors a management fee of 2% of assets under management and an incentive fee equal to 20% of profits. SCM also required that investors keep their money invested for a minimum of two years.

Ubid and Creative Computers¹

During the past week, SCM had been closely monitoring and researching the recent IPO by Ubid, an Internet auction firm and subsidiary of Creative Computers, a catalog distributor of computers and computer peripherals. In an attempt to expand its distribution network, Creative Computers opened retail outlets in the 1990s. However, because of the constant pressure on profit margins in the computer business, Creative closed seven of its eight retail stores in 1998. At the same time, it also began selling computer equipment over the Internet. The company developed the Ubid website devoted to selling factory excess and refurbished goods through an auction format. Buyers all over

 1 See Pulvino and Das, 1999, "Ubid," Kellogg Graduate School of Management Case Study for additional discussion of Ubid and Creative Computers.

Professors Mark Mitchell, Todd Pulvino, and Erik Stafford prepared this case. This case was developed from public sources. HBS cases are developed solely as the basis for class discussion. Cases are not intended to serve as endorsements, sources of primary data, or illustrations of effective or ineffective management.

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the world could view and bid on computers, peripheral equipment, and other consumer electronics. The Ubid subsidiary proved to be very successful, generating \$2.1 million in sales in its first quarter of operation.

Management projected that sales in the Internet auction subsidiary would continue to grow at a rapid rate. Based on the high market prices of other Internet retailers, Creative Computers' managers did not believe that its stock price accurately reflected the potential of its Internet business. To raise the market's awareness of the Internet portion of their business, Creative Computers decided to carve-out the Internet subsidiary. On July 6, 1998, they announced their plans to sell approximately 20% of Ubid's equity in an initial public offering. Subject to a favorable tax ruling by the Internal Revenue Service, they planned to distribute the remaining 80% of Ubid to the shareholders of Creative Computers in a tax-free spin-off six months after the Ubid IPO.

The Ubid IPO took place after the close of trading on December 3, 1998. Ubid sold 1.817 million shares for \$15 per share. This was the top of the expected range of \$14 to \$15 set by Merrill Lynch & Co., the lead underwriter of the equity carve-out. Ubid received proceeds of \$25.4 million, after subtracting \$1.9 million in underwriting fees. On the first day (December 4, 1998) that Ubid was publicly traded, its shares opened at \$38, more than double the IPO price. The shares traded above \$60 before closing the first day at \$48. Based on 9.15 million total shares outstanding, Ubid closed its first day as a publicly-traded company with a market capitalization of \$439 million.

Like many other Internet companies, Ubid had rapidly growing sales. By the third quarter of 1998 (only their third quarter of operation), Ubid sales had increased to \$15.3 million, a growth rate of 637% and 127% over the first and second quarters. Yet, earnings remained negative. Ubid reported a pre-tax loss of \$1.1 million for the quarter and there were no prospects of positive earnings in the near future.

At the same time that Ubid was experiencing phenomenal sales growth, Creative Computers' core business was experiencing success of its own. Creative achieved record consolidated quarterly net sales of \$186 million in the third quarter of 1998, 51% above 1997's third quarter (excluding Ubid, net sales were \$170 million, a 39% increase over 1997's third quarter sales). Net income also improved reaching \$435,000 for the quarter. Without the investment in Ubid, net income was \$1.1 million, Creative Computer's most profitable quarter since the third quarter of 1997.

The Investment Decision

Near the close of the trading day on December 9, 1998, Elena needed to make a decision, as she wanted to place her first trade before the market closed. She took a long look at the prices of Creative Computers and Ubid on her Bloomberg terminal. Creative Computers was trading at \$22.75 and Ubid was at \$35.6875.

Exhibit 1 Consolidated Balance Sheet for Creative Computers, Inc. on September 30, 1998 (Thousands of Dollars)

Assets		Liabilities & Stockholder's Equity	
Cash and Equivalents	15,528	Accounts Payable	75,877
Accounts Receivable	40,564	Short-Term Debt	2,969
Inventory	44,958	Other Current Liabilities	15,336
Other Current Assets	12,428	Capital Leases	29
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	15,040	Notes Payable	154
Other Long-Term Assets	14,313	Stockholder's Equity	48,466
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Total Assets	142,831		142,831

Source: Annual Reports.

Creative Computers has 10,238,703 shares outstanding on December 9, 1998.

Exhibit 2 Consolidated Balance Sheet for Ubid, Inc. on September 30, 1998 (Thousands of Dollars)

Assets		Liabilities & Stockholder's Equity	
Accounts Receivable	499	Accounts Payable	4,760
Inventory	4,498	Other Current Liabilities	871
Other Current Assets	10	Advances from the Parent	3,709
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	302	Stockholder's Equity	-3,292
Other Long-Term Assets	739	7	
Total Assets	6,048		6,048

Source: Annual Reports.

Ubid has 9,146,883 shares outstanding on December 9, 1998.