

A decorative graphic on the left side of the slide, consisting of a network of white lines and circles on a blue gradient background, resembling a circuit board or a neural network.

WEEK 5

SQL – IMPLEMENTING OUR CASE STUDY IN MYSQL

STUDENT OBJECTIVES

- Upon completion of this video, you should be able to:
 - Create tables
 - Insert data into tables
 - Query the tables by joining them together
 - Using SQL, implement a projection, selection, join, Cartesian product, union, intersection and difference.
 - Alter and drop tables
 - Create indices on tables

EXAMPLE – STEP 1 → CREATE YOUR DATABASE AND TABLES

- Connect to your virtual machine and let's set up the ***employee, department, project, workson*** database:

<http://www.csd.uwo.ca/~lreid/cs3319/sqlscripts/>

```
CREATE database mycompany;  
USE mycompany;
```

```
CREATE TABLE department (deptno CHAR(3), deptname VARCHAR(20),  
deptlocation VARCHAR(20));
```

```
CREATE TABLE project (projectid VARCHAR(3), projectname  
VARCHAR(20), projectlocation VARCHAR(20), deptno CHAR(3), PRIMARY  
KEY (projectid) FOREIGN KEY (deptno) REFERENCES  
department(deptno));
```

```
CREATE TABLE employee (SSN VARCHAR(9) not null, lastname  
VARCHAR(20), firstname VARCHAR(20), sex CHAR(1), deptno char (3),  
PRIMARY KEY (SSN) FOREIGN KEY (deptno) REFERENCES  
department(deptno));
```

```
CREATE TABLE workson (SSN VARCHAR(9), projectid VARCHAR(3), hours  
int, PRIMARY KEY (SSN, projectid) FOREIGN KEY (SSN) REFERENCES  
employee(SSN), FOREIGN KEY (projectid) REFERENCES  
project(projectid));
```

STEP 2: PUT SOME DATA INTO YOUR TABLES

```
mysql> insert into EMPLOYEE values ('34','Flanders','Ned','M','G6H');
insert into EMPLOYEE values ('222','Green','Rachel','F','SG7');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into EMPLOYEE values ('222','Green','Rachel','F','SG7');
insert into EMPLOYEE values ('111','Geller','Monica','F','G6H');Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into EMPLOYEE values ('333','Bing','Changler','M','S8P');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into EMPLOYEE values ('111','Geller','Monica','F','G6H');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from employee
-> ;
ERROR 1146 (42S02): Table 'laurascompany.employee' doesn't exist
mysql> select * from EMPLOYEE;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| SSN | lastname | firstname | sex | deptno |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 111 | Geller   | Monica   | F   | G6H    |
| 222 | Green    | Rachel   | F   | SG7    |
| 245 | Simpson  | Homer    | M   | SG7    |
| 333 | Bing     | Changler | M   | S8P    |
| 34  | Flanders | Ned      | M   | G6H    |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

```
mysql> select * from DEPARTMENT;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+
| deptno | deptname          | deptlocation |
+-----+-----+-----+
| G6H    | Personnel         | London       |
| K9J    | InfoTech          | Toronto      |
| S8P    | Accounting        | London       |
| SG7    | Safety Department | Springy      |
+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql>
```

```
mysql> create table PROJECT (projectid varchar(3) not null, projectname varchar(20), projectlocation varchar(20),deptno char(3), primary key (projectid));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> insert into PROJECT values ('P1','New Pay','Toronto','SG7');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into PROJECT values ('P33','GetThings','Hong Kong','G6H');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> select * from project;
ERROR 1146 (42S02): Table 'laurascompany.project' doesn't exist
mysql> select * from PROJECT;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| projectid | projectname | projectlocation | deptno |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| P1        | New Pay     | Toronto         | SG7    |
| P33       | GetThings   | Hong Kong       | G6H    |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

```

insert into WORKS_ON values ('111','P35',10);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into PROJECT values ('P35','Pi','Springy','SG7');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> insert into WORKS_ON values ('34','P35',20);
insert into WORKS_ON values ('222','P13',25);Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into WORKS_ON values ('34','P13',23);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into WORKS_ON values ('111','P35',10);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into WORKS_ON values ('333','P35',34);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> insert into WORKS_ON values ('34','P43',41);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into WORKS_ON values ('222','P13',25);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from PROJECT;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| projectid | projectname | projectlocation | deptno |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| P1        | New Pay     | Toronto         | SG7    |
| P13       | Omega       | Toronto         | SG7    |
| P23       | Alpha       | Toronto         | SG7    |
| P33       | GetThings   | Hong Kong       | G6H    |
| P35       | Pi          | Springy         | SG7    |
| P43       | Delta       | London          | S8P    |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from WORKS_ON;
+-----+-----+-----+
| SSN | projectid | hours |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 111 | P35       | 10    |
| 222 | P13       | 25    |
| 333 | P35       | 34    |
| 34  | P13       | 23    |
| 34  | P35       | 20    |
| 34  | P43       | 41    |
+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>

```

```
mysql> show tables;
```

```
+-----+  
| Tables_in_laurascompany |  
+-----+  
| DEPARTMENT              |  
| EMPLOYEE                 |  
| PROJECT                  |  
| WORKS_ON                 |  
+-----+  
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> alter table EMPLOYEE add city varchar(10);
```

```
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.07 sec)  
Records: 5  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from EMPLOYEE;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| SSN | lastname | firstname | sex | deptno | city |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| 111 | Geller   | Monica    | F   | G6H    | NULL |  
| 222 | Green    | Rachel    | F   | SG7    | NULL |  
| 245 | Simpson  | Homer     | M   | SG7    | NULL |  
| 333 | Bing     | Changler  | M   | S8P    | NULL |  
| 34  | Flanders | Ned       | M   | G6H    | NULL |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> █
```


STEP 3: DO SOME QUERIES USING SQL

Projection:

SELECT attribute1, attribute2 FROM TABLEname;

e.g. SELECT firstname, lastname FROM employee;

<u>lastname</u>	<u>firstname</u>
Geller	Monica
Green	Rachel
Simpson	Homer
Bing	<u>Chandler</u>
Flanders	Ned

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Question: What do you think:

SELECT DISTINCT lastname FROM employee;

does?

```
mysql> SELECT sex FROM employee;
```

+	-----	+
	sex	
+	-----	+
	F	
	F	
	M	
	M	
	M	
+	-----	+

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT sex FROM employee;
```

+	-----	+
	sex	
+	-----	+
	F	
	M	
+	-----	+

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Selection:

SELECT * FROM TABLEname WHERE condition; (* gives all fields)

e.g.

SELECT * FROM employee WHERE sex="F";

SELECT firstname, lastname FROM employee WHERE sex='F';

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM employee WHERE sex="F";
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| SSN | lastname | firstname | sex | deptno |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 111 | Geller   | Monica    | F   | G8H     |
| 222 | Green    | Rachel    | F   | SG7     |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT firstname, lastname FROM employee WHERE sex="F";
+-----+-----+
| firstname | lastname |
+-----+-----+
| Monica    | Geller   |
| Rachel    | Green    |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

SELECT * FROM employee WHERE city IS NULL AND sex="F";

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| SSN | lastname | firstname | sex | deptno | city |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 111 | Geller   | Monica    | F   | G6H    | NULL |
| 222 | Green    | Rachel    | F   | SG7    | NULL |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

5 record(s) selected.

SELECT * FROM employee ORDER BY firstname;

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| SSN | lastname | firstname | sex | deptno | city |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 333 | Bing     | Changler  | M   | S8P    | NULL |
| 245 | Simpson  | Homer     | M   | SG7    | NULL |
| 111 | Geller   | Monica    | F   | G6H    | NULL |
| 34  | Flanders | Ned       | M   | G6H    | NULL |
| 222 | Green    | Rachel    | F   | SG7    | NULL |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

SELECT COUNT(*) FROM employee;

+-----+

| COUNT (*) |

+-----+

| 5 |

+-----+

SELECT COUNT(sex) FROM employee;

+-----+

| COUNT (sex) |

+-----+

| 5 |

+-----+

SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT sex) FROM employee;

+-----+

| COUNT(DISTINCT sex) |

+-----+

| 2 |

+-----+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

SELECT * FROM workson;

```
+-----+-----+-----+
| SSN | projectid | hours |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 111 | P35      | 10    |
| 222 | P13      | 25    |
| 333 | P35      | 34    |
| 34  | P13      | 23    |
| 34  | P35      | 20    |
| 34  | P43      | 41    |
+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

SELECT ssn FROM workson WHERE hours > 25;

```
+-----+
| ssn |
+-----+
| 333 |
| 34  |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

SELECT * FROM workson WHERE projectid = 'P35' AND hours > 20;

```
+-----+-----+-----+
| SSN | projectid | hours |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 333 | P35      | 34    |
+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```



```
mysql>SELECT * FROM employee;
```

SSN	lastname	firstname	sex	deptno	city
111	Geller	Monica	F	G6H	NULL
222	Green	Rachel	F	SG7	NULL
245	Simpson	Homer	M	SG7	NULL
333	Bing	Changler	M	S8P	NULL
34	Flanders	Ned	M	G6H	NULL

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM employee;
```

COUNT(*)
5

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> SELECT deptno, COUNT(*) FROM employee GROUP BY deptno;
```

deptno	COUNT(*)
G6H	2
S8P	1
SG7	2

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Joins:

```
mysql> SHOW TABLES;
```

```
+-----+  
| TABLES_in_mycompany |  
+-----+  
| department            |  
| employee              |  
| project               |  
| workson               |  
+-----+  
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM employee;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| SSN | lastname | firstname | sex | deptno |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| 111 | Geller   | Monica    | F   | G8H    |  
| 222 | Green    | Rachel    | F   | SG7    |  
| 245 | Simpson  | Homer     | M   | SG7    |  
| 333 | Bing     | Changler  | M   | S8P    |  
| 34  | Flanders | Ned       | M   | G8H    |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM department;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+
| deptno | deptname          | deptlocation |
+-----+-----+-----+
| G8H    | Personnel         | London      |
| K9J    | InfoTech          | Toronto     |
| S8P    | Accounting        | London      |
| SG7    | Safety Department | Springy     |
+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT lastname FROM employee WHERE deptno = "SG7";
```

```
+-----+
| lastname |
+-----+
| Green    |
| Simpson  |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT deptname FROM department;
```

```
+-----+
| deptname |
+-----+
| Personnel |
| InfoTech |
| Accounting |
| Safety Department |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT deptname FROM department WHERE deptno="SG7";
```

```
+-----+  
| deptname |  
+-----+  
| Safety Department |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT lastname FROM employee WHERE deptno IN (SELECT deptno FROM department  
WHERE deptname="Safety Department");
```

```
+-----+  
| lastname |  
+-----+  
| Green |  
| Simpson |  
+-----+  
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT lastname FROM employee, department WHERE  
employee.deptno=department.deptno and department.deptname="Safety Department";
```

```
+-----+  
| lastname |  
+-----+  
| Green |  
| Simpson |  
+-----+  
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM employee RIGHT OUTER JOIN department ON  
employee.deptno=department.deptno;
```

SSN	lastname	firstname	sex	deptno	deptno	deptname	deptlocation
111	Geller	Monica	F	G8H	G8H	Personnel	London
34	Flanders	Ned	M	G8H	G8H	Personnel	London
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	K9J	InfoTech	Toronto
333	Bing	Changler	M	S8P	S8P	Accounting	London
222	Green	Rachel	F	SG7	SG7	Safety Department	Springy
245	Simpson	Homer	M	SG7	SG7	Safety Department	Springy

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

**NOTE: Full outer join would be: *SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEE
FULL JOIN DEPARTMENT ON DEPARTMENT.DEPTNO =
EMPLOYEE.DEPTNO***

UNION:

First, let's add a city column to the employee TABLE:

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE employee ADD city VARCHAR(20);
```

Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.18 sec)

Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0mysql> SELECT * FROM employee;

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| SSN | lastname | firstname | sex | deptno | city |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 111 | Geller   | Monica    | F   | G8H     | NULL |
| 222 | Green    | Rachel    | F   | SG7     | NULL |
| 245 | Simpson  | Homer     | M   | SG7     | NULL |
| 333 | Bing     | Changler  | M   | S8P     | NULL |
| 34  | Flanders | Ned       | M   | G8H     | NULL |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> UPDATE employee SET city="Calgary" WHERE sex="F";
```

Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Rows matched: 2 Changed: 2 Warnings: 0

```
mysql> UPDATE employee SET city="Halifax" WHERE sex="M";
```

Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)

Rows matched: 3 Changed: 3 Warnings: 0

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM department;
```

deptno	deptname	deptlocation
G8H	Personnel	London
K9J	InfoTech	Toronto
S8P	Accounting	London
SG7	Safety Department	Springy

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> SELECT deptlocation FROM department UNION (SELECT city FROM employee);
```

deptlocation
London
Toronto
Springy
Calgary
Halifax

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

INTERSECTION:

```
mysql> SELECT deptlocation FROM department;
```

```
+-----+  
| deptlocation |  
+-----+  
| London      |  
| Toronto     |  
| London      |  
| Springy     |  
+-----+  
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT projectloation FROM project;
```

```
+-----+  
| projectloation |  
+-----+  
| Toronto        |  
| Toronto        |  
| Toronto        |  
| Hong Kong      |  
| Springy        |  
| London         |  
+-----+  
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT department.deptlocation FROM department JOIN  
project ON project.projectloation=department.deptlocation;
```

```
+-----+  
| deptlocation |  
+-----+  
| Toronto      |  
| Springy      |  
| London       |  
+-----+  
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

DIFFERENCE:

```
mysql> SELECT deptlocation FROM department;
```

```
+-----+  
| deptlocation |  
+-----+  
| London      |  
| Toronto     |  
| London      |  
| Springy     |  
+-----+
```

```
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT projectloation FROM project;
```

```
+-----+  
| projectloation |  
+-----+  
| Toronto        |  
| Toronto        |  
| Toronto        |  
| Hong Kong      |  
| Springy        |  
| London         |  
+-----+
```

```
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT projectloation FROM project WHERE projectloation NOT IN (SELECT deptlocation FROM department);
```

```
+-----+  
| projectloation |  
+-----+  
| Hong Kong      |  
+-----+
```

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

WILDCARDS/PATTERN MATCHING:

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM project WHERE projectlocation LIKE '%on%';
```

projectid	projectname	projectlocation	deptno
P1	New Pay	Toronto	SG7
P13	Omega	Toronto	SG7
P23	Alpha	Toronto	SG7
P33	GetThings	Hong Kong	G8H
P43	Delta	London	S8P

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM project WHERE projectid LIKE 'P_3';
```

projectid	projectname	projectlocation	deptno
P13	Omega	Toronto	SG7
P23	Alpha	Toronto	SG7
P33	GetThings	Hong Kong	G8H
P43	Delta	London	S8P

```
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

UPDATING RECORDS

```
mysql> UPDATE employee SET city="Montreal";
```

```
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
Rows matched: 5   Changed: 5   Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM employee;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| SSN | lastname | firstname | sex | deptno | city      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 111 | Geller   | Monica    | F   | G8H    | Montreal  |
| 222 | Green    | Rachel    | F   | SG7    | Montreal  |
| 245 | Simpson  | Homer     | M   | SG7    | Montreal  |
| 333 | Bing     | Changler  | M   | S8P    | Montreal  |
| 34  | Flanders | Ned       | M   | G8H    | Montreal  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> UPDATE employee SET city="Abu Dhabi" WHERE sex="F";
```

```
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
Rows matched: 2   Changed: 2   Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM employee;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| SSN | lastname | firstname | sex | deptno | city      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 111 | Geller   | Monica    | F   | G8H    | Abu Dhabi |
| 222 | Green    | Rachel    | F   | SG7    | Abu Dhabi |
| 245 | Simpson  | Homer     | M   | SG7    | Montreal  |
| 333 | Bing     | Changler  | M   | S8P    | Montreal  |
| 34  | Flanders | Ned       | M   | G8H    | Montreal  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```


DELETING RECORDS:

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM employee;
```

SSN	lastname	firstname	sex	deptno	city
111	Geller	Monica	F	G8H	Abu Dhabi
222	Green	Rachel	F	SG7	Abu Dhabi
245	Simpson	Homer	M	SG7	Montreal
333	Bing	Changler	M	S8P	Montreal
34	Flanders	Ned	M	G8H	Montreal

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> DELETE FROM employee WHERE firstname LIKE "N%";
```

```
ERROR 1451 (23000): Cannot delete or update a parent row: a FOREIGN KEY  
constraint fails (`mycompany`.`workson`, CONSTRAINT `workson_ibfk_1` FOREIGN  
KEY (`SSN`) REFERENCES `employee` (`SSN`))
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM workson;
```

SSN	projectid	hours
222	P13	25
333	P35	34
34	P13	23
34	P35	20
34	P43	41

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> DELETE FROM employee WHERE firstname LIKE "M%";
```

```
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
```

STEP 4: ADDING, FIXING, DELETING TABLES

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE petowner (ownerid CHAR(3), firstname VARCHAR(20),  
    lastname VARCHAR(20), PRIMARY KEY(ownerid));
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

```
mysql> INSERT INTO petowner VALUES (222,"Peter","Griffin");
```

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM petowner;
```

ownerid	firstname	lastname
222	Peter	Griffin

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE petowner ADD address VARCHAR(30);
```

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)

Records: 1 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM petowner;
```

ownerid	firstname	lastname	address
222	Peter	Griffin	NULL

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE petowner DROP COLUMN address;
```

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.06 sec)

Records: 1 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

```
mysql> DROP TABLE petowner;
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

STEP 5: BUILDING CONSTRAINTS – NOTE: CHECK CONSTRAINTS DON'T WORK IN MYSQL

db2 => list TABLEs

NAME	CREATOR	TYPE	CTIME
DEPARTMENT	LREID	T	1998-05-16-23.16.11.502134
EMPLOYEE	LREID	T	1998-05-16-23.14.20.406159
PROJECT	LREID	T	1998-05-16-23.31.01.967801
PROJEMP	LREID	T	1998-05-16-23.32.55.432516

4 record(s) selected.

db2 => **ALTER TABLE projemp ADD CONSTRAINT hourly CHECK (hours > 0)**

DB20000I The SQL command completed successfully.

db2 => **SELECT * FROM projemp**

SSN	PROJECTID	HOURS
34	P35	20
34	P13	23
111	P35	10
333	P35	34
34	P43	41
222	P13	25

6 record(s) selected.

db2 => **UPDATE projemp SET hours = 8 WHERE ssn='222'**

DB20000I The SQL command completed successfully.

db2 => **SELECT * FROM projemp**

SSN	PROJECTID	HOURS
34	P35	20
34	P13	23
111	P35	10
333	P35	34
34	P43	41
222	P13	8

6 record(s) selected.

db2 => **UPDATE projemp SET hours = -3 WHERE ssn='222'**

DB21034E The command was processed as an SQL statement because it was not a valid Command Line Processor command. During SQL processing it returned:

SQL0545N The requested operation is not allowed because a row does not satisfy the check constraint "LREID.PROJEMP.HOURY". SQLSTATE=23513

db2 => **alter TABLE employee ADD CONSTRAINT deptvalid FOREIGN KEY(deptno) **
db2 (cont.) => **REFERENCES department on delete set null**
DB20000I The SQL command completed successfully.
db2 => **SELECT * FROM employee**

SSN	LASTNAME	FIRSTNAME	SEX	DEPTNO	CITY
----	-----	-----	----	-----	-----
245	Simpson	Homer	M	SG7	Montreal
222	Green	Rachel	F	SG7	Abu Dhabi
333	Bing	Changler	M	S8P	Montreal
111	Geller	Monica	F	G6H	Abu Dhabi

4 record(s) selected.

db2 => **SELECT * FROM department**

DEPTNO	DEPTNAME	LOCATION
-----	-----	-----
SG7	Safety Department	Springy
S8P	Accounting	London
G6H	Personnel	London
K9J	InfoTech	Toronto

4 record(s) selected.

db2 => **DELETE FROM department WHERE deptno = 'G6H'**

DB20000I The SQL command completed successfully.

db2 => **SELECT * FROM employee**

SSN	LASTNAME	FIRSTNAME	SEX	DEPTNO	CITY
245	Simpson	Homer	M	SG7	Montreal
222	Green	Rachel	F	SG7	Abu Dhabi
333	Bing	Changler	M	S8P	Montreal
111	Geller	Monica	F	-	Abu Dhabi

4 record(s) selected.

db2 => **SELECT lastname, firstname, deptname FROM department, employee **

db2 (cont.) => **WHERE department.deptno = employee.deptno**

LASTNAME	FIRSTNAME	DEPTNAME
Simpson	Homer	Safety Department
Green	Rachel	Safety Department
Bing	Changler	Accounting

3 record(s) selected.

VIEWS

```
mysql> CREATE VIEW vdeptemp as SELECT firstname, lastname, deptname FROM department, employee WHERE  
      department.deptno=employee.deptno;
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM vdeptemp;
```

+	-----+	-----+	-----+	+
	firstname		lastname	
	deptname			
+	-----+	-----+	-----+	+
	Rachel		Green	
	Safety Department			
	Homer		Simpson	
	Safety Department			
	Changler		Bing	
	Accounting			
	Ned		Flanders	
	Personnel			
+	-----+	-----+	-----+	+

4 rows in set (0.01 sec)

```
mysql> SHOW TABLES;
```

+	-----+	
	TABLEs_in_mycompany	
+	-----+	
	department	
	employee	
	project	
	vdeptemp	
	workson	
+	-----+	

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

STEP 6: BUILDING INDICES

NOTES:

- Indices are used to find a row quickly, without an index MySQL starts at the first first row and just searches row by row.
- On a TABLE of 1000 rows, an index will make it 100 times faster!
- Most MySQL indexes are stored in B+ trees.
- You can choose between B+ tree index or Hash index in mysql
- Normally you create an index at the time of table creation: In MySQL if you put *PRIMARY KEY(fieldname)* when you create a table, you automatically create a primary clustered index on that key.
- To CREATE an index use this command:
ALTER TABLE tablename add index (columnname);
- To show the indices on a TABLE use this command:
SHOW INDEX FROM tablename;

EXAMPLE

```
mysql> SHOW COLUMNS IN employee;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
SSN	VARCHAR(9)	NO	PRI	NULL	
lastname	VARCHAR(20)	YES		NULL	
firstname	VARCHAR(20)	YES		NULL	
sex	CHAR(1)	YES		NULL	
deptno	CHAR(3)	YES	MUL	NULL	
city	VARCHAR(20)	YES		NULL	

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> SHOW INDEX FROM employee;
```

TABLE	Non_unique	Key_name	Seq_in_index	Column_name	Collation	Cardinality	Sub_part	Packed	Null	Index_type	Comment	Index_comment
employee	0	PRIMARY	1	SSN	A	4	NULL	NULL		BTREE		
employee	1	deptno	1	deptno	A	4	NULL	NULL	YES	BTREE		

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE employee ADD INDEX(lastname);
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.08 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

```
mysql> SHOW INDEX FROM employee;
```

TABLE	Non_unique	Key_name	Seq_in_index	Column_name	Collation	Cardinality	Sub_part	Packed	Null	Index_type	Comment	Index_comment
employee	0	PRIMARY	1	SSN	A	4	NULL	NULL		BTREE		
employee	1	deptno	1	deptno	A	4	NULL	NULL	YES	BTREE		
employee	1	lastname	1	lastname	A	4	NULL	NULL	YES	BTREE		

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)