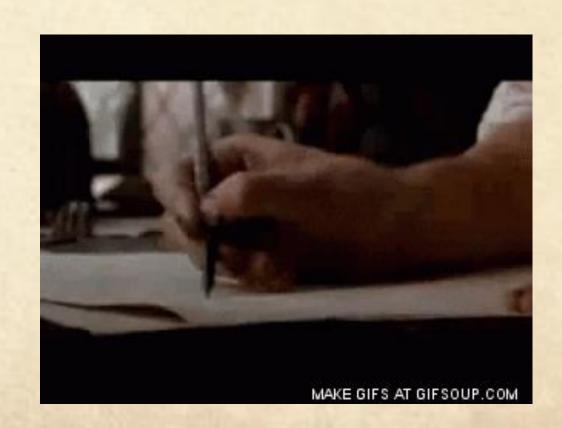
# Writing 2101

May 12, 2021



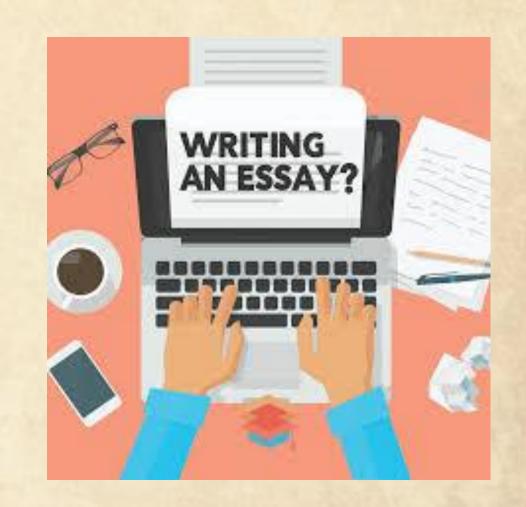
# "A word after a word after a word is power."



~Margaret Atwood

## Today's Class

First Quiz – take up
Writing in the disciplines
Sentences & Paragraphs
Basics of Essay writing

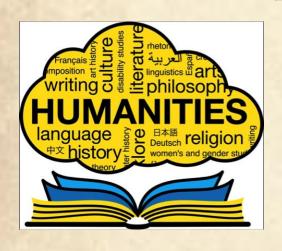


#### Quiz #1

- 1. Give an example of a metaphor.
- 2. Why shouldn't you use slang in a formal essay?
- 3. This course has a final exam. T/F
- 4. Due to the fact that it was a distinctly dark and moonless night, the criminal cat burglars almost escaped the notice of the policemen.
- 5. Every night, the office is vacuumed and dusted by the cleaning crew.

## Writing in the Disciplines

Humanities: Explore human beings and their culture

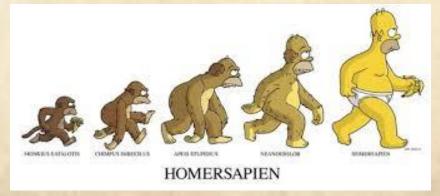






Social Sciences: Primarily concerned with how human sometimes other animals, relate to each other

beings, and

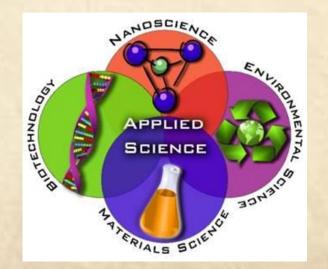


## Natural Sciences: The study of living things, inanimate matter, systems and processes





**Applied Science**: Practical application of science and technology to improve human civilization

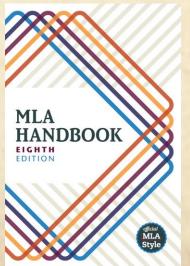




#### Considerations for Disciplines

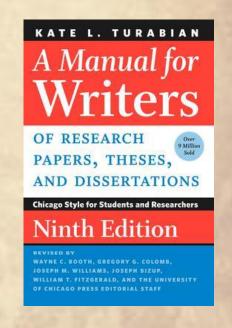
- 1. Understand assignments
- 2. Understand discipline vocabulary
- 3. Identify the style of your discipline
- 4. Understand the use of evidence
- 5. Use conventional patterns and formats







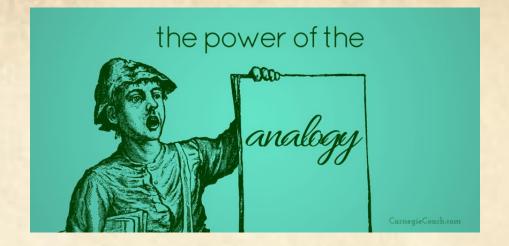




### Assignment Key Words

Analysis

- Exposition: explain (objectively)
- Analyze: find connections and make them meaningful
- Compare and Contrast: compare similarities and differences
- Definition: of a word or concept to place it in context
- Description: Paint a picture of something tangible
- Persuasion: trying to get your reader to accept your position be objective, use facts



- Analogy: comparison which may not be immediately obvious
- Classification and Division: Grouping like things or separating into component parts
- Propose: identify a problem and explain your solution
- Evaluate: argue that something is good, bad, best, or worse
- Narration: tell a story, sequence of events



## Basic Building Blocks

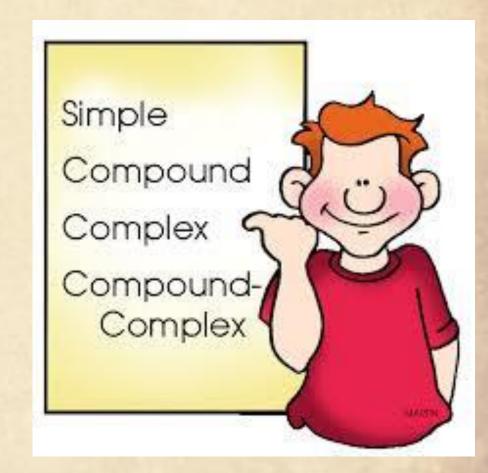
#### Sentences – all have two things

- 1. A complete thought
- 2. A subject and a verb



## Sentence Variety

- 1. Variety in Sentence Types/Forms
- A. Grammatical
  - 1. Simple
  - 2. Compound
  - 3. Complex
  - 4. Compound-Complex

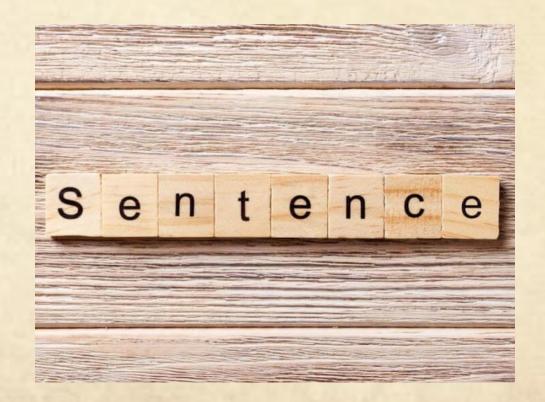


#### B. Functional

- 1. Declarative
- 2. Interrogative
- 3. Imperative
- 4. Exclamatory



- 2. Variety in Sentence Openings
- 3. Strike a balance in structure and length
- 4. Coordination
- 5. Subordination



## Paragraphs

- 1. Single focus
- 2. Beginning/middle/end
- 3. How long?
- 4. Good transitions



#### Transitions Between Sentences

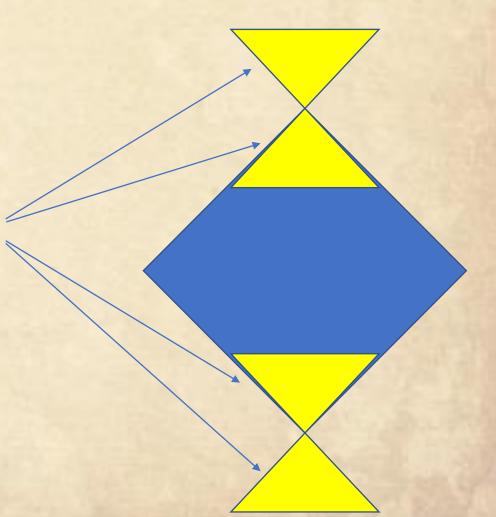
- 1. Chronological order
- 2. Logical order of points
- 3. Transitional expressions
- 4. Parallel structures
- 5. Repeat key words and phrases



#### Transitions Between Paragraphs

- 1. Repeat key words and phrases
- 2. Use parallel structures
- 3. Use transitional devices/phrases

Transitional sentences

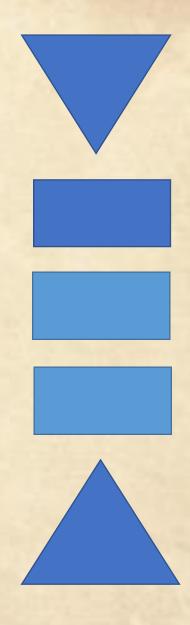


## What is an essay?

Length?

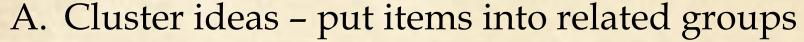
Purpose?

- 1. Follows a specific format
- 2. Is built around a thesis



#### Writing an Essay...

- 1. Topic? Purpose?
- 2. Generate Ideas Brainstorm



B. Subdivide - brainstorm from an original item





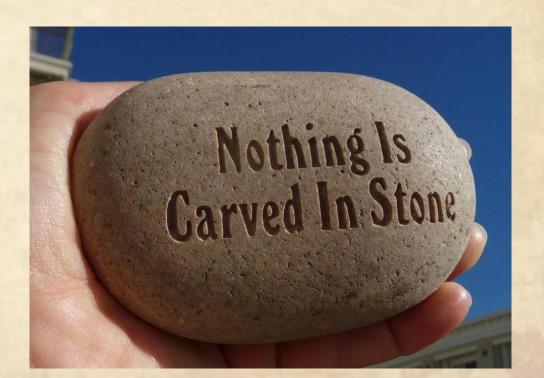
#### Most important sentence?

#### THESIS!!!

- 1. States the unifying idea of the essay
- 2. How long?
- 3. Open ended enough to be developed in an essay but not too broad...

## First Three Steps...

- 1. Topic? Purpose?
- 2. Brainstorm
- 3. Tentative WORKING thesis



#### **Good Ones**

Specific
Concrete
Open-ended
Not too long



#### **Bad Ones**

Vague

Non-specific

Dead-ended

Broad



## Step Four?

#### Outline!!!

#### How many currently make one?

Two ways to make an outline.

- 1. Tree Diagram
- 2. Linear or vertical list

## Step Five?

Introduction

How long?

Should be ONE paragraph

Should be focused

## GRABBER

THESIS

MAIN POINTS

#### Why the Introduction first?

- 1. Most important paragraph first impression
- 2. So you stay focused
- 3. Forces you to consolidate your ideas
- 4. Sets the tone

The White Rabbit put on his spectacles. "Where shall I begin, please your Majesty?" he asked.

"Begin at the beginning," the King said gravely, "and go on till you come to the end: then stop."



#### Grabber

Want the reader to read on...

Make a good first impression.

What can you use for a grabber?

- 1. Question
- 2. Anecdote
- 3. Shocking statement
- 4. Statistic
- 5. Quotation
- 6. Rhetorical Question

