

CS1026 Review/Practice Questions – Quiz 2 Fall 2019

1. What happens in this code snippet if `commonDivisor(10,5)` is executed?

```
def commonDivisor(n,d):  
    if (n % d == 0):  
        return n  
    else:  
        return None
```

- a. 2
- b. 5
- c. 10
- d. None
- e. None of the above

2. What is printed by the following code snippet?

```
numList = [1,3,6,9]  
for i in range(len(numList)):  
    print (i, end="-")  
print()
```

- a. 1-3-6-9-
- b. 1-3-6-9
- c. 0-1-2-3
- d. 0-1-2-3-
- e. None of the above

3. Which of the following creates an empty set?

- a. `S={}`
- b. `S=[]`
- c. `S=set([''])`
- d. `S=set()`
- e. None of the above

4. What is printed by the following code snippet?

```
wordsList = ['a']
wordsList.append('b')
wordsList.append('c')
wordsList.pop()
wordsList.append('d')
wordsList.append('e')
print(wordsList[:2])
```

- a. ['a', 'b']
 - b. ['b', 'c']
 - c. ['d', 'e']
 - d. ['c', 'd']
 - e. None of the above
5. What is printed by the following code snippet?

```
line = "This is the quiz 3 for fall 2019"
sum = 0
for w in line:
    if w.isdigit():
        sum += int(w)
print(sum)
```

- a. 2022
 - b. 2019
 - c. 15
 - d. 3
 - e. None of the above
6. Which of the following code snippets remove '\$' and '!' in any order from right side of a string, s?

- a. s.rstrip("\$")
- b. s.lstrip("!\$")
- c. s.rstrip("\$").rstrip("!")
- d. s.rstrip("!\$")
- e. None of the above

7. In the code snippet below, if the file `input.txt` contains the following three lines:

Monday!
Tuesday.
Wednesday?

What would be the output?

```
infile = open("input.txt", "r")
for word in infile :
    word = word.lstrip("!.")
    print(word)
```

- a. Monday!
Tuesday.
Wednesday?
- b. Monday!
Tuesday.
Wednesday?
- c. Monday
Tuesday
Wednesday?
- d. Monday
Tuesday
Wednesday?
- e. None of the above

8. What is the output of the following code snippet?

```
even = {2,4,6,8,10}
prime = {2,3,5,7}
print(prime.union(even))
```

- a. {2}
- b. {2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10}
- c. {2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10}
- d. {3, 5, 7}
- e. None of the above

9. Consider that we have:

```
student =  
[{'name': 'John', 'lastName': 'Smith', 'course': ['1026A', '1026B', '1027A']},  
 {'name': 'Mario', 'lastName': 'Rossi', 'course': ['2026A', '2026B', '2027A']}]
```

Which of the following code snippet prints '2026B'?

- a. student[1]['course'][2]
- b. student[1]['course'][1]
- c. student['Mario']['course'][1]
- d. student[0]['course'][1]
- e. None of the above

10. Consider the following code segment:

```
print("W", end="")  
try :  
    inFile = open("test.txt", "r")  
    line = inFile.readline()  
    value = int(line)  
    print("X", end="")  
except IOError :  
    print("Y", end="")  
except ValueError :  
    print("Z", end="")
```

What output is generated when this program runs if **test.txt** is not opened successfully?

- a. WY
- b. WZ
- c. WX
- d. WYX
- e. None of the above

11. Consider the following code segment:

```
class Student :  
    def __init__(self, aName, anId):  
        self._name = aName  
        self._id = anId  
    def getName(self):  
        return self._name  
    def setName(self, newName):  
        self._name = newName  
    def getId(self):  
        return self._id
```

```
student1=Student("John","1234567")
```

Which of the following code snippet is the correct way to print 'John'?

- a. print (student1._name)
- b. print (._name)
- c. print (student1.getName())
- d. print (getName())
- e. None of the above

12. Consider the following code segment:

```
class Student :  
    def __init__(self, aName, anId):  
        self._name = aName  
        self._id = anId  
    def getName(self):  
        return self._name  
    def setName(self, newName):  
        self._name = newName  
    def getId(self):  
        return self._id
```

```
student1 = Student("John","1234567")  
student3 = Student("Kate","4567890")  
student2 = student1  
student2.setName("Mario")
```

What is the name student1?

- a. "Mario"
- b. "John"
- c. "Kate"
- d. None
- e. None of the above

13. Consider that we store names and phone numbers in a dictionary as follows:

```
phoneBook={'John':'5554441234','Kate':'4443331234'}
```

Which of the following code snippets prints just names in the phonebook in one line?

- a.

```
for k in phoneBook:  
    print (phoneBook[k])
```
- b.

```
for k in phoneBook:  
    print (k)
```
- c.

```
for k in phoneBook:  
    print (k, end=' ')
```
- d.

```
for k in phoneBook:  
    print (phoneBook[k],end=' ')
```
- e. None of the above

The program `wordFrequency.py` finds the frequency of the words in a predefined list of words that are in a document that is provided by the user, as input. There is a function `wordFrequency(l,wDict,words)` that updates the frequency of words in the dictionary (`wDict`) using the word in a line (`l`) and the list of predefined words (`words`); it also strips off any period at the beginning or end of the word. The Function `readFile()` receives the name of the file from the user and open the file. It returns the file object.

The program and function need to be completed. Identify the number of the lines that are needed to complete the blanks in each **Section** of the code; the vertical bars indicate where the line of code is indented. The code with blanks is below; lines to choose from follow.

```
# List of words to find their frequency
WORDSList=["Great", "awesome","Good","happy","Excited"]

def wordFrequency(l,wDict,words):
    |_____Section #1
    for w in splittedLine:
        w=w.strip('.')
        if w in words:
            try:
                |_____Section #2
                |_____
                |_____

def readFile():
    try:
        fileName = input("Enter file name: ")
        inputFile=open(fileName,"r")
        |_____Section #3
    |_____Section #4
        print ("The text file name does not exist.")

wordCountDict={}
|_____Section #5
for line in inf:
    |_____Section #6

# Print out the words and their frequency
for key in wordCountDict:
    print (key, "has frequency of ", wordCountDict[key])
```

Choose the lines from the list below; some lines may be used more than once.

1. `return` inputFile
2. `inputFile=open(fileName,"r")`
3. `inputFile=open(fileName,"w")`
4. `inf=readFile()`
5. `readFile()`
6. `readFile(inf)`
7. `wordFrequency(line,wordCountDict,WORDSLIST)`
8. `wordFrequency(wordCountDict,WORDSLIST)`
9. `wordCountDict=wordFrequency(line,wordCountDict)`
10. `wordCountDict+=1`
11. `wDict[w]+=1`
12. `wDict[w]=1`
13. `wDict[w]=0`
14. `wDict[key]=1`
15. `splittedLine=l.split()`
16. `splittedLine=line.split()`
17. `splittedLine=l.split('-')`
18. `splittedLine=splittedLine.strip('.')`
19. `except` `KeyError`:
20. `except` `IndexError`
21. `except` `ValueError`
22. `except` `FileNotFoundError`:

14. Which line would complete **Section #1** of the function
`wordFrequency(l,wDict,words)`

- a. 14
- b. 17
- c. 16
- d. 15
- e. None of the above

15. Which lines, in the order given, would complete **Section #2** of the function
`wordFrequency(l,wDict,words)` ?

- a. 11,18,11
- b. 12,18,10
- c. 11,20,12
- d. 11,19,12
- e. None of the above

16. Which line would complete **Section #3** of the function `readFile()`?

- a. 6
- b. 4
- c. 1
- d. 2
- e. None of the above

17. Which line would complete **Section #4** of the function `readFile()`?

- a. 19
- b. 20
- c. 21
- d. 22
- e. None of the above

18. Which line would complete **Section #5** of the main program?

- a. 1
- b. 6
- c. 4
- d. 5
- e. None of the above

19. Which line would complete **Section #6** of the main program?

- a. 10
- b. 8
- c. 7
- d. 9
- e. None of the above

20. The following class, Message, is a class that might be used in designing an email system. Review the class definition and then answer the questions that follow.

```
class Message :
    def __init__(self, sender, recipient) :
        self._sender = sender
        self._recipient = recipient
        self._body = ""
    ## Append a line of text to the message.
    # @param line the line of text to add to the message
    def append(self, line) :
        self._body = self._body + line + "\n"
    ## Return the entire message as a string.
    # @return a string representation of the entire message
    def __repr__(self) :
        result = "From: " + self._sender + "\n"
        result = result + "To: " + self._recipient + "\n"
        result = result + self._body
        return result
```

- i. What is the constructor for the class Message?
- ii. What are the instance variables for this class?
- iii. Explain what the method `__repr__` does and how it is used.
- iv. Write a “getter” method for the sender instance variable
- v. Write a “setter” method for the sender instance variable

21. Consider the following Python classes and then answer the questions following.

```
#-----
## Represent an employee with a name and salary.
class Employee :

    def __init__(self, name, salary) :
        self._name = name
        self._salary = salary

    def __repr__(self) :
        return self._name + " has a salary of %.2f" % self._salary

#-----
## Represent a manager with a department.
class Manager(Employee) :

    def __init__(self, name, salary, department) :
        super().__init__(name, salary)
        self._department = department

    def __repr__(self) :
        return self._name + " has a salary of %.2f" % self._salary + \
            " and manages the " + self._department + " department"
```

```

#-----
## Represent an executive.
class Executive(Manager) :

    def __repr__(self) :
        return self._name + " has a salary of %.2f" % self._salary + \
            " and is the executive for the " + self._department + "
            department"

```

- i. What is the constructor for the class Manager?
 - ii. What class is the class Manager a subclass of?
 - iii. What class is the class Executive a subclass of?
 - iv. If you create an object of the class Manager, what instance variables would it have?
 - v. If you create an object of the class Executive, what instance variables would it have?
 - vi. What does `super()` do in the class Manager?
 - vii. Write a method for the class Manager, that will get the department name of a manager.
- viii. Consider the following lines of code.

```

emp = Employee("Mario Rossi", 18000.00)
print(man.getDepartment())

```

What happens when you run the code?