### Requirements Engineering

# An introduction to requirements engineering

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# Objectives

- ◆ To introduce the notion of system requirements and the requirements engineering process.
- ◆ To explain how requirements engineering fits into a broader system engineering process
- To explain the importance of the requirements document

# System requirements

- Define what the system is required to do and the constraints under which it is required to operate
  - The system shall maintain records of all library materials including books, serials, newspapers and magazines, video and audio tapes, reports, collections of transparencies, computer disks and CD-ROMs.
  - The system shall allow users to search for an item by title, author, or by ISBN.
  - The system's user interface shall be implemented using a World-Wide-Web browser.
  - The system shall support at least 20 transactions per second.
  - The system facilities which are available to public users shall be demonstrable in 10 minutes or less.

# Types of requirements

- Very general requirements which set out in broad terms what the system should do.
- Functional requirements which define part of the system's functionality.
- Implementation requirements which state how the system must be implemented.
- Performance requirements which specify a minimum acceptable performance for the system.
- Usability requirements which specify the maximum acceptable time to demonstrate the use of the system.

### Requirements problems

- ◆ The requirements don't reflect the real needs of the customer for the system.
- Requirements are inconsistent and/or incomplete.
- ◆ It is expensive to make changes to requirements after they have been agreed.
- ◆ There are misunderstandings between customers, those developing the system requirements and software engineers developing or maintaining the system.

# FAQS about requirements

- What are requirements?
  - A statement of a system service or constraint
- What is requirements engineering?
  - The processes involved in developing system requirements
- How much does requirements engineering cost?
  - About 15% of system development costs
- What is a requirements engineering process?
  - The structured set of activities involved in developing system requirements

### FAQs contd.

- What happens when the requirements are wrong?
  - Systems are late, unreliable and don't meet customers needs
- ◆ Is there an ideal requirements engineering process?
  - No processes must be tailored to organisational needs
- What is a requirements document?
  - The formal statement of the system requirements
- What are system stakeholders?
  - Anyone affected in some way by the system

### FAQs contd.

- What is the relationship between requirements and design?
  - Requirements and design are interleaved. They should, ideally, be separate processes but in practice this is impossible
- What is requirements management?
  - The processes involved in managing changes to requirements

# Systems engineering

- ◆ There is a close relationship between software and more general system requirements
- Computer-based systems fall into two broad categories:
  - User-configured systems where a purchaser puts together a system from existing software products
  - Custom systems where a customer produces a set of requirements for hardware/software system and a contractor develops and delivers that system

### Classes of custom systems

#### Information systems

• Primarily concerned with processing information which is held in some database.

#### Embedded systems

• Systems where software is used as a controller in some broader hardware system

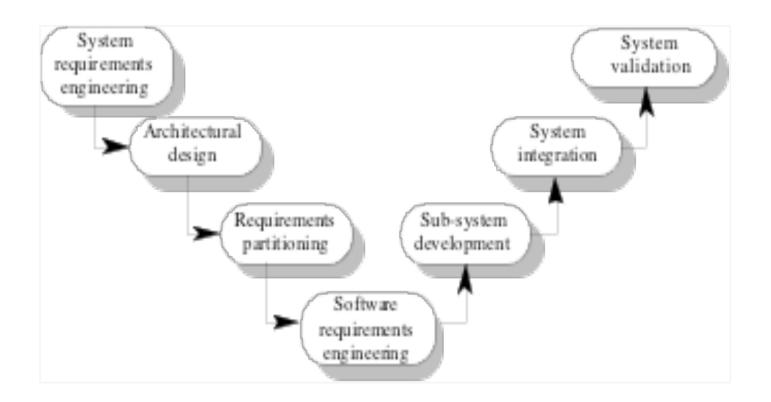
#### Command and control systems

 Essentially, a combination of information systems and embedded systems where special purpose computers provide information which is collected and stored and used to make decisions

# Emergent properties

- ◆ Emergent properties are properties of the system as a whole and only emerge once al of its individual sub-systems have been integrated
- Examples of emergent properties
  - Reliability
  - Maintainability
  - Performance
  - Usability
  - Security
  - Safety

# The systems engineering process



# System engineering activities

- System requirements engineering
  - The requirements for the system as a whole are established and written to be understandable to all stakeholders
- Architectural design
  - The system is decomposed into sub-systems
- Requirements partitioning
  - Requirements are allocated to these sub-systems
- Software requirements engineering
  - More detailed system requirements are derived for the system software

# System engineering activities

#### Sub-system development

• The hardware and software sub-systems are designed and implemented in parallel.

#### System integration

• The hardware and software sub-systems are put together to make up the system.

#### System validation

• The system is validated against its requirements.

### Requirements document

- ◆ The requirements document is a formal document used to communicate the requirements to customers, engineers and managers.
- ◆ The requirements document describes:
  - The services and functions which the system should provide
  - The constraints under which the system must operate
  - Overall properties of the system i.e.. constraints on the system's emergent properties
  - Definitions of other systems which the system must integrate with.

### Requirements document

- ◆ The requirements document describes:
  - Information about the application domain of the system e.g. how to carry out particular types of computation
  - Constraints on the processes used to develop the system
  - Description of the hardware on which the system is to run
- ◆ In addition, the requirements document should always include an introductory chapter which provides an overview of the system, business needs supported by the system and a glossary which explains the terminology used.

### Users of requirements documents

#### System customers

• specify the requirements and read them to check they meet their needs

#### Project managers

• Use the requirements document to plan a bid for system and to plan the system development process

#### System engineers

• Use the requirements to understand the system being developed

#### System test engineers

• Use the requirements to develop validation tests for the system

#### System maintenance engineers

• Use the requirements to help understand the system

### Requirements document structure

- ◆ IEEE/ANSI 830-1993 standard proposes a structure for software requirements documents
- Introduction
  - 1.1 Purpose of requirements document
  - 1.2 Scope of the product
  - 1.3 Definitions, acronyms and abbreviations
  - 1.4 References
  - 1.5 Overview of the remainder of the document

### Requirements document structure

- ◆ 2. General description
  - 2.1 Product perspective
  - 2.2 Product functions
  - 2.3 User characteristics
  - 2.4 General constraints
  - 2.5 Assumptions and dependencies
- ◆ 3. Specific requirements

Covering functional, non-functional and interface requirements.

- 4. Appendices
- Index

# Adapting the standard

- ◆ The IEEE standard is a generic standard which is intended apply to a wide range of requirements documents.
- In general, not all parts of the standard are required for all requirements documents
- Each organisation should adapt the standard depending on the type of systems it develops
- Consider a company (XYZ) that develops scientific instruments

#### Preface

 This should define the expected readership of the document and describe its version history including a rationale for the creation of a new version and a summary of the changes made in each version.

#### Introduction

• This should define the product in which the software is embedded, its expected usage and present and overview of the functionality of the control software.

#### Glossary

• This should define all technical terms and abbreviations used in the document.

#### General user requirements

• This should define the system requirements from the perspective of the user of the system. These should be presented using a mixture of natural language and diagrams.

#### System architecture

• This chapter should present a high-level overview of the anticipated system architecture showing the distribution of functions across system modules. Architectural components which are to be reused should be highlighted.

#### Hardware specification

• This is an optional chapter specifying the hardware that the software is expected to control. It may be omitted if the standard instrument platform is used.

#### Detailed software specification

• This is a detailed description of the functionality expected of the software of the system. It may include details of specific algorithms which should be used for computation. If a prototyping approach is to be used for development on the standard instrument platform, this chapter may be omitted.

#### Reliability and performance requirements

• This chapter should describe the reliability and performance requirements which are expected of the system. These should be related to the statement of user requirements in Chapter 4.

- ◆ The following appendices may be included where appropriate:
  - Hardware interface specification
  - Software components which must be reused in the system implementation
  - Data structure specification
  - Data-flow models of the software system
  - Detailed object models of the software system
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# Writing requirements

- Requirements are usually written as paragraphs of natural language text supplemented by diagrams and equations
- Problems with requirements
  - use of complex conditional clauses which are confusing
  - sloppy and inconsistent terminology
  - writers assume readers have domain knowledge

# Writing essentials

- Requirements are read more often than they are written. You should invest time to write readable and understandable requirements
- Do not assume that all readers of the requirements have the same background and use the same terminology as you
- ◆ Allow time for review, revision and re-drafting of the requirements document

# Writing guidelines

- Define standard templates for describing requirements
- Use language simply consistently and concisely
- Use diagrams appropriately
- Supplement natural language with other description of requirements
- Specify requirements quantitatively

# Key points

- Requirements define what the system should provide and define system constraints
- Requirements problems lead to late delivery and change requests after the system is in use
- ◆ Requirements engineering is concerned with eliciting, analysing, and documenting the system requirements

# Key points

- Systems engineering is concerned with systems as a whole including hardware, software and operational processes
- ◆ The requirements document is the definitive specification of requirements for customers, engineers and managers.
- ◆ The requirements document should include a system overview, glossary, statement of the functional requirements and the operational constraints