THE UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN ONTARIO

Actuarial Science 1021A

Test 2- 1 hour March 19, 2018

Name (print clearly):	MASTER	
STUDENT ID (print clearly):		

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This test is worth a total of 55 marks. There are at total of 8 pages including this cover page. Make sure you have a complete copy of the test.
- 2. There are a total of 5 questions. Use the detailed marking breakdown as a rough guideline for time spent on each question and question part.
- 3. Please answer you questions on your paper in the space provided.
- 4. You may use reverse pages if necessary but please indicate that you are doing so by putting PTO on the given question page.
- 5. Calculators are permitted.
- 6. Please use a pen (although you may use pencil for questions regarding calculations).
- 7. Values provided for this test are included on page 8. You may detach this page from your test.

Question	Mark
1. 8 marks	
2. 20 marks	
3. 10 marks	
4. 7 marks	
5. 10 marks	
Total: 55 marks	

GOOD LUCK!

Question 1 (8 marks) /

Post 1977.

(a) (5 marks) Alex is married, and was 67 years old when he applied for his OAS pension. At the time of application, he had lived in Canada for the last 32 years. His total reported income is \$20,000. His spouse also had a total report income of \$15,000 and she is 62 years of age.

Working with the 2018 maximum benefit amounts provided (see page 8), determine the amount of 2018 GIS benefit that each of them will receive?

TOTAL Income for couple (excluding OAS) = 28,557,07 = 13,577,07 + 15,000

Worth " 594.94

Sports " no GIS benefit of (876.23-594.94)= 281.29

(b) (3 marks) For each of the OAS pension and the Spousal Allowance Benefits briefly comment on (i) taxation of benefits, (ii) continuation of benefit payments when an individual moves to a different country and (iii) indexing of benefits.

	OAS pension	Spousal Allowance
(i)Taxation of Benefits	- filly taxuble:	- not turuble
(ii) Continuation of benefits when move away from Canada	SIT lived is solettoy post y fields limit on the payts made It is to do to a pays got oas for inthe son town the connection months (may report of pays)	payable for at most 6 mms entrer more
(iii) Benefit indexing	Q+rly Indexing (TPI)	Qualterly Indexing (CII)

Question 2 (20 marks)

(a) (2 marks) Lawrence Perkins works for London City Hall as a programmer. In 2018 he is expected to earn 85,000. How much will Lawrence contribute to the CPP this year?

$$(.099)(55,900-3500) = 2,593.80$$

(b) (2 marks) Samuel Hauste retired in this past January when he turned 62. His Average earnings ratio was 82%. What is his estimated CPP Retirement Pension Benefit (RPB) payment?

$$(0.82)(1)134.17)(1-.006(36)) = 729.14$$
 monthly

(c) (2 marks) Jane Stanley is currently receiving her CPP Retirement Pension Benefit. She is now age 67 and still working at job that pays her \$60,000 yearly. What is her 2018 CPP monthly Post Retirement Pension payment amount?

(d) (5 marks) Jennifer Jones is 55 and passed away suddenly earlier this month. Her average earnings ratio is calculated to be 85%. Her husband Bill is 50 and they have two sons aged 12 and 15. Describe the respective survivor benefits that will be paid out. Also, calculate the amount of survivor pension that will be paid to Bill.

Question 2 (continued)

- (e) (5 marks)
 - (i) (2 marks) Use the information below to determine the 2016 earnings related portion of the CPP Disability benefit paid out to Samantha, who became disabled on April 1, 2016.

Contributory period (from age 18 to date of claim): 25 years

Years that can be dropped out

Total Adjusted Pensionable Earnings

: \$482,000

(482,000) (025)] (.75) = 4756.58 (annul amout) or 396.38 monthly (earning related average

(ii) (1 mark) With regards to the 6 years that Samantha could drop out in his pension benefit calculation, what drop-out considerations are reflected? Justify your answer.

> (.17) (25) = 4.2 but 6 yrs dropped out so ether some years she was disabled or stayed home to raise 141047

(2 mark) When will Samantha's monthly disability payments start? When will they (iii) stop?

· 4 mths after disabled - START 4 mths after view live of grecovery, death, tunbog- END carlier of grecovery,

(f) (2 marks) You are given that the Yearly Maximum Pensionable Earnings (YMPE) for the death years 2014 through to and including 2018 are; 52,500, 53,600, 54,900, 55,300 and 55,900 respectively. If Broderick's total earned income in 2018 is \$42,500, determine his 2018 Adjustable Pensionable Earnings.

5 yr avys YMPE = 54,440 = 3 (52,500 +53,600 +54,9000 + 55,300 +55,9007

2018 APE = (42,500) (54,440) = 41,389,98

(g) (2 marks) Since the 2016 CPI Expansion Plans were announced in 2016, there have been additional changes made to the CPP. What are 2 changes being that will take effect in 2019?

- removing age restriction on European brught (in those 235)
- LSDB= 2500 for all deaths
- already in presisions; for years home with kinds-1.
- Disability beneft call charge (766 age by rewning)

alo, accepted CPP chambotron 2016 - eg. contin rate increase

Question 3 (10 marks). With regards to Long Term Care (LTC)

(a) (6 marks) Briefly describe each of the three types of Long Term Care.

Skilled Professional (are - therapists, nurses, et 5 medica)
needs (e.g. diabetes) ", - help with APLS (can be in home or in nucling home majorty & Personal Carr of sols & Supervisory Care - eig. for those with cognitive impairments impairments Skilled care - nurses. & 13 Litar-3 rif.

personal care - help with APLS: Keath.

supervisory lave. - with cognitive imperments.

(b) (2 marks) Provide 4 examples of Long Term Care Insurance Policy exclusions,

- suicide attempts - pre-existing conon's
- mentall nervous disorders (other than demential Abheires)
- illnesslinjury due to war
- gort coverned.

(c) (2 marks) Explain what is meant by the term benefit triggers and why benefit triggers are an important part of a Long Term Care Insurance Policy. Provide an example, - these triggers clescribe now & when benefits are paid. -> ADL- most common trigger

-eig. if whatle to De form 2 of 6 ADLS

-eig. if the foil a test (cognitive impairment) this would be a trigger

Question 4 (7 marks)

With regards to provincial government health plans in Canada

(a) (1 marks) What is the primary role of the Canada Health Care Act?

set criteria for provinces to he eligible for meduced turning protect bealth of messelence.

"protect/promote restore houlth (no barriers to health care)

(b) (1 marks) How does British Columbia finance their provincial health plan (OHIP) costs?

- Morthly Primiums Camounts differby single couple

(c) (2 marks) What are the eligibility requirements to be covered by the Ontario Health Insurance Program (OHIP)?

-> like in Ont 153t clays/year (primary residence is nont. -> (dn Citizen/immyration status -> liked in Ont at boost 3 months

(d) (3 marks) A self-employed individual who has lived in Ontario all his life is seriously ill and is hospitalized for 5 days and then spends time a home recovering for a few weeks. He has an Individual Health Insurance Policy. Outline potential expenses that would be covered by his Health Insurance Policy and those that would be covered by OHIP.

OHIP

- ward accomodate

- divasisupplies) treatment

while in hospital

("medically nessary)

Ino'L that Irs

Toom upgrade.

- Plays needed ofter

Clischarged from

Nospital

- Private pry Musing

too therepist at

home lorgostate

Nospital)

Question 5 (10 marks)

(a) (4 marks) Increased costs of Extended Health care Plans (EHC) is an area of concern for any employer. *Briefly* describe each of the key drivers of the costs of EHC plans?

Thenth Ins cutbacks (Cost cost shifting)

o shorter hospital stays of more costs to EHC

Thealth Issues related to obesity

orising costs of Drugs (80% plan costs and rugs)

Thanging clemographics of wolls force (greater % one older-more etherwood)

(b) (3 mark) In class we discussed various Extended Health Care(EHC) cost containment strategies. Provide three examples of cost containment strategies used in Western's faculty EHC Care Benefits and Dental Plan.

Dental -no orthodontis

-80" coirs experses not copped - Hist
-9 nth checkups (vs 6)

Medical - lowest cost brog
- limited lifest to covered.
- paramodic costs (not considered in cops), limit put vis it

(c) (1 mark) William is a faculty member the purchases some prescription drugs that are covered under his Western faculty extended health care benefits plan. The drugs cost \$200 and there is an \$8.00 dispensing fee. Calculate William's out of pocket expenses for these drugs? You are given the dispensing fee covered is capped at \$6.11.

$$(.15)(200) = 30 + 1.89 = 31.89$$

(d) (2 marks) Briefly describe the key provisions of Western University's Faculty Dental Plan.

With max cups on expenses that are 85% coinsured

(D limits - single us family)

- Rostofature - 80% coins

- No otthodontics

- (ar use HLSA to cour Dental Costs Not commend above)

2018 Values provided: (you can gently detach this page)

Maximum OAS monthly benefit = \$586.66; minimum income for clawback = \$75,910

Maximum GIS benefit for single, divorced or separated OAS pensioner = 876.23 (income for full reduction is 17,784)

Maximum GIS benefit for OAS pensioner with a partner not eligible for OAS or spousal allowance= 876.23 (combined income for full reduction is 42,684)

Maximum GIS benefit where both partners are OAS pensioners= 527.48 for each partner (combined income for full reduction is \$23,520)

Maximum monthly spouses allowance = \$1114.14 (income for full reduction = \$31,968)

Maximum monthly survivor allowance = \$1328.08 (income for full reduction = \$23,256

Maximum CPP monthly retirement benefit = \$1,134.17

CPP contribution rate (ee + er) = 9.90%

YMPE = 55,900

YBE = 3,500

Flat amount for CPP disability benefit = \$485.20

Flat amount for CPP survivor benefit (younger than 65) = \$189.31

Dependent CPP flat amount benefit= \$244.64