

COMPSCI 3331 - Fall 2022 - Quiz 3

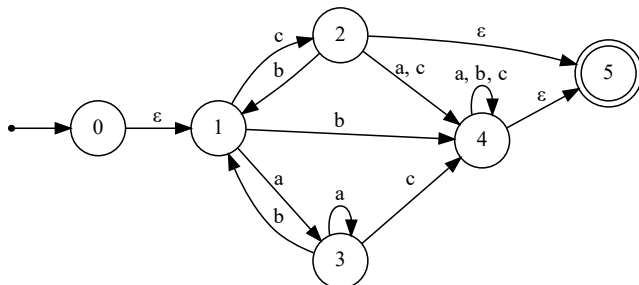
1. (1 mark) For each of the words in the table, put a checkmark in the box if it is accepted by the regular expression $(a + b)(a + b)(aa(ab + ba)^*)^*a$, and place an X in the box if it is not accepted.

<i>bbaaaaa</i>	✓
<i>abaaabaabaa</i>	✓

2. (1 mark) Write a regular expression corresponding to the language L of words over $\{a, b\}$ such that aa does not appear in the word. For example, *bbbabb* and *abbbbabbabb* are in L , but *aaba* is not. (Hint: if an a appears, what comes after it?)

Solution: $(b + ab)^*(a + \epsilon)$. The regular expression allows any repetition of b , but if an a appears, it must be immediately followed by a b . Finally, at the end, the word could end with a single a , or ϵ (which allows the word to end with b).

3. (2 marks) Consider the ϵ -NFA below. Answer the following questions about what the **single label** (i.e., **only one transition**) would be for a transition after removing a state. Both questions are **independent** and you should start from the diagram both times to answer the questions.



If state 2 were eliminated, the transition from 1 to 4 would be labelled:	$c\epsilon^*(a + c) + b$ or $c(a + c) + b$
If state 3 were eliminated, the transition from 1 to 4 would be labelled:	$aa^*c + b$