

## Assignment 5

**Due: Saturday Dec 5th, 2020 before 11:55 PM to be uploaded in Gradescope as a single pdf file.**

**Please write your name and student number on your submission.** Justify each step carefully. When in doubt prove the statement you are going to use. Solutions are graded for correctness as well as clarity.

**Exercise 1** (10 point). Let  $f(x_1, x_2, x_3)$  be a non-zero Boolean function in three variables  $x_1, x_2, x_3$ . Prove that  $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1 \cdot g_1(x_2, x_3) + \overline{x_1} \cdot g_2(x_2, x_3)$ , where  $g_1, g_2$  are Boolean functions obtained as follows:

Cut the truth table for  $f(x_1, x_2, x_3)$  in half and delete the column for  $x_1$ . Now you have two truth tables in the variables  $x_2$  and  $x_3$ , each representing the functions  $g_1(x_2, x_3)$  and  $g_2(x_2, x_3)$ .

<del><math>x_1</math></del>	$x_2$	$x_3$	$f(x_1, x_2, x_3)$	
<del>1</del>	1	1	*	$g_1(x_2, x_3)$
<del>1</del>	1	0	*	
<del>1</del>	0	1	*	
<del>1</del>	0	0	*	
<del>0</del>	1	1	*	$g_2(x_2, x_3)$
<del>0</del>	1	0	*	
<del>0</del>	0	1	*	
<del>0</del>	0	0	*	

**Exercise 2** (20 points). Prove that any non-zero Boolean function can be written as a sum of minterms.

**Hint:** See section 6.2 in the zyBook for definitions. Draw a ‘truth table’ with  $n$  variables and identify the ‘truth table’ with  $n - 1$  variables. Use the idea from exercise-1 as explained in the zoom class and induction.

**Exercise 3** (10 points ~~5 each~~). Construct a Boolean circuit for the Boolean function  $f(x, y, z) = (x + y)(y + \bar{z})$  ~~to 1 0 1~~.

- ONLY using NAND gates.
- ONLY using NOR gates.