

$$\mathbb{E}x: x \in P(A) \cup P(B)$$

$$\text{iff } x \in P(A) \vee x \in P(B)$$

$$\text{iff } x \subseteq P(A) \vee x \subseteq P(B)$$

$$\text{iff } \forall y (y \in x \rightarrow y \in A) \vee \forall z (z \in x \rightarrow z \in B).$$

$$P(A) \cup P(B) \neq P(A \cup B)$$

$$\text{e.g. } A = \{2\} \quad B = \{3\}.$$

$$P(A) \cup P(B) = \{\{2\}, \{3\}, \emptyset\}.$$

$$P(A \cup B) = \{\{2\}, \{3\}, \{2, 3\}, \emptyset\}.$$

$$P(A) \cap P(B) = P(A \cap B).$$

Intersections

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Family of sets: a set of sets

$$\mathcal{F} \text{ be a family of sets: } \cap \mathcal{F} = \{x \mid \forall A \in \mathcal{F} (x \in A)\}.$$

Unions of

$$\cup \mathcal{F} = \{x \mid \exists A \in \mathcal{F} (x \in A)\}.$$

family of
sets.

$$\text{e.g. } \mathcal{F} = \{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{2\}, \{2, 4, 6\}\}.$$

$$\cap \mathcal{F} = \{1, 2, 3\} \cap \{2\} \cap \{2, 4, 6\} = \{2\}$$

$$\cup \mathcal{F} = \{1, 2, 3\} \cup \{2\} \cup \{2, 4, 6\} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6\}.$$

$$\mathbb{E}x: \cap \{[0, x) \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\} = \{0\}$$

$$\cup \{[0, x) \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\} = [0, \infty).$$

$$\mathbb{E}x: x \in \cup \mathcal{F} \text{ iff } \exists A \in \mathcal{F} (x \in A)$$

$$x \in P(\cup \mathcal{F}) \text{ iff } x \subseteq \cup \mathcal{F}$$

$$\text{iff } \forall y (y \in x \rightarrow y \in \cup \mathcal{F})$$

$$\text{iff } \forall y (y \in x \rightarrow \exists A \in \mathcal{F} (y \in A))$$

$$\text{if } \mathcal{F} = \{A_i \mid i \in I\}.$$

$$\cup \mathcal{F} = \bigcup_{i \in I} A_i$$

$$\cap \mathcal{F} = \bigcap_{i \in I} A_i$$

$$\mathbb{E}x: \bigcap_{x \in \mathbb{R}^+} [0, x) = \{0\}.$$

$$\bigcup_{x \in \mathbb{R}^+} [0, x) = [0, \infty).$$

Ex: For $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, let $D(n) = \{d \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \mid d \mid n\}$.

$$D(6) = \{1, 2, 3, 6\}.$$

$$D(n) = \mathbb{Z}^+.$$

$$\bigcap_{n \in \mathbb{N}} D(n) = \{1\}.$$

$$\bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} D(n) = \mathbb{Z}^+.$$

$$\bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} D(n) = \mathbb{Z}^+.$$

$$\bigcap_{n=10}^{\infty} D(n) = \{1\}.$$