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ha

Q1: FactRec: the function has bad locality; there is error in this function; it has temporal locality.

FactIter: the function has good locality, and it has temporal locality.

Q2: a) $N=2$, $B=4$, $R=32/(2 \times 4)=4$.

$$b = \log_2(B) = \log_2(4) = 2. \quad s = \log_2(R) = \log_2(4) = 2.$$

$$t = m - s - b = 16 - 2 - 2 = 12.$$

Address	Index	Block Offset	Hit or Miss	Type of Miss
1000 8	10	00	Miss	Cold
1011 11	10	11	Hit	
1001 9	10	01	Hit	
0111 7	01	11	Miss	Cold
1111 15	11	11	Miss	Cold
0000 0	00	00	Miss	Cold
0110 22	01	10	Miss	Conflict
10010 2	00	10	Hit	
0110 6	01	10	Miss	Conflict
0011 3	00	11	Hit	

b) 4 sets, each set has two lines, each line contains 4 bytes of data.

00				
01				
10				
11				

00				
01				
10	8	9	10	11
11				

insert 8 (1000) => miss

00				
01				
10	8	9	10	11
11				

11 hits.

00				
01				
10	8	9	10	11
11				

9 hits.

00				
01	4	5	6	7
10	8	9	10	11
11				

insert 7 (0111) => miss

00				
01	4	5	6	7
10	8	9	10	11
11				

insert 15 (10111) => miss

00	0	1	2	3
01	4	5	6	7
10	8	9	10	11
11				

insert 0 (0000)

00	0	1	2	3
01	20	21	22	23
10	8	9	10	11
11				

insert 22 (10110) => conflict.

00	0	1	2	3
01	20	21	22	23
10	8	9	10	11
11				

2 hits.

00	0	1	2	3
01	20	21	22	23
10	8	9	10	11
11				

insert 6 (0110) => conflict.

00	0	1	2	3
01	20	21	22	23
10	8	9	10	11
11				

3 hit.

Q3. a) P1 AMAT = $1.26 + 3.6\% \times 100 = 4.86 \text{ ns}$

P2 AMAT = $2.17 + 3.1\% \times 100 = 5.27 \text{ ns}$.

b) P1 CPI_{stall} = $2 + 50\% \times 3.6\% \times 100 / 1.26 = 3.43$.

P2 CPI_{stall} = $2 + 50\% \times 3.1\% \times 100 / 2.17 = 2.71$.

P2 is faster for this program.

c) P1 AMAT = $1.26 + 3.6\% \times (21.24 + 42\% \times 100) = 3.54 \text{ ns}$.

inclusion of L2 result in an improvement

d) P1 CPI_{stall}

$$= 2 + 50\% \times (3.6\% \times 21.24 \times 1/1.26 + 3.6\% \times 42\% \times 100 \times 1/1.26)$$

$$= 2.90$$

e). now P2 is still faster.

Assume the new miss rate = π

$$2.71 = 2 + 50\% \times (\pi \times 21.24 \times 1/1.26 + \pi \times 42\% \times 100 \times 1/1.26)$$

$$1.42 = \pi \times (21.24 \times 1/1.26 + 42\% \times 100 \times 1/1.26)$$

$$\pi = 0.0283.$$

Q24.

(a) iteration $i = \frac{N}{2}$

(i): cache miss = $i/4 = N/8 = 4107$

(ii): cache miss rate = $(i/4)/i = 25\%$.

(iii): cold miss; conflict miss.

(b) (i) cache miss = $(N/4)/2 + (N/4)/2 = N/4 = 8215$.

(ii) cache miss rate = $(N/4)/2N = 12.5\%$.

(iii) cold miss

Q25. (a) Normalized run faster since it runs on row-major order, LLC-load support this point.

(b). The miss rate increase at $N > 128$, because at $N = 128$, the size of the matrix is $128^2 \times 8$, and it would exceed L2 cache for any greater value. And it is not a sharp "jump" since L3 cache could be not exceeded until $N = 512$, during that time N is too large for L3.

(c).