Name:		
Score:	/	

Quiz 3 - Fall 2021

Part 1

How many rows would be returned from:

SELECT * FROM AA WHERE c = 7;

Attachments

Tab	le. A	Α	
а	b	С	d
1	3	6	В
2	3	7	В
1	3	7	В
1	3	8	С

Table BE		
d	е	
В	3	
В	2	
Α	1	

f	е
В	3
С	2
С	3

O A. 1

O B 2

 O_{c}

0 0

C E. None of the above

Answer Point Value: 1.0 points

Answer Key: B

SELECT * FROM AA WHERE c = 7;

Attachments

Tab	le. A	A	
а	b	С	d
1	3	6	В
2	3	7	В
1	3	7	В
1	3	8	С

Tab	le BB
d	е
В	3
В	2
Α	1

f	е
В	3
С	2
С	3

O A. :

O 8 3

O c.s

O D 4

E. None of the above

Answer Point Value: 1.0 points

Answer Key: D

Attachments

a	b	С	d
1	3	6	В
2	3	7	В
1	3	7	В
1	3	8	С

Tab	le BB
d	е
В	3
В	2
Α	1

Tab	ole CC
f	е
В	3
С	2
С	3

Accepted characters: numbers, decimal point markers, sign indicators (-), spaces (e.g., as thousands separator, 5 000), "E" or "e" (used in scientific notation). **NOTE**: For scientific notation, a period MUST be used as the decimal point marker.

There would be ____ rows would be returned by this SQL statement:

SELECT b.c FROM AA WHERE d='B'

Answer Point Value: 1.0 points

Answer Key: 3

Attachments

Tab	le. A	Α	
а	b	С	d
1	3	6	В
2	3	7	В
1	3	7	В
1	3	8	С

Tab	le BB
d	е
В	3
В	2
Α	1

f	е
В	3
С	2
С	3

Accepted characters: numbers, decimal point markers, sign indicators (-), spaces (e.g., as thousands separator, 5 000), "E" or "e" (used in scientific notation). **NOTE:** For scientific notation, a period MUST be used as the decimal point marker.

There will be ____ rows returned by this SQL query:

SELECT a, f FROM AA,CC where b=e and d='B';

Answer Point Value: 1.0 points

Answer Key: 6

Attachments

Tab	le. A	A	
а	b	С	d
1	3	6	В
2	3	7	В
1	3	7	В
1	3	8	С

Tab	le BB
d	е
В	3
В	2
Α	1

Tab	ole Co
f	е
В	3
C	2
С	3

Accepted characters: numbers, decimal point markers, sign indicators (-), spaces (e.g., as thousands separator, 5 000), "E" or "e" (used in scientific notation). **NOTE**: For scientific notation, a period MUST be used as the decimal point marker.

This SQL command:

SELECT a, d FROM AA WHERE c NOT IN (SELECT c FROM AA WHERE d="B"); will return ____ row(s).

Answer Point Value: 1.0 points

Answer Key: 1

Decide if the following commands are either a MySo	QL command OR a standard SQL command
1. SHOW tables;	A. MySQL Command
2. INSERT INTO customer (cid,first,last) VALUES	B. SQL command

Answer Point Value: 1.0 points

Answer Key: 1:A, 2:B

('100','Harry','Potter');

Accepted characters: numbers, decimal point markers, sign indicators (-), spaces (e.g., as thousands separator, 5 000), "E" or "e" (used in scientific notation). **NOTE:** For scientific notation, a period MUST be used as the decimal point marker.

Given tables AA and BB below, the SQL command:

SELECT a, AA.b, f FROM AA, BB WHERE c=5;

will return columns	and rows.	
Table AA		
a	b	С
1	3	4
2	3	5
4	2	5
Table DD		
Table BB		
b	f	g
3	7	5
5	9	8
5	2	5

Answer Point Value: 2.0 points

Answer Key: 3, 6

How many rows would be returned from: SELECT SUM(a) FROM A GROUP BY c; assuming you have the following tables: Table A: а b С 1 3 5 5 5 5 3 4 5 5 2 8

A. less than 1

O B. 1

C. 2

O D. 3

O E. 4

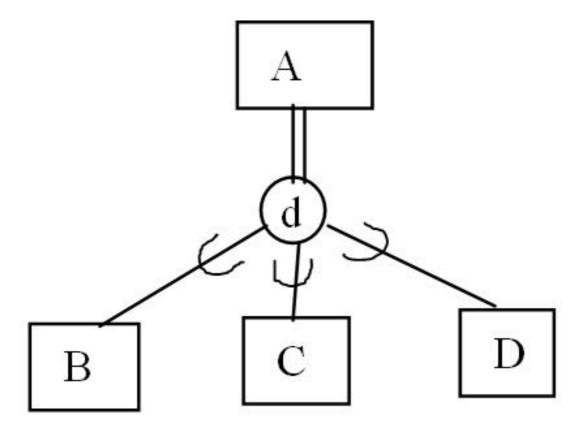
C F. more than 4

Answer Point Value: 2.0 points

Answer Key: C

An instance of an entity of type A could be further classified as an entity of type B AND as an entity of type C at the same time.

Attachments



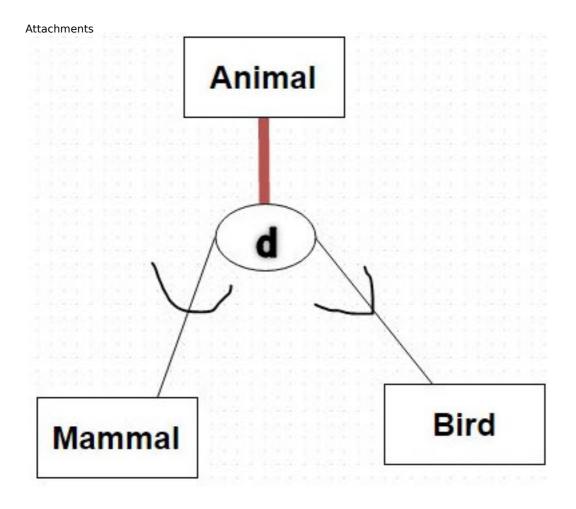
O True

False

Answer Point Value: 1.0 points

Answer Key: False

Given the following diagram and assuming you are going to store information about **all** Canadian animals and no additional entities will be added, what type of line should the red line be?



- A. Single
- B. Dashed
- C. Double

Answer Point Value: 1.0 points

Answer Key: A

Accepted characters: numbers, decimal point markers, sign indicators (-), spaces (e.g., as thousands separator, 5 000), "E" or "e" (used in scientific notation). **NOTE:** For scientific notation, a period MUST be used as the decimal point marker.

Given the tables below, the following relational calculus expression will return ____ tuples/rows and ____ attributes.

{t | B(t) AND t.baa="a4"}

Table A

	aa	bb	сс
al	b1		7
a2	b2		2
a4	b1		5
al	b2		4

Table B

baa	bff
a4	c1
a2	c7
a4	c5
a4	c7

Answer Point Value: 2.0 points

Answer Key: 3, 2

Given the tables below, how many tuples would the following relational calculus return? {a.aa, a.bb | A(a) and (($\exists b$)(B(b) and b.baa=a.aa and a.cc>3} Table A aa bb СС a4 b1 7 a2 b2 4 a4 b1 8 a2 b2 1 Table B bff baa a4 c1 a2 с7 a2 с5 a4 c7 Less than 2 В. C. D. Ε. F. G. Н. ١. More than 8

Answer Point Value: 1.0 points

Answer Key: B

Assume you have created a table called *bloodtype* using this command:

CREATE TABLE bloodtype (bloodtypeid CHAR(2), rhfactor CHAR(1), type CHAR(2), percent INT, PRIMARY KEY (bloodtypeid));

The SQL command to add the row for the blood type of AB positive (+) where 17% of the population have that type would be (FILL IN THE BLANK):

____ INTO bloodtype VALUES ('08','+','AB',17);

Answer Point Value: 1.0 points

Answer Key: INSERT

l wor	ong did it take you complete the peer marking (this is a free mark, there is no wrong answer
0	A. Less than 1 hour
0	B. 1 to 1.5 hours
0	C. 1.5 to 2 hours
0	D. More than 2 hours

Answer Point Value: 1.0 points

Answer Key: A,B,C,D