

CS3388B, Winter 2023

Problem Set 2

Due: January 20, 2023

Exercise 1. Any RGBA32 color can be encoded as 4 byte unsigned integer. Give the binary number for the color #8CE4FA

Exercise 2. How many colors are possible in the RGB16 color space?

Consider a hypothetical color space with 4 color channels CMKY, where C is encoded using 6 bits, M encoded with 10 bits, Y encoded with 12 bits, and K encoded with 4 bits. How many colors are possible in this color space?

Exercise 3. Consider the following code segment. How many triangles are drawn?

```
1 glBegin(GL_TRIANGLE_FAN);
2 glVertex2f(0., 0.5);
3 glVertex2f(0.2, 0.5);
4 glVertex2f(0.4, 0.5);
5 glVertex2f(0.6, 0.9);
6 glVertex2f(0.7, 0.2);
7 glVertex2f(0, -0.2);
8 glVertex2f(-0.2, 0.0);
9 glEnd();
10
11 glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES);
12 for (int i = 1; i < 10; ++i) {
13     glVertex2f(0.09*i, -0.7);
14     glVertex2f(-0.09*i, -0.3);
15 }
16 glEnd();
```

Exercise 4. Assume a clockwise winding order. Calculate the normalized normal vector for the triangle rendered by the following code segment, assuming that OpenGL uses a left-hand coordinate system where the x -axis extends to the right and the y -axis extends upward.

```
1 glBegin(GL_TRIANGLE_FAN);
2 glVertex2f(0.4, 0.4);
3 glVertex2f(-0.3, 0.2);
4 glVertex2f(0.2, -0.3);
5 glEnd();
```