

A decorative graphic on the left side of the slide, consisting of a network of white lines and circles on a teal background, resembling a circuit board or a neural network.

# WEEK 4

## THE RELATIONAL ALGEBRA BINARY OPERATION OF INTERSECTION

CS3319

# STUDENT OBJECTIVES

- Upon completion of this video, you should be able to:
  - Identify the symbol for INTERSECTION
  - Write a relational algebra expression that uses INTERSECTION given two tables and a query.
  - Given 2 tables and a INTERSECTION relational algebra expression, show the new table that would be returned once the expression is performed.

# INTERSECTION

- Creates a new table from the given 2 tables that includes only the identical rows from both tables (no repeats).
- The 2 Tables MUST be union compatible
- Intersection can be expressed as:

$$(R \cup S) - ((R - S) \cup (S - R))$$

- Symbol  $\rightarrow \cap$
- Example Expression:

**Table1  $\cap$  Table2**

First Table Name

Symbol for  
INTERSECTION

Second Table Name

**Table1**

ID	FirstName	LastName	Age
12	Homer	Smith	24
24	Gene	Simpson	13
45	Marg	Reid	45

**Table2**

ID	FirstName	LastName	Age
33	Marg	Jones	28
24	Gene	Simpson	13
31	Milhouse	Lee	22

Ans  $\leftarrow \pi_{\text{FirstName}}(\text{Table1}) \cap (\pi_{\text{FirstName}}(\text{Table2}))$

FirstName	LastName	Age
Gene	Simpson	13
Marg		

## Example of Intersection:

Table AA:

B
b1
b2
b7
b8
b11
b16

Table BB:

B
b2
b7
b13

**QUESTION:** What will  $CC \leftarrow AA \cap BB$  return?

Table CC:

B
b2
b7

- useful in situation with the word **both** or **and**, such as list the people who work on **BOTH** project X and project Y

**ProjectX**  $\leftarrow \pi_{\text{ProjectNumber}} (\sigma_{\text{ProjectName} = \text{"X"}} (\text{Project}))$

**ProjectY**  $\leftarrow \pi_{\text{ProjectNumber}} (\sigma_{\text{ProjectName} = \text{"Y"}} (\text{Project}))$

**WorksOnX**  $\leftarrow \pi_{\text{SSN}} (\text{ProjectX} \bowtie \text{Works\_On})$

**WorksOnY**  $\leftarrow \pi_{\text{SSN}} (\text{ProjectY} \bowtie \text{Works\_On})$

**Answer**  $\leftarrow \pi_{\text{LastName}} ((\text{WorksOnX} \cap \text{WorksOnY}) \bowtie \text{Employee})$

**QUESTION:** Write the relational algebra to find the project name of all projects that BOTH Simpson AND Smithers work on:

$\text{TempSimp} \leftarrow \pi_{\text{EmpID}} (\sigma_{\text{LastName} = \text{"Simpson"}} (\text{Employee}))$

$\text{TempSmit} \leftarrow \pi_{\text{EmpID}} (\sigma_{\text{LastName} = \text{"Smithers"}} (\text{Employee}))$

$\text{WorksOnSimp} \leftarrow \pi_{\text{ProjectNumber}} (\text{TempSimp} \bowtie$

$\text{Works\_On})$

$\text{WorksOnSmit} \leftarrow \pi_{\text{ProjectNumber}} (\text{TempSmit} \bowtie \text{Works\_On})$

$\text{Answer} \leftarrow \pi_{\text{ProjectName}} ((\text{WorksOnSimp} \cap \text{WorksOnSmit}) \bowtie \text{Project})$

The screenshot displays four database tables:

- Project Table:**

ProjectNu	ProjectName	ProjLocati	Managing
A1	Accounting Update	Toronto	S7G
A3	Acc3	Springfield	G8H
A6	Acct6	Toronto	S7G
I1	Inventory	Toronto	G8H
I2	Inventory2	London	S7G
P1	Payroll	Springfield	G8H
P2	Payroll2	London	G8H
P3	Payroll3	London	G8H
- Department Table:**

DeptNun	DeptName	ManagerEmpID	ManagerStartdate
G8H	Head Office	4	12/12/1999
S7G	Safety Department	3	11/11/1998
Y5J	Research Department	6	12/24/1998
- Employee Table:**

EmpID	LastName	FirstName	DeptNumber	Sex	BDate	SuperSSN	Salary
1	Simpson	Bart	G8H	M	2/2/1995	2	\$1,000.00
2	Smithers	Waylan	S7G	M	1/1/1960	4	\$2,000.00
3	Beauvieu	Patty	Y5J	F	3/3/1959	6	\$4,000.00
4	Burns	Monty	S7G	M	7/7/2020		\$5,000.00
6	Simpson	Lisa	S7G	F	6/6/1990	2	\$1,000.00
12	Simpson	Homer	G8H	M	8/8/1961	2	\$2,000.00
- WorksOn Table:**

EmpSSNu	ProjectNu	Hours
1 A3		45
2 A1		56
3 A3		3
3 A6		45
3 I1		43
3 P1		9
4 A1		6
4 A3		5
4 A6		6
4 I1		43
4 I2		8
4 P1		67
4 P2		77
4 P3		67
6 I2		6
12 A3		56