## Compensating & Equivalent Variations, Substitution & Income Effects

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Suppose a consumer has preferences of the form  $U(x,y) = x^{0.5}y^{0.5}$ . The price of good y is 1 and the price of good x changes from 1 to 2. The consumer has income m = 8. Assuming the consumer is utility maximizing, calculate the Compensating Variation and Equivalent Variation of the price change. Finally, decompose the total change in demand for good X into a substitution effect and an income effect.

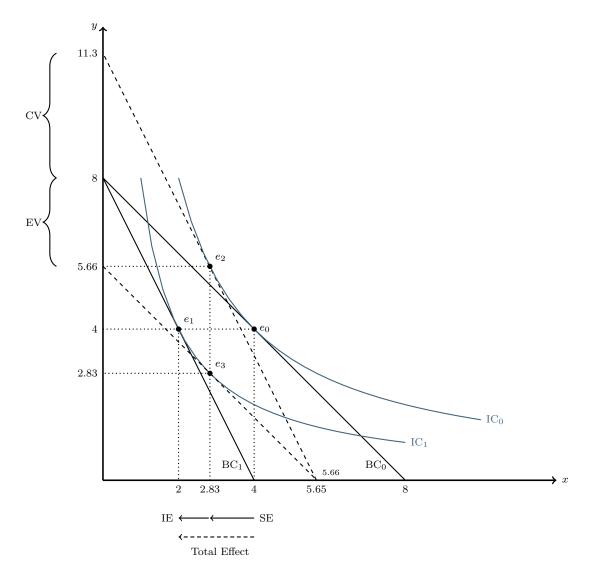


Figure 1: Compensating Variation (CV), Equivalent Variation (EV), Substitution Effect (SE), Income Effect (IE)

 $e_0 \hbox{: initial equilibrium} \\ e_1 \hbox{: final equilibrium (after price of $x$ increases)}$ 

 $e_2$ : CV adjustment

 $e_e$ : EV adjustment