

Name _____

MA 221 Final Exam Part II

November 14, 2007

Instructions: Answer all 5 questions in the space provided. Show all necessary work, and be neat. You may use untitled Maple worksheets on your laptop computer or a calculator on this test for computational support. You need not use Maple or your calculator on every problem, but do use those resources appropriately when you wish as a tool for arithmetic, graphing, solving equations, evaluating expressions and functions, finding derivatives and integrals, checking answers, etc. When you use Maple to complete a step in a problem, describe that step and the result in usual correct mathematical language. **Do not write out any Maple commands you use, unless they are explicitly requested.** No books, notes, or networking are allowed during this test.

For Grading Use

#1	(15)	
#2	(20)	
#3	(10)	
#4	(20)	
#5	(20)	

Total	(85)	

1. The general solution to the system of linear equations $Ax = b$ is

$$x = t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + s \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

(a) Is $Ax = b$ consistent? Explain.

(b) How many free variables are there? Explain.

(c) Is $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ in the nullspace of A ? Explain.

2. A tank initially contains 100 gal of a brine in which 50 lb of salt are dissolved. A brine containing γ lb/gal of salt runs into the tank at a rate of 5 gal/min. The mixture is kept uniform by stirring and flows out at a rate of 4 gal/min.

(a) Let $x(t)$ denote the amount of salt in the tank at time t . Write an initial value problem for $x(t)$. (Your answer will be in terms of γ .)

(b) Find the amount of salt in the tank 25 minutes after the process starts. (Your answer will be in terms of γ .)

(c) Determine the value of γ so that the salt concentration in the tank is $\frac{1}{4}$ lb/gal after 1 hour.

3. Determine whether the following sets of vectors are linearly independent or linearly dependent.

$$(a) \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

$$(b) \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

4. A projectile of mass 1 kg is fired parallel to the ground with an initial speed of 10 m/s into a medium that offers resistance to motion of the form $F_r(t) = -v(t) - v^3(t)$ N. Assume the projectile travels in a horizontal line in the positive direction of motion and $v(t)$ satisfies the IVP $\frac{dv(t)}{dt} = -v(t) - v^3(t)$, $v(0) = 10$.

a.) The above IVP is nonlinear but a change of variables results in a linear equation. Divide both sides by $v^3(t)$ and then use the substitution $z(t) = v^{-2}(t)$ to find a linear IVP in $z(t)$.

b.) Solve for $z(t)$ and then for $v(t)$.

c.) When has the speed of the projectile been reduced to 1% of its initial speed?

5. The second order initial value problem

$$\frac{1}{2}x''(t) + \mu x'(t) + 5x(t) = 6\cos(\omega t), \quad x(0) = 0, \quad x'(0) = 0$$

models a forced spring mass system with mass $m = \frac{1}{2}$ slug, spring constant $k = 5$ lb/ft, and damping constant μ lb-s/ft.

(a) Suppose that the system is undamped (i.e., $\mu = 0$). Determine the driving force frequency ω that permits the system to achieve resonance, solve the differential equation for $x(t)$, and plot $x(t)$ for $0 \leq t \leq 10$ in the space below.

(b) Now suppose that the system motion is damped, with damping constant $\mu = 2$. Determine the amplitude of the steady periodic solution as a function of ω and graph that function in the space below.

(c) Use the graph you obtained in part (b) to determine whether there is a “resonant frequency” ω . If so, calculate the resonant frequency and find the amplitude of the corresponding steady state periodic solution.