### The Stack

- At run time, the parameters and other variables that belong to a function are placed on the stack.
- When a function is executing it only has access to its own stack frame.

# Names / Scope

 Your function cannot access variables in another frame (names are out of scope)

- A variable in your frame can have the same name as a variable in another frame
  - There is no conflict because they are in different scopes

# Example

- The main function can have a variable called sum
- At the same time myAdd() function can have a variable called sum
- Because they are in different stack frames they are different variables / do not conflict

## Example "what does the stack look like"

#### **▼** W2D1 Stack Example 2020

```
function funA(a, b) {
    var sum; // number
    var subt: // number
    sum = a + b;
    subt = funB(sum);
    console.log("What is the stack here?");
    return a - subt;
function funB(x) {
    console.log("What is the stack here?");
    return x - 1;
function main() {
    var x; // number
   var y; // number
    var z; // number
    x = 5:
    v = 8:
    console.log("What is the stack here?");
    z = funA(x, y + 3);
    console.log("What is the stack here?");
    return 0:
main(); // start executing main
```

#### Exercise "What does the stack look like"



```
function funX(a, b) {
    var c: // number
    var d; // number
    c = a * 3:
    d = funY(c):
   console.log("What is the stack here?");
    return (a - b) + (c - d):
function funY(a) {
    return a + 1;
function main() {
   var a; // number
    var b; // number
    var c; // number
    a = 4;
    b = 6;
    c = funX(a,b);
    return 0;
main(); // start executing main
```

### Main Point 3

- Each function has its own variables. When a function is called, the space for its variables is reserved on the stack (a stack frame).
- The scope of a variable is where it can be seen a variable can only be seen inside its own function, inside its own stack frame.
- Life is found in layers!