

With the COVID-19 pandemic, immunoengineers have been in the spotlight. What are some advantages/disadvantages to this additional attention to scientists and engineers that are otherwise unnoticed?

COVID19 had major impacts on economies, people's life and research in general. Many ongoing projects were stopped, and researchers pivoted their effort to questions related to the COVID pandemic. Scientists were pressured to make rapid progress which resulted to an explosion of new publications; with an impressive increase numbers of papers uploaded to BioRxiv ; some of them not properly reviewed [1].

COVID 19 disrupted the immunology research community but provided opportunities for collaboration to an unprecedented scale with cross-continent team collaboration. Travel restrictions also, impacted the scientific research at large, caused a reallocation of research funding, a reduction in hiring, and conference events [1]

Some of the researchers not working on COVID, were impacted by the isolation enforced by the lockdown, leading to a decline in productivity, with a decrease in new projects, new submissions, and new publications [2].

[1] L. Harper *et al.*, "The impact of COVID-19 on research," *J. Pediatr. Urol.*, vol. 16, no. 5, pp. 715–716, 2020, doi: 10.1016/j.jpurol.2020.07.002

[2] J. Gao, Y. Yin, K. R. Myers, K. R. Lakhani, and D. Wang, "Potentially long-lasting effects of the pandemic on scientists," *Nat. Commun.*, vol. 12, no. 1, p. 6188, 2021, doi: 10.1038/s41467-021-26428-z