Johns Hopkins Engineering

Methods in Neurobiology

Principle of Synaptic Transmission

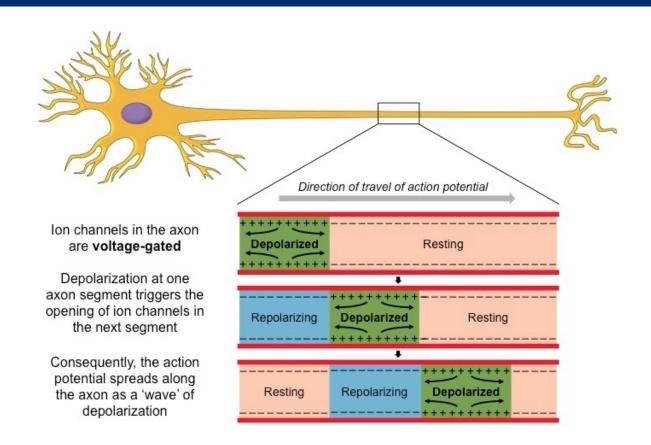


2-Minute Neuroscience: Action Potential

2-MINUTE NEUROSCIENCE:

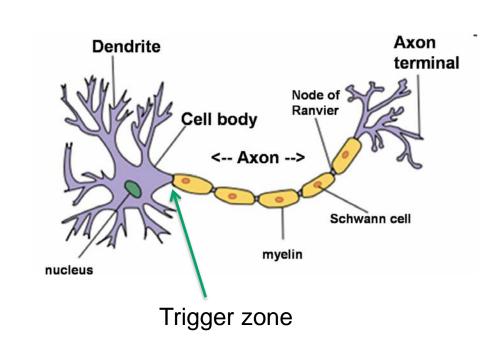
ACTION POTENTIAL

Propagation of action potential

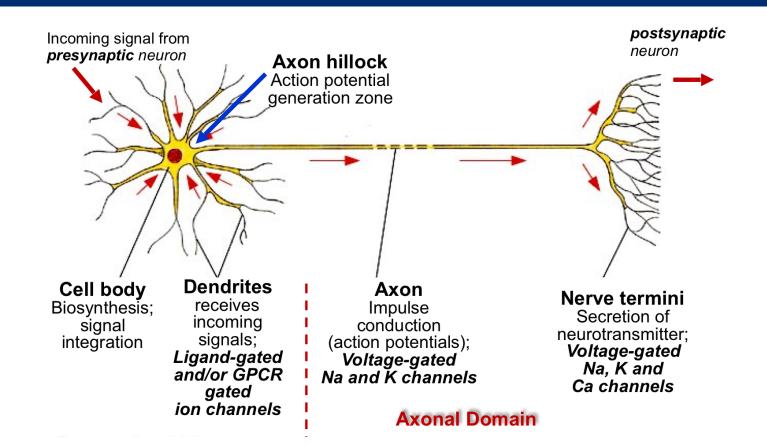


Factors influencing conduction of AP

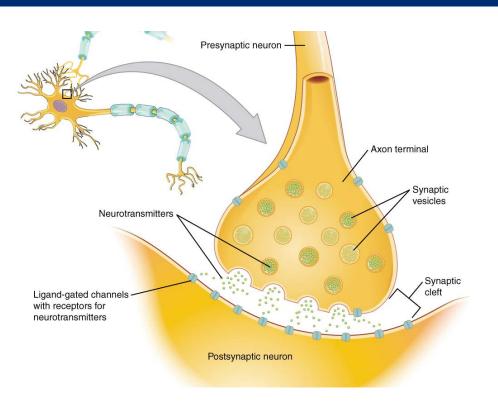
- Presence, type and concentration of voltagegated channels
- Membrane resistance
- Membrane capacitance
- Axon diameter
- Myelin



Communication within a neuron



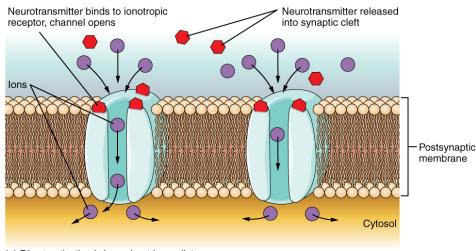
Communication between neurons: synaptic transmission



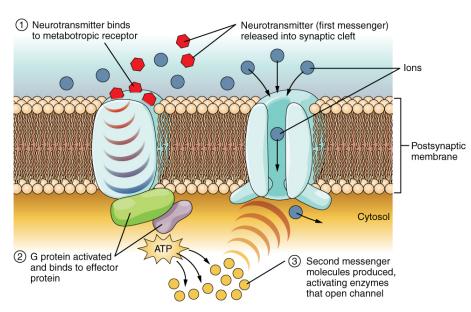
Classes of neurotransmitters:

- Amines (dopamine, serotonine, acetylcholine)
- Aminoacids (glutammate, glycine)
- Neuropeptides (neuropeptide Y, insulin)

Synaptic modulation

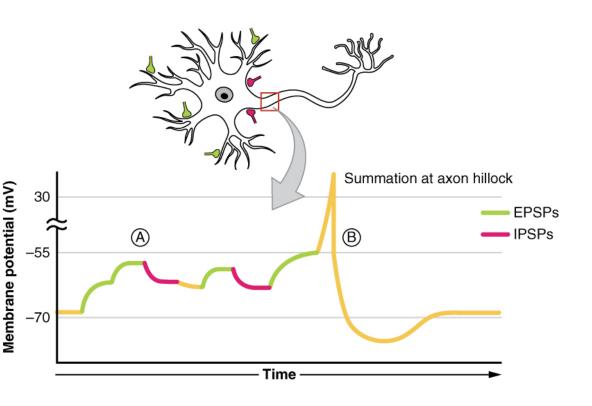


(a) Direct activation brings about immediate response



(b) Indirect activation involves a prolonged response, amplified over time

Signal integration



Temporal vs Spatial summation

References

Slide	Reference
3	Kerr, S. Nov 13 th 2016 Neurons and Glia cells. Biology 1520 Georgia Tech Biological Sciences http://bio1520.biology.gatech.edu/chemical-and-electrical-signals/neurons/
4	Kandel, E., Schwartz, J.H., Jessel, T. 2000 Principle of neural science. 4 th Edition. McGraw-Hill Medical
5	Alina6 n.d. Lecture 14- Action potential. https://www.memorangapp.com/flashcards/172336/Lecture+14-+Action+potential/
6-8	Communication between neurons (n.d.) Anatomy and Physiology. Rice University https://opentextbc.ca/anatomyandphysiology/chapter/12-5-communication-between-neurons/

