

Finding a Path in Group-Labeled Graphs with Two Labels Forbidden

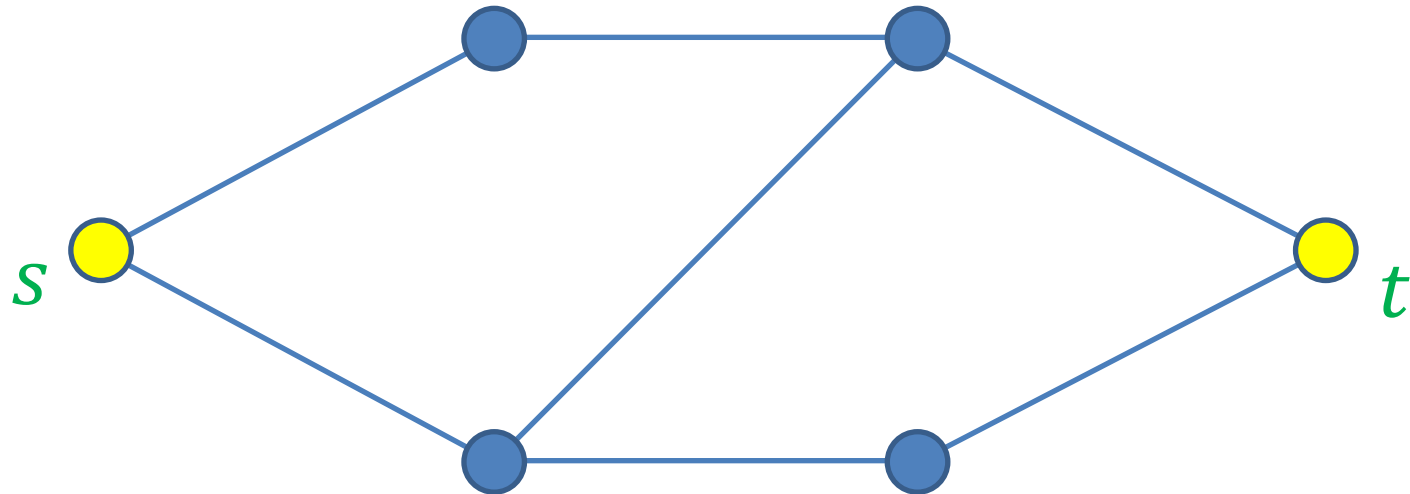
Yasushi Kawase¹, Yusuke Kobayashi²

Yutaro Yamaguchi³

1. Tokyo Institute of Technology, Japan.
2. University of Tsukuba, Japan.
3. University of Tokyo, Japan.

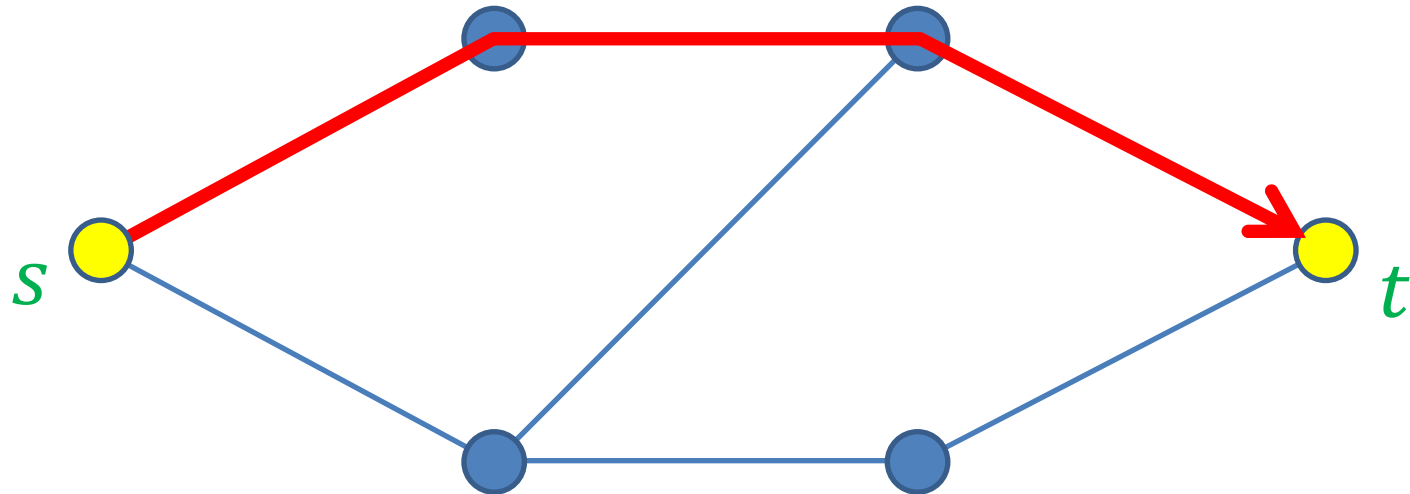
ICALP 2015 @Kyoto July 9, 2015

Parity of Length



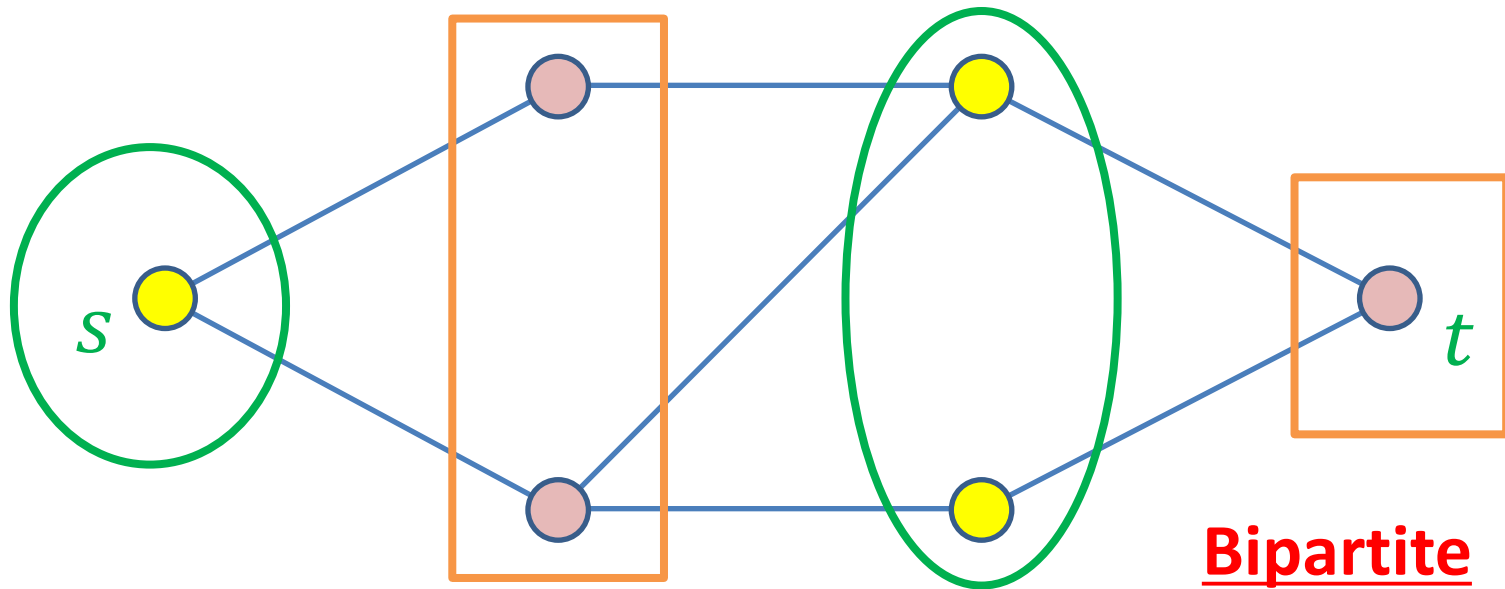
- Odd \rightarrow ???
- Even \rightarrow ???

Parity of Length



- Odd → YES
- Even → ???

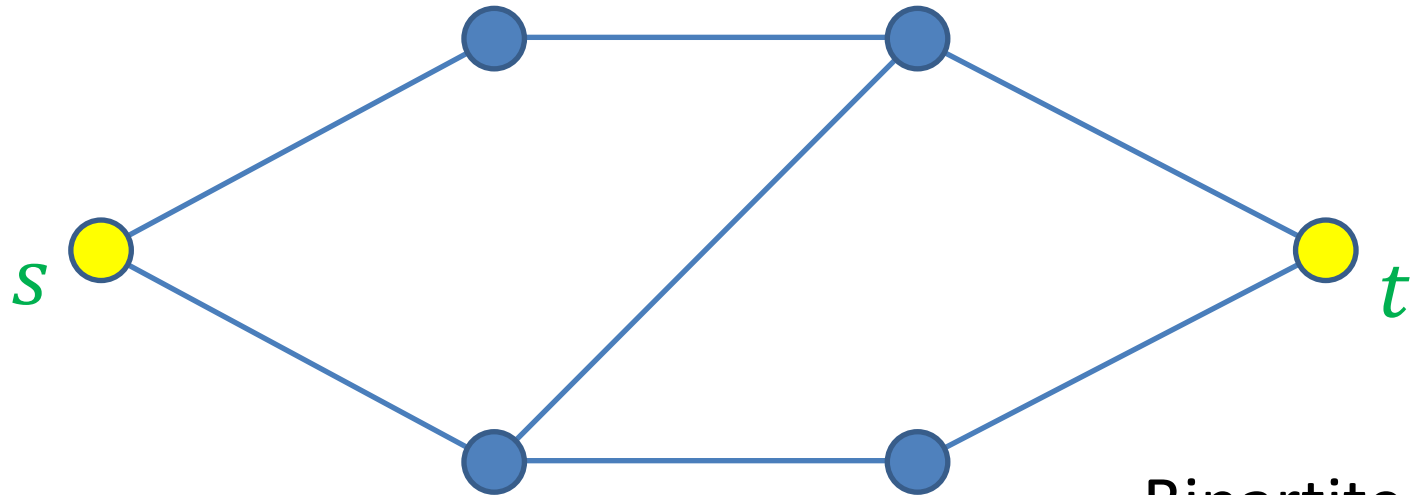
Parity of Length



Bipartite

- Odd \rightarrow YES
- **Even \rightarrow NO**

Parity of Length



- Odd \rightarrow YES
- Even \rightarrow NO

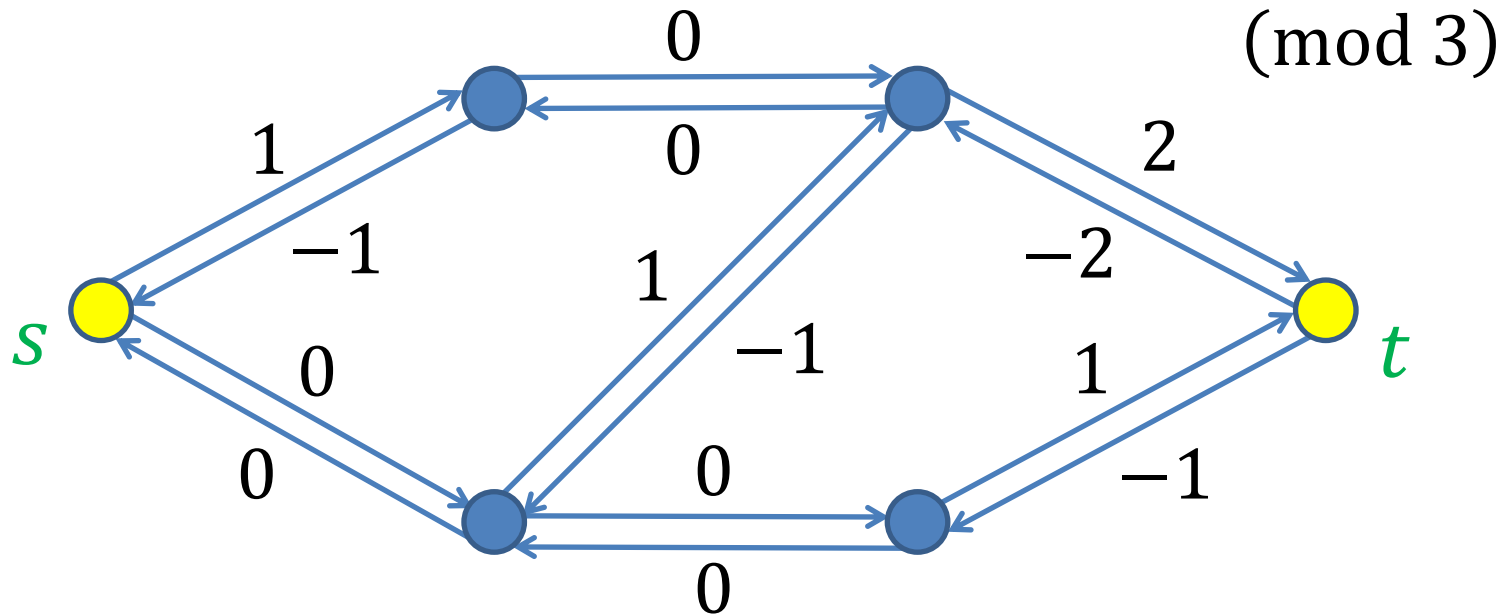
Bipartite



Easy to test!

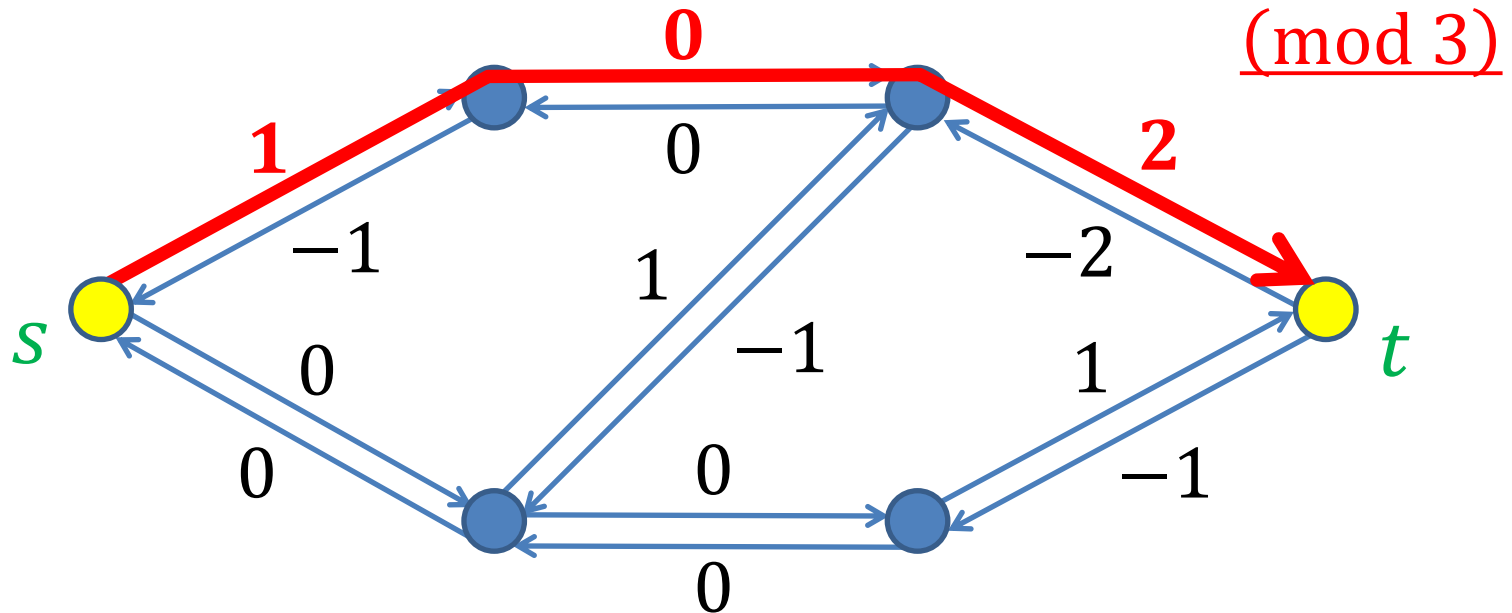
Parity of $s-t$ paths = {Odd}

Possible Labels



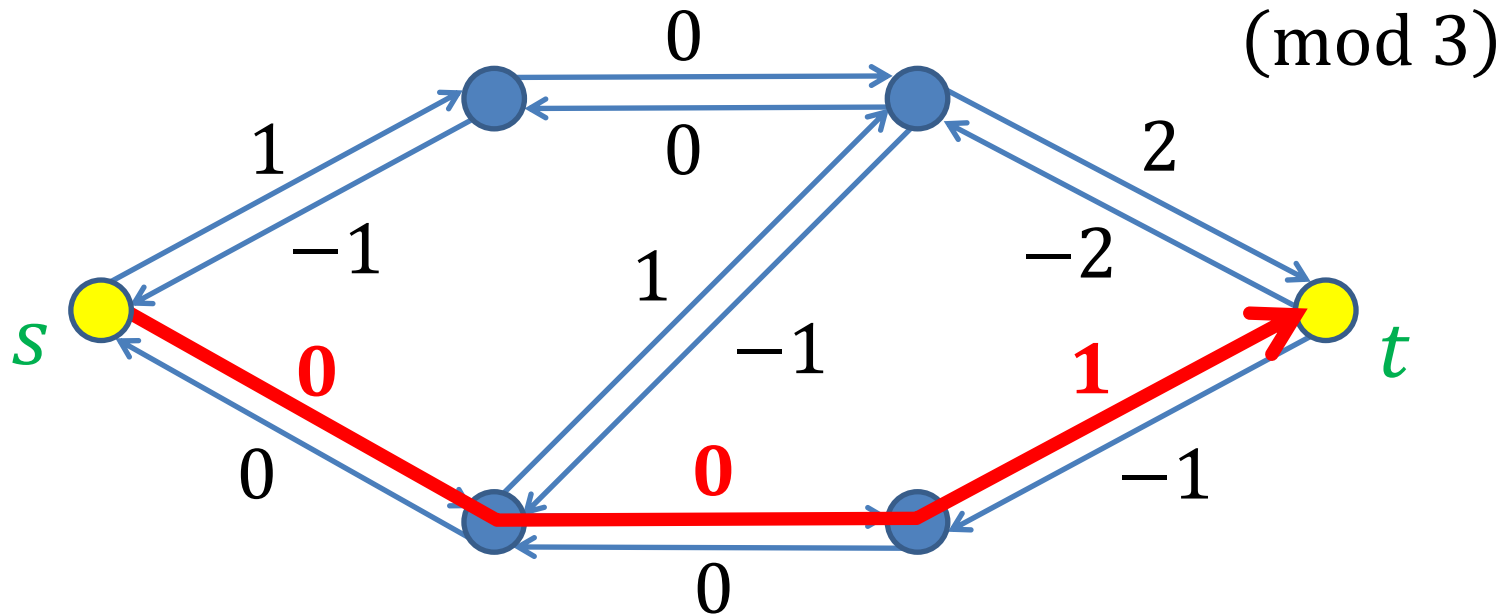
- $0 \rightarrow ???$
- $1 \rightarrow ???$
- $2 \rightarrow ???$

Possible Labels



- 0 \rightarrow **YES** $1 + 0 + 2 = 3 \equiv 0$
- $1 \rightarrow ???$
- $2 \rightarrow ???$

Possible Labels



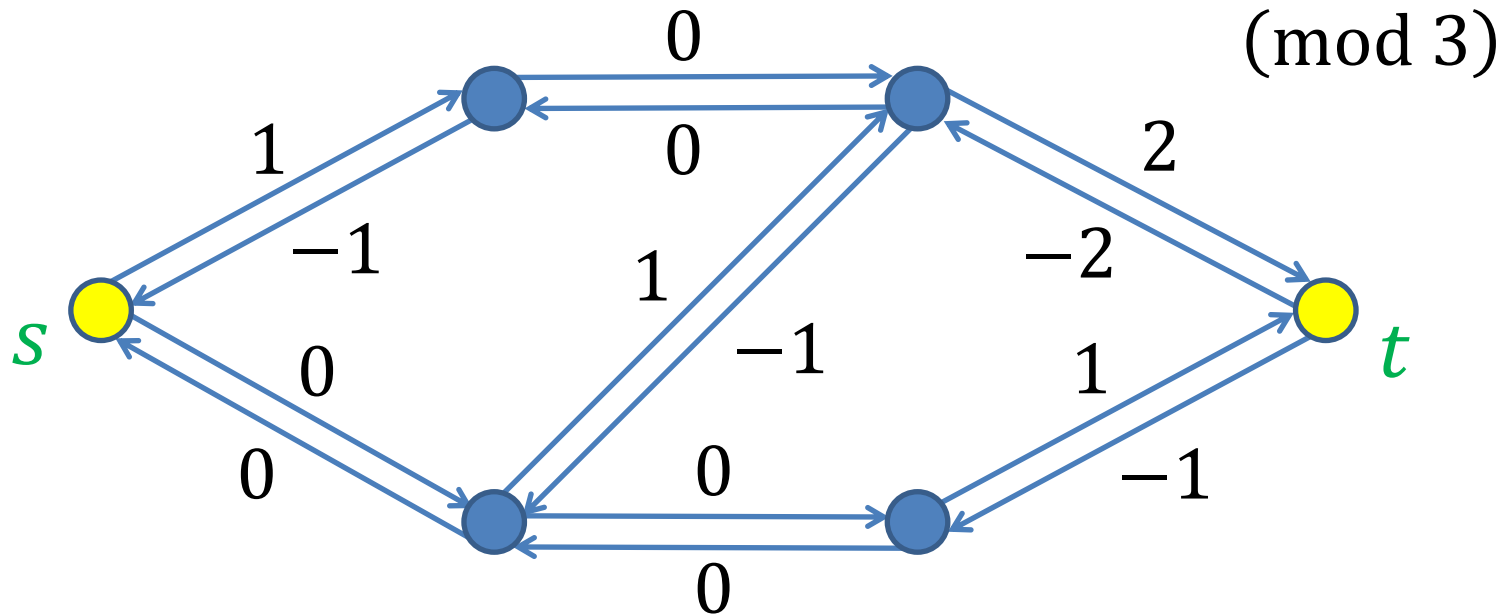
- 0 \rightarrow YES

- 1 \rightarrow YES

- 2 \rightarrow ???

$$0 + 0 + 1 = 1$$

Possible Labels

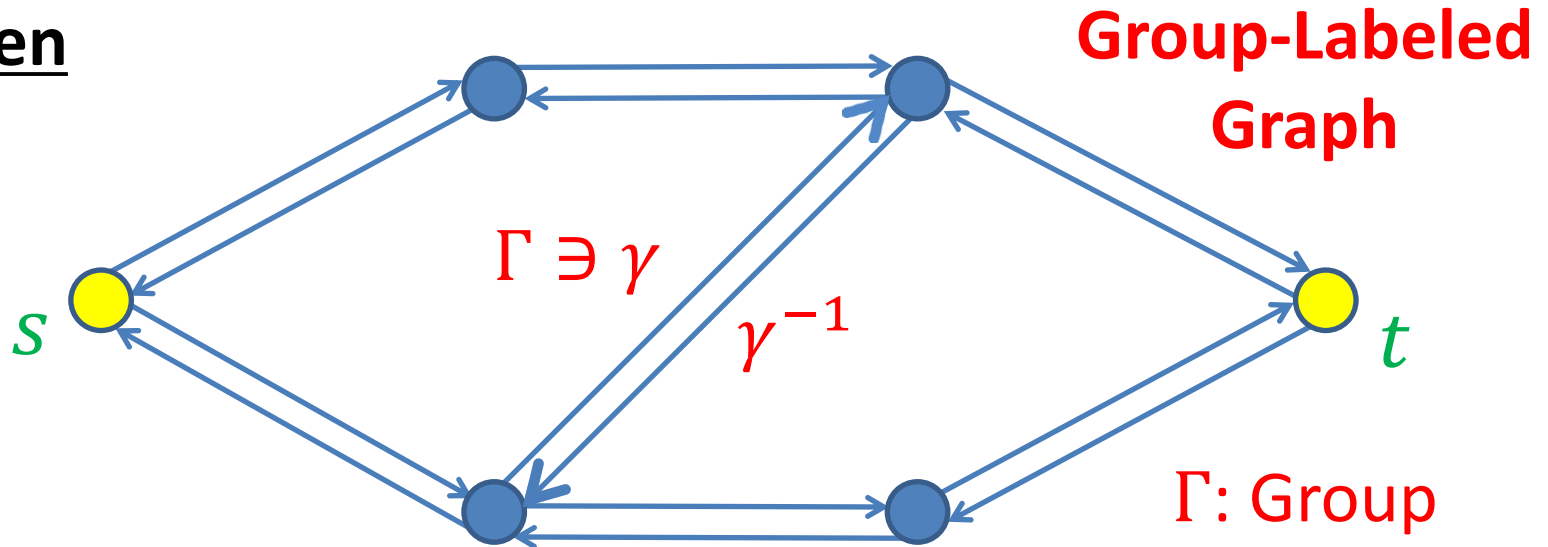


- 0 \rightarrow YES
- 1 \rightarrow YES
- 2 \rightarrow NO

Labels of s - t paths = $\{0, 1\}$

Our Problem

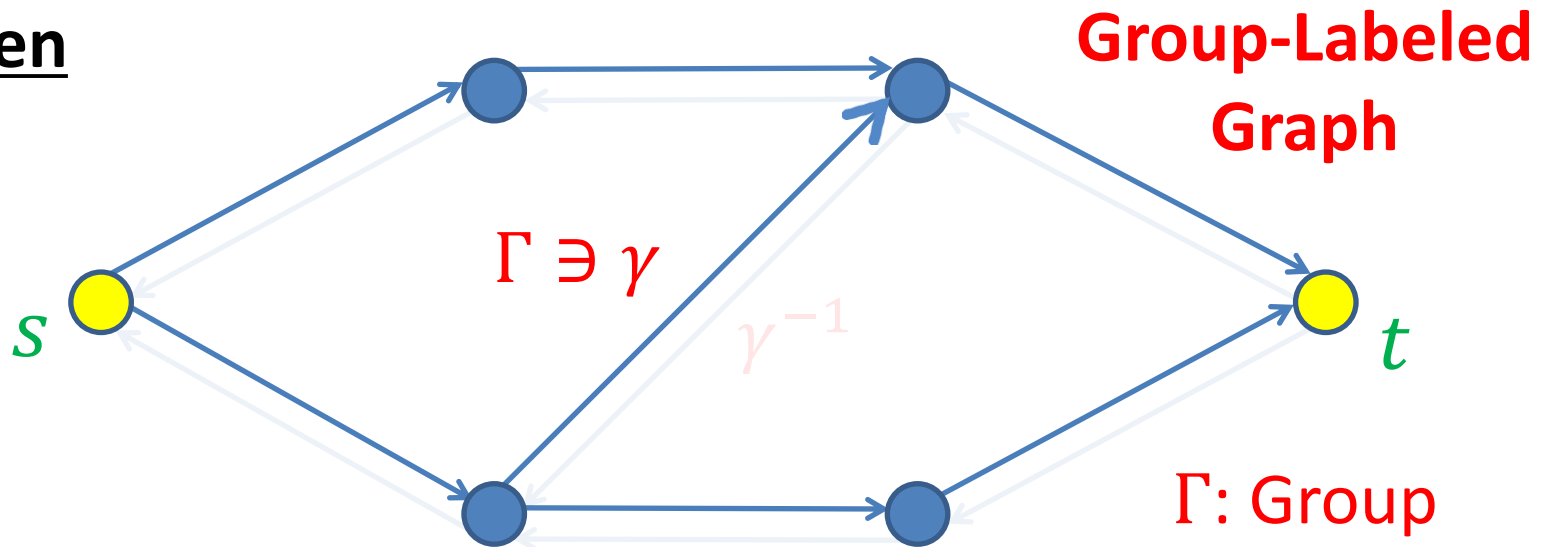
Given



Find Possible Labels of $s-t$ paths

Our Problem

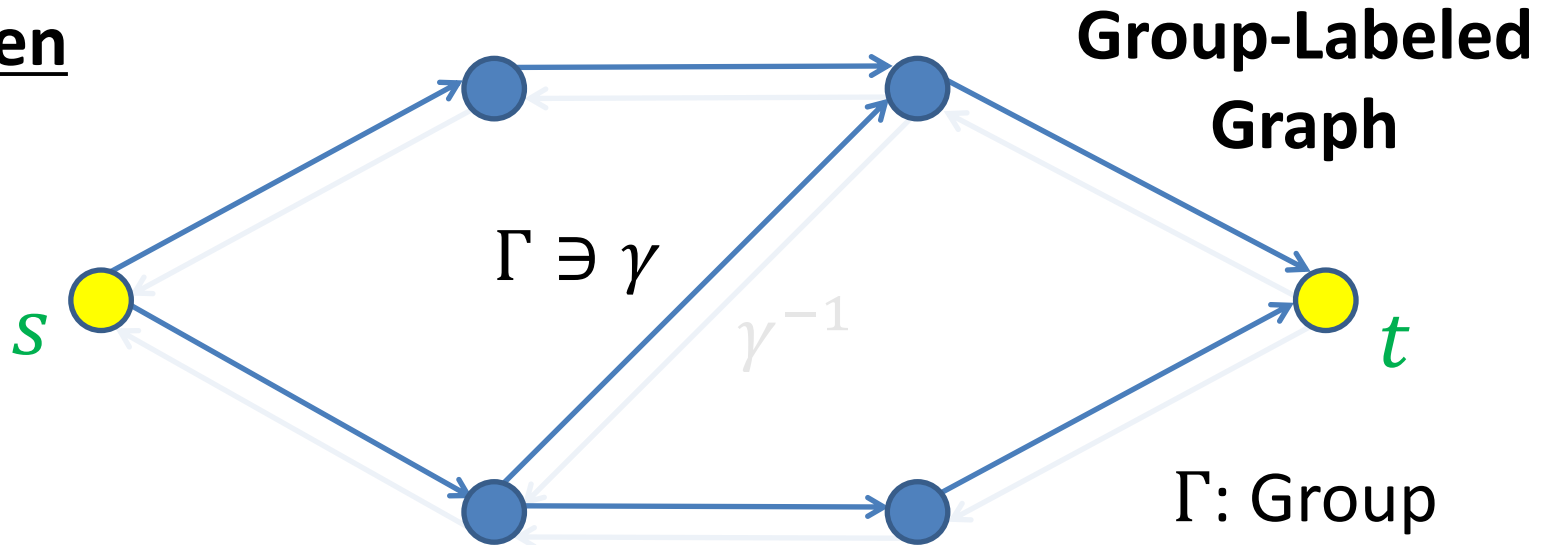
Given



Find Possible Labels of $s-t$ paths

Our Problem

Given

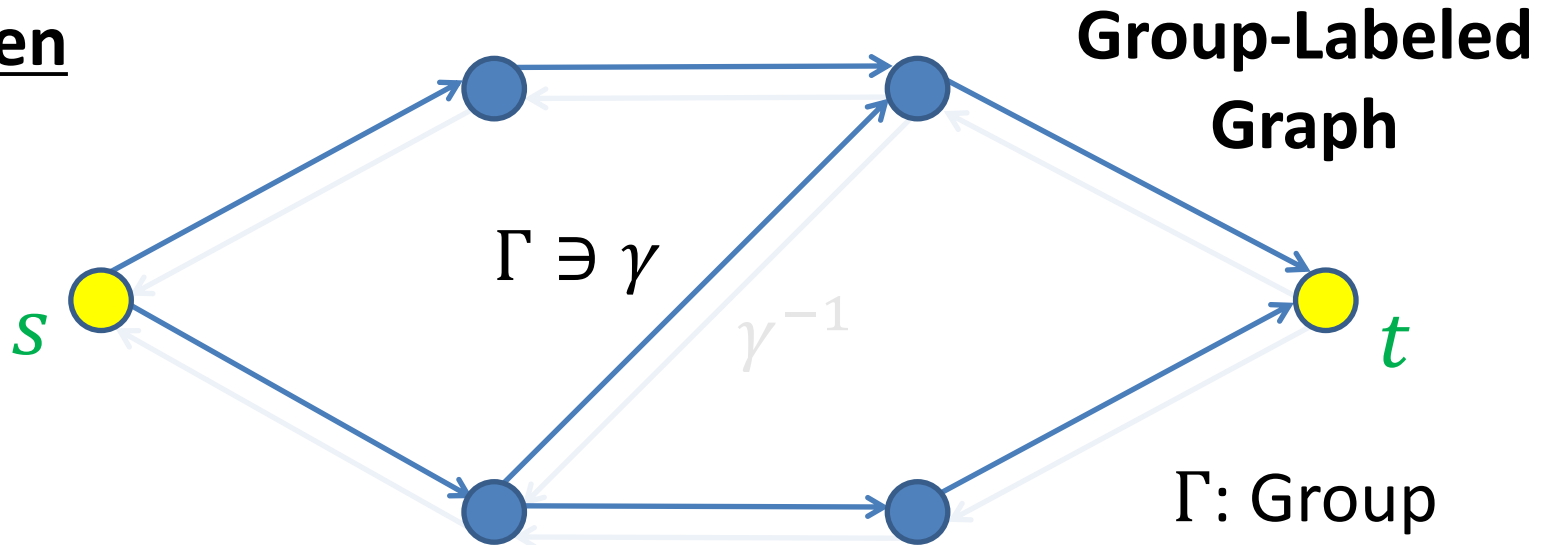


Find Possible Labels of $s-t$ paths → **Difficult**

- $l = \{\alpha\}$: Polytime
- $l \supseteq \{\alpha\}$: NP-hard (Hamiltonian Path)
- $l = \{\alpha, \beta\}$: ???

Our Problem

Given

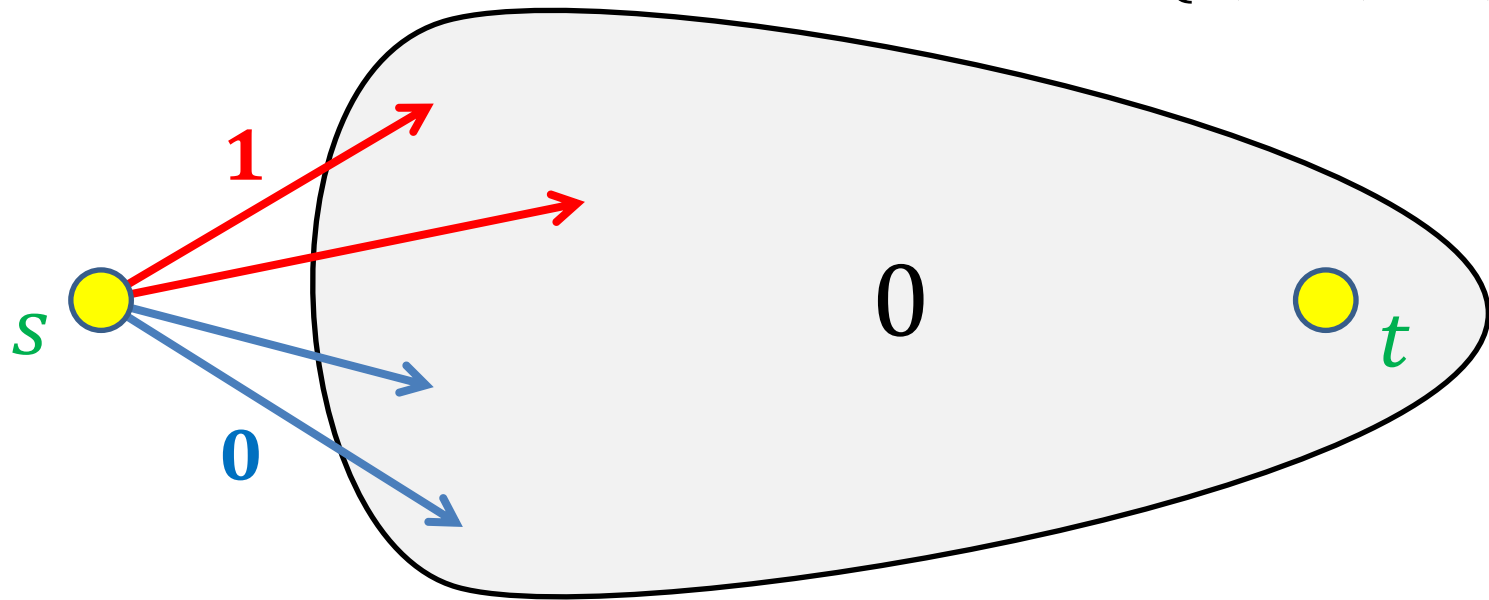


Find Possible Labels of $s-t$ paths \rightarrow Difficult

- $l = \{\alpha\}$: Polytime
- $l \supseteq \{\alpha\}$: NP-hard (Hamiltonian Path)
- $l = \{\alpha, \beta\}$: Polytime!!

Example 1

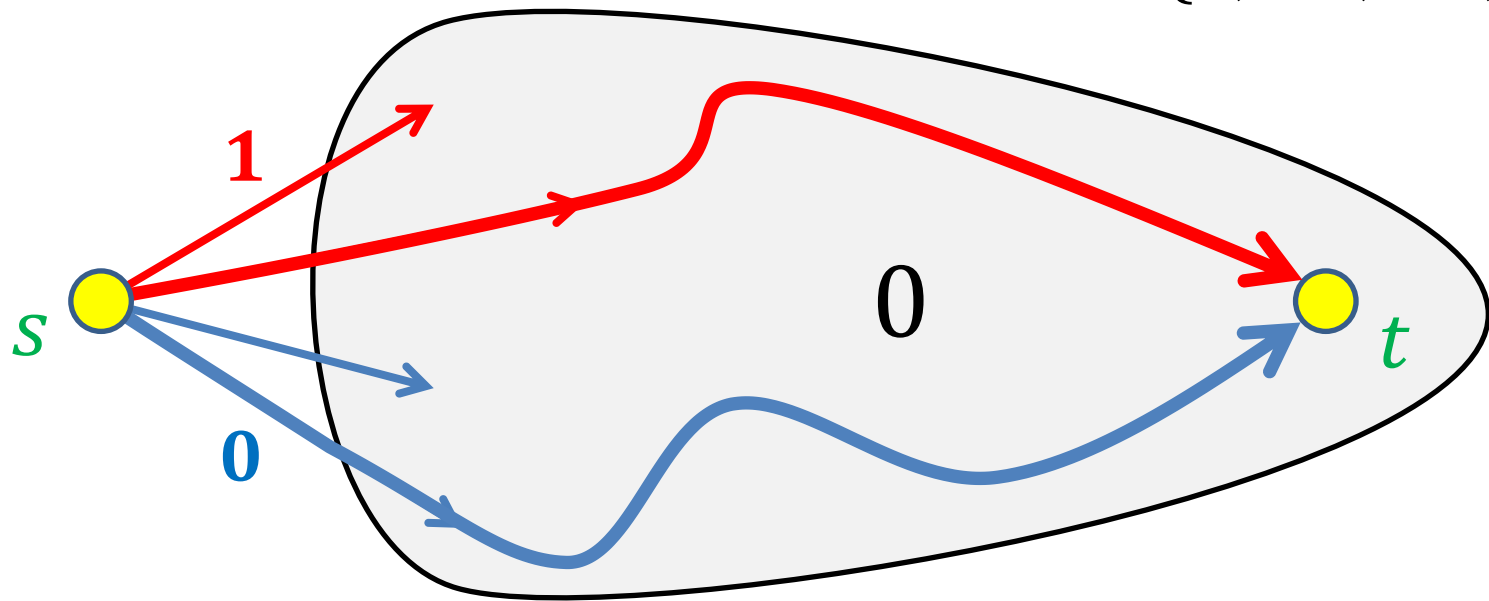
Z-Labeled Graph
 $\mathbf{Z} = \{0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots\}$



$$l = \{0, 1\}$$

Example 1

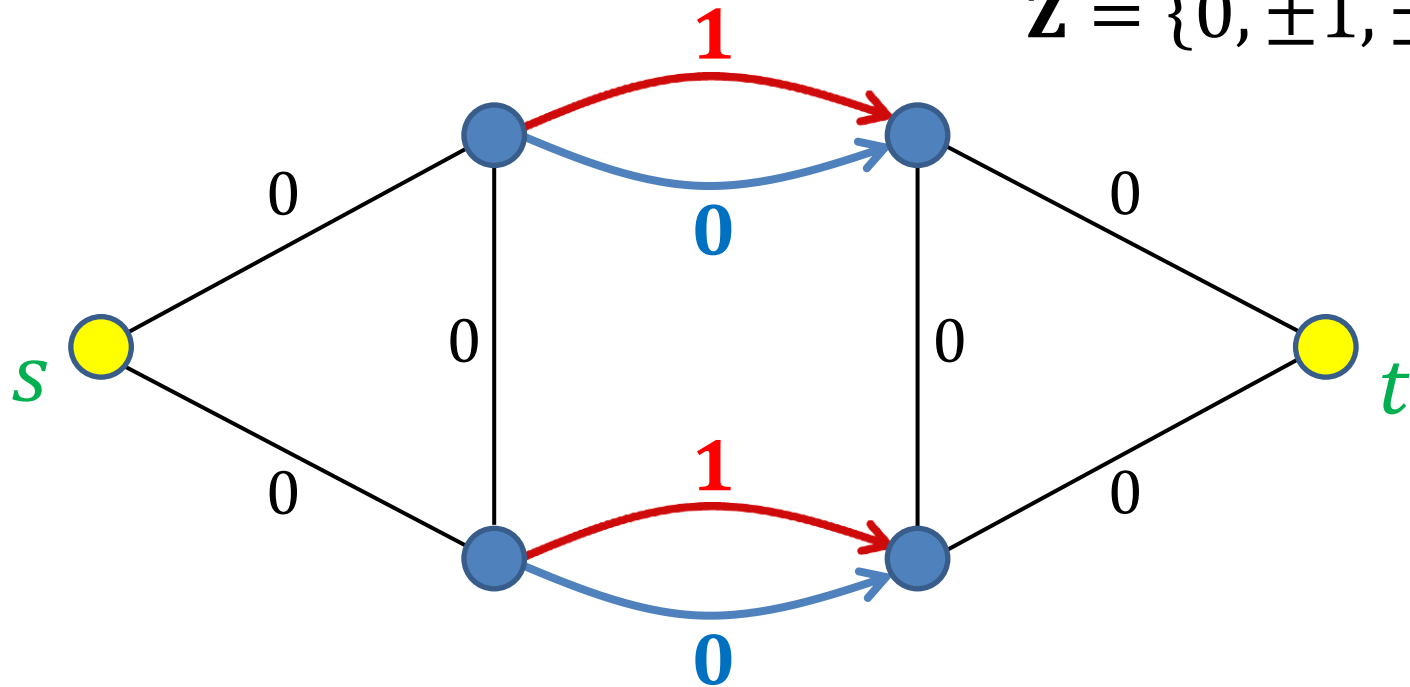
Z-Labeled Graph
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Example 2

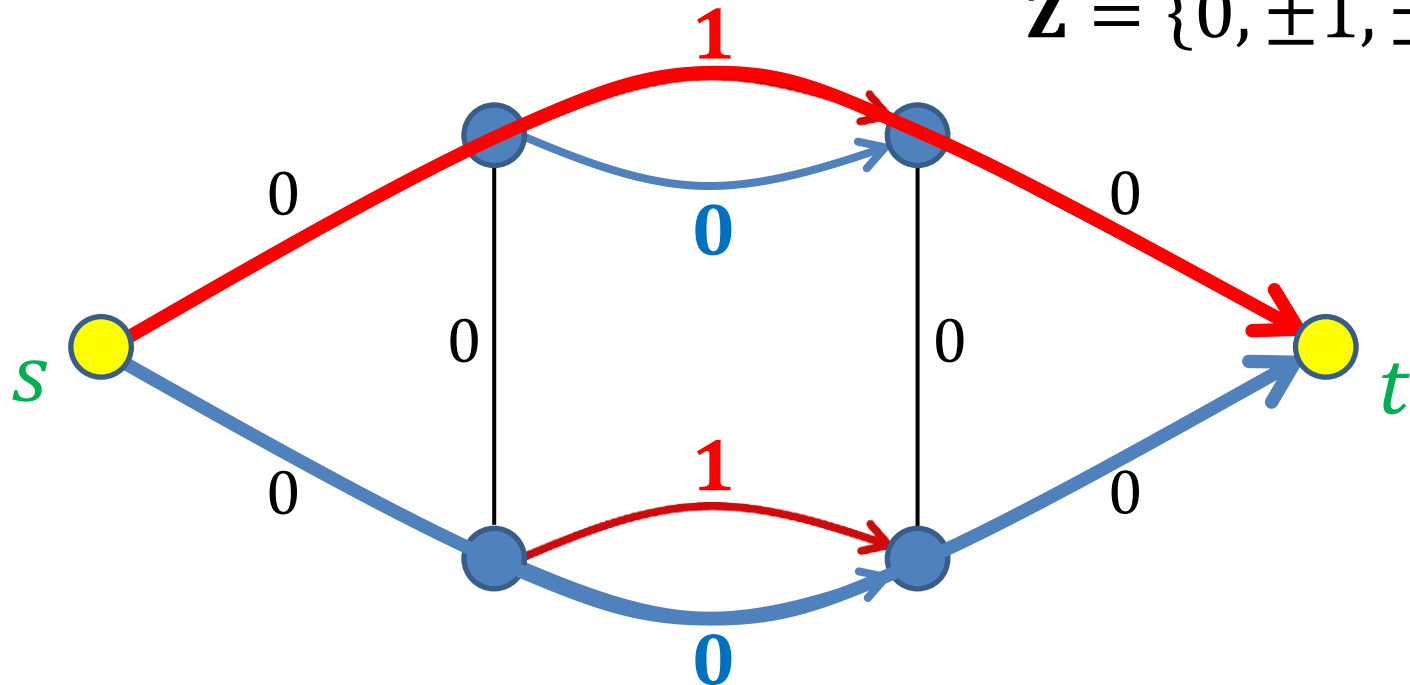
Z-Labeled Graph
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$$l = \{0, 1\}$$

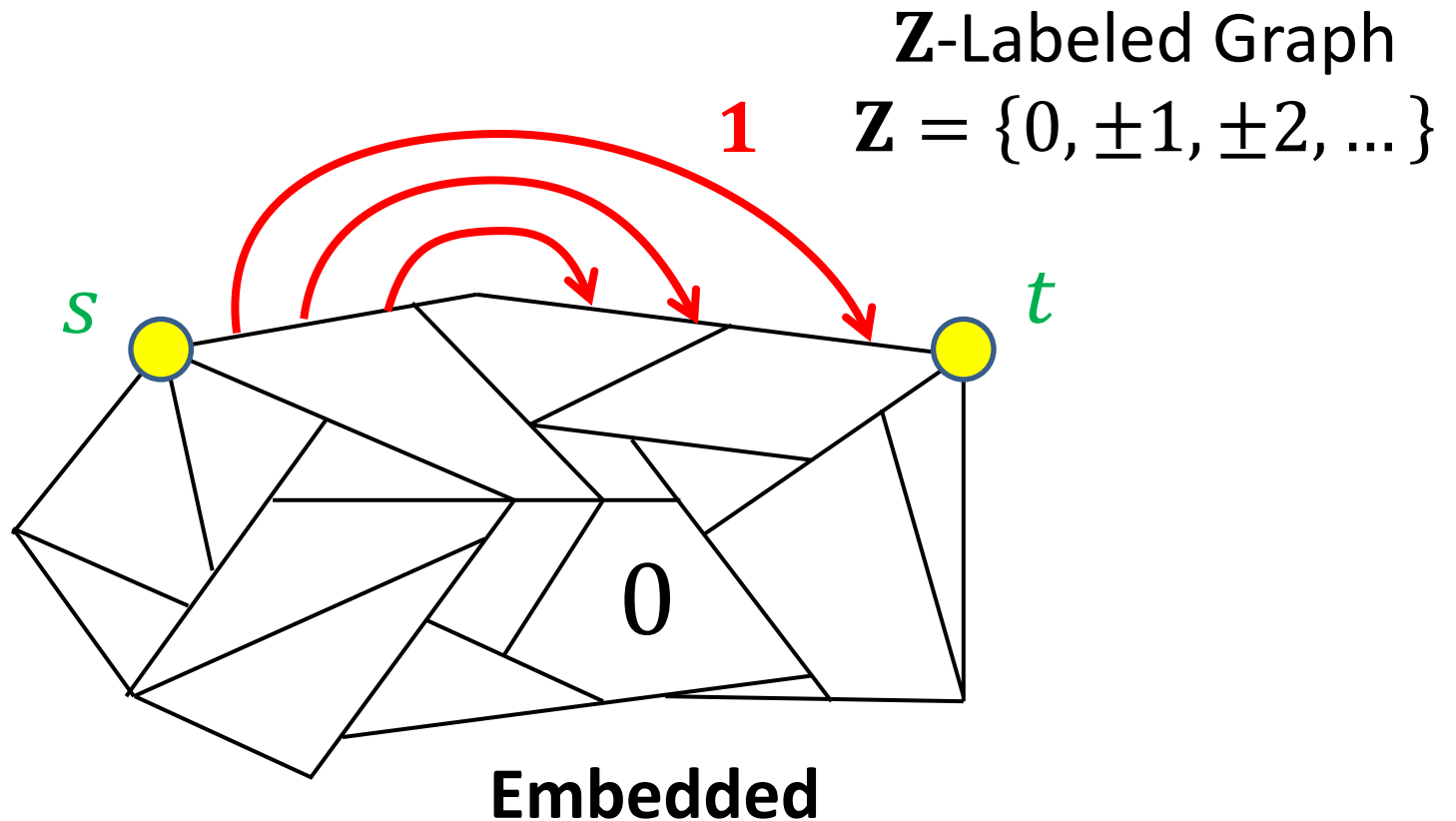
Example 2

Z-Labeled Graph
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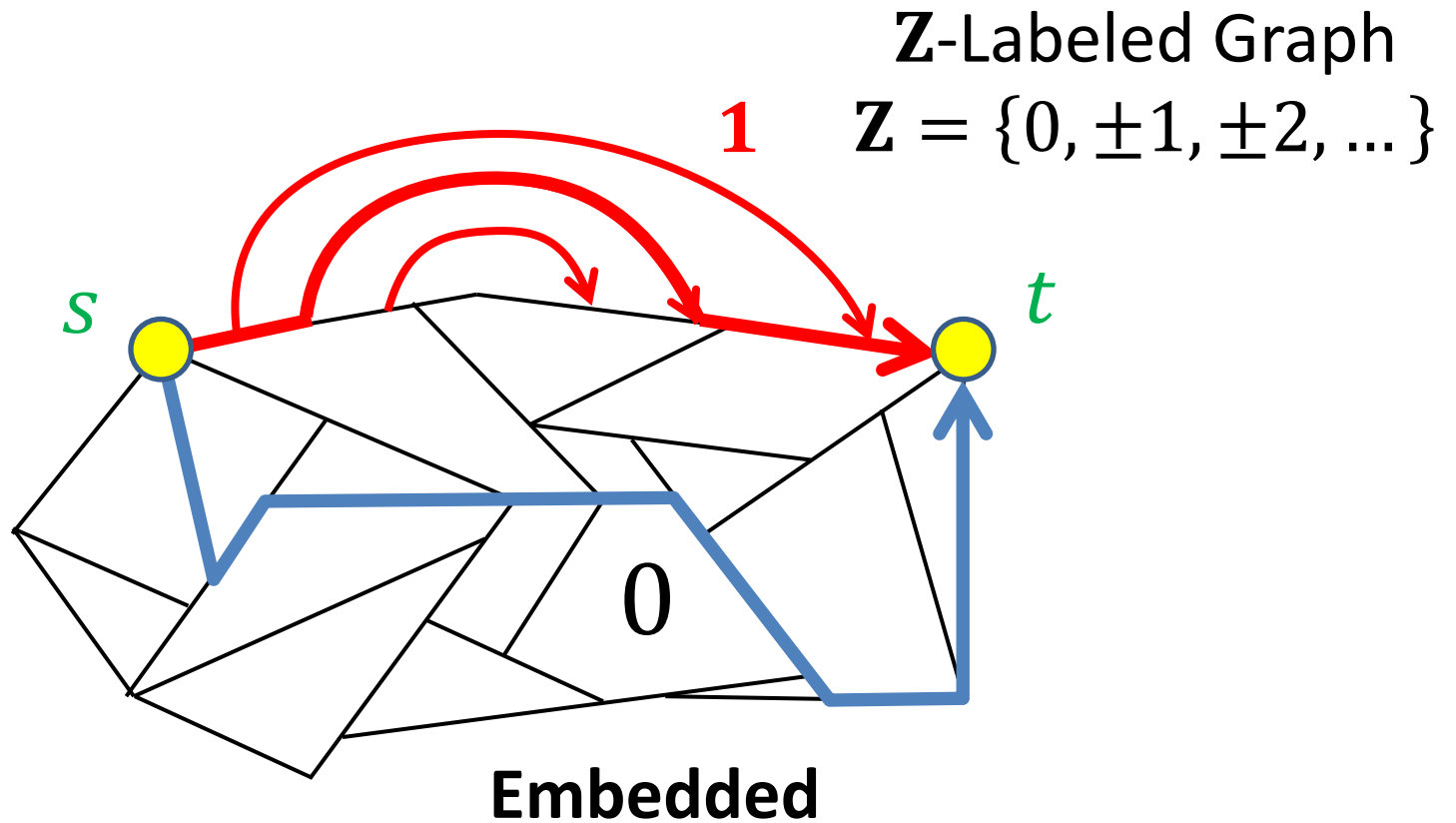
$$l = \{0, 1\}$$

Example 3



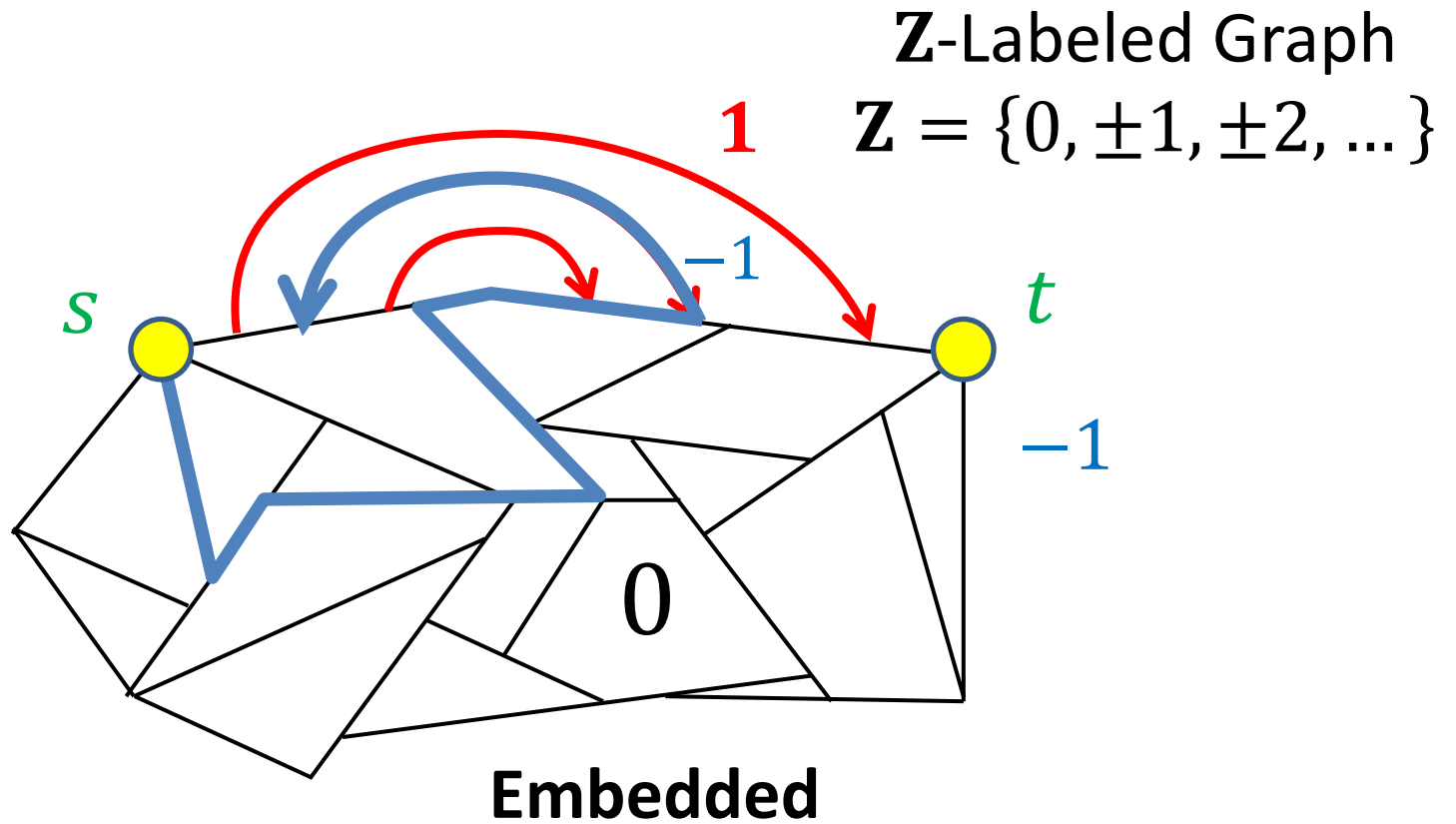
$$l = \{0, 1\}$$

Example 3



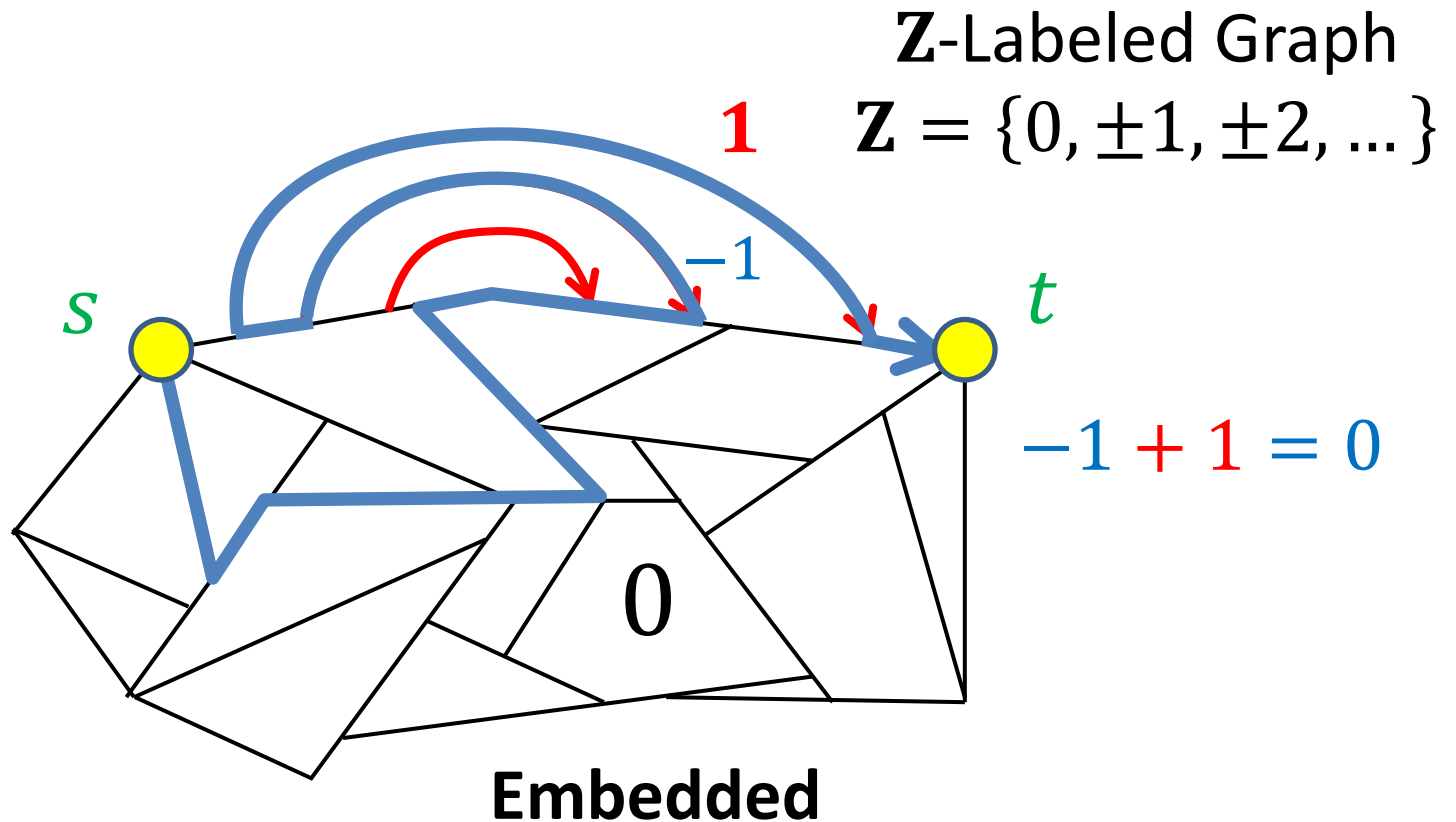
$$l = \{0, 1\}$$

Example 3



$$l = \{0, 1\}$$

Example 3



$$l = \{0, 1\}$$

Our Result (Characterization)

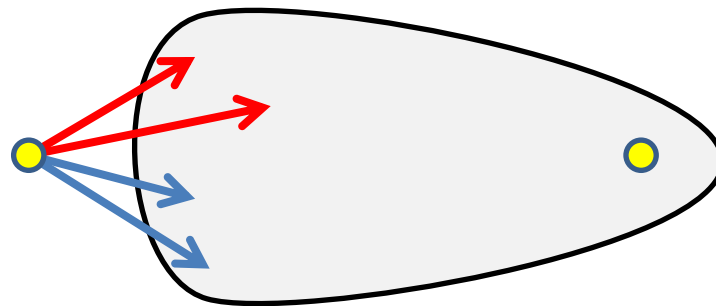
Thm.

$$l = \{\alpha, \beta\}$$

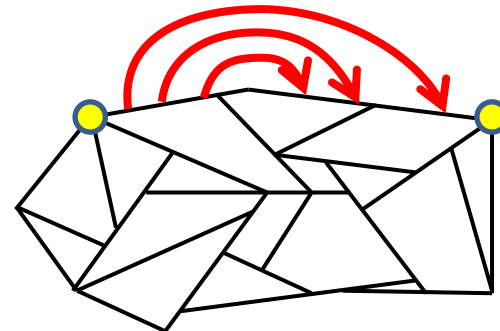
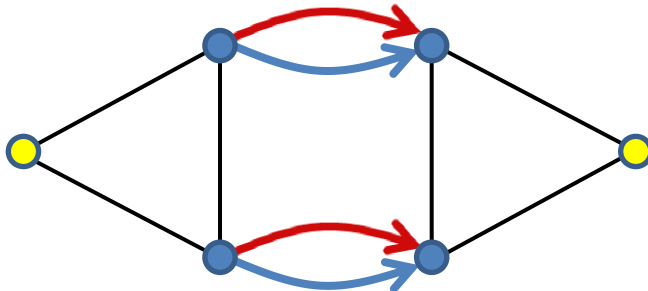


Reducible to one of them

[K.-K.-Y. 2015]



Essential



Our Result (Characterization)

Thm.

$$\underline{l = \{\alpha, \beta\}}$$



Reducible to one of them

[K.-K.-Y. 2015]

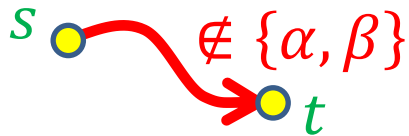
Polytime Testable

- NOT Depends on Group
- Assume Constant-time Group Operations
(e.g. Addition, Comparison, ...)

Overview

Finding an s - t path
with 2 Labels Forbidden

Polytime



[K.-K.-Y. 2015]

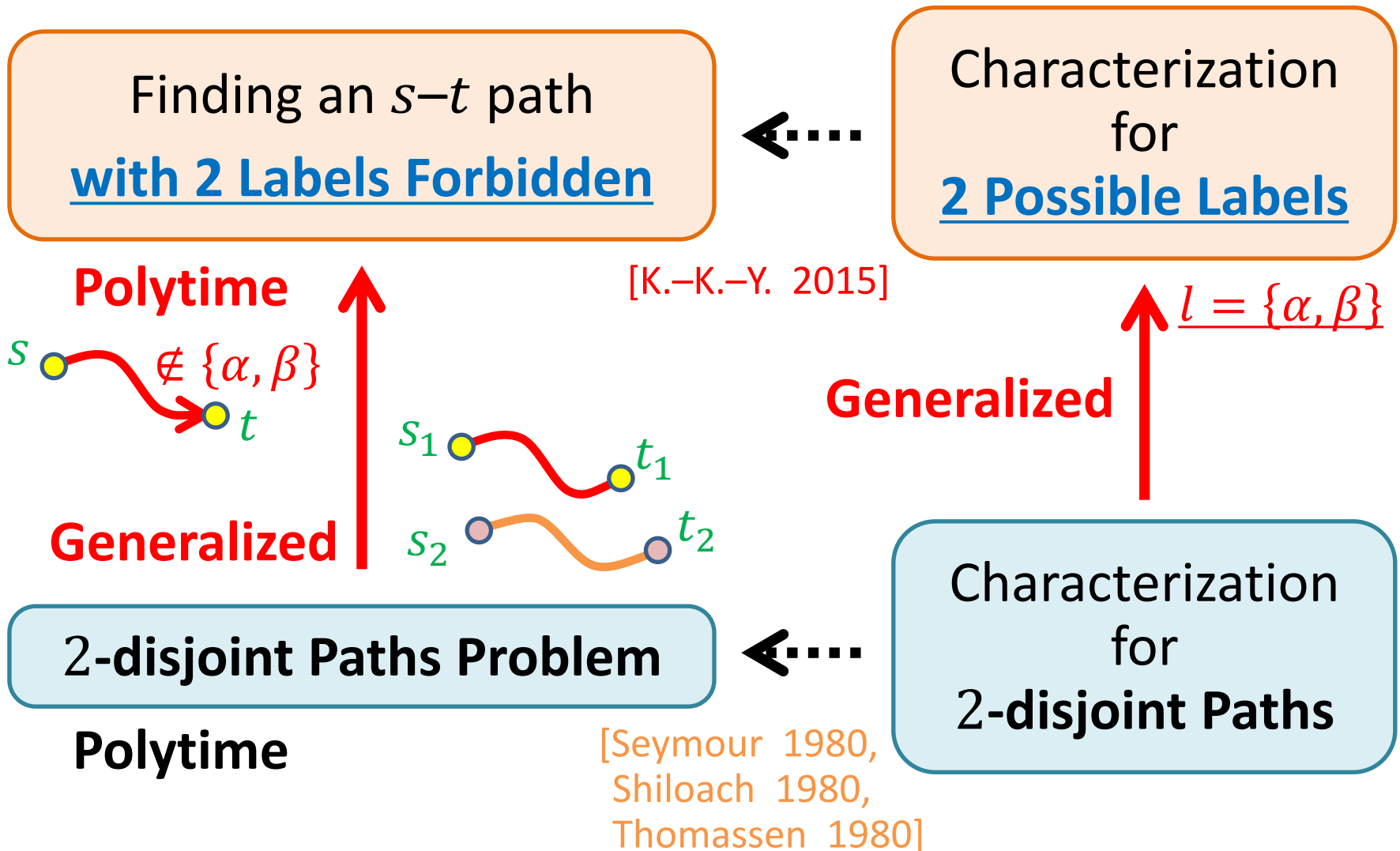
Characterization
for
2 Possible Labels

$l = \{\alpha, \beta\}$

Polytime Testable

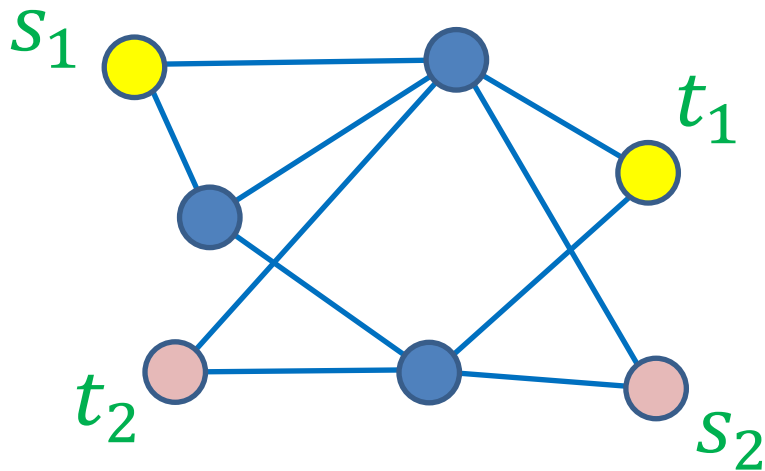
- **NOT** Depends on Group
- Assume **Constant-time Group Operations**
(e.g. Addition, Comparison, ...)

Overview



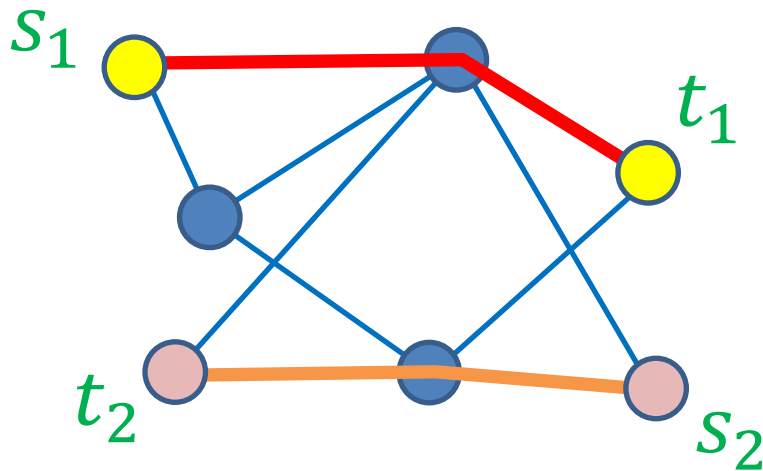
Generalizing 2-disjoint Paths

Undirected Graph



Generalizing 2-disjoint Paths

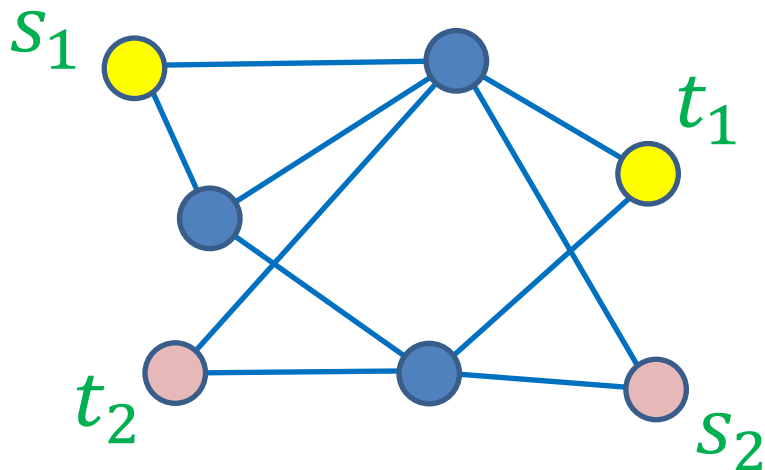
Undirected Graph



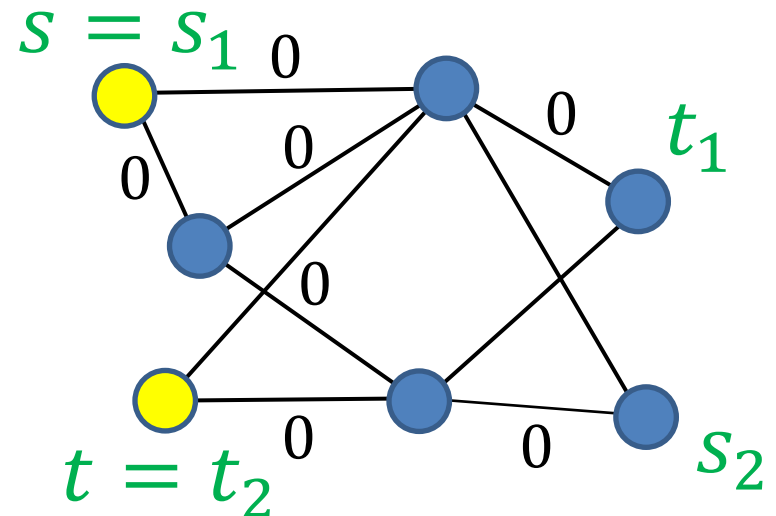
2-disjoint paths

Generalizing 2-disjoint Paths

Undirected Graph

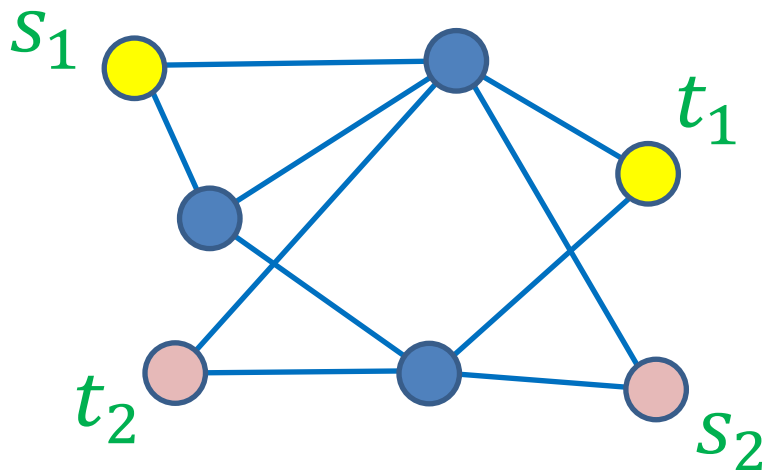


\mathbf{Z}_3 -Labeled Graph
 $\mathbf{Z}_3 = \{-1, 0, 1\}$

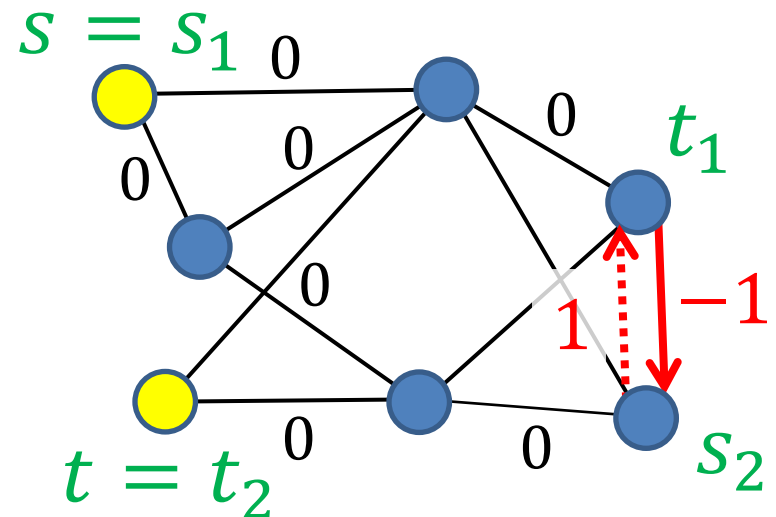


Generalizing 2-disjoint Paths

Undirected Graph

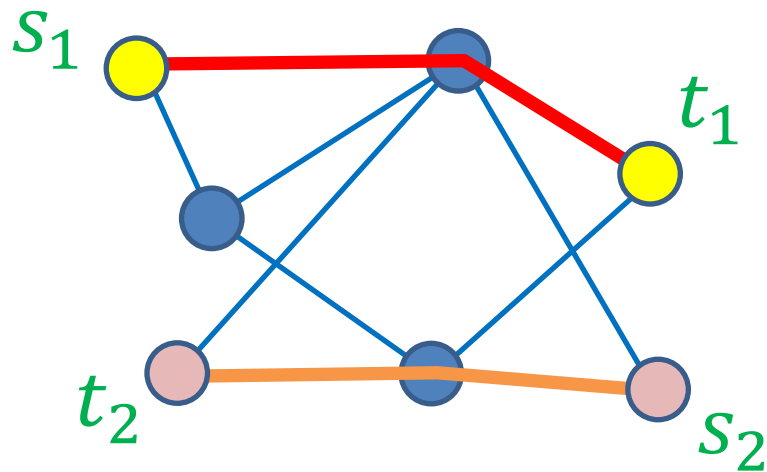


\mathbf{Z}_3 -Labeled Graph
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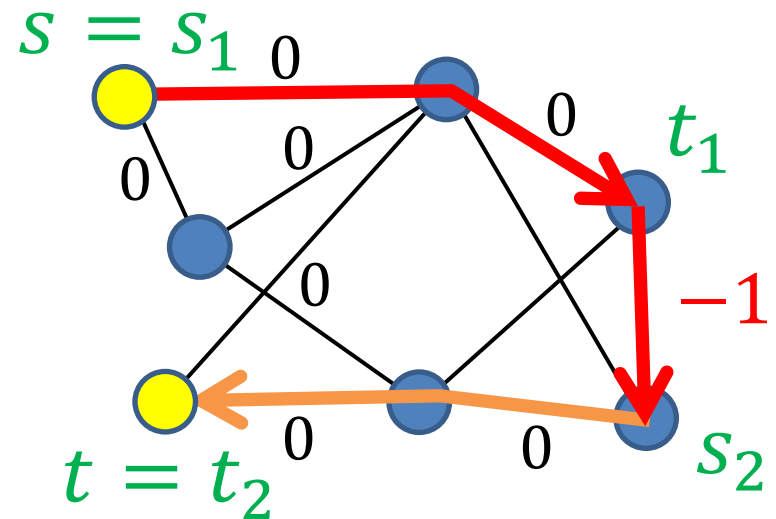
Generalizing 2-disjoint Paths

Undirected Graph



2-disjoint paths

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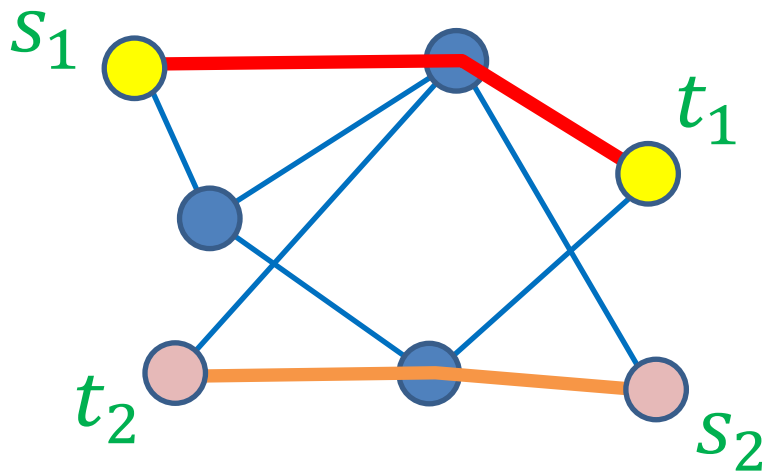


Label -1



Generalizing 2-disjoint Paths

Undirected Graph

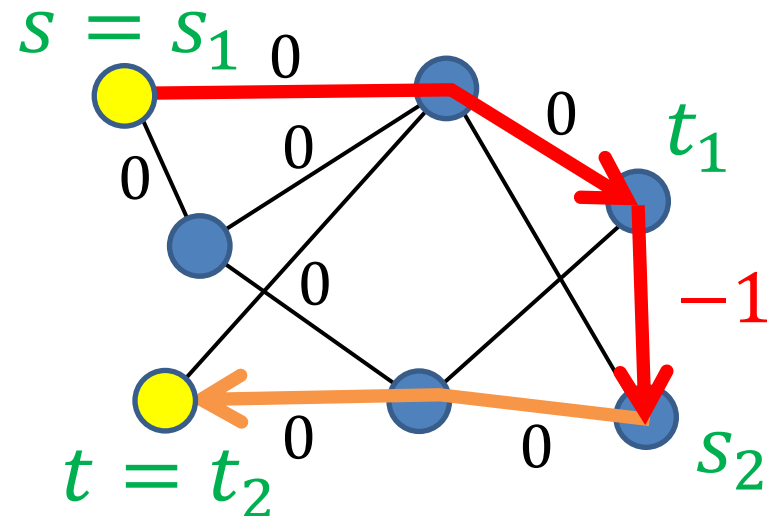


2-disjoint paths

\Leftrightarrow

\Leftrightarrow

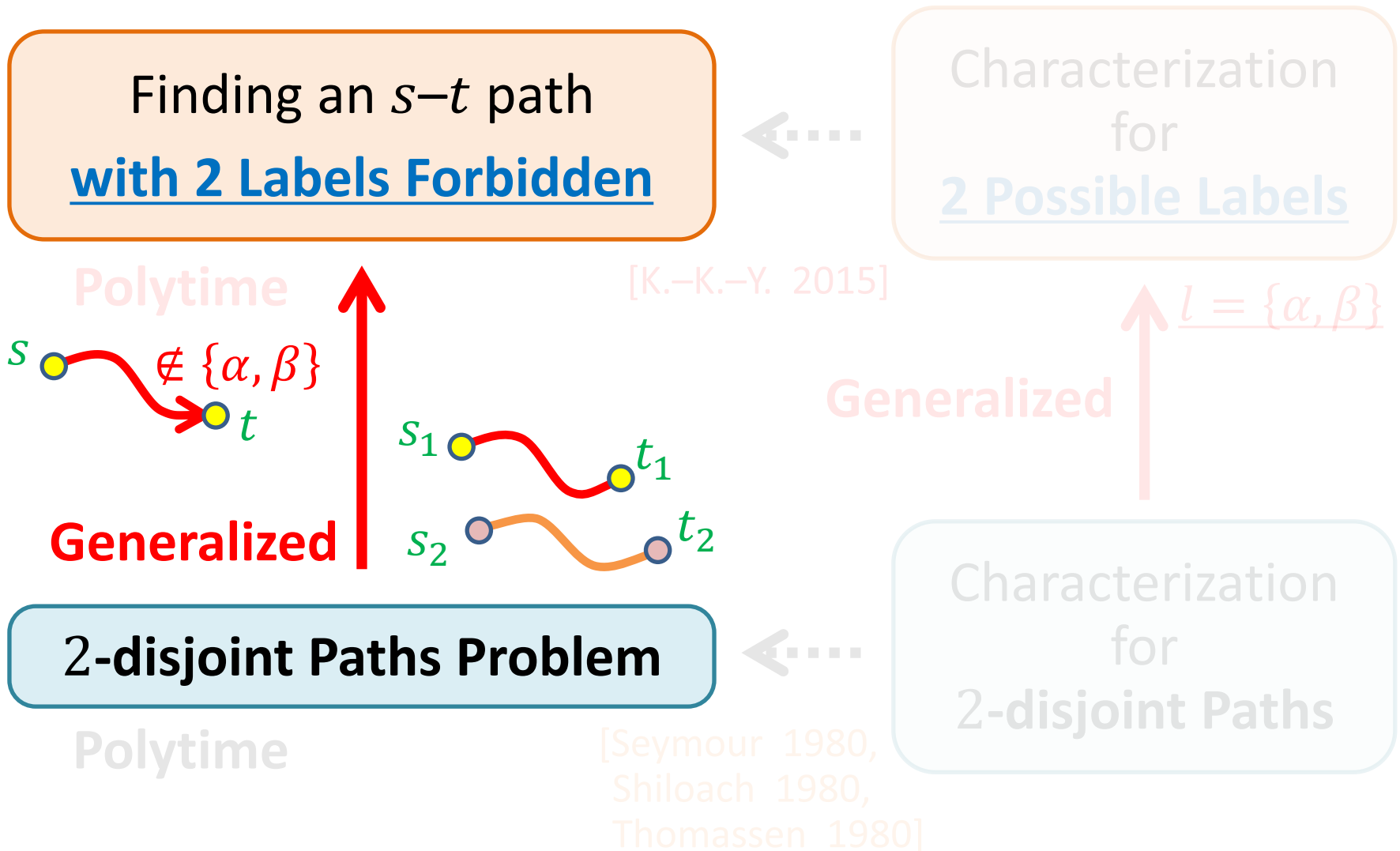
\mathbf{Z}_3 -Labeled Graph
 $\mathbf{Z}_3 = \{-1, 0, 1\}$



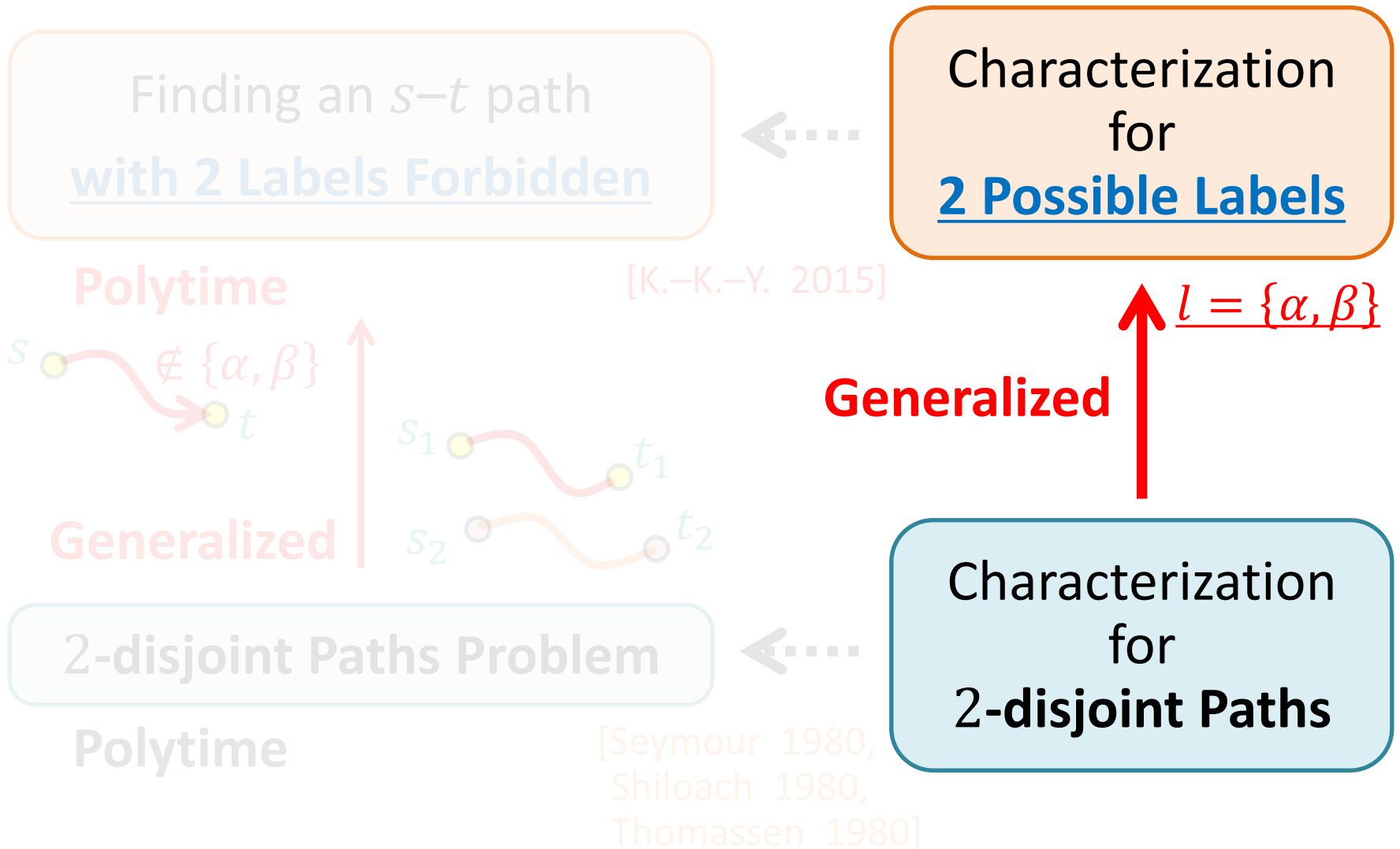
Label -1

Neither 0 nor 1

Overview



Overview



Our Result (Characterization)

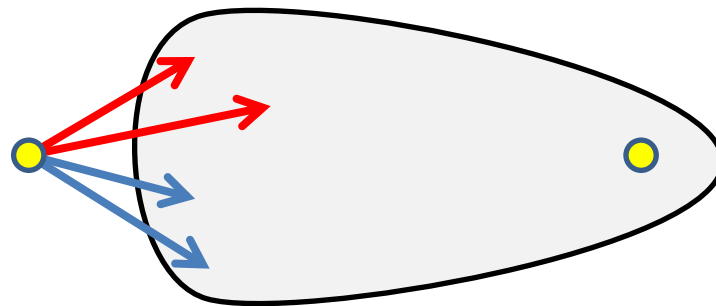
Thm.

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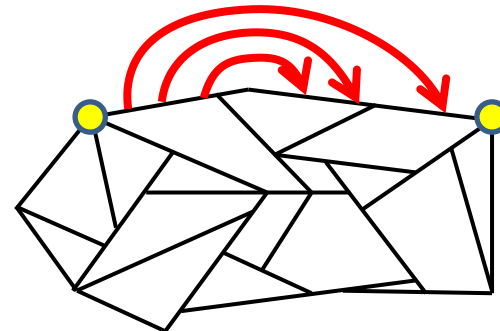
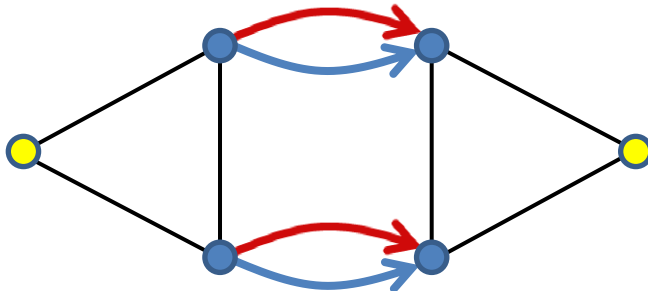


Reducible to one of them

[K.-K.-Y. 2015]



Essential



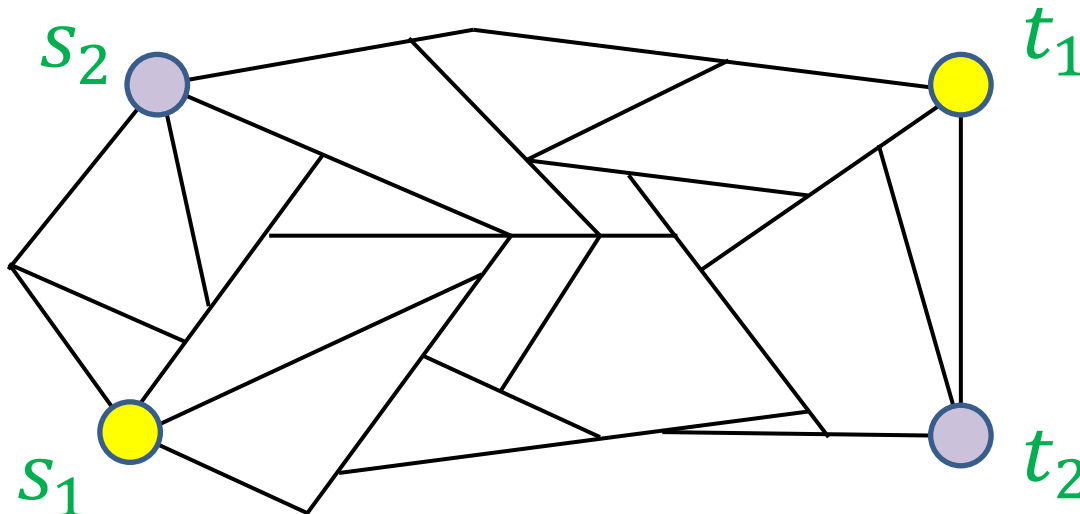
Characterization for 2-disjoint Paths

Thm. **NO** disjoint s_1-t_1, s_2-t_2 paths



Reducible so that **Planar Embeddable**

[Seymour 1980]



Essential

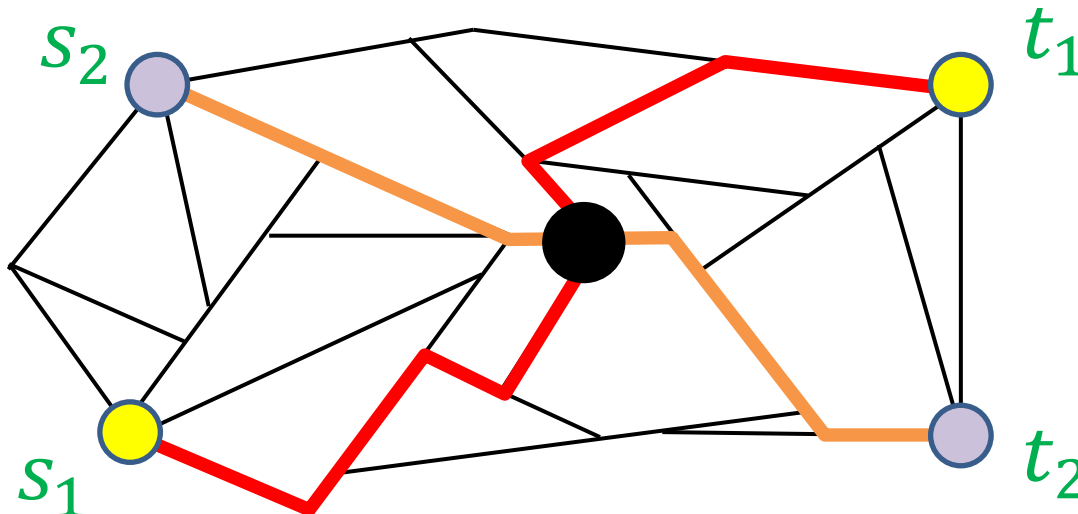
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Reducible so that **Planar Embeddable**

[Seymour 1980]



Essential

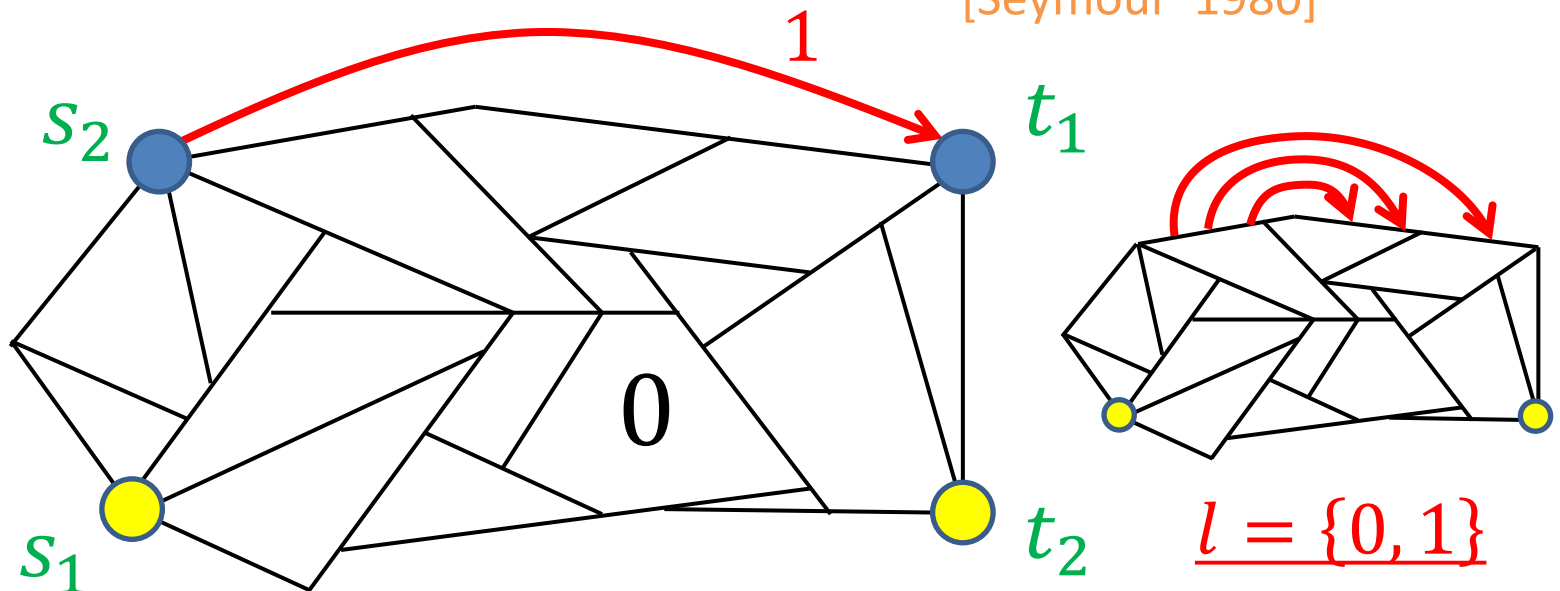
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Reducible so that **Planar Embeddable**

[Seymour 1980]



Characterization for 2-disjoint Paths

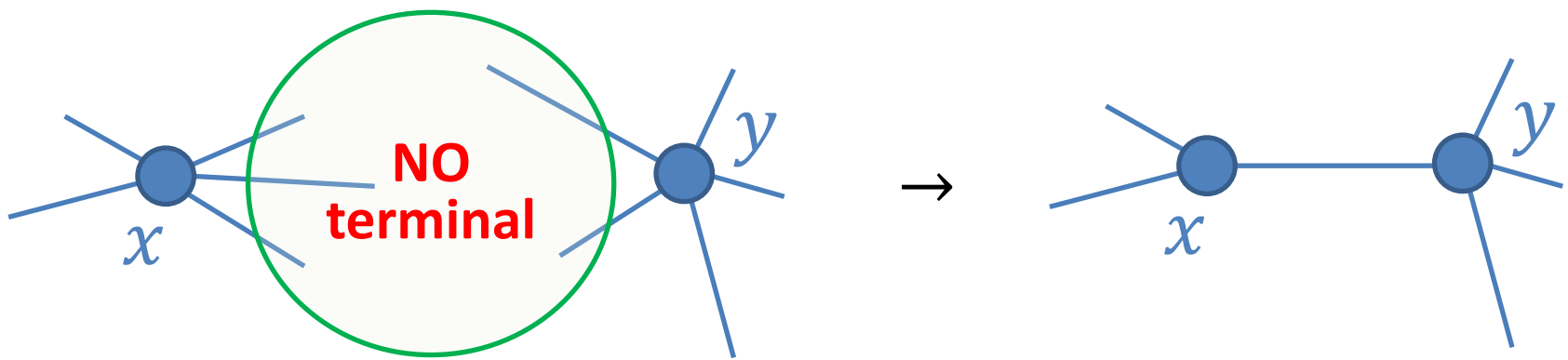
Thm. NO disjoint s_1-t_1, s_2-t_2 paths



Reducible so that Planar Embeddable

[Seymour 1980]

Contraction of 2-cut



Characterization for 2-disjoint Paths

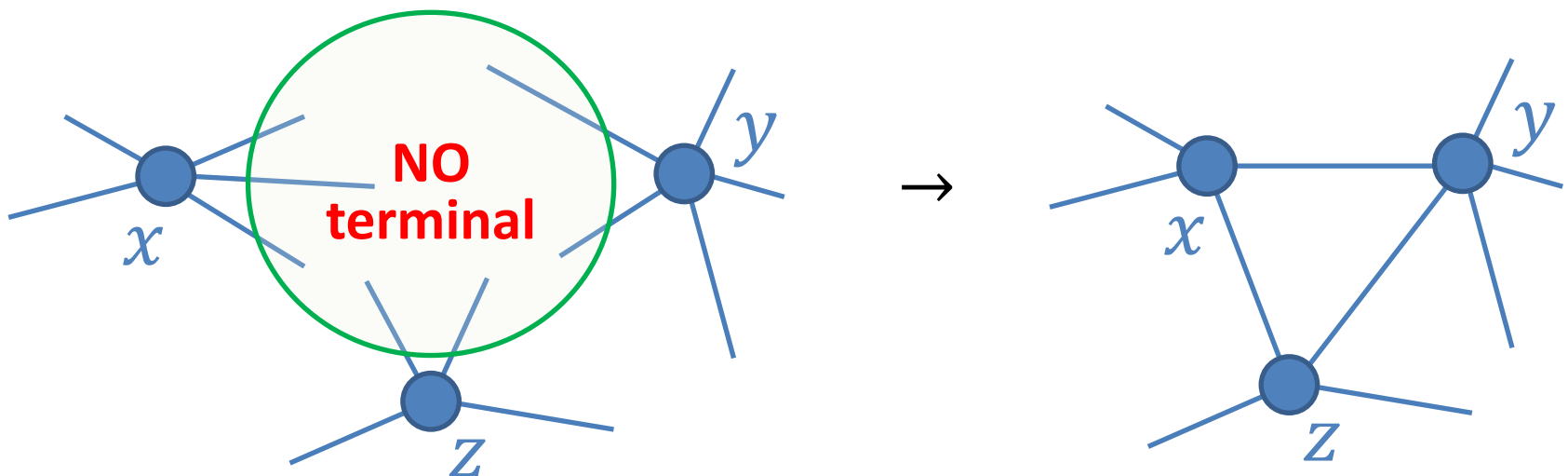
Thm. NO disjoint s_1-t_1, s_2-t_2 paths



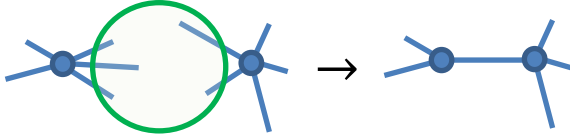
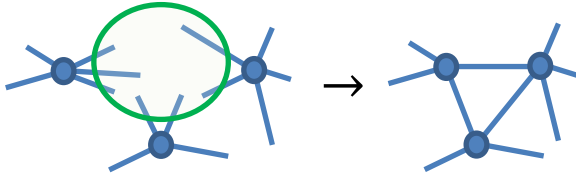
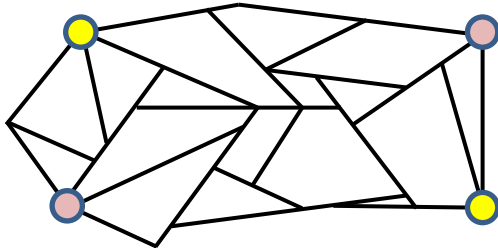
Reducible so that Planar Embeddable

[Seymour 1980]

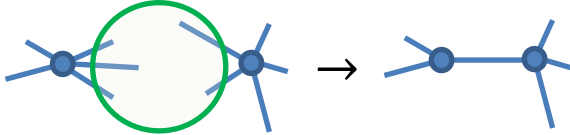
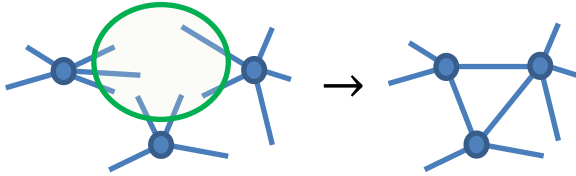
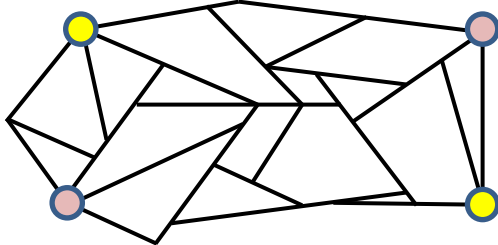
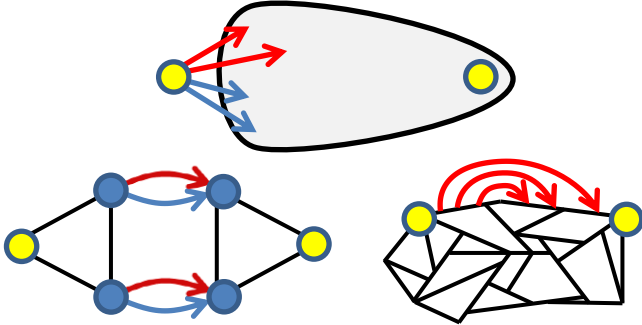
Contraction of 3-cut



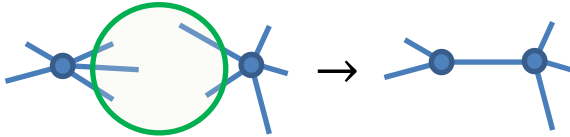
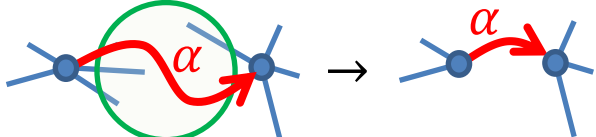
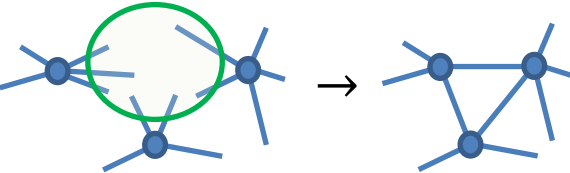
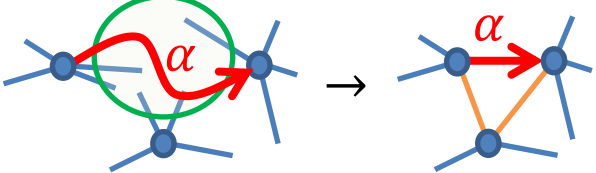
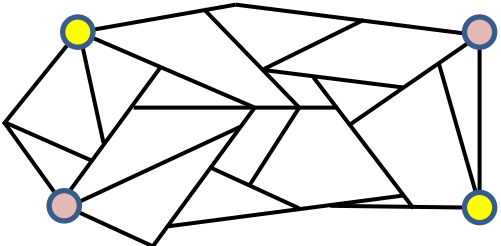
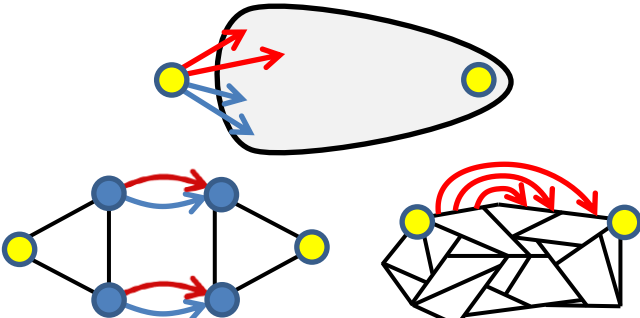
Contrast between Two Characterizations

	<u>NO</u> 2-disjoint Paths [Seymour 1980]	Exactly 2 Possible Labels [K.-K.-Y. 2015]
Reducing Operations	Contraction of 2-cut 	
	Contraction of 3-cut 	
Essential Cases	Planar Embeddable 	

Contrast between Two Characterizations

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Reducing Operations	Contraction of 2-cut 	
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Essential Cases	Planar Embeddable 	

Contrast between Two Characterizations

	<u>NO</u> 2-disjoint Paths [Seymour 1980]	Exactly 2 Possible Labels [K.-K.-Y. 2015]
Reducing Operations	Contraction of 2-cut 	<u>2-contraction</u> 
	Contraction of 3-cut 	<u>3-contraction</u> 
Essential Cases	Planar Embeddable 	

Our Result (Algorithm)

Finding an s - t path
with 2 Labels Forbidden



Characterization
for
2 Possible Labels

s  $\notin \{\alpha, \beta\}$ **Polytime** [K.-K.-Y. 2015]

$l = \{\alpha, \beta\}$

Our Result (Algorithm)

Finding an s - t path
with 2 Labels Forbidden

Characterization
for
2 Possible Labels

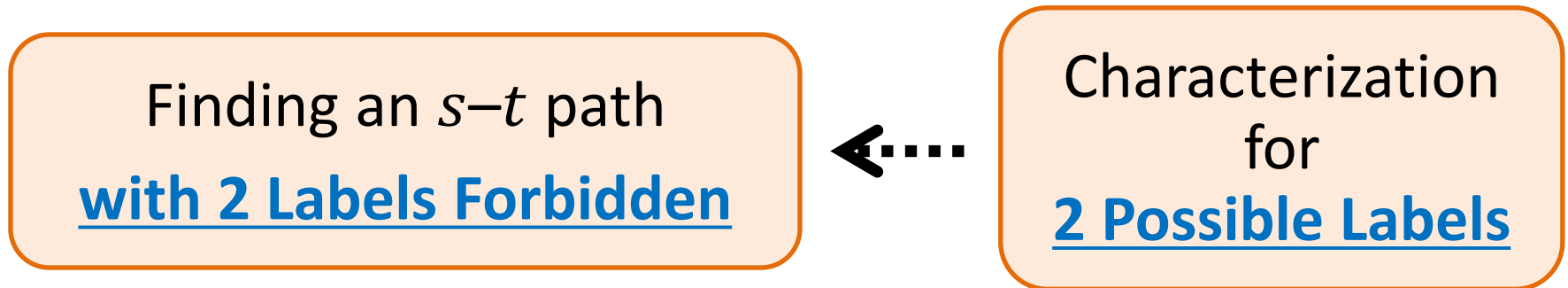


s  $\notin \{\alpha, \beta\}$ **Polytime** [K.-K.-Y. 2015]

$l = \{\alpha, \beta\}$

- Test " $l \subseteq \{\alpha, \beta\}$ or NOT" (**Based on Our Char.**)
cf. $l = \{\alpha\}$ is Easy

Our Result (Algorithm)



s  $\notin \{\alpha, \beta\}$ **Polytime** [K.-K.-Y. 2015]

$l = \{\alpha, \beta\}$

- Test " $l \subseteq \{\alpha, \beta\}$ or NOT" (Based on Our Char.)
- $l \subseteq \{\alpha, \beta\} \rightarrow$ **Certification for "NO"**

Our Result (Algorithm)

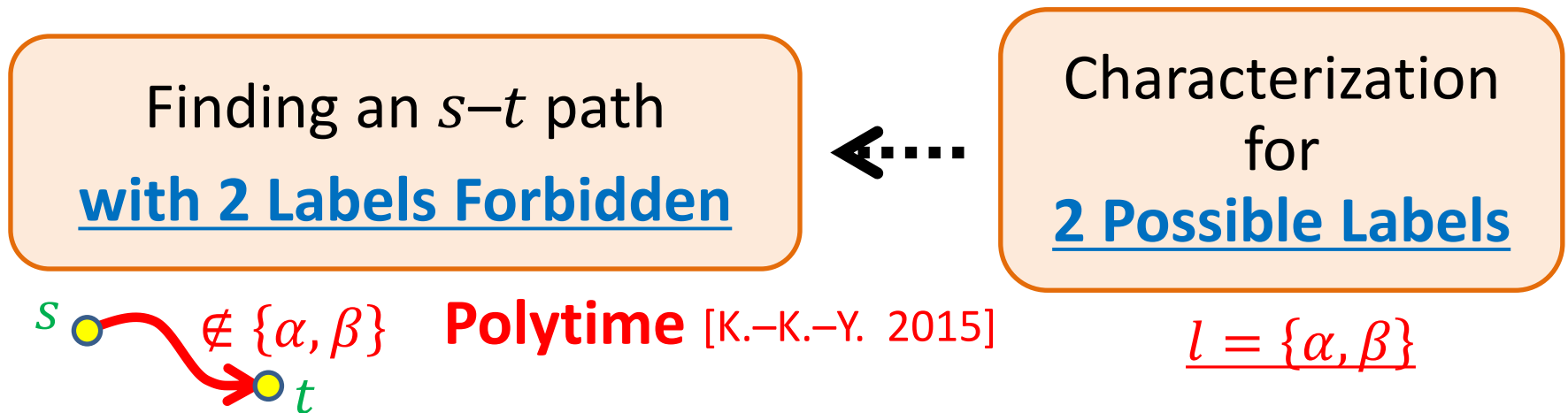


s  $\notin \{\alpha, \beta\}$ **Polytime** [K.-K.-Y. 2015]

$l = \{\alpha, \beta\}$

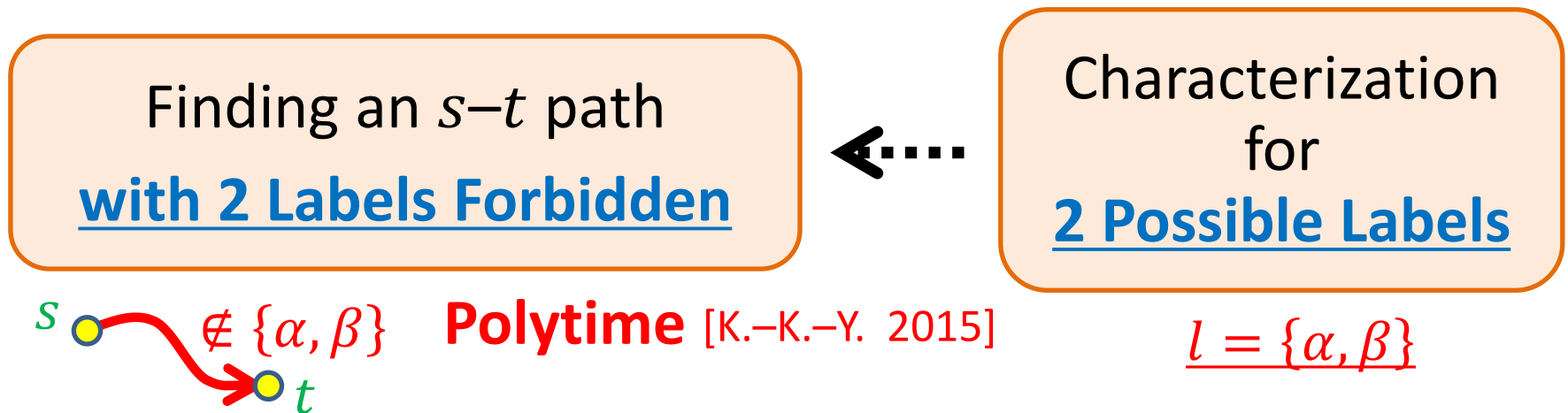
- Test " $l \subseteq \{\alpha, \beta\}$ or NOT" (Based on Our Char.)
- $l \subseteq \{\alpha, \beta\} \rightarrow$ Certification for "NO"
- $l \not\subseteq \{\alpha, \beta\} \rightarrow \exists \gamma \in l \setminus \{\alpha, \beta\}$

Our Result (Algorithm)



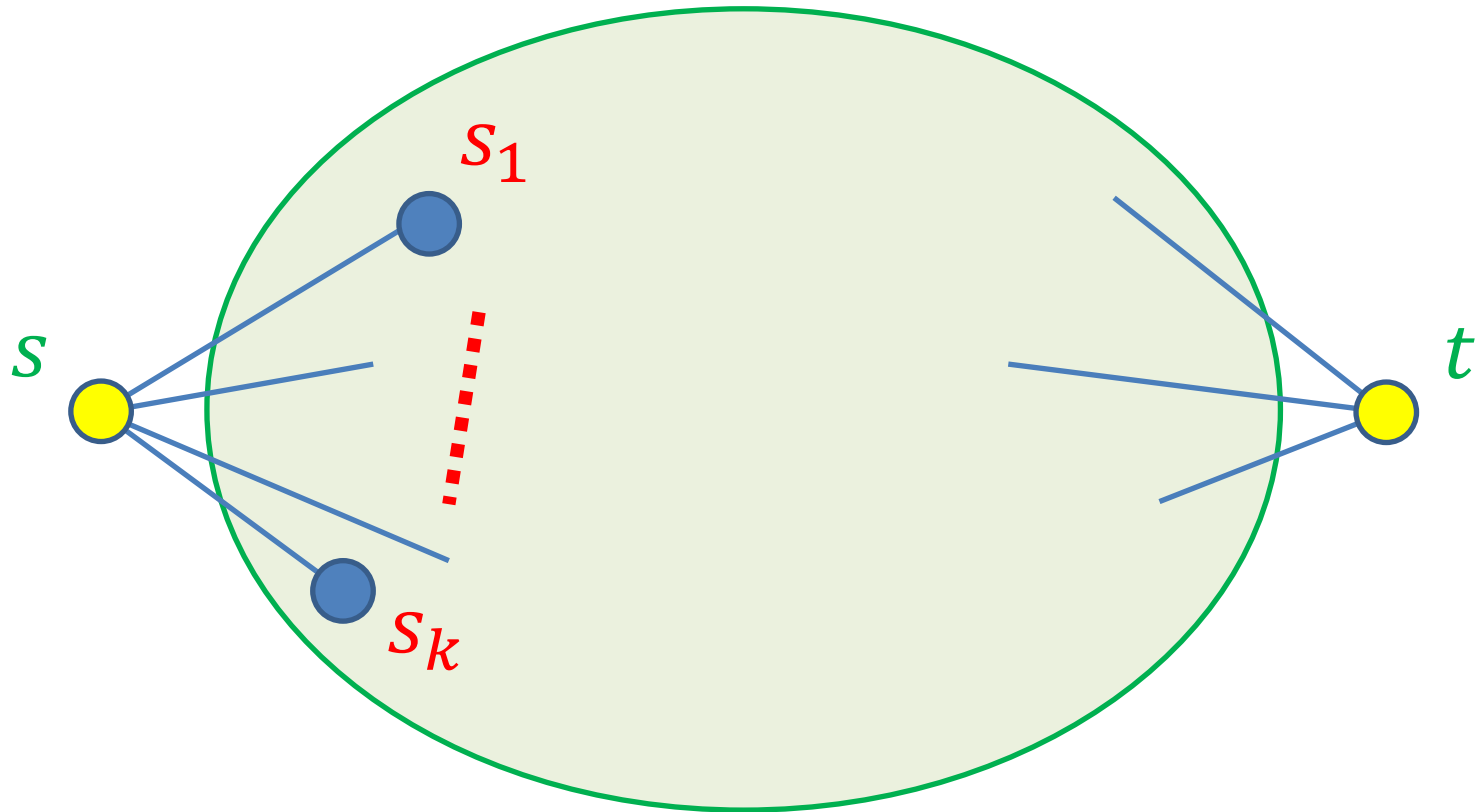
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- $l \subseteq \{\alpha, \beta\} \rightarrow$ Certification for "NO"
- $l \not\subseteq \{\alpha, \beta\} \rightarrow \exists \gamma \in l \setminus \{\alpha, \beta\}$
 - $|l| \leq 2 \rightarrow$ Paths of ALL Possible Labels
 - $|l| \geq 3 \rightarrow$ Paths of 3 Distinct Labels

Our Result (Algorithm)



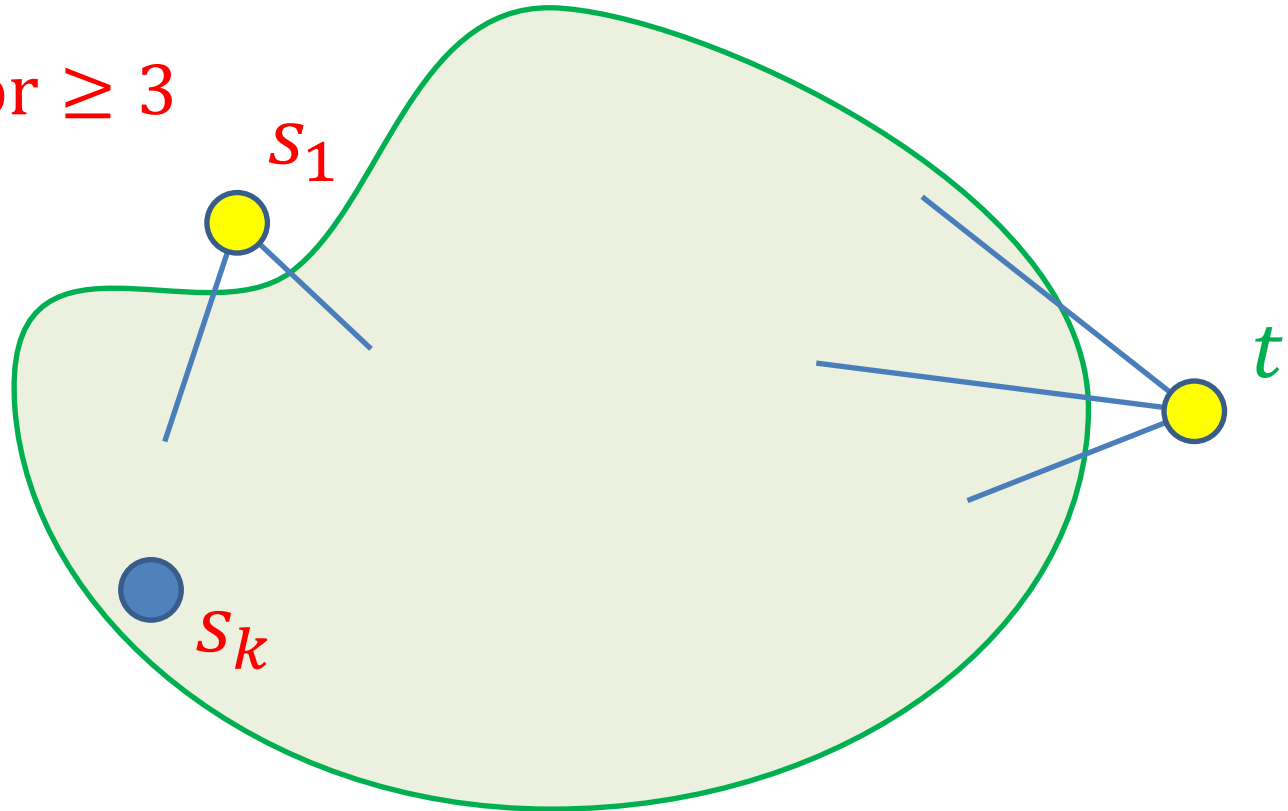
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Finding s - t Paths of 3 Distinct Labels

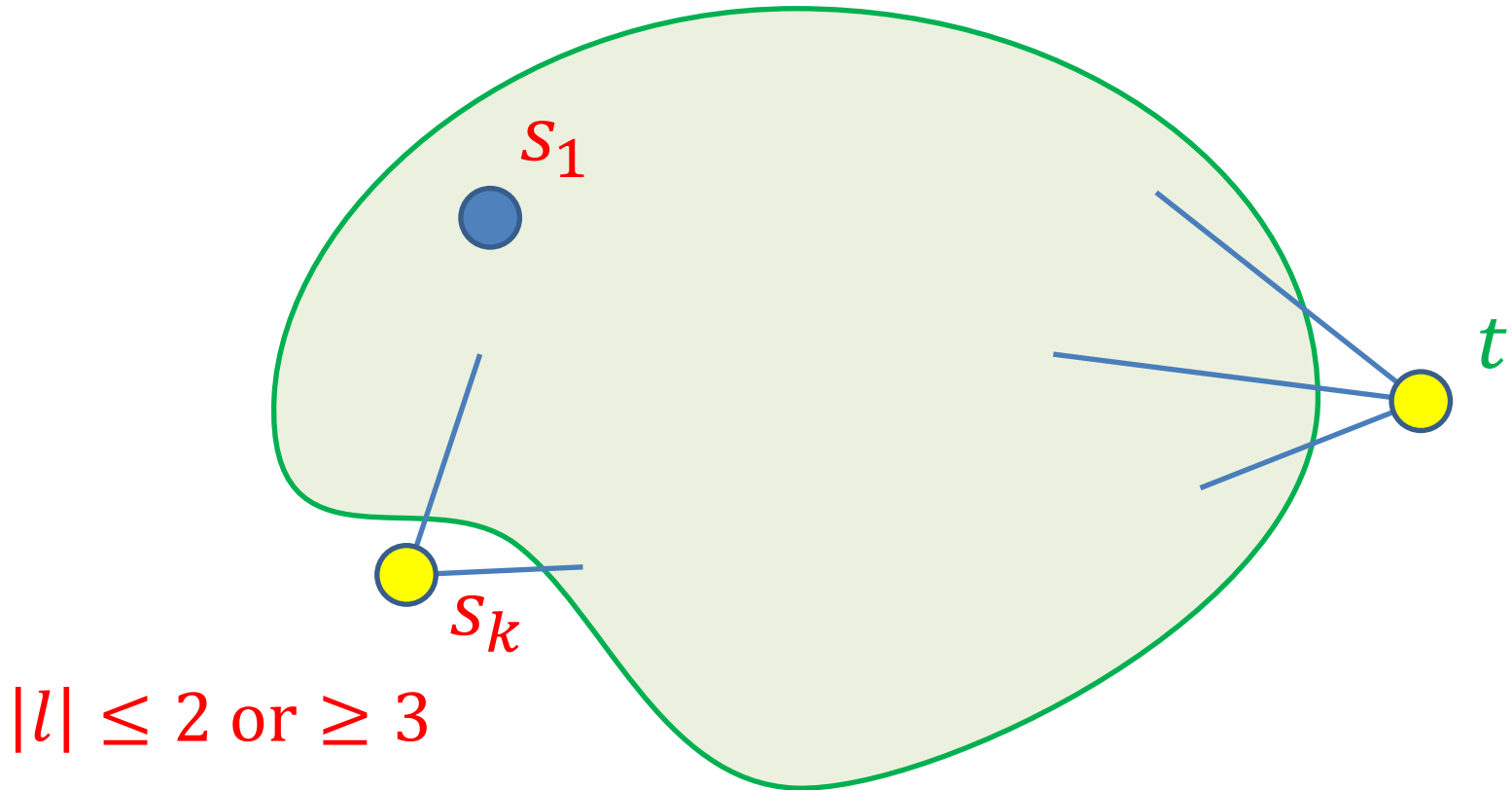


Finding s - t Paths of 3 Distinct Labels

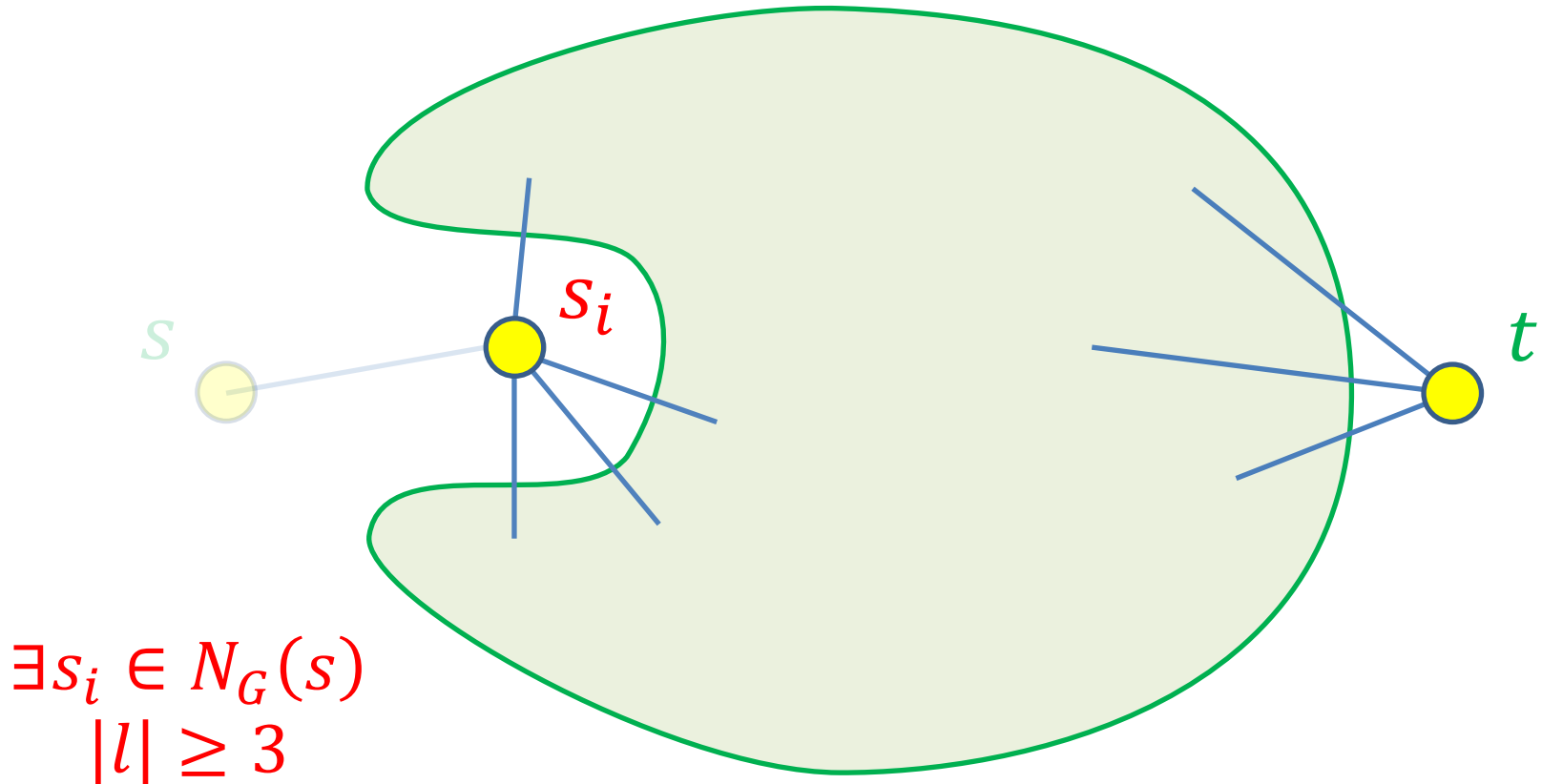
$|l| \leq 2$ or ≥ 3



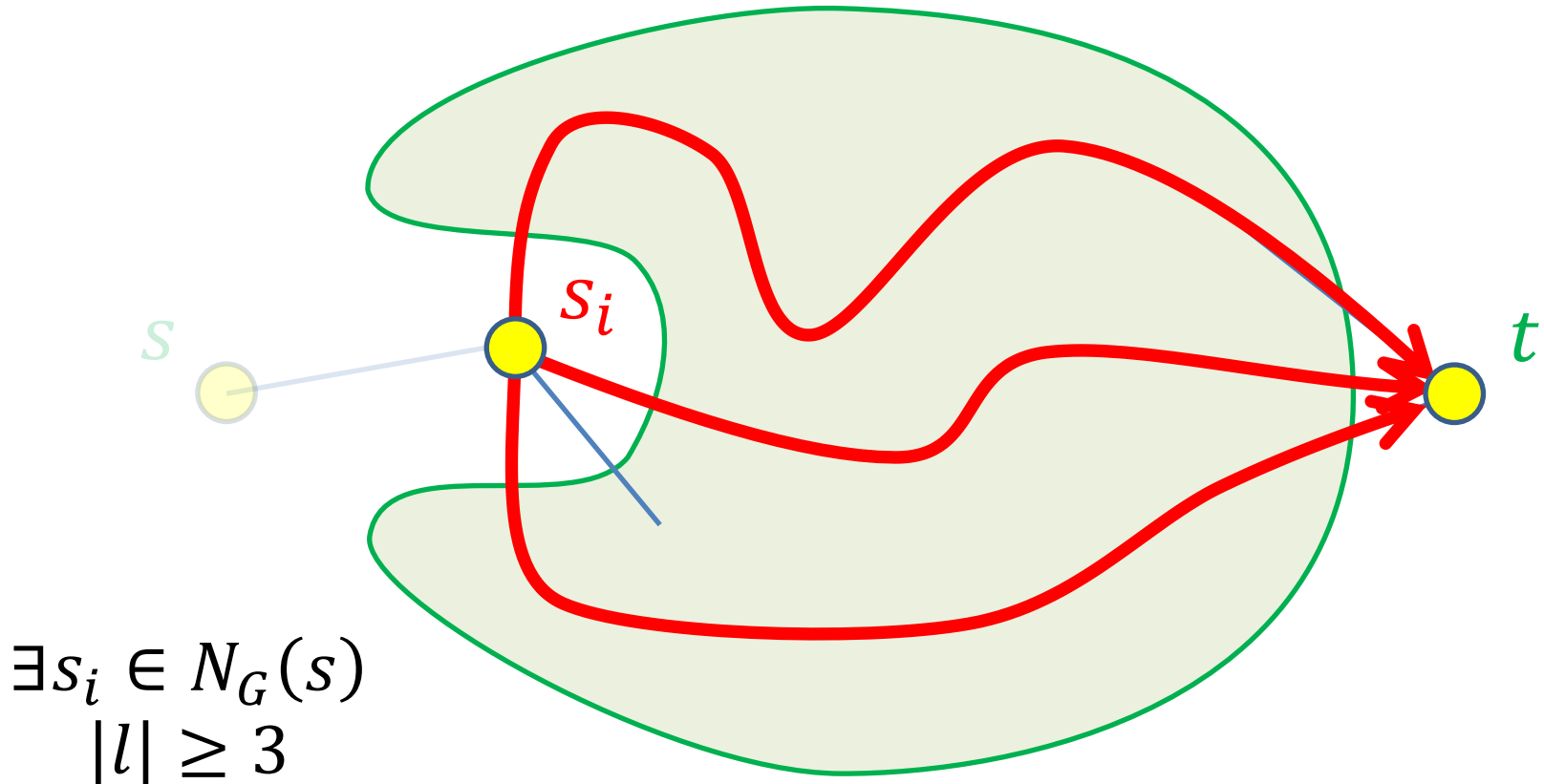
Finding s - t Paths of 3 Distinct Labels



Finding s - t Paths of 3 Distinct Labels

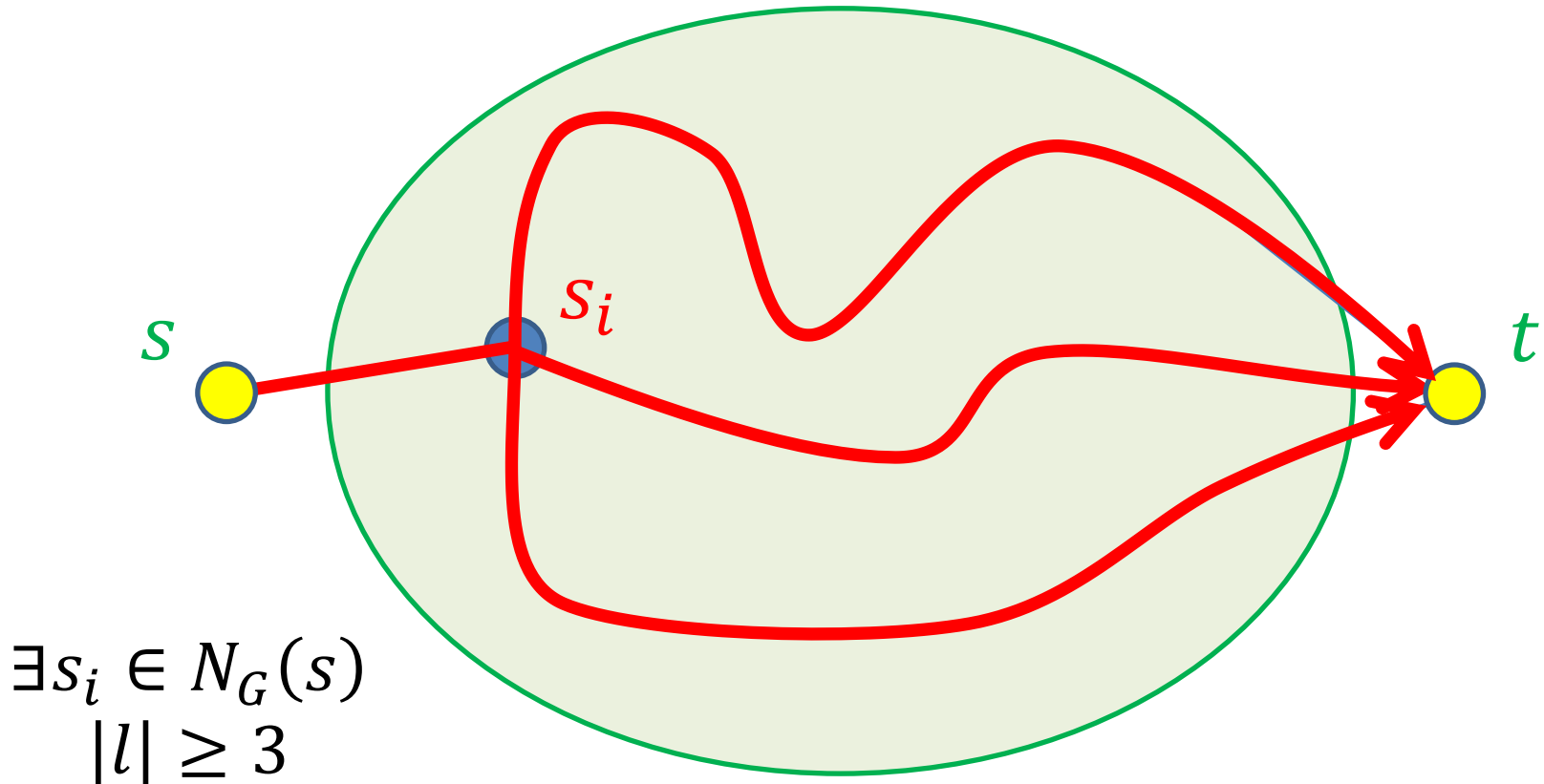


Finding s – t Paths of 3 Distinct Labels



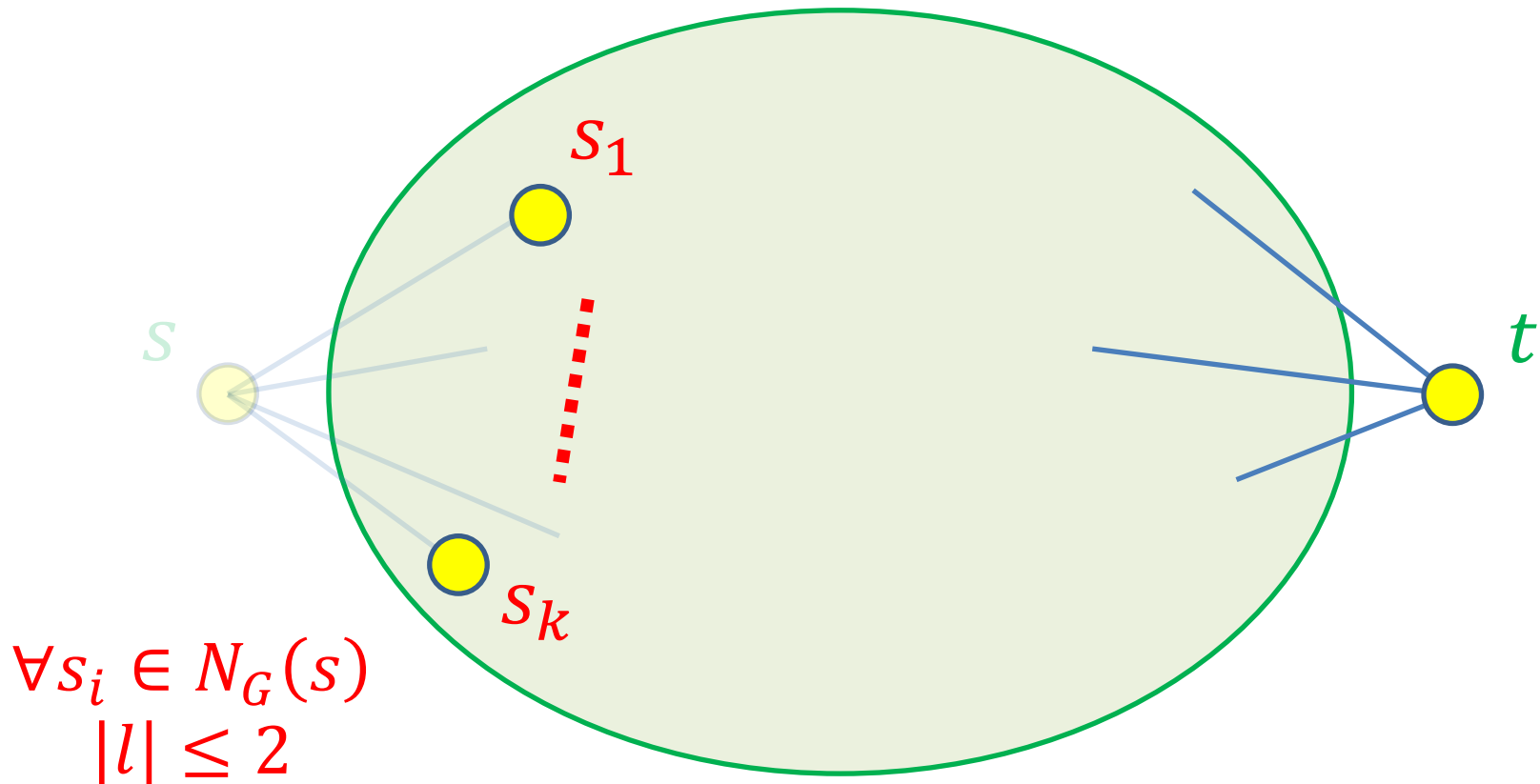
Find 3 s_i – t paths Recursively

Finding s - t Paths of 3 Distinct Labels

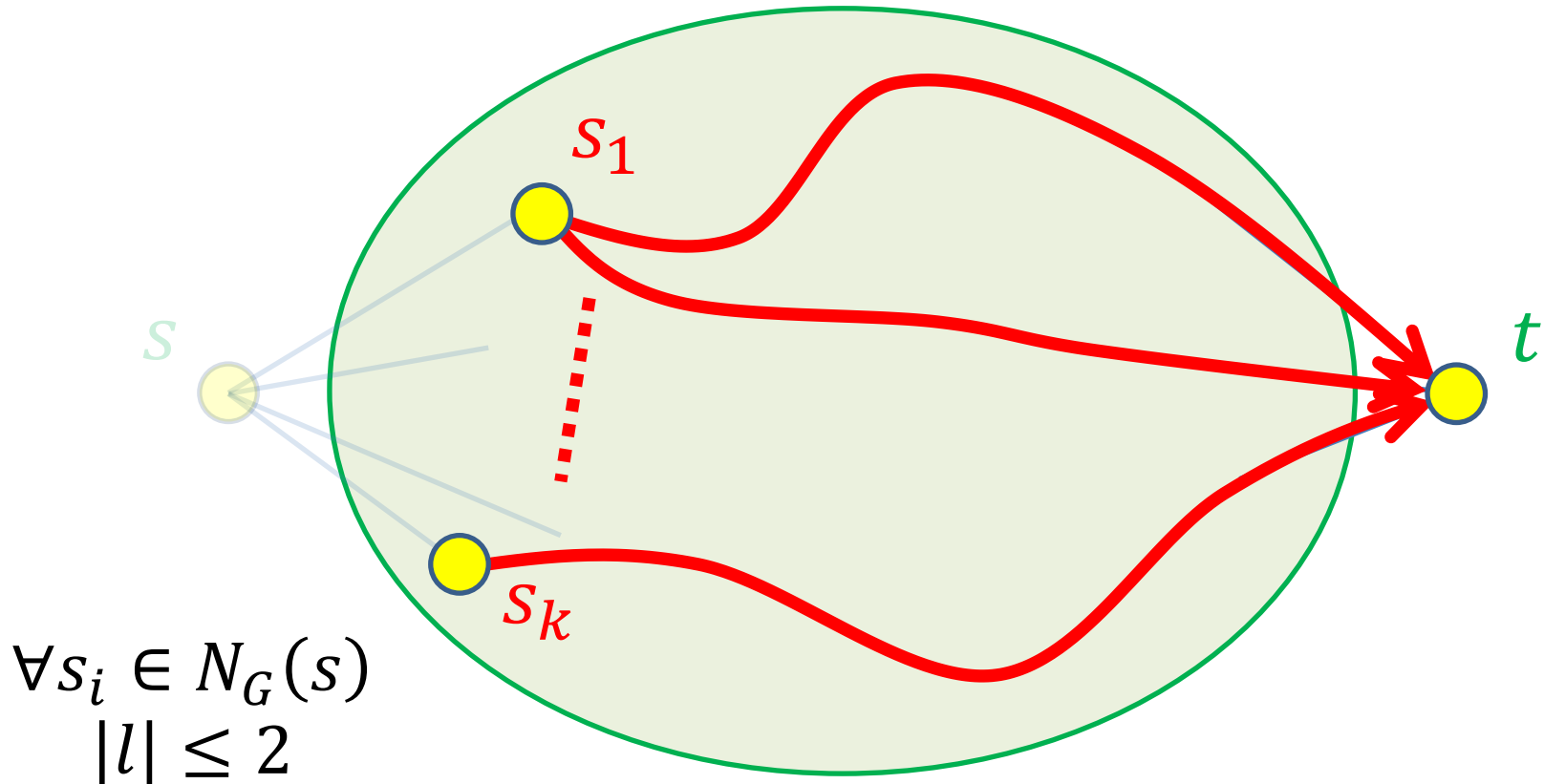


Find 3 s_i - t paths Recursively, and Extend them

Finding s – t Paths of 3 Distinct Labels

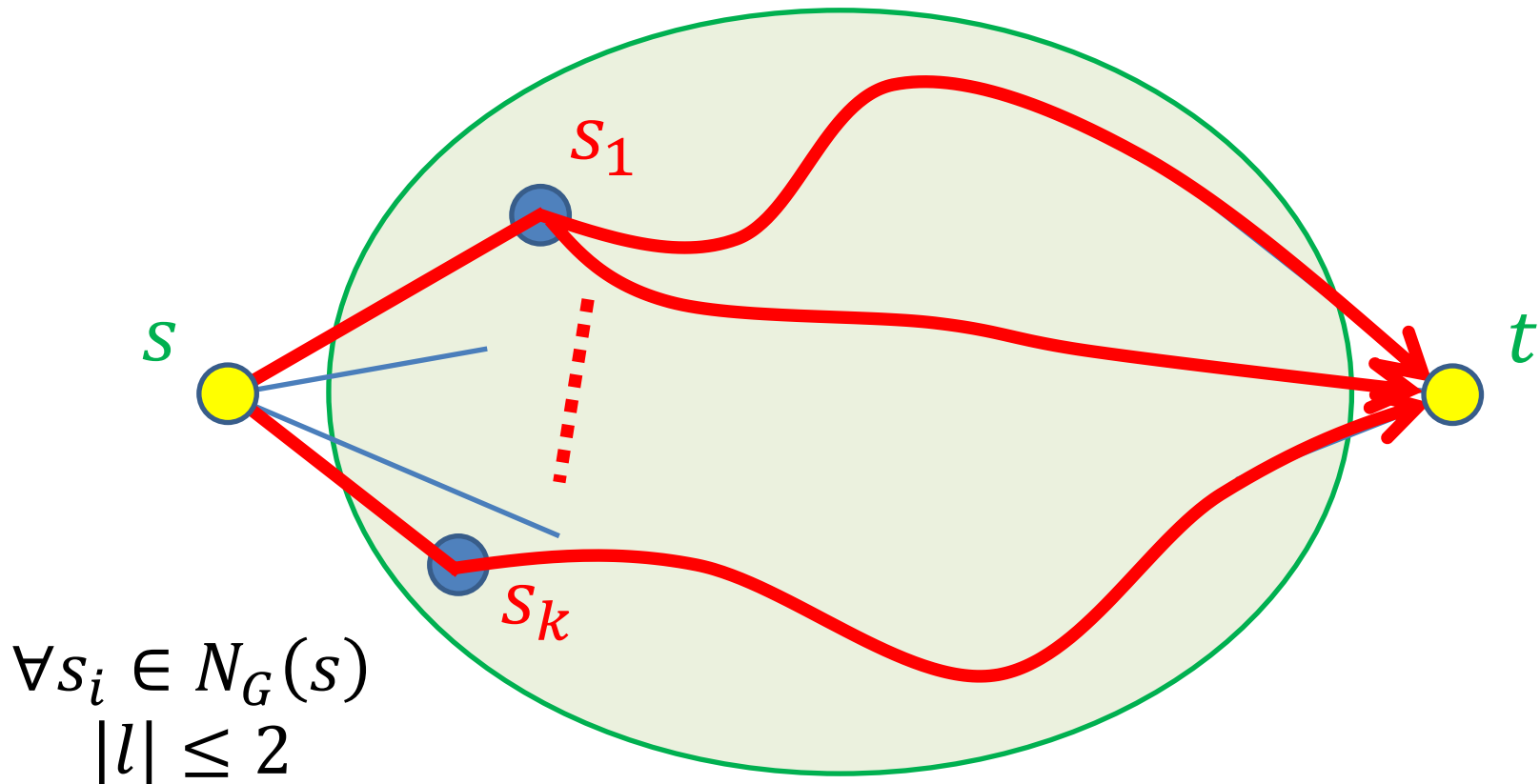


Finding s - t Paths of 3 Distinct Labels



Get s_i - t paths of ALL possible labels

Finding s - t Paths of 3 Distinct Labels



Get s_i - t paths of ALL possible labels, **Extend** and **Select**

Conclusion

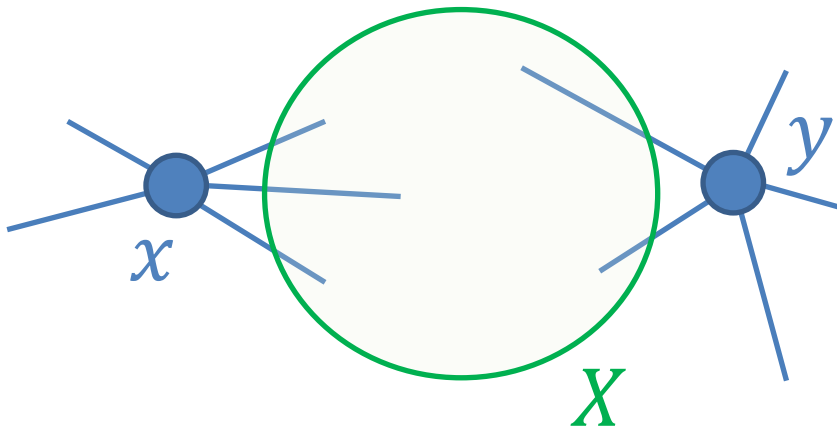
- Characterization for a Group-Labeled Graph with Exactly 2 Possible Labels of $s-t$ paths
 - **Polytime Testable**
 - Extends Char. for 2-disjoint Paths [Seymour 1980]
- Algorithm to find an $s-t$ path with 2 Labels Forbidden
 - **Polytime**
 - **NOT** Depends on Group
 - Non-abelian** or **Infinite** is OK
 - If Group Operations in Const. time

2-contraction

2-contraction of $X \subseteq V \setminus \{s, t\}$ with $N_G(X) = \{x, y\}$

def \Updownarrow

- Remove all vertices in X
- Add an edge from x to y
with each label of an x - y path through X

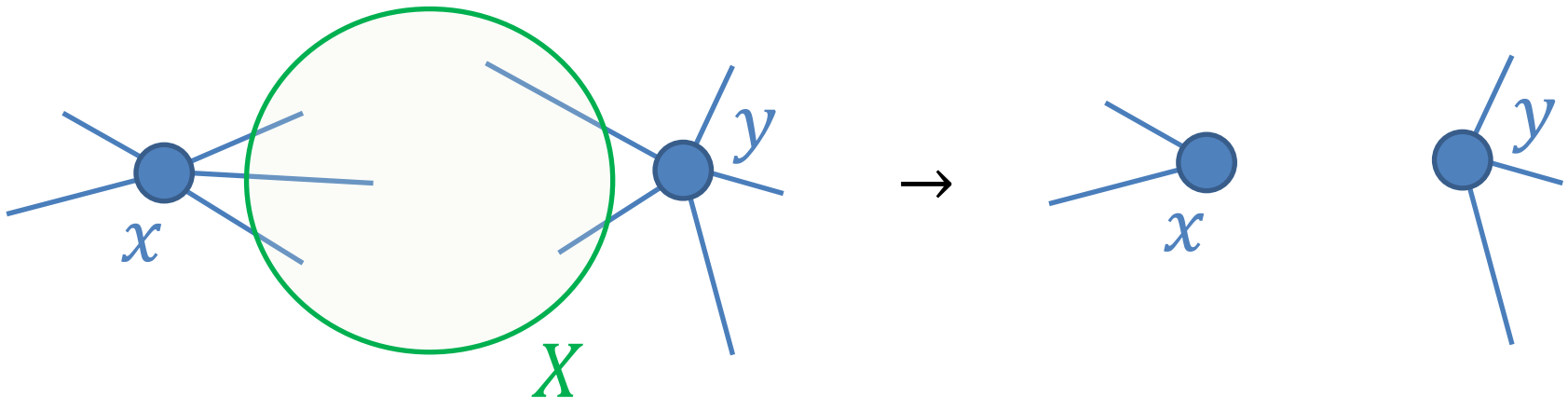


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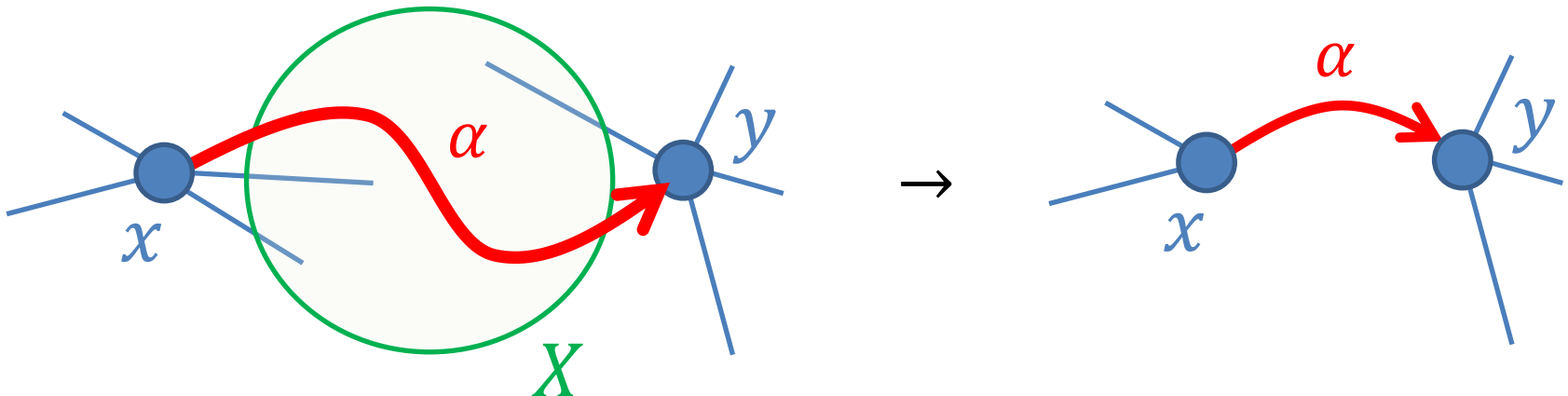


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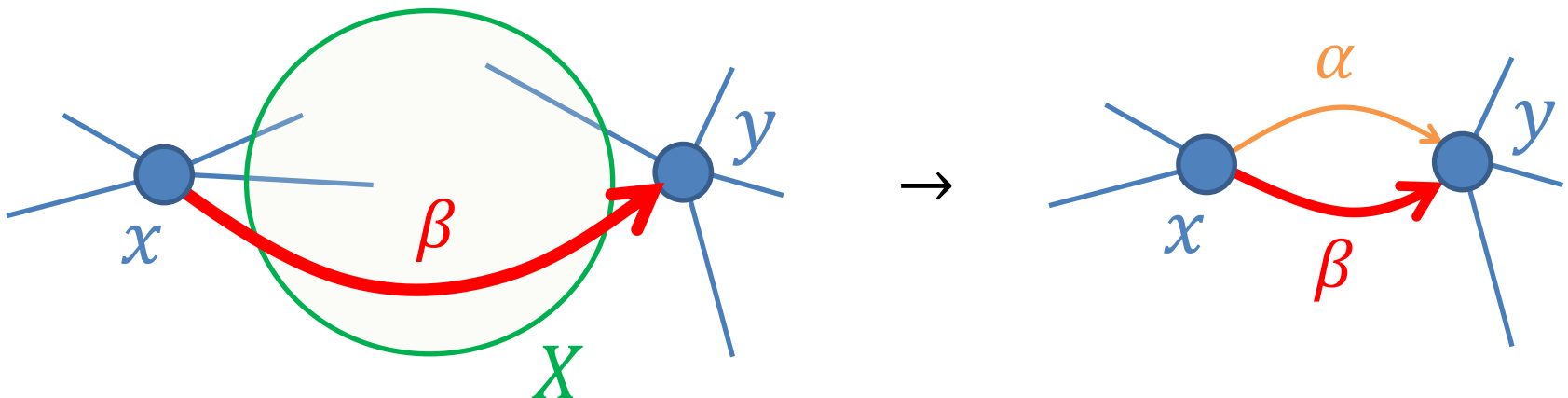


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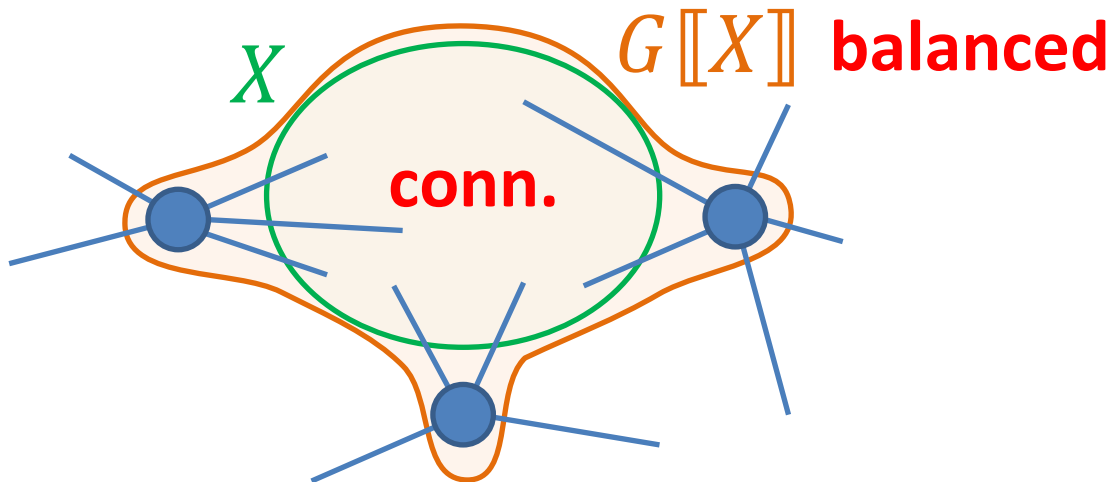


3-contraction

3-contraction of $X \subseteq V \setminus \{s, t\}$ with $|N_G(X)| = 3$
($G[X]$ is **connected** and $G \llbracket X \rrbracket$ is **balanced**)

def \Updownarrow

- Remove all vertices in X
- Add an edge xy w. label $l(G \llbracket X \rrbracket; x, y)$ ($\forall x, y \in N_G(X)$)

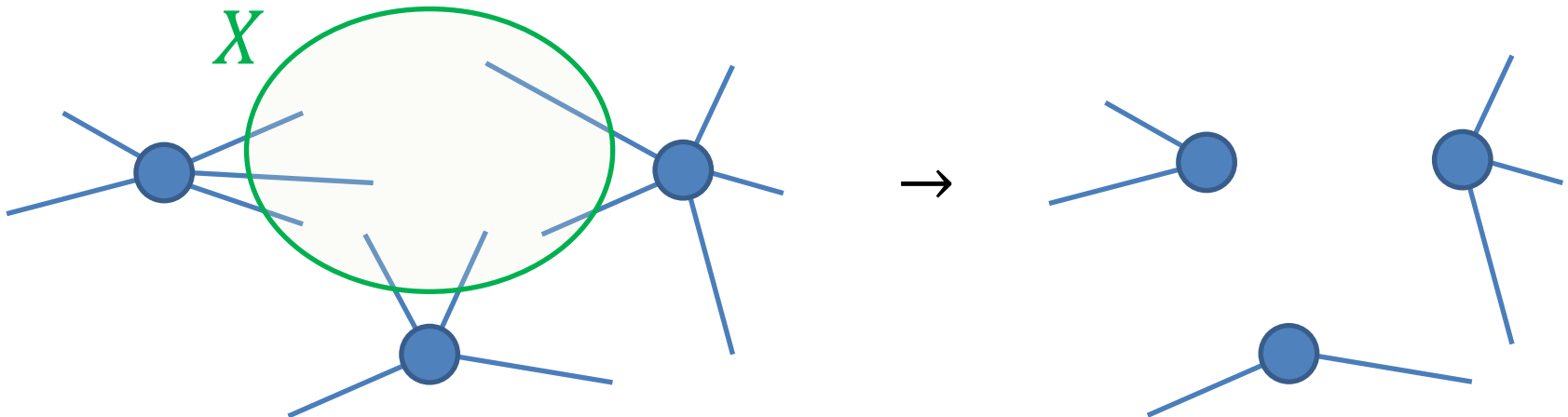


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