COMP 306: Database Management Systems Spring 2023 - PS Week #3

Use the following relational database schema and state to answer Questions 1-3. The database consists of 4 relations:

- Customer(CID, Cname, Phone, City)
- Item(Item_ID, QuantityOnHand, UnitPrice)
- Order(OID, CID, Date, TotalAmount)
- OrderDetail(OID, Item_ID, QuantityOrdered)

Primary keys are underlined above. CID is a foreign key in Order referencing the Customer relation, Item_ID is a foreign key in OrderDetail referencing the Item relation, and OID is a foreign key in OrderDetail referencing the Order relation.

Customer					
CID	Cname	Phone	City		
101	Smith	770-333-1111	Marietta		
102	Doe	770-555-6666	Marietta		
104	Jones	404-222-7777	Atlanta		
105	Brown	404-222-4444	Atlanta		
106	Green	678-444-3333	Woodstock		

CID	Date	TotalAmount
101	2015-05-21	90
104	2015-05-24	50
101	2015-06-01	67
105	2015-06-02	300
	101 104 101	101 2015-05-21 104 2015-05-24 101 2015-06-01

ltem		
Item_ID	QuantityOnHand	UnitPrice
1	100	5
2	50	2
3	10	10
4	5	50
5	60	100

<u>OID</u>	Item_ID	QuantityOrder
40	1	10
40	3	4
42	4	1
43	1	1
43	2	1
43	3	1
43	4	1
44	3	5
44	4	5

OrderDetail

Question 1. True or False?

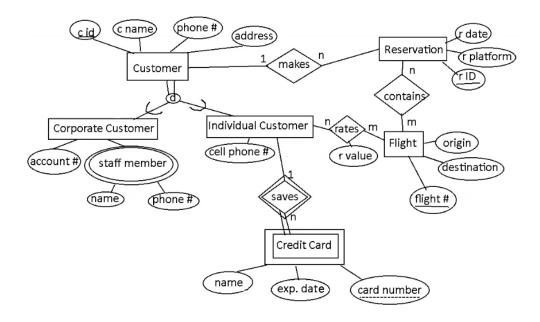
- [T/F] OID is both a superkey and a key of the Order relation.
- [T/F] If we assume each customer can make at most one order per day, {CID, Date} would be a candidate key of the Order relation.
- [T/F] Given that the current state of the Customer relation is valid, we can say for certain that Cname is a key of Customer.
- [T/F] Given that the current state of the Customer relation is valid, we can say for certain that City is not a candidate key of Customer.

Question 2. Consider that the customer with CID = 101 is deleted from the Customer relation. If deletions are cascaded throughout the entire database, how would the other relations be impacted?

Question 3. Recall the 4 types of integrity constraints in the relational model: domain constraint, key constraint, entity integrity constraint, referential integrity constraint. For each of the following actions, decide whether they violate any of the constraints; if so, which one and why?

- (i) Insert tuple < NULL, "Jason", "125-111-9999", "Athens" > into Customer
- (ii) Insert tuple < 107, "Smith", "770-333-1111", "Paris" > into Customer
- (iii) Insert tuple < 40, 3, 1 > into Order Detail
- (iv) Insert tuple < 45, 103, "2015-05-21", 300 > into Order

Question 4. Here is a slightly modified version of one of the ER diagrams we designed in last week's PS. Convert this ER diagram to the relational model using the conversion algorithm from the lecture. Your answer should consist of the CREATE TABLE statements necessary to create the appropriate relations. Make sure you specify all primary keys and foreign keys.



Question 5. Here is another ER diagram. Similar to Q4, convert it to the relational model.

