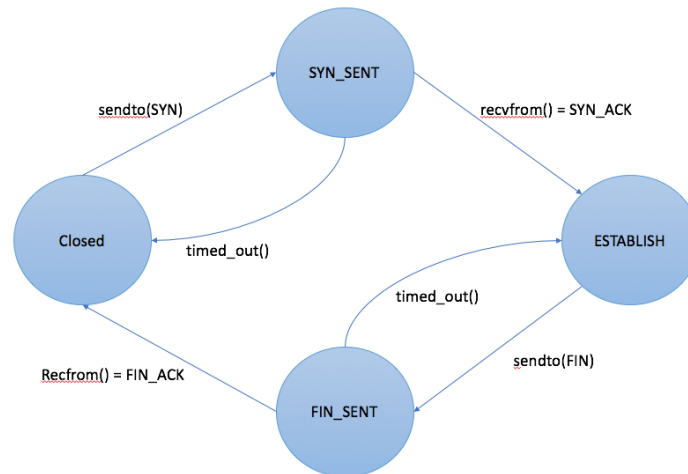


## CS5450: Computer Networks Fundamentals Go-Back-N

I will explain the protocol from the view of both the client and server side and elaborate on each state since the logic may get convoluted visually.

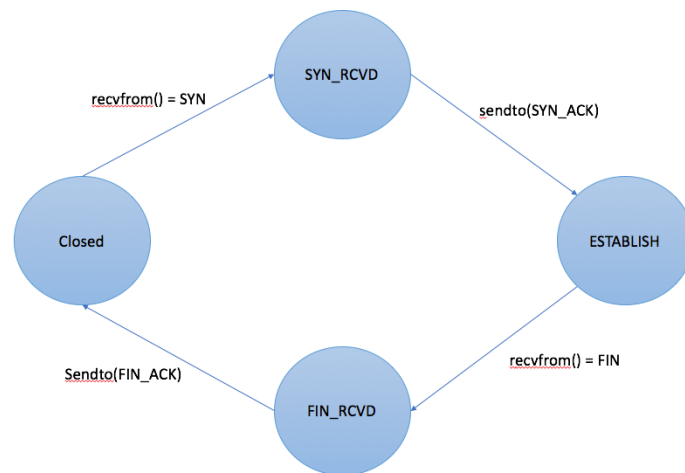
### Client Side FSM Diagram



- **CLOSED:** This is where our TCP protocol will always be initiated as upon startup and end. After starting the program, the client will issue packet to the server with the **SYN** type set. Right after sending it, it will move the **SYN\_SENT** state.
- **SYN\_SENT:**
  - If the client is unable to receive a **SYN\_ACK** packet type back, it will time out within 1 seconds and retrieve back to the **CLOSED** state.
  - If the client is able to receive a **SYN\_ACK** packet type, it will proceed to become **ESTABLISH**. *In my protocol, I only use a two-way handshake due to the fact that the sender is the only one sending messages and the server is the only one that sends ACK messages.*
- **ESTABLISH:** The client side implementation is done following the book, "Computer Network, A Top-Down Approach." The client starts in slow mode to send one packet over to the server. If it is in fast mode, it will send two **DATA** type packets at once. After sending the packets, the client will set a single timer to wait for **DATAACK** results to come back. This timer is reset whenever a packet is received. The following logic is how these packets are processed when `rcvfrom()` returns:
  - If it was interrupted by an alarm, the client will resend the **DATA** packets over to the server again. The protocol will retreat back to slow mode and send the first non-ACK'ed packet over.
  - If the packets received are outside of the window range it is discarded
  - If packets are in windows range, they are assumed to be a *cumulatively acknowledged*.

- If all of the expected packets are not received in time, the window is updated to reflect the last ACK'ed packets.
- **FIN\_SENT:** Once the client is finished reading the file, it will send a **FIN** type packet over to the server. After this, it will wait for the **FIN\_ACK** package and return to the initial **CLOSED** state.

### Server Side FSM Diagram



- **CLOSED:** In this state, the server is essentially waiting for any **SYN** packets from any client in order to transition to **SYN\_RCVD**.
- **SYN\_RCVD:** When the server transitions to this stage, it sends a **SYN\_ACK** packet back to the server and goes to the **ESTABLISHED** state.
- **ESTABLISHED:** In the established state, the server is essentially processing any **DATA** packets it receives. The logic is as follows:
  - If the received packet is smaller or equal to the expected sequence number, it will ACK the sequence number back.
  - If the received packet is greater than the expected sequence number, it will ACK the number of the last received **DATA** packet.
  - If the received packet is a **FIN** packet, it will transition to **FIN\_RCVD**.
- **FIN\_RCVD:** In this state, the server simply sends a **FIN\_ACK** packet and transitions to the **CLOSED** state.

There are several challenges I faced in this project. The first was the connection and teardown mechanism as the program skeleton did not have an ACKing sequence number, so I confirmed with Yunhao that that a two-way handshake was acceptable in this case. The second challenge I had was error handling the sending and receiving mechanism with the protocol. When I sent my files to the regular `sendto()` function, it ran smoothly but when packet started dropping there was some situations when the sender and receiver became out of sync. It turned out that if my receiver needed to re-ACKed previous packets. Lastly, I had some issue as the timing out mechanism was taking too long. File transfers took too much time. I switch alarm for `seitimer()` to get a better resolution.

```
root@server:~/code# make clean
rm -f *.o sender receiver
root@server:~/code# make
gcc -Wall -ansi -c sender.c
gcc -Wall -ansi -c gbn.c
gcc -Wall -ansi -c helper.c
gcc -Wall -ansi -o sender sender.o gbn.o helper.o
gcc -Wall -ansi -c receiver.c
gcc -Wall -ansi -o receiver receiver.o gbn.o helper.o
root@server:~/code# ./test_files.sh
starting test
Tests/Giant1.test PASSED!
Source: 332867062313f4514828ef7ae69f5f66 Tests/Giant1.test = Dest:
332867062313f4514828ef7ae69f5f66 ./outfile
Took 12 seconds
Tests/Giant2.test PASSED!
Source: 8574c6aec5d2c227291b3e8470279117 Tests/Giant2.test = Dest:
8574c6aec5d2c227291b3e8470279117 ./outfile
Took 6 seconds
Tests/Giant3.test PASSED!
Source: d7de02f5fb313ed7c37380f160c0f2dd Tests/Giant3.test = Dest:
d7de02f5fb313ed7c37380f160c0f2dd ./outfile
Took 7 seconds
Tests/Giant4.test PASSED!
Source: 8e812e2f4ed95906841feea3922fcd8d Tests/Giant4.test = Dest:
8e812e2f4ed95906841feea3922fcd8d ./outfile
Took 47 seconds
Tests/Large1.test PASSED!
Source: 681e6062bd06d5e9633a0c69c86d8bb5 Tests/Large1.test = Dest:
681e6062bd06d5e9633a0c69c86d8bb5 ./outfile
Took 1 seconds
Tests/Large2.test PASSED!
Source: d641312886d971718fdb456f6a0f20f1 Tests/Large2.test = Dest:
d641312886d971718fdb456f6a0f20f1 ./outfile
Took 1 seconds
Tests/Large3.test PASSED!
Source: d641f0df52b8cc48d8e578e24cb63dc5 Tests/Large3.test = Dest:
d641f0df52b8cc48d8e578e24cb63dc5 ./outfile
Took 0 seconds
Tests/Large4.test PASSED!
Source: 3cdc0533308a6f3b34934e549c0a10ab Tests/Large4.test = Dest:
3cdc0533308a6f3b34934e549c0a10ab ./outfile
Took 5 seconds
Tests/Small1.test PASSED!
Source: 17a0380ddee52c736aaa5cf3746c09a9 Tests/Small1.test = Dest:
17a0380ddee52c736aaa5cf3746c09a9 ./outfile
Took 1 seconds
Tests/Small2.test PASSED!
Source: c4240372c55c20dd42be992fd9c7321f Tests/Small2.test = Dest:
c4240372c55c20dd42be992fd9c7321f ./outfile
Took 0 seconds
```

```
Tests/Small3.test PASSED!
Source: 0715daeeaaa041c07bf5297065ec8a87 Tests/Small3.test = Dest:
0715daeeaaa041c07bf5297065ec8a87 ./outfile
Took 1 seconds
Tests/Small4.test PASSED!
Source: 9cdadc2d3dd58494831538bb07e069a6 Tests/Small4.test = Dest:
9cdadc2d3dd58494831538bb07e069a6 ./outfile
Took 0 seconds
Tests/Tiny1.test PASSED!
Source: 0cc175b9c0f1b6a831c399e269772661 Tests/Tiny1.test = Dest:
0cc175b9c0f1b6a831c399e269772661 ./outfile
Took 0 seconds
Tests/Tiny2.test PASSED!
Source: 187ef4436122d1cc2f40dc2b92f0eba0 Tests/Tiny2.test = Dest:
187ef4436122d1cc2f40dc2b92f0eba0 ./outfile
Took 1 seconds
Tests/Tiny3.test PASSED!
Source: 36846677e3a8f4c0b16d8bdf8ef18608 Tests/Tiny3.test = Dest:
36846677e3a8f4c0b16d8bdf8ef18608 ./outfile
Took 0 seconds
Tests/Tiny4.test PASSED!
Source: c3fcd3d76192e4007dfb496cca67e13b Tests/Tiny4.test = Dest:
c3fcd3d76192e4007dfb496cca67e13b ./outfile
Took 0 seconds
```