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// Yannique Hecht
// HARVARD CS50 Week 3 - Runoff - Implement a program that runs a
// runoff election (ranked-choice voting system)

#include <cs50.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
// Define constants (Max voters and candidates)
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

// Define two-dimensional array (preferences[i][j] is jth preference
// for voter i)
[REDACTED]

// Define data structure candidates (with name, vote count,
// eliminated status)
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

// Create array of candidates
[REDACTED]

// Define 2 global variables (number of voters and candidates)
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

// Function prototypes
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

int main(int argc, string argv[])
[REDACTED]
    // Check for invalid usage
    [REDACTED]
    [REDACTED]
    [REDACTED]

```


[illegible]

```
    respective position in array
// 3. Return true, else return false & instructions for use
```

```
// (1) Record preference if vote is valid
```

```
[REDACTED]
```

```
//PSEUDOCODE: (2) TABULATE FUNCTION
```

```
// 1. Iterate through voter count
// 2. Check in which rank
// 3. Check each vote in rank 1 whether eliminated
// 4. If eliminated, go to rank 2
// 5. Check candidate match
// 6. Add 1 vote
// 7. If not eliminated, add 1 vote for candidate from rank 1
```

```
// (2) Tabulate votes for non-eliminated candidates
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```
[REDACTED]
```

```
//PSEUDOCODE: (3) PRINT_WINNER FUNCTION
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```
// 1. Divide voter_count by 2
// 2. Iterate through candidates
// 3. If x candidate's total votes > (voter_count/2), print
    candidate name
// 4. Return true
// 5. Else, return false
```

```
// (3) Print the winner of the election, if there is one
```

```
[REDACTED]
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//PSEUDOCODE: (4) FIND_MIN FUNCTION
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```
// 1. Define min vote variable == 1st candidate
// 2. Iterate through candidates
// 3. If y candidate's votes < x candidate's votes, update min vote
// 4. Else, continue
// 5. Return min vote
```

```
// (4) Return the minimum number of votes any remaining candidate has
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```
[REDACTED]
```

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}
```

```
//PSEUDOCODE: (5) IS_TIE FUNCTION
```

```
// 1. Iterate through candidates
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```
// 2. Check for not eliminated candidates
```

```
// 3. If number of eliminated candidates -1 equal to number of  
    candidates, return
```

```
// 4. If false, return false
```

```
// 5. Else, return, true
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```
// (5) Return true if the election is tied between all candidates,  
    false otherwise
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[REDACTED]
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[REDACTED]
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[REDACTED]
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[REDACTED]
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//PSEUDOCODE: (6) ELIMINATE FUNCTION
```

```
// 1. Iterate through candidates
```

```
// 2. If candidate vote == min number of votes & if candidate not  
    eliminated, then eliminate
```

```
// (6) Eliminate the candidate (or candidates) in last place
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[REDACTED]
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[REDACTED]
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[REDACTED]
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[REDACTED]
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[REDACTED]
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