

# 5G New Radio Design

Expanding the human possibilities of technology to make our lives better

## *Fall VTC-2017, Panel*

September 25<sup>th</sup>, 2017

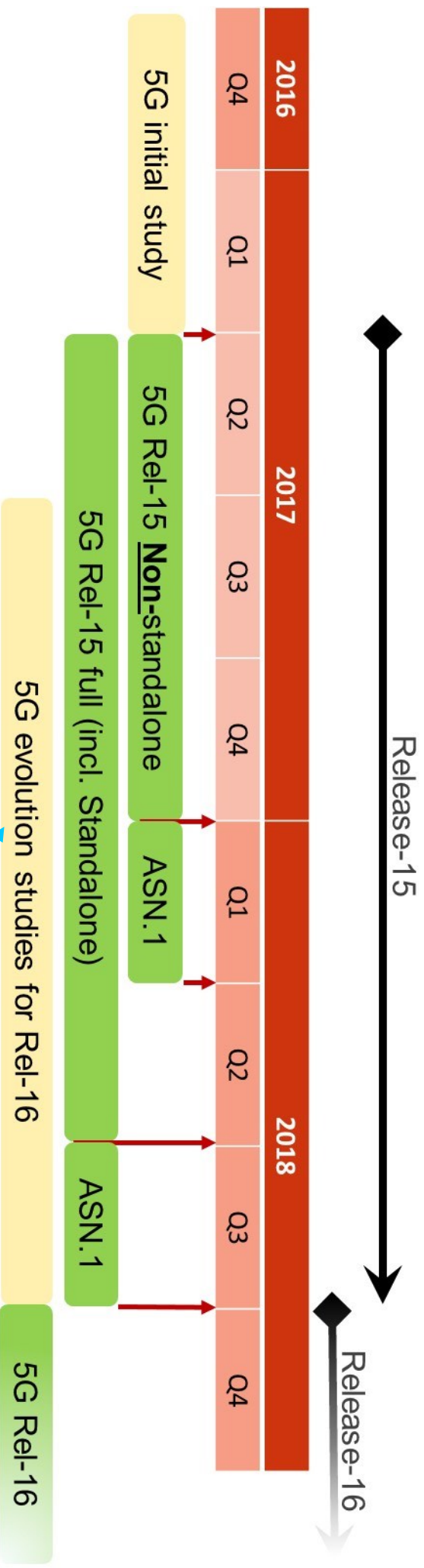
**Dr. Amitabha Ghosh**

Head of Small Cell Research, Nokia Fellow, IEEE Fellow  
Nokia Bell Labs

# 3GPP New Radio



## 3GPP 5G NR agreed timeline: No changes since last time



- 5G NR timeline was kept unchanged
- RAN#77 (Sept.2017) agreed further feature prioritization for RAN1, RAN2 and RAN4 specification work to keep the very challenging 5G NR time line

Release 16 study items on hold until Dec. 2017 to prioritize Release 15 5G NR work item → technical work to start 1Q2018

# 3GPP Release 15 work and study items: What else from January onwards?

Rel-15 Work item

Studies on-going

Studies toward Rel-16  
on hold until Dec. 2017

## New Radio Access Technology

Separation of CP and UP for  
split option 2

CU-DU lower layer split for New  
Radio

Test methods for New Radio

Self-evaluation towards IMT-  
2020 submission

Non-orthogonal multiple access

Non-terrestrial networks\*

EV2V evaluation methodology

Integrated Access Backhaul

Unlicensed spectrum

Additional New Work Items and Studies targeting for Rel-16 are still expected to be approved in December 2017 3GPP RAN plenary

- RAN level discussion on scenario etc. Ongoing



# Physical Channels & Physical Signals

## PDSCH

DL shared channel

## PBCH

Broadcast channel

## PDCCH

DL control channel

## DL Physical Signals

Demodulation Ref (DMRS)

Phase-tracking Ref (PT-RS)

Ch State Inf Ref (CSI-RS)

Primary Sync (PSS)

Secondary Sync (SSS)



GNodeB

## PUSCH

UL shared channel

## PUCCH

UL control channel

## PRACH

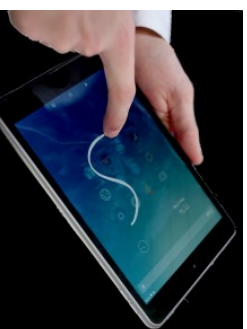
Random access channel

## UL Physical Signals

Demodulation Ref (DMRS)

Phase-tracking Ref (PTRS)

Sounding Ref (SRS)



User Equipment

# 5G NR Numerology : Overview

## Numerologies with normal CP (subframe = 1msec)

	Slot Configuration 0						
Subcarrier spacing [kHz]	15	30	60	120	240*	480**	
Symbol duration [us]	66.7	33.3	16.6	8.33	4.17	2.08	
Nominal CP [us]	4.7	2.41	1.205	0.60	0.30	0.15	
Nominal max BW [MHz]	49.5	99	198	396	397.4	397.4	
Max FFT size	4096	4096	4096	4096	2048	1024	
Min scheduling interval (symbols)	14	14	14	14	14	14	
Min scheduling interval (slots)	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Min scheduling interval (ms)	1.0	0.5	0.25	0.125	0.0625	0.0312	

\*SS Block only

\*\*Not supported

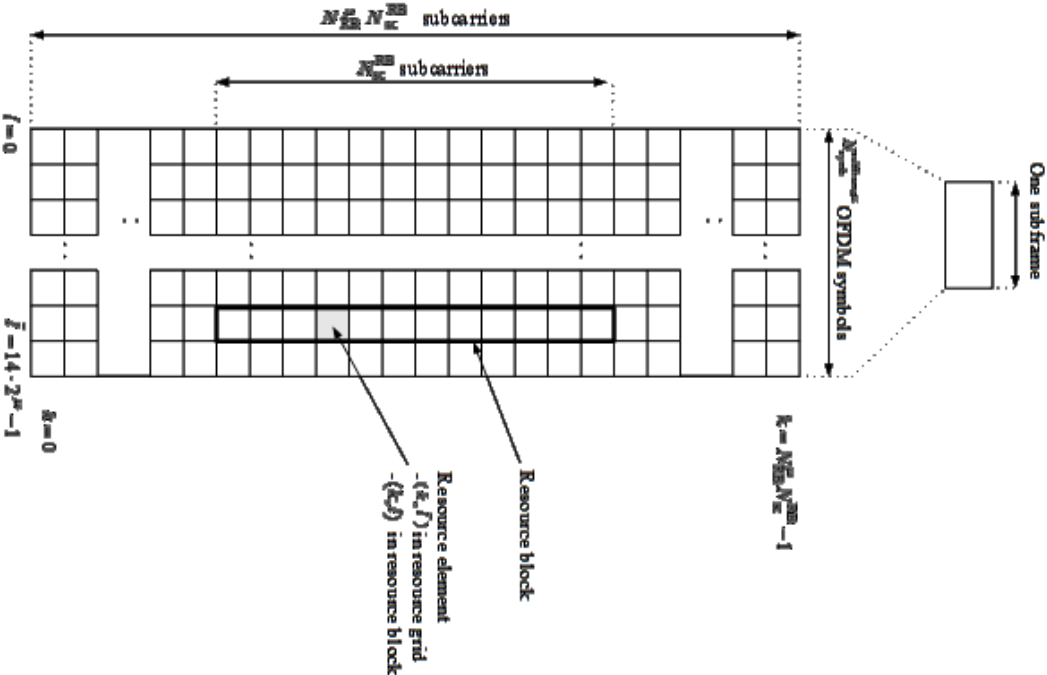
## Numerologies with extended CP (subframe = 1msec)

Subcarrier spacing [kHz]	Symbol Duration[us]	Ext CP[us]	Nom max BW	FFT Size	Sched Interval (sym)	Sched Interval (slot)	Sched Interval (ms)
60	16.6	4.2	198	4096	12	1	0.25

# Frame Structure (120 KHz SC) & Modulation

- 80 slots/10 ms frame
- 14 OFDM symbols/slot
- 24-275 PRBs/slot
- 12 subcarriers/PRB
- Occupied BW
  - Minm =  $24 \times 12 \times 120 = 34.56 \text{ MHz}$
  - Maxm =  $275 \times 12 \times 120 = 396 \text{ MHz}$

Modulation scheme	UL /DL
$\pi/2$ -BPSK	UL only, In combination with transform precoding only
QPSK	UL/DL
16QAM	UL/DL
64QAM	UL/DL
256QAM	UL/DL



# Downlink Channels & Signals

## PDSCH and PDCCH

	PDSCH (5G)	PDSCH (LTE)	PDCCH (5G)	PDCCH (LTE)
Purpose	Transmit DL Data	Transmit DL Data	Transmit DL Control	Transmit DL Control
Waveform	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM
Bandwidth	Numerology Dependent	Max: 1.4 / 3 / 5 / 10 / 15 / 20 MHz	Flexible, Numerology Dependent	Fixed: 1.4 / 3 / 5 / 10 / 15 / 20 MHz
Reference signals	UE-specific	Cell specific or UE-specific (Release 10)		
Phase noise compensation	Yes	No		
Modulation	Up to 256QAM	Up to 256QAM	QPSK	QPSK
Coding scheme	LDPC	Turbo	Polar	TBCC



# Uplink Channels & Signals

## PUSCH – Uplink shared channel

	PUSCH (5G)	PUSCH (LTE)
Purpose	Used to transmit uplink data and control information	Used to transmit uplink data and control information
Waveform	OFDM/SC-FDMA (Optional)	SC-FDMA
Bandwidth	See numerology	Max: 1.4 / 3 / 5 / 10 / 15 / 20 MHz
Phase noise compensation	Yes	No
Modulation	Up to 256 QAM & $\pi/2$ -BPSK	Up to 64QAM
Coding scheme	LDPC	Turbo

# Massive MIMO



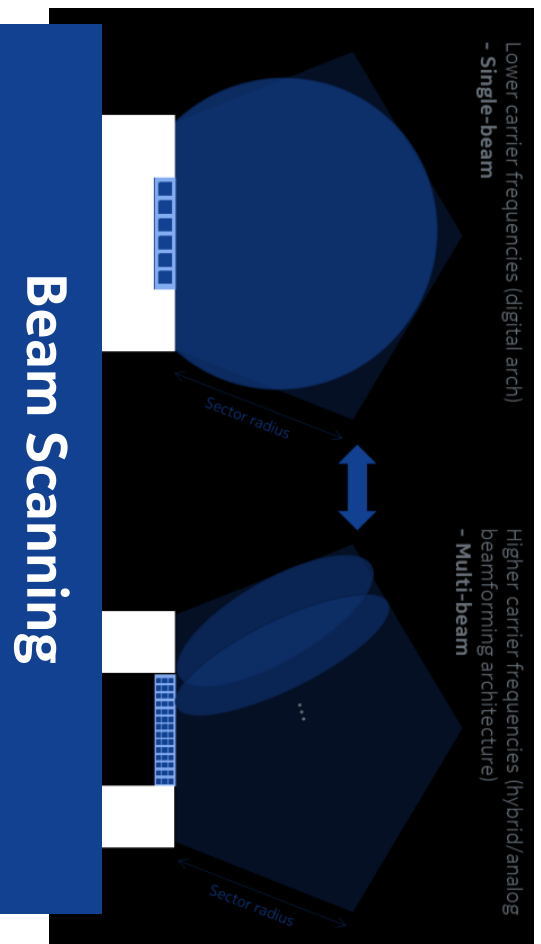
# MIMO in 3GPP

Release 8	Release 9	Release 10	Release 11
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 4x4MIMO</li><li>• 4x2MIMO</li><li>• 8RX uplink</li><li>• Uplink CRAN</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 8TX TM8</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 8TX TM9</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Downlink CoMP (TM10)</li></ul>

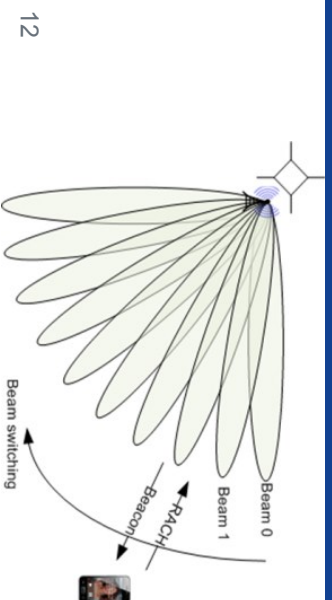
Release 12	Release 13	Release 14	Release 15+
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Downlink eCoMP</li><li>• New 4TX codebook</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Massive MIMO 16TX</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Massive MIMO 32TX</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 5G massive MIMO 64TX+</li></ul>

# Massive MIMO in 3GPP New Radio – Beam Based Air Interface

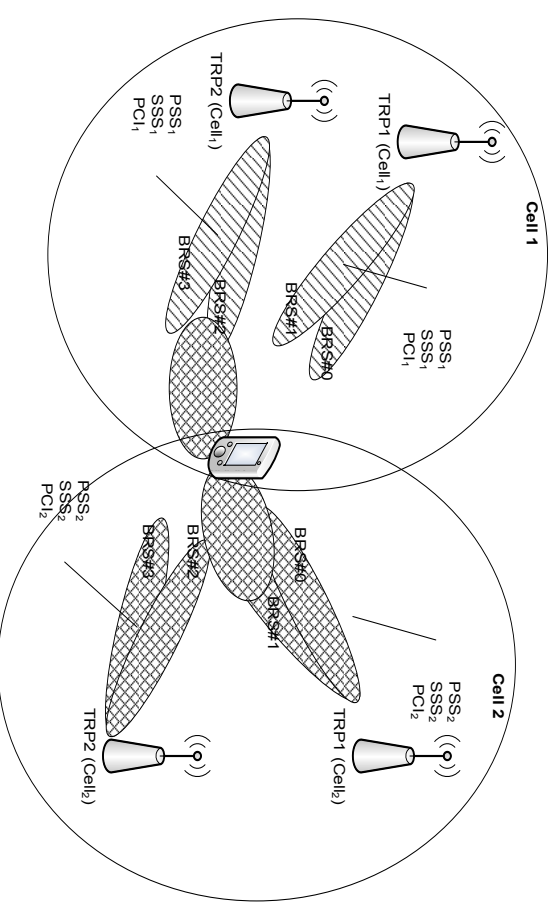
## Beamformed Control Channels



## Beam Scanning



## Beam Management



- Acquisition and maintenance of a set of beams for TX and RX at base and UE
- CoMP is built in



# Beam Management and CSI

## Downlink Codebook Overview

### Supported Antenna Ports

Type I Codebooks:

- Standard resolution CSI feedback
- Single panel and multi-panel

Type II Codebooks:

- High resolution CSI feedback targeting MU-MIMO
- Non-precoded and precoded CSI-RS

Designed for cross-polar antennas

Ports	Type I		Type II	
	Single Panel	Multi-Panel	Non-precoded CSI-RS	Precoded CSI-RS
2	✓			
4	✓		✓	✓
8	✓	✓	✓	✓
12	✓		✓	✓
16	✓	✓	✓	✓
32	✓	✓	✓	✓

## CSI Feedback

### DL Codebook Overhead Example

Type I		Type II			
Single Panel	Multi-Panel	Non-precoded		Precoded	
L=2: 9/1	Mode 1: 10/1	L=2:	31/12-24	L=2:	25/12-24
L=4: 7/3	Mode 2: 10/3	L=4:	59/28-48	L=4:	51/28-48

M/N indicates M wideband bits and N bits per subband (Type II entries indicate the range of possible bits per SB)

- L – Number of beams configured in the codebook
- 16 ports, 2 layers assumed
  - Single panel and non-precoded:  $N_1=4$ ,  $N_2=2$
  - Multi-panel: 2 panels,  $N_1=2$ ,  $N_2=2$
  - Precoded: Selection sampling factor (d) = 1

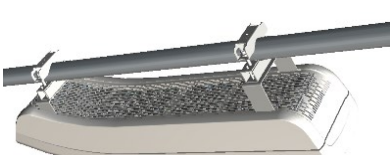
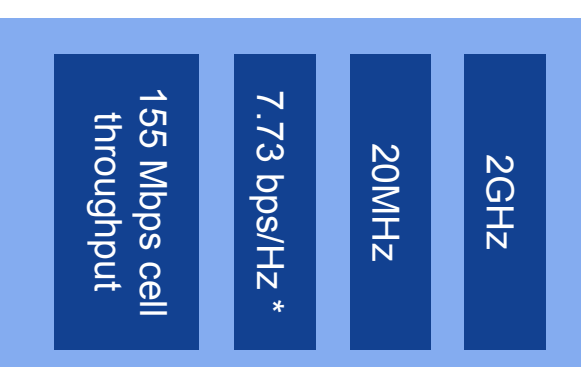
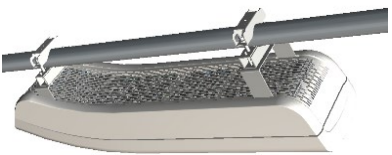
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# sub6GHz NR Performance



# 5G vs. 4G Capacity per Cell at 2GHz – 16x4 MIMO



LTE  
2GHz  
750m ISD  
16x4  
 $eNB=(1,8,2)$

- In Full Buffer, NR Codebooks show significant gains over LTE Codebooks
  - Mean UE throughput: 26%
  - Cell edge: 25%

NR  
2GHz  
750m ISD  
16x4  
 $gNB = (1,8,2)$

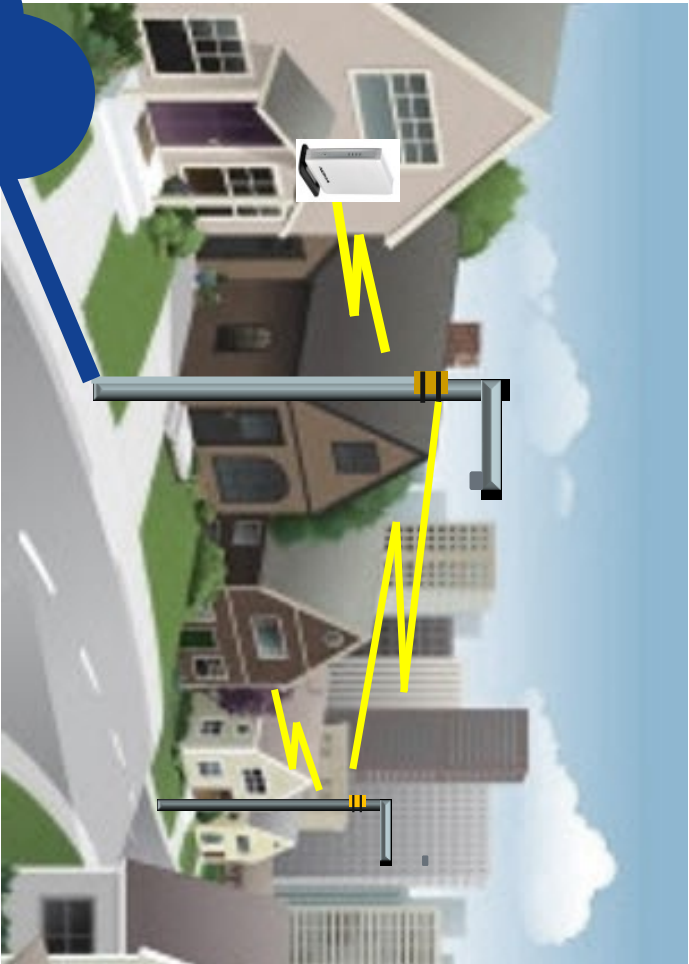
\* Includes 20% improvement due to lean carrier in NR



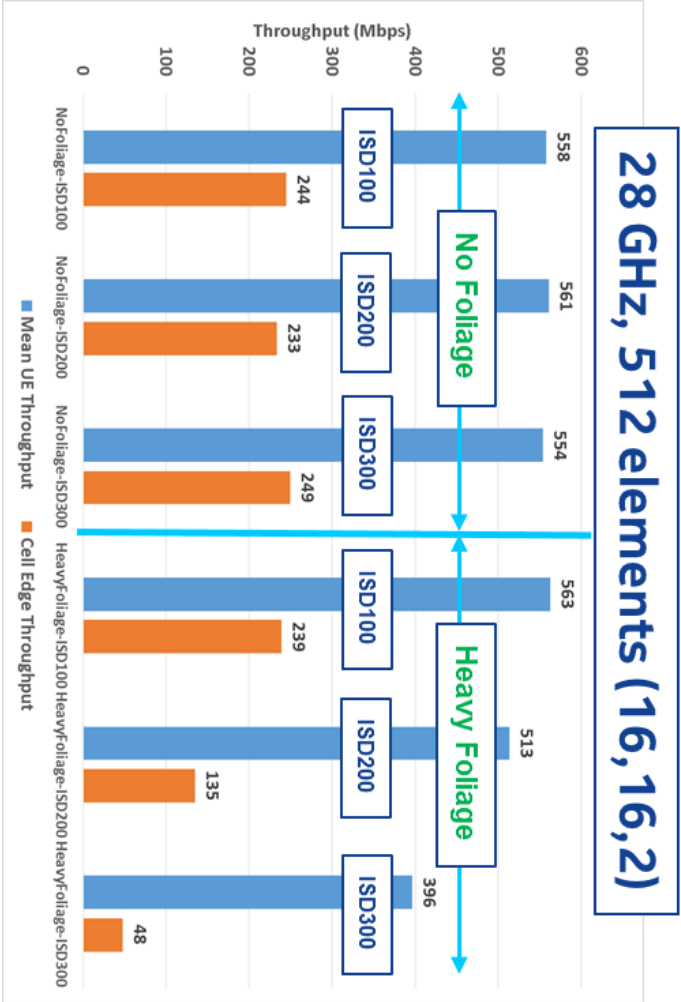
# mmWave Performance



# Early 5G use case: Extreme broadband to the home (mmWave)



VRAN & EPC



# Tasks Ahead?

**Prioritization of essential functionalities for NSA completion**

**Self Evaluation for IMT-2020 Submission**

**NR numerologies for sub 6GHz & mmWave**

**Channel bandwidths for various NR bands ?**

**Massive MIMO : Type of Codebooks supported?**

**UE capabilities**

**mmWave : IAB/Deployments, ESA**

