$2-2^{\circ}$

解 (1) 取半径为 $r(\frac{D_2}{2} < r < \frac{D_1}{2})$ 的环形回路,由对称性知该环路上的磁感应强度均沿切向,则由安培环路定理知

$$2\pi rB = \mu_0 NI$$

则

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 NI}{2\pi r}$$

(2)

$$\Phi_B = \int_{\frac{D_2}{2}}^{\frac{D_1}{2}} Bh \, dr$$

$$= \int_{\frac{D_2}{2}}^{\frac{D_1}{2}} \frac{\mu_0 NI}{2\pi r} h \, dr$$

$$= \frac{\mu_0 NIh}{2\pi} \ln \frac{D_1}{D_2}$$

2-22

解 由对称性知磁感应强度与平面平行且与电流方向垂直,取一穿过载流板的矩形回路则由安培环路定理知

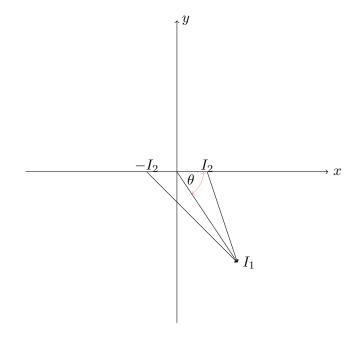
$$B \cdot 2l = \mu_0 \iota l$$

则

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 \iota}{2}$$

2-32

解 (1)



第 11 次课程作业

第2页,共3页 电磁学

$$\vec{F}_{1} = \frac{\mu_{0}I_{1}I_{2}a}{\pi\sqrt{a^{2} + b^{2} - 2ab\cos\theta}} \frac{(b\cos\theta - a)\hat{x} - b\sin\theta\hat{y}}{\sqrt{(b\cos\theta - a)^{2} + b^{2}\sin^{2}\theta}}$$
$$= \frac{\mu_{0}I_{1}I_{2}a(b\cos\theta - a)}{\pi(a^{2} + b^{2} - 2ab\cos\theta)}\hat{x} - \frac{\mu_{0}I_{1}I_{2}ab\sin\theta}{\pi(a^{2} + b^{2} - 2ab\cos\theta)}\hat{y}$$

同理

$$\vec{F}_{2} = \frac{-\mu_{0}I_{1}I_{2}a}{\pi\sqrt{a^{2} + b^{2} + 2ab\cos\theta}} \frac{(b\cos\theta + a)\hat{x} - b\sin\theta\hat{y}}{\sqrt{(b\cos\theta + a)^{2} + b^{2}\sin^{2}\theta}}$$
$$= \frac{-\mu_{0}I_{1}I_{2}a(b\cos\theta + a)}{\pi(a^{2} + b^{2} + 2ab\cos\theta)}\hat{x} + \frac{\mu_{0}I_{1}I_{2}ab\sin\theta}{\pi(a^{2} + b^{2} + 2ab\cos\theta)}\hat{y}$$

故合力为

$$\begin{split} \vec{F} &= \vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_2 \\ &= \frac{\mu_0 I_1 I_2 a}{\pi} \left(\frac{b \cos \theta - a}{a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \theta} - \frac{b \cos \theta + a}{a^2 + b^2 + 2ab \cos \theta} \right) \hat{x} \\ &+ \frac{\mu_0 I_1 I_2 ab \sin \theta}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{a^2 + b^2 + 2ab \cos \theta} - \frac{1}{a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \theta} \right) \hat{y} \end{split}$$

故合力矩为

$$\begin{split} \vec{L} &= \vec{r}_1 \times \vec{F}_1 + \vec{r}_2 \times \vec{F}_2 \\ &= a\hat{x} \times \vec{F}_1 - a\hat{x} \times \vec{F}_2 \\ &= a\hat{x} \times \left(\vec{F}_1 - \vec{F}_2 \right) \\ &= a(F_{1y} - F_{2y})\hat{z} \\ &= \frac{-\mu_0 I_1 I_2 a^2 b \sin \theta}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{a^2 + b^2 + 2ab \cos \theta} + \frac{1}{a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \theta} \right) \hat{z} \end{split}$$

(2) 欲使线圈平衡则

$$L = 0$$

即 $\sin \theta = 0$ 则

$$\theta = \begin{cases} 0 \\ \pi \end{cases}$$

(3)

$$W = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} L \, d\theta$$
$$= -\frac{\mu_0 I_1 I_2 a}{\pi} \ln \frac{b - a}{b + a}$$

第 3 页, 共 3 页 电磁学

解 由对称性知线圈受力一定垂直于导线方向

$$F = \int dF \cos \theta$$

$$= 2 \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\mu_0 I_1 I_2 \cos \theta d\theta}{2\pi (l - r \cos \theta)}$$

$$= \mu_0 I_1 I_2 \left(1 - \frac{l}{\sqrt{l^2 - r^2}} \right)$$

2-35

解 (1)

$$L_{\overline{W}} = NIBS$$

= $NIabB$
= $1.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{N} \cdot \text{m}$

(2)

$$D = \frac{L_{\text{\tiny MM}}}{\varphi}$$
$$= 1.9 \times 10^{-6} \text{N} \cdot \text{m}$$