Chapter 11 Creativity, Innovation, and Leadership

LEADERSHIP: Research Findings, Practice, and Skills

Andrew J. DuBrin, 8th Edition

Chapter Outline

CHAPTER OUTLINE

Steps in the Creative Process

Characteristics of Creative Leaders

Knowledge

Cognitive Abilities

Personality

Passion for the Task and the Experience of Flow

Overcoming Traditional Thinking as a Creativity Strategy

Organizational Methods to Enhance Creativity

Systematically Collecting Fresh Ideas Brainstorming

Using the Pet-Peeve Technique

The Morality of Enhancing Creativity

Self-Help Techniques to Enhance Creative Problem Solving

Practicing Creativity-Enhancing Activities
Staying Alert to Opportunities
Maintaining an Enthusiastic Attitude, Including Being
Happy

Maintaining and Using a Systematic Place for Recording Your Ideas

Playing the Roles of Explorer, Artist, Judge, and Lawyer

Engaging in Appropriate Physical Exercise

Establishing a Climate and Culture for Creative Thinking

Leadership Practices for Enhancing Creativity Methods of Managing Creative Workers

Additional Leadership Practices That Enhance Innovation

Summary

Key Terms

Guidelines for Action and Skill Development

Leadership Case Problem A

Leadership Case Problem B

Notes

Learning Objectives

- Identify the steps in the creative process.
- Identify characteristics of creative problem solvers.
- Be prepared to overcome traditional thinking in order to become more creative.
- Describe both organizational and individual approaches to enhance creative problem solving.
- Explain how the leader and the organization can establish a climate that fosters creativity.
- Identify several leadership practices that contribute to organizational innovation.

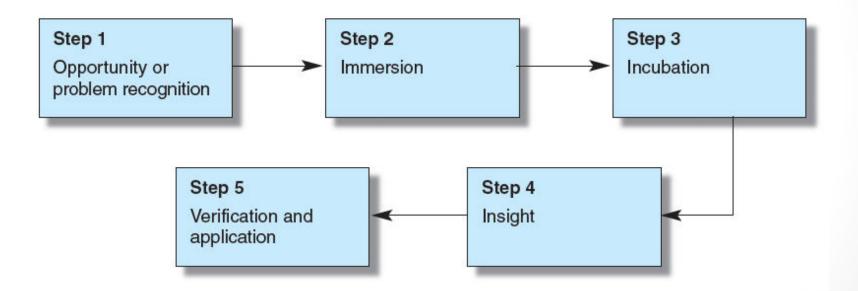
Creativity and Innovation

 Creativity is the production of novel and useful ideas.

• **Innovation** refers to the creation of new ideas and their implementation.

• Organizational Creativity is the creation of a valuable, useful new product, service, idea, procedure, or process by individuals working together in a complex social system.

Steps in the Creative Process



Characteristics of Creative Leaders

KNOWLEDGE

Knowledgeable about a wide range of information

COGNITIVE ABILITIES

- Highly intelligent
- Intellectually curious
- Able to think divergently

PERSONALITY

- Nonconformist
- Self-confident
- Thrill-seeking
- Energetic
- Persistent
- PASSION FOR THE TASK AND THE EXPERIENCE OF FLOW

Overcoming Traditional Thinking as a Creative Strategy

- Creative problem solving requires an ability to overcome traditional thinking.
- Traditional thinking generally refers to a standard and frequent way of finding a solution to a problem.
- Central task in becoming creative is to break down rigid thinking that blocks new ideas.
 - "Thinking outside the box"
- Do keep in mind, however, that group members need to know just how far they can venture from routine thinking.
 - Effective leaders establish parameters, even for their creative thinkers.
 - There are merits of thinking creatively by working within constraints.

Organizational Methods to Enhance Creativity

Systematically Collecting Fresh Ideas

- Straightforward collection of ideas
- Establishing idea quotas
- Making whiteboards regularly available for sketching ideas
- Granting tinkering time

Brainstorming

 Generate Quantity – Avoid Criticism – Combine and Improve on Previous Ideas – Encourage Free-Wheeling

Using the Pet-Peeve Technique

- Identifying all potential complaints from anyone who interacts with the group
- Value comes from helping group improve its work processes

Self-Help Techniques to Enhance Creative Problem Solving

- Practicing creativity-enhancing activities
- Staying alert to opportunities
- Maintaining an enthusiastic attitude, including being happy
- Maintaining and using a systematic place for recording your ideas
- Playing the roles of explorer, artist, judge, and lawyer
- Engaging in appropriate physical exercise

Establishing a Climate and Culture for Creative Thinking

Leadership Practices for Enhancing Creativity

- Hire creative people from the outside and identify creative people from within
- Intellectual challenge
- Empowerment including freedom to choose the method
- Ample supply of the right resources
- Effective design of work groups
- Supervisory encouragement and linking innovation to performance
- Organizational support
- Have favorable exchanges with creative workers
- Give financial rewards for innovation

Establishing a Climate and Culture for Creative Thinking

Methods of Managing Creative Workers

- Give creative people tools and resources that allow their work to stand out.
- Give creative people flexibility and a minimum amount of structure.
- Give gentle feedback when turning down an idea.
- Employ creative people to manage and evaluate creative workers.

Additional Leadership Practices That Enhance Innovation

- Emphasize transformational leadership if possible.
- Continually pursue innovation.
- Take risks and encourage risk taking.
- Emphasize collaboration among employees.
- Avoid innovation for its own sake.
- Use loose-tight leadership.
- Integrate development and production.

Summary

- A creative leader brings forth ideas for things that did not exist previously.
- The creative process involves five steps: opportunity or problem recognition, immersion, incubation, insight, and verification and application.
- Having the right characteristics improves the chances of a person being a creative problem solver and a creative leader.
- Creativity requires overcoming traditional thinking.
- Creative thinking can be enhanced by systematically collecting fresh ideas, including collecting ideas, establishing idea quotas, and using whiteboards.
- Brainstorming is a key idea generation method.
- Generating creative ideas has moral implications.
- Establishing a climate conducive to creative problem solving is a requirement of effective leadership.