

# P8160 - Project 3

## P8160 Group Project 3 Bayesian modeling of hurricane trajectories

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2023-05-01

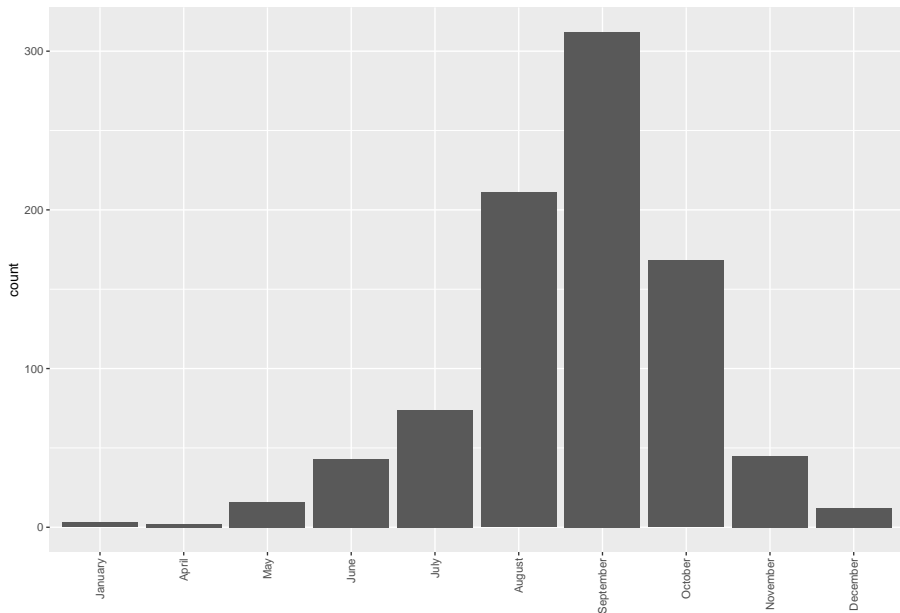
- ➊ Introduction
- ➋ Hierarchical Bayesian Model
- ➌ EDA
- ➍ Results
- ➎ Discussion and Conclusion

# Introduction

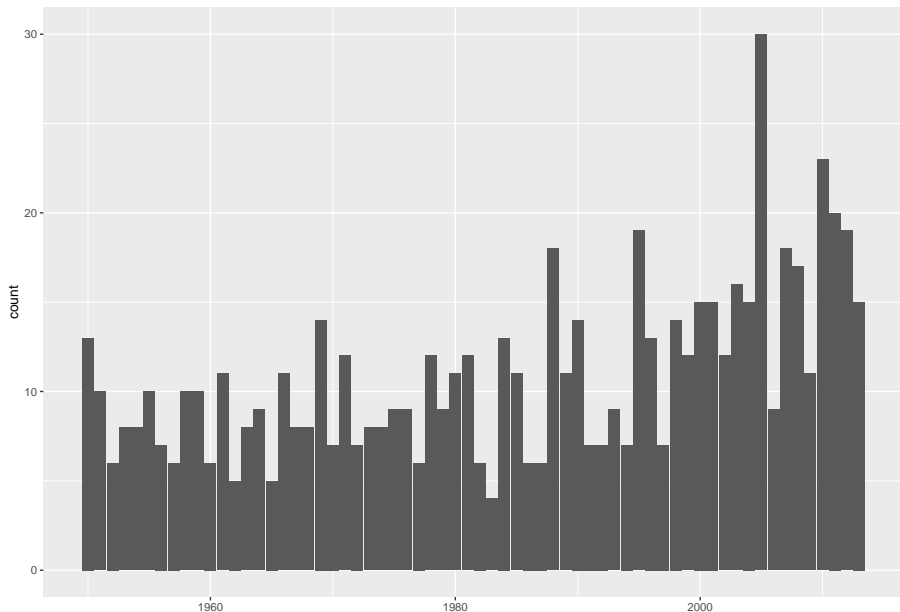
- Hurricanes cause fatalities and property damage
- there is a growing need to accurately predict hurricane behavior, including location and speed
- This project aims to forecast wind speeds by modeling hurricane trajectories using a Hierarchical Bayesian Model.

- Hurrican703 dataset: 22038 observations  $\times$  8 variables
  - 702 hurricanes in the North Atlantic area since 1950

# EDA-Count of Hurricanes in each Month

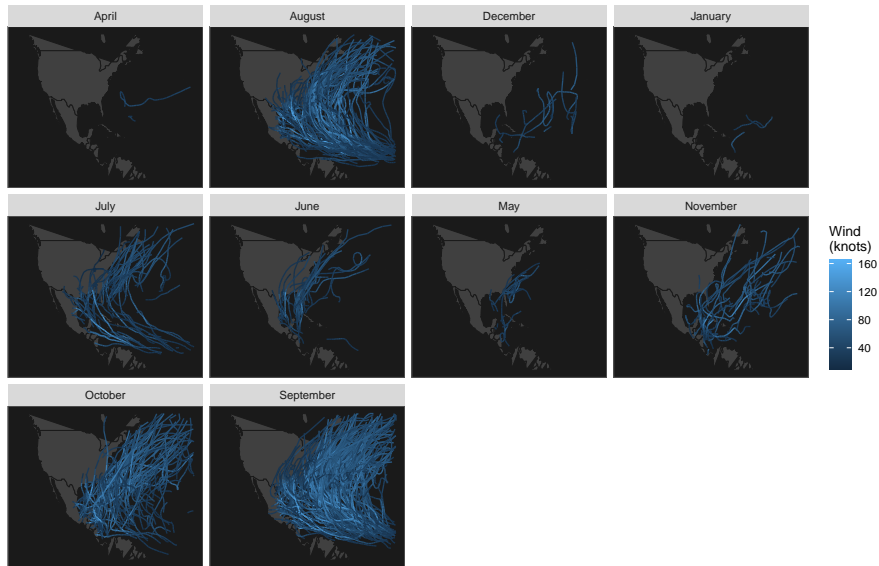


# EDA-Count of Hurricanes in each Year



# Show hurricane tracks by month

Atlantic named Windstorm Trajectories by Month ( 1950 – 2013 )



# Bayesian Model

The suggested Bayesian model is  $Y_i(t+6) = \beta_{0,i} + \beta_{1,i}Y_i(t) + \beta_{2,i}\Delta_{i,1}(t) + \beta_{3,i}\Delta_{i,2}(t) + \beta_{4,i}\Delta_{i,3}(t) + X_i\gamma + \epsilon_i(t)$

- where  $Y_i(t)$  the wind speed at time  $t$  (i.e. 6 hours earlier),  $\Delta_{i,1}(t)$ ,  $\Delta_{i,2}(t)$  and  $\Delta_{i,3}(t)$  are the changes of latitude, longitude and wind speed between  $t$  and  $t-6$ , and  $\epsilon_{i,t}$  follows a normal distributions with mean zero and variance  $\sigma^2$ , independent across  $t$ .
- $\beta_i = (\beta_{0,i}, \beta_{1,i}, \dots, \beta_{5,i})$ , we assume that  $\beta_i \sim N(\mu, \Sigma)$ , where  $d$  is dimension of  $\beta_i$ .



$$P(\mu) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}|V|^{\frac{1}{2}}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}\mu^\top V^{-1}\mu\right\} \propto |V|^{-\frac{1}{2}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}\mu^\top V^{-1}\mu\right\}$$

where  $V$  is a variance-covariance matrix

$$P(\Sigma) \propto |\Sigma|^{-\frac{(\nu+d+1)}{2}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\text{tr}(S\Sigma^{-1})\right)$$

$$P(\gamma) \propto \exp\left(-\frac{\gamma^2}{2 * (0.05)^2}\right) = e^{-200\gamma^2}$$

$$P(\sigma) = \frac{2\alpha}{\pi + \alpha^2} \propto \frac{1}{\sigma^2 + \alpha^2}$$

# Posterior

Let  $\mathbf{B} = (\beta_1^\top, \dots, \beta_n^\top)^\top$ , derive the posterior distribution of the parameters  $\Theta = (\mathbf{B}^\top, \mu^\top, \sigma^2, \Sigma, \gamma)$ .

Let

$$Z_i(t)\beta_i^\top = \beta_{0,i} + \beta_{1,i}Y_i(t) + \beta_{2,i}\Delta_{i,1}(t) + \beta_{3,i}\Delta_{i,2}(t) + \beta_{4,i}\Delta_{i,3}(t) + X_i\gamma + \epsilon_i(t)$$

We can find that

$$Y_i \sim MVN(Z_i\beta_i, \sigma^2 I)$$

The likelihood for our data is

$$\begin{aligned} f(Y | B, \mu, \sigma^2, \Sigma, \gamma) &= \\ \prod_{i=1}^N f(Y_i | B, \mu, \Sigma, \sigma^2) &= \prod_{i=1}^N \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}(y_i - Z_i\beta_i - X_i\gamma_i)^\top (\sigma^2 I)^{-1} (y_i - Z_i\beta_i - X_i\gamma_i)\right\} \\ &\propto (2\pi\sigma^2)^{-\frac{N}{2}} \prod_{i=1}^N \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}(Y_i - Z_i\beta_i - X_i\gamma_i)^\top (\sigma^2 I)^{-1} (Y_i - Z_i\beta_i - X_i\gamma_i)\right\} \end{aligned}$$

where N is the total number of hurricanes. ## Joint Posterior

# Conditional Distributions

Generate  $B_t$  from  $f(B_t, \sigma_{t-1}, \mu_{t-1}, \Sigma_{t-1}^{-1})$

$$\begin{aligned} f(B^\top | \sigma^2, \mu, \Sigma) &\propto \prod_{i=1}^n \exp\left\{-\frac{(Y_j - Z_j \beta_j - X_j \gamma)^\top (Y_j Z_j \beta_j - X_j \gamma)}{2\sigma^2} - \frac{(\beta_j - \mu)^\top \Sigma^{-1} (\beta_j - \mu)}{2}\right\} \\ &\propto \prod_{i=1}^n \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(\beta_j^\top (\frac{Z_j^\top Z_j}{\sigma^2} + \Sigma^{-1})\beta_j - 2(\frac{Y_j^\top Z_j - X_j^\top Z_j \gamma}{\sigma^2} + \mu^\top \Sigma^{-1})\beta_j)\right) \\ &\propto \prod_{i=1}^n \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}(\beta_j - (\frac{Z_j^\top Z_j}{\sigma^2} + \Sigma^{-1})^{-1}(\frac{Y_j^\top Z_j - X_j^\top Z_j \gamma}{\sigma^2} + \mu^\top \Sigma^{-1}))^\top (\beta_j - (\frac{Z_j^\top Z_j}{\sigma^2} + \Sigma^{-1})^{-1}(\frac{Y_j^\top Z_j - X_j^\top Z_j \gamma}{\sigma^2} + \mu^\top \Sigma^{-1}))\right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$MVN_d((\frac{Z_j^\top Z_j}{\sigma^2} + \Sigma^{-1})^{-1}(\frac{Y_j^\top Z_j - X_j^\top Z_j \gamma}{\sigma^2} + \mu^\top \Sigma^{-1})^\top, (\frac{Z_j^\top Z_j}{\sigma^2} + \Sigma^{-1})^{-1})$$

# MCMC Algorithm

$$\beta_i \sim MVN_d(N^{-1}M^\top, N^{-1})$$

where  $N = \frac{Z_j^\top Z_j}{\sigma^2} + \Sigma^{-1}$  and  $M = \frac{Y_j^\top Z_j - X_j^\top Z_j \gamma}{\sigma^2} + \mu^\top \Sigma^{-1}$

$$\mu_t \sim MVN_d(N^{-1}M^\top, N^{-1})$$

where  $N = NA + \frac{1}{v}$  and  $M = \sum_i^n \beta_j A$ , and  $v$  is the degree of freedom.

$$\Sigma \sim w^{-1}(S + \sum_i^n (\beta_i - \mu)(\beta_i - \mu)^\top, n + v)$$

$$\gamma \sim MVN(N^{-1}M^\top, N^{-1})$$

where  $N = \frac{X_j^\top X_j}{\sigma^2} + 400I$  and  $M = \sum_i^n Y_j^\top X_j - \sum_i^n X_j Z_j \beta_j$

# MCMC Algorithm - Metropolis-Hastings

\*Target distribution is

$$\pi(\sigma|Y, \mathbf{B}^\top, \mu^\top, \Sigma, \gamma) \propto \frac{1}{\sigma^{N(\sigma^2 + 10^2)}} \times \prod_{i=1}^n \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2(\sigma^2 I)} (Y_i - Z_i \beta_i - X_i \gamma_i)^\top (Y_i - Z_i \beta_i - X_i \gamma_i) \right\}$$

- Choose a random walk with step size distributed as a uniform random variable
- The conditional density is  $q(x|y) = \frac{1}{2a} 1_{[y-a, y+a]}(x)$
- Proposed q is symmetric, thus the acceptance rate is only depend on  $P(\sigma|B, \mu, A, \gamma, Y)$

# MCMC Algorithm - Metropolis-Hastings

- The acceptance rate  $\alpha_{XY} = \min(1, \frac{P(X|B, \mu, A, \gamma, Y)}{P(Y|B, \mu, A, \gamma, X)})$
- Accept X if  $U < \alpha_{XY}$
- Iterate over 1000 times
- New  $\sigma$  is the mean of last 200 values in the chain

# MCMC Algorithm - Gibbs Sampling

We apply a MCMC algorithm consisting of Gibbs Sampling and Metropolis-Hastings steps.

Parameters are updated component-wise for each  $k = 1, \dots, N, N = 5000$ :

- Generate  $\beta_{ij}, j = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4$  for  $i^{th}$  hurricane from  $\pi(\mathbf{B}|Y, \mu_{k-1}^\top, \sigma_{k-1}, \Sigma_{k-1}, \gamma_{k-1})$
- Generate  $\mu_j, j = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4$  from  $\pi(\mu|Y, \mathbf{B}_k, \sigma_{k-1}, \Sigma_{k-1}, \gamma_{k-1})$
- Generate  $\sigma_k$  from the Metropolis-Hastings steps
- Generate  $\Sigma_k$  from  $\pi(\Sigma|Y, \mathbf{B}_k, \mu_k, \sigma_k, \gamma_{k-1})$
- Generate  $\gamma_k$  from  $\pi(\gamma|Y, \mathbf{B}_k, \mu_k, \sigma_k, \Sigma_k)$

# MCMC Algorithm - Initial Values

We first fit a Generalize Linear Mixed Models(GLMM)

- $\beta_i^{(0)}$ : The random effect for  $i^{th}$  hurricane from GLMM as start values
- $\mu^{(0)}$ : Average over  $\beta_i^{(0)}$
- $\sigma^{(0)}$ : Residuals from the GLMM
- $\Sigma^{(0)}$ : Variance-Covariance matrix of  $\beta_i^{(0)}$
- $\gamma^{(0)}$ : Fixed effects from the GLMM

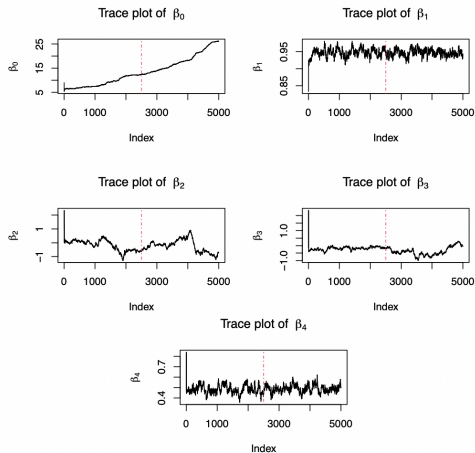


# MCMC Results - Details

- 5000 iterations
- Estimates and inferences based on 5000 MCMC samples

# MCMC Results - Beta Plots 1

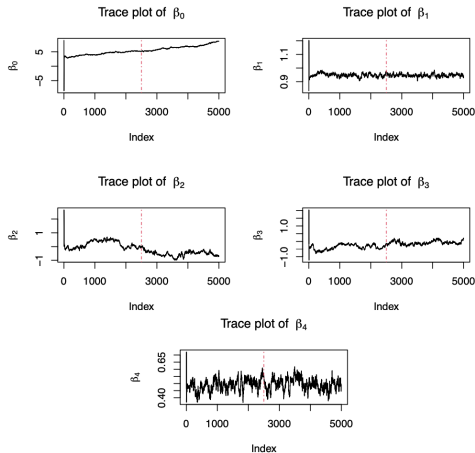
Beta plot



-Trace plots of variance parameters, based on 5000 MCMC sample.

# MCMC Results - Beta Plots 2

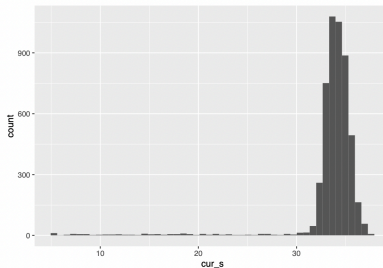
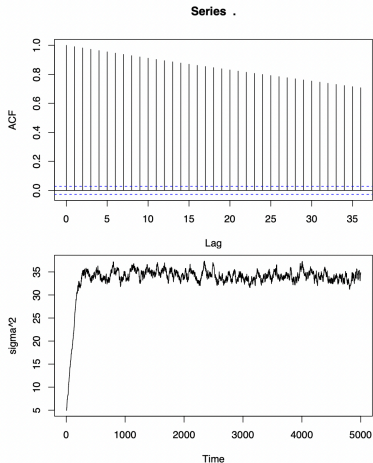
Beta plot



-Trace plots of variance parameters, based on 5000 MCMC sample.

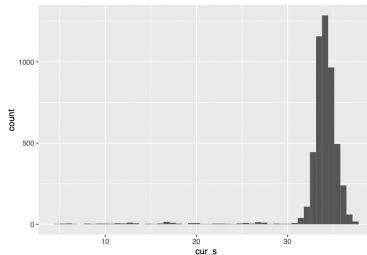
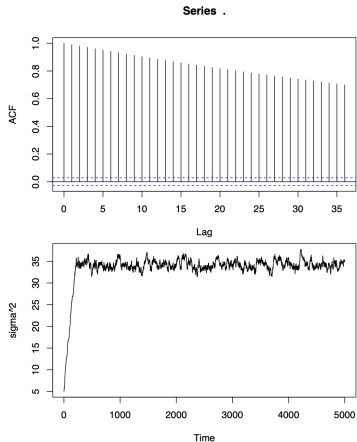
# MCMC Results - $\sigma^2$ Plots 1

$\sigma^2$  plot



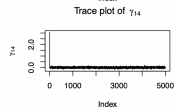
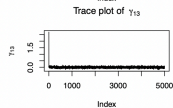
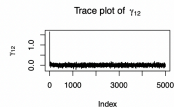
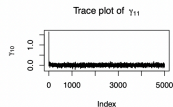
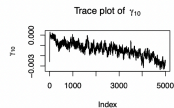
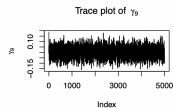
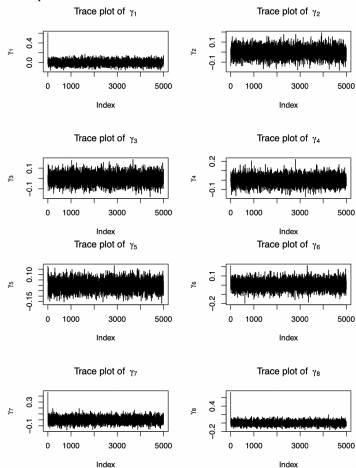
# MCMC Results - $\sigma^2$ Plots 2

$\sigma^2$  plot



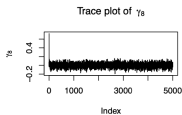
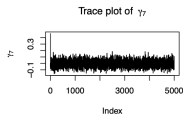
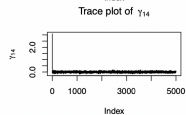
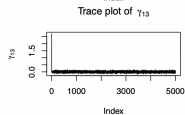
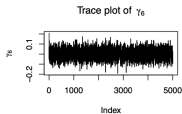
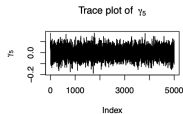
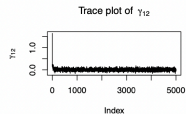
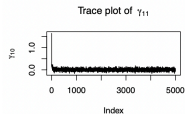
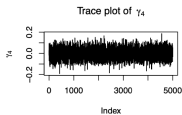
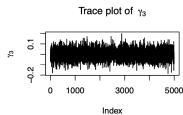
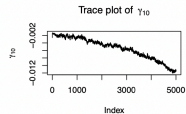
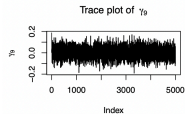
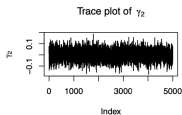
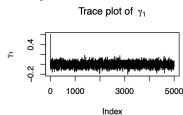
# MCMC Results - Gamma Plots 1

Gamma plot



# MCMC Results - Gamma Plots 2

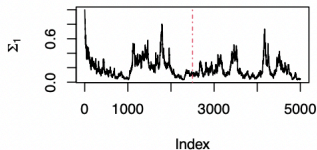
Gamma plot



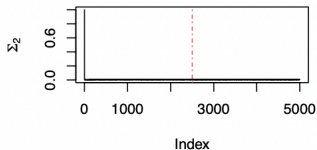
# MCMC Results - Sigma Inverse Plots 1

Sigma\_inverse plot

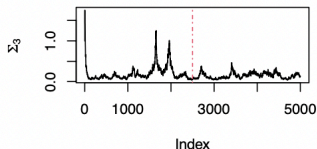
Trace plot of  $\Sigma_1$



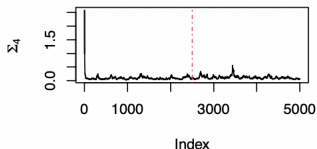
Trace plot of  $\Sigma_2$



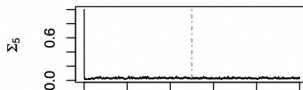
Trace plot of  $\Sigma_3$



Trace plot of  $\Sigma_4$



Trace plot of  $\Sigma_5$

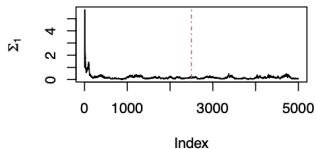




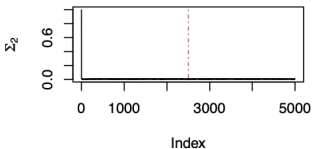
# MCMC Results - Sigma Inverse Plots 2

Sigma\_inverse plot

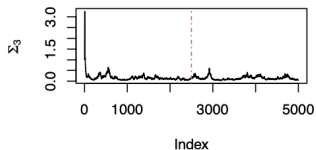
Trace plot of  $\Sigma_1$



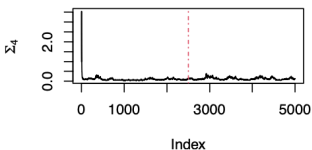
Trace plot of  $\Sigma_2$



Trace plot of  $\Sigma_3$



Trace plot of  $\Sigma_4$



Trace plot of  $\Sigma_5$

