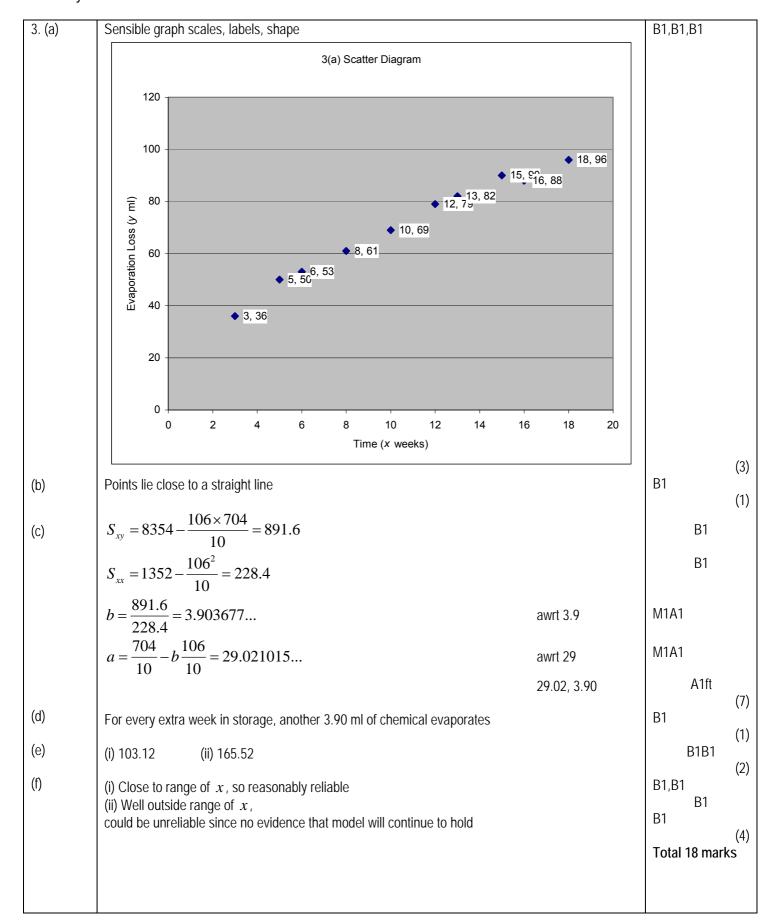
Question Number	Scheme		Marks
1. (a) (b)	Mode is 56 $Q_1 = 35, Q_2 = 52, Q_3 = 60$		B1 (1) B1,B1,B1 (3)
(c)	$\overline{x} = \frac{1335}{27} = 49.\dot{4} \text{ or } 49\frac{4}{9}$	exact or awrt 49.4	B1
	$\sigma^2 = \frac{71801}{27} - \left(\frac{1335}{27}\right)^2 = 214.5432$		M1A1ft
	$\sigma = 14.6 \text{ or } 14.9$	awrt 14.6(5) or 14.9	A1 (4)
(d)	$\frac{49.4-56}{14.6} = -0.448$	awrt range -0.44 to -0.46	M1A1 (2)
(e)	For negative skew; Mean <median<mode (49.4<52<56="" 3="" <math="" c="" not="" required)="">Q_3-Q_2<Q_2-Q_1 8 and 17 Accept other valid reason eg. 3(mean-median)/sd as alt</median<mode>	2 compared correctly ompared correctly for M1A1	M1 A1 M1 A1 ft (4)
			Total 14 marks
2. (a)	p+q=0.4 $2p+4q=1.3$	Consider with (b).	B1 M1A1 (3)
(b)	Attempt to solve $p = 0.15, q = 0.25$	If both seen, award 3.	M1 A1A1 (3)
(c)	$E(X^{2}) = 1^{2} \times 0.10 + 2^{2} \times 0.15 + \dots + 5^{2} \times 0.30 = 1$ $Var(X) = 14 - 3.5^{2} = 1.75$	4	M1A1ft M1A1 (4)
(d)	Var(3-2X) = 4Var(X) = 7.00		M1A1ft (2) Total 12 marks



4. (a)	$\frac{8}{11}$ Blue	
	$\frac{9}{12}$ Blue	
	$\frac{3}{11}$ Red Tree	M1
	$\frac{9}{11}$ Blue $\frac{9}{12}, \frac{3}{12}$ Red	A1
	$\frac{2}{11}$ Red Complete & labels	A1 (3)
(b)	P(Second ball is red)= $\frac{9}{12} \times \frac{3}{11} + \frac{3}{12} \times \frac{2}{11} = \frac{1}{4}$	M1A1 (2)
(c)	P(Both are red Second ball is red)= $\frac{\frac{3}{12} \times \frac{2}{11}}{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{2}{11}$ exact or awrt 0.182	M1A 1 (2) Total 7 marks
5. (a)	To simplify a real world problem To improve understanding / describe / analyse a real world problem Quicker and cheaper than using real thing To predict possible future outcomes Refine model / change parameters possible Any 2	B1B1
(b)	(i) e.g.s height, weight (ii) score on a face after tossing a fair die	B1B1 (2) Total 4 marks

