

Monday 3 June 2013 - Afternoon

AS GCE COMPUTING

F451/01 Computer Fundamentals

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes



Candidate forename			Candidate surname			
Centre number			Candidate nu	ımber		

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer all the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do not write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 100, of which marks are allocated to the
 assessment of the quality of written communication where an answer requires a piece of
 extended writing.
- This document consists of 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



for the e	any employs a large number of people. A computer system is used to produce the payroll employees and also to answer queries from employees when they come into the payroll tring the week.
(a) (i)	State one input device which would be used on this system and why it would be used.
	[2]
(ii)	State one output device which would be used on this system and why it would be used.
	[2]
(iii)	State a storage device which would be used on this system and why it would be used.
	[2]
(b) (i)	Explain the difference between a batch operating system and a real-time operating system.
	[2]
(ii)	Give one example of a batch process from this payroll system giving a reason why it needs to be a batch process.
	·

	(111)	Give one example of a real-time process from this payroll system giving a reason why it needs to be a real-time process.
		[2]
(c)		company maintains a SALES file with details of all its sales and a CUSTOMER file with ills of all customers who have accounts.
	The files	company has been advised that they should take backups and archives of the data in the .
	(i)	Explain what is meant by an archive of a file and why it is necessary.
		[3]
	(ii)	Describe an efficient backup routine for SALES explaining your choices.
		[6]

(d)	system.
	Explain how the measures of the Data Protection Act are designed to protect the privacy o data.

(e)	Gen	eric applications software is used throughout the different departments in the company.
	(i)	State two types of generic applications software that would be used by the sales department and say what each would be used for.
		1
		2
		[4]
	/:: \	
	(ii)	State two types of generic applications software that would be used by the accounts department and say what each would be used for.
	(11)	
	(11)	department and say what each would be used for.
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	(11)	department and say what each would be used for. 1
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2	(a)	Exp byte	ress the following denary numbers as sign and magnitude binary numbers using an 8 les.	oit
		(i)	+35	
			[1]
		(ii)	-37	
			[1]
	(b)	(i)	Add together the two answers obtained in part (a).	
		(ii)	Explain why sign and magnitude form is rarely used for computer arithmetic.	•
			[3]
	(c)	(i)	Explain what is meant by the character set of a computer.	
			г	 21

Describe what is meant by UNICODE.
[2]

3	(a)		computer smission.		uses	s ec	choin	g to	de [·]	tect	when	errors	s hav	e occ	currec	during	data
			scribe how cked for e					as b	een	trans	smitted	from	one o	device	to a	nother c	an be
		0110	onou for c	,,,,,,,	g oc	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	·y·										
		•••••					•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••			•••••	•••••			
																	[3]
	(b)	Anc	ther com	puter sy	stem	uses	pari	ty to	che	ck th	e data	that h	as be	en trai	nsmitt	ed.	
		The	following	block o	f data	has	bee	n tra	nsmi	itted.							
			J		0 0				1								
					1 0				1								
					1 1				0								
				1	0 1	0	0 1	1 0	0								
				1	0 1	0	0	1 0	1								
				_			0 1										
					<u>0 1</u> 1 0						 Pa	arity k	nvte				
				O	1 0	•	U		U		1 6	illy k	ую				
		(i)	One bit h	nas beei	n wror	ngly	trans	smitte	ed.								
			Circle th	e single	bit tha	at ha	ıs be	en w	rong	gly tra	ansmitt	ted.					[1]
		(ii)	Explain I	how you	work	ed o	ut yo	ur a	nswe	er to	(i).						
							•••••	•••••	•••••								
																	[3]

(iii)	Describe how this method of checking for errors can state that there are no errors in a block when in fact there are.
	2

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	ystems analyst has been employed to produce a new computer system for an organisation. analyst decides to follow the stages of the systems life cycle.
(a)	Describe how the waterfall model of the systems life cycle would be useful for the analyst in producing the system.
	[2]
(b)	The analyst must produce a design specification for the new system.
	Explain the design stage of the systems life cycle, including the use of prototyping, that the analyst will be expected to use during the design.
	The quality of written communication will be assessed in your answer to this question.

	•
	•••
	• •
[8	21
······································	-]

Turn over for next question

Describe the purpose of each of the following parts of a computer.

(i)	Memory unit
	ro
(ii)	ALU [3]
(,	
	[3

5

(i)	simplex	
(ii)	half duplex	
(iii)	serial	
(iv)	parallel	
o) Wh	en two devices are to communicate with each other the data transmissions must be	
fror	en two devices are to communicate with each other the data transmissions must be none device to the other through a communications medium. Scribe three media used to connect devices so that data can be transmitted.	
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(a) Describe what is meant by

	(i)	an interrupt
		[2]
	(ii)	a buffer.
		[2]
(b)	A co	omputer system includes a printer.
	(i)	Explain the role of the printer buffer in the transfer of a job from the computer to the printer.
		[3]
	(ii)	Explain why an interrupt is necessary during the transfer of data from the computer to the printer.
		[3]

- **8** A student owns a computer which he uses for:
 - producing project work in hard copy form
 - playing games with friends on the internet
 - downloading video and music files.

He uses a number of pieces of utility software.

State the purpose of each of the following types of utility software and describe how the student would use them.

(i)	Compression software	
	Purpose	
	Use	
		[3]
(ii)	Anti-virus software	
	Purpose	
	Use	
		[3]
(iii)	Backup utility	
	Purpose	
	Use	
		[2]

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