Reproducible code for STA640 final project

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Load required packages

```
#install.packages('gsynth')
#install.packages('Synth')
library(gsynth)
## ## Syntax has been updated since v.1.2.0.
## ## Comments and suggestions -> yiqingxu@stanford.edu.
library(Synth)
## ##
## ## Synth Package: Implements Synthetic Control Methods.
## ## See https://web.stanford.edu/~jhain/synthpage.html for additional information.
require(parallel)
## Loading required package: parallel
require(foreach)
## Loading required package: foreach
require(ggplot2)
## Loading required package: ggplot2
require(GGally)
## Loading required package: GGally
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'GGally':
    method from
##
     +.gg
           ggplot2
set.seed(123)
```

Set work directory and load the factors and factor loadings

Please change it accordingly.

```
rm(list=ls())
setwd('/Users/yi/Library/CloudStorage/Dropbox/Duke/2024 spring/causal inference/final project')
## fixed factors and loadings
load("FLSource.RData")
```

Data generation Process

I start with the following data generating process (DGP)

```
Y_{it} = \alpha_{it}D_{it} + 1 \cdot x_{it,1} + 3 \cdot x_{it,2} + \lambda_t \mu_i + \eta_i + \xi_t + 5 + \epsilon_{it}
```

```
# The simulation function is referred to the code provided by Xu (2017)
simulate<-function(Ntr, Nco, T0, p, r, m=0, w=1, D.sd=1, att=c(1:10),</pre>
                   beta=NULL, mu=0, fixF=FALSE, fixL=FALSE, fsize=1,
                   FE=0, seed=NULL,unif=FALSE,AR1=0) {
  ## p, number of covariates (p=0, no covariates)
  ## Ntr, Nco, N
  ## TO, T
  ## r
  ## m: number of Z
  ## overlap w = [0,1], w==1 means complete overlap
  ## D.sd: heterogeneity
  ## beta: true coefficients for X
  ## att: average treatment effect
  ## fsize: relative importance of factors vs. covariates
  ## trend: importance of a linear time trend
  ## FE: to include unit and time fixed effects
  ## fixF: factors as given
  ## fixL: loadings as given
  ## AR1: Autoregressive(1) coefficient
  if (is.null(seed)==FALSE) {
   set.seed(seed)
  }
  N<-Ntr+Nco
  T<-T0+length(att)
  Tr<-1:Ntr # treatment
  Co<-(Ntr+1):N # control
  pre<-1:T0
 pst<-c(1:T)[-pre]
  ## ##########################
  ## Data generating process
  ## ##########################
  rr<-m + r # observed and unobserved
  ## loadings: get 10 (for the construction of X), use the first 1:r columns
  ss<-sqrt(3) # to ensure variance =1
  if (rr > 0) {
   if (fixL==FALSE) {
      lambda<-matrix(runif(N*rr,min=-ss,max=ss),N,rr) # loadings</pre>
      lambda<-L.source[c(c(1:Ntr),c(501:(500+Nco))),1:rr]
```

```
lambda[1:Ntr,] <- lambda[1:Ntr,]+(1-w)*2*ss # overlap of loadings, w determines the shift of the un
}
## factors
if (fixF==FALSE) { # F not given
  factor<-matrix(rnorm(T*rr),T,rr) # factors</pre>
} else {
  if (unif==FALSE) {
    factor<-F.source[(dim(F.source)[1]-T+1):dim(F.source)[1],1:rr]</pre>
    # always use the last T rows, first rr columns
  } else { # uniform distribution
    factor<-F.u.source[(dim(F.u.source)[1]-T+1):dim(F.u.source)[1],1:rr]</pre>
}
## fixed effects
if (FE==1) {
  ## unit fixed effects
  if (fixL==FALSE) {
    alpha<-runif(N,min=-ss,max=ss)</pre>
  } else {
    alpha \leftarrow L.source[c(c(1:Ntr),c(501:(500+Nco))),20] # the last column
  alpha[1:Ntr] \leftarrow alpha[1:Ntr] + (1-w)*2*ss
  ## time fixed effects
  if (fixF==FALSE) {
   xi \leftarrow rnorm(T, 0, 1)
  } else {
    if (unif==FALSE) {
     xi<-F.source[(dim(F.source)[1]-T+1):dim(F.source)[1],20] # the 20th (last) column
      xi<-F.u.source[(dim(F.u.source)[1]-T+1):dim(F.u.source)[1],20] # the 20th (last) column
  }
}
e <- matrix(rnorm(T*N),T,N) # disturbances</pre>
## time varying covariates: always generated by the same first two factors
truebeta<-beta
if (p!=0) {
 X \leftarrow array(0, dim = c(T, N, p)) # regressor matrix, must be T by N by p
 for (j in 1:p) {
    X[,,j] <- matrix(rnorm(T*N),T,N) +</pre>
      0.5 * factor[,1:2] %*% t(lambda[,1:2]) +
      0.25 * matrix(1,T,2) %*% t(lambda[,1:2]) +
      0.25 * factor[,1:2] %*% matrix(1,2,N)+1
  }
}
## treatment assignment
```

```
D<-cbind(rbind(matrix(0,T0,Ntr),matrix(1,(T-T0),Ntr)),matrix(0,T,Nco))
## the treatment effect
eff \leftarrow matrix(c(rep(0,T0),att),T,N)+rbind(matrix(0,T0,N),matrix(rnorm((T-T0)*N,0,D.sd),(T-T0),N))
## outcome variable
YO<- e + matrix(mu,T,N) # error + grand mean
if (r>0) {
  YO <- YO + fsize*factor%*%t(lambda)
if (FE==1) {
  YO <- YO + matrix(alpha,T,N,byrow=TRUE) + matrix(xi,T,N,byrow=FALSE)
if (p!=0) { # covariates
  for (k in 1:p) {
    YO<-YO+X[,,k]*truebeta[k]
  }
}
Y1 <- Y0 + eff
if (AR1>0) {
  for (t in 2:T) {
    YO[t,] < -YO[(t-1),] *AR1 + YO[t,]
    Y1[t,] < -Y1[(t-1),]*AR1 + Y1[t,]
  }
  eff.acc<-Y1-Y0 # accumulative effect, T*N matrix
Y \leftarrow (\text{matrix}(1,T,N)-D)*Y0+D*Y1
if (AR1>0) {
  Y.lag<-matrix(NA,T,N); Y.lag[2:T,]<-Y[1:(T-1),]
## substract error
Y.bar <- Y - e
## panel structure
panel <- as.data.frame(cbind(rep(101:(100+N),each=T),rep(1:T,N),
                             c(Y), c(Y0), c(Y1), c(D), c(eff), c(e), c(Y.bar),
                             rep(mu, T*N), rep(1, T*N),
                             c(rep(1,T*Ntr),rep(0,T*Nco))))
cname<-c("id","time","Y","Y0","Y1","D","eff","error","Ybar","mu","X0","treat")</pre>
if (p!=0) {
  for (i in 1:p) {
    panel<-cbind(panel,c(X[,,i]))</pre>
    cname<-c(cname,paste("X",i,sep=""))</pre>
  }
}
if (rr > 0) {
  for (i in 1:rr) {
    panel<-cbind(panel,rep(factor[,i],N))</pre>
    cname<-c(cname,paste("F",i,sep=""))</pre>
  }
}
if (m > 0) {
```

```
for (i in 1:m) {
      panel<-cbind(panel,rep(lambda[,i],each=T))</pre>
      cname<-c(cname,paste("Z",i,sep=""))</pre>
    }
  }
  if (r > 0) {
    for (i in 1:r) {
      panel<-cbind(panel,rep(lambda[,(m+i)],each=T))</pre>
      cname<-c(cname,paste("L",i,sep=""))</pre>
    }
  }
  if (FE==1) {
    panel<-cbind(panel,rep(alpha,each=T),rep(xi,N))</pre>
    cname<-c(cname, "alpha", "xi")</pre>
  }
  if (AR1>0) {
    panel<-cbind(panel,c(Y.lag),c(eff.acc))</pre>
    cname<-c(cname, "Y_lag", "eff_acc")</pre>
  }
  colnames(panel)<-cname</pre>
  return(panel)
For simplicity, specify only one treated unit and 40 potential control units. Let T_0 = 20, T = 30.
Ntr = 1
Nco = 40
T0 = 20
simdata<-simulate(Ntr=Ntr,Nco=Nco,TO=TO,p=2,r=2,m=0,w=1,D.sd=1,beta=c(1,3),
                mu=5,att=c(1:10),fsize=1,FE=1,fixF=TRUE, fixL=TRUE)
head(simdata)
      id time
##
                     Y
                                       Y1 D eff
                                                                  Ybar mu X0 treat
                              Y0
                                                       error
## 1 101
            1 6.409181 6.409181 6.409181 0
                                               0 -0.56047565 6.969657 5 1
## 2 101
            2 5.973575 5.973575 5.973575 0
                                              0 -0.23017749 6.203753 5
                                                                           1
## 3 101
            3 4.877956 4.877956 4.877956 0
                                              0 1.55870831 3.319248 5 1
## 4 101
            4 4.284091 4.284091 4.284091 0
                                              0 0.07050839 4.213582
                                                                       5 1
                                                                                 1
## 5 101
            5 9.472339 9.472339 9.472339 0
                                              0 0.12928774 9.343051
                                                                        5
                                                                           1
                                                                                 1
            6 8.950004 8.950004 8.950004 0
                                               0 1.71506499 7.234939 5 1
## 6 101
                                                                                 1
##
              X1
                          X2
                                     F1
                                                 F2
                                                            L1
                                                                        L2
                                                                                alpha
## 1 0.05620745 0.9226368 0.9021509 -1.0916904 -0.1359097 -0.1737427 -0.8535746
## 2 2.57565884 0.1057750 -0.3494070 -1.4527681 -0.1359097 -0.1737427 -0.8535746
## 3 0.73819369 -0.2880781 0.5899300 -0.7816915 -0.1359097 -0.1737427 -0.8535746
## 4 -1.06129387 0.3505345 -0.1578084 -0.7984798 -0.1359097 -0.1737427 -0.8535746
## 5 0.74677802 1.3226294 0.7978737 -0.7184602 -0.1359097 -0.1737427 -0.8535746
## 6 -0.85501609
                  1.1717709 1.0865618 -0.2511037 -0.1359097 -0.1737427 -0.8535746
##
## 1 -0.06794850
## 2 -1.13555204
## 3 -0.75677320
## 4 -0.08333068
## 5 0.46557078
## 6 0.53226379
```

```
true.effect<-matrix(simdata$eff,30,41)[,1]</pre>
```

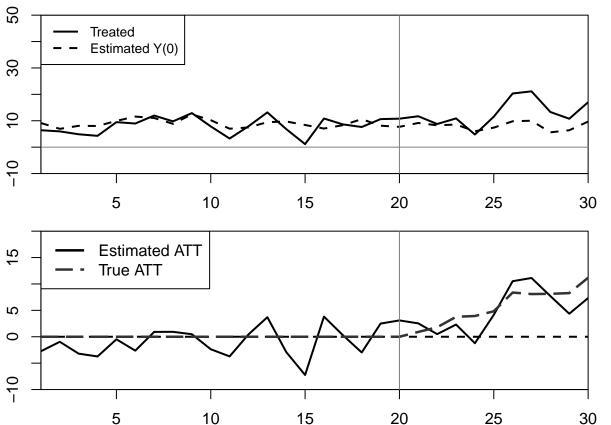
Standard Synthetic Control Method

X2 0.612

```
dataprep.out <-
  dataprep(simdata,
          predictors = c("X1", "X2"),
          dependent = "Y",
          unit.variable = "id",
          time.variable = "time",
          treatment.identifier = 101,
          controls.identifier = c(102:141),
          time.predictors.prior = c(1:20),
          time.optimize.ssr = c(1:20),
time.plot = c(1:30)
 )
# Run synth
synth.out <- synth(dataprep.out)</pre>
## X1, X0, Z1, Z0 all come directly from dataprep object.
##
## *********
## searching for synthetic control unit
##
##
## ********
## ********
## ********
##
## MSPE (LOSS V): 8.756496
##
## solution.v:
## 0.3880988 0.6119012
## solution.w:
## 0.02504122 0.02579798 0.01996188 0.02513658 0.02280001 0.02384903 0.1024963 0.0252746 0.0228754 0.0
print(synth.tables <- synth.tab(</pre>
 dataprep.res = dataprep.out,
 synth.res = synth.out)
)
## $tab.pred
     Treated Synthetic Sample Mean
                        0.966
## X1 0.986 0.986
## X2 0.938 0.938
                           1.012
## $tab.v
     v.weights
## X1 0.388
```

```
##
## $tab.w
##
       w.weights unit.names unit.numbers
           0.025
                                        102
## 102
                          102
## 103
           0.026
                          103
                                        103
## 104
           0.020
                          104
                                        104
## 105
           0.025
                          105
                                        105
## 106
           0.023
                                        106
                          106
## 107
           0.024
                          107
                                        107
## 108
                          108
                                        108
           0.102
## 109
           0.025
                          109
                                        109
## 110
           0.023
                          110
                                        110
## 111
           0.023
                          111
                                        111
## 112
           0.024
                          112
                                        112
## 113
           0.022
                          113
                                        113
## 114
           0.023
                          114
                                        114
## 115
           0.023
                          115
                                        115
## 116
           0.023
                          116
                                        116
## 117
           0.020
                          117
                                        117
## 118
           0.019
                          118
                                        118
## 119
           0.022
                          119
                                        119
## 120
           0.027
                          120
                                        120
## 121
                                        121
           0.022
                          121
## 122
           0.026
                          122
                                        122
## 123
           0.027
                          123
                                        123
## 124
           0.025
                          124
                                        124
## 125
           0.023
                          125
                                        125
## 126
           0.020
                          126
                                        126
## 127
           0.025
                          127
                                        127
## 128
                                        128
           0.024
                          128
## 129
           0.019
                          129
                                        129
## 130
           0.021
                          130
                                        130
## 131
           0.021
                          131
                                        131
## 132
           0.024
                          132
                                        132
## 133
           0.026
                          133
                                        133
## 134
           0.019
                          134
                                        134
## 135
           0.023
                          135
                                        135
## 136
           0.025
                          136
                                        136
## 137
           0.023
                          137
                                        137
## 138
           0.019
                          138
                                        138
## 139
           0.024
                          139
                                        139
## 140
           0.021
                          140
                                        140
## 141
           0.023
                          141
                                        141
##
## $tab.loss
##
              Loss W
                       Loss V
## [1,] 2.43636e-14 8.756496
par(mfcol=c(2,1),mar=c(2,3,1,1),lend=1)
path.plot(synth.res
                         = synth.out,
          dataprep.res = dataprep.out,
                         = c("Y"),
          Ylab
                         = c("Year"),
          Xlab
          Ylim
                         = c(-10,50),
```

```
Legend = c("Treated", "Estimated Y(0)"),
          Legend.position = c("topleft")
abline(h=0,col="gray50",lty=1)
abline(v=20,col="gray50",lty=1,lwd=1)
par(lend=1)
gaps.plot(synth.res
                       = synth.out,
          dataprep.res = dataprep.out,
          Ylab
                       = c("Estimated ATT"),
          Xlab
                       = c("Year"),
          Ylim
                       = c(-10, 20),
          Main
lines(1:30,true.effect,col="gray20",lty=5,lwd=2.5)
abline(v=20,col="gray50",lty=1,lwd=1)
legend("topleft",
       legend=c("Estimated ATT", "True ATT"),
       col=c(1,"gray20"),
       lty=c(1,5), lwd=c(2.5,2.5))
```



Generalized Synthetic Control Method

```
se = TRUE, nboots = 1000, r = c(0, 5), CV = TRUE,
                force = "two-way", parallel = TRUE, cores = 4)
## Parallel computing ...
## Cross-validating ...
## r = 0; sigma2 = 1.77693; IC = 0.99439; PC = 1.67180; MSPE = 1.50434
## r = 1; sigma2 = 1.45788; IC = 1.19234; PC = 2.01519; MSPE = 1.19745
## r = 2; sigma2 = 0.99973; IC = 1.19914; PC = 1.82490; MSPE = 1.03294
## r = 3; sigma2 = 0.94775; IC = 1.51797; PC = 2.15156; MSPE = 0.85662
## r = 4; sigma2 = 0.89882; IC = 1.82537; PC = 2.44173; MSPE = 0.80854*
## r = 5; sigma2 = 0.84869; IC = 2.11658; PC = 2.68588; MSPE = 0.89193
##
## r* = 4
##
## Simulating errors ...Bootstrapping ...
##
##
      user system elapsed
            0.602 18.937
##
     1.207
## save the results
Y<-out$Y.dat
tb<-out$est.att
Yb<-out$Y.bar[,1:2] ## treated average and counterfactual average
tr<-out$tr
pre<-out$pre
T<-out$T
TO<-out$TO
p<-out$p
m<-out$m
Ntr<-out$Ntr
F.hat<-out$factor
L.tr<-out$lambda.tr
L.co<-out$lambda.co
time<-out$time</pre>
time.bf<-time[unique(T0)]
show <- 1:30
par(mfcol=c(2,1),mar=c(2,3,1,1),lend=1)
# raw plot
plot(time[show],Yb[show,1],type="n",ylim=c(-10, 50),main="",ylab="",xlab="")
lines(time[show], Yb[show, 2], col="gray20", lty=5, lwd=2.5)
lines(time[show], Yb[show, 1], col=1, lty=1, lwd=2.5)
abline(v=time.bf,col="gray50",lty=1,lwd=1)
legend("topleft",legend=c("Treated",
                          "Estimated Y(0) Average for the Treated"),
       cex=1.3, seg.len=2, col=c("1", "gray20"),
       fill=NA, border=NA, lty=c(1,5), lwd=c(2.5,2.5), merge=T, bty="n")
## gap plot
par(lend=1)
plot(time[show],tb[show,1],type="n",ylim=c(-10,20),main="",ylab="",xlab="")
polygon(c(rev(time[show]),
          time[show]),
        c(rev(tb[show,4]), tb[show,3]), col = '#80808050', border = NA)
```

