Lab06

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How the Tetracycline Came to Peoria

ckm_nodes.csv has information about each individual doctor in the four towns. ckm_network.dat records which doctors knew each other.

Part I

1.

##

11

9 11

```
ckm_nodes <- read_csv('data/ckm_nodes.csv')</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
     city = col_character(),
##
##
     adoption_date = col_double(),
##
     medical_school = col_character(),
##
     attend_meetings = col_character(),
##
     medical_journals = col_double(),
##
     free_time_with = col_character(),
##
     discuss_medicine_socially = col_character(),
##
     club_with_drs = col_character(),
##
     drs_among_three_best_friends = col_double(),
##
     practicing_here = col_character(),
##
     office_visits_per_week = col_character(),
##
     proximity_to_other_drs = col_character(),
##
     specialty = col_character()
## )
  2.
  a.
table(ckm_nodes$adoption_date)
##
##
                          6
                              7
     1
             3
                      5
                                  8
                                         10
                                              11
                                                  12
                                                      13
                                                               15
                                                                  16
                                                          14
```

5

3

13

11 11

7

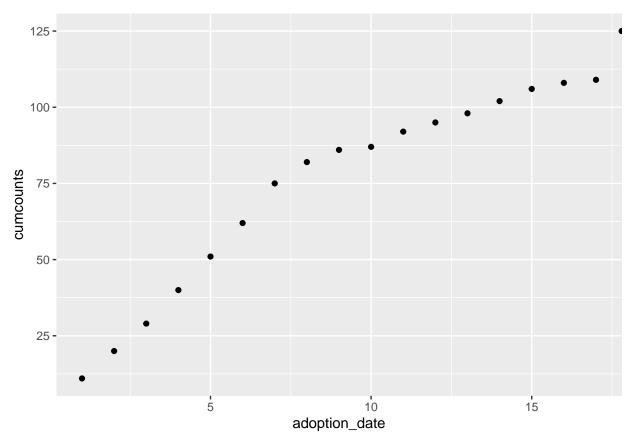
4

```
sum(is.na(ckm_nodes$adoption_date))
## [1] 121
\Rightarrow 16 doctors never prescribed, 121 are NAs.
  b.
anum <- which(!is.na(ckm_nodes$adoption_date))</pre>
length(anum)
## [1] 125
ckm_nodes <- ckm_nodes %>%
 filter(!is.na(adoption_date))
  3.
ckm_nodes %>% group_by(adoption_date) %>%
  summarize(counts = n()) %>%
  ggplot() + #pipe operator exists, shouldn't write ggplot(data = ckm_nodes)
  geom_point(mapping = aes(x = adoption_date, y = counts))
## 'summarise()' ungrouping output (override with '.groups' argument)
   16 -
   12 -
counts
    4 -
                              5
                                                       10
                                                                                15
```

adoption_date

```
ckm_nodes %>% group_by(adoption_date) %>%
summarize(counts = n()) %>%
arrange(adoption_date) %>%
mutate(cumcounts = cumsum(counts)) %>%
ggplot() +
geom_point(aes(x = adoption_date, y = cumcounts))
```

'summarise()' ungrouping output (override with '.groups' argument)



4.a.

```
adopted.early.boo <- ckm_nodes$adoption_date <= 2
sum(adopted.early.boo)</pre>
```

[1] 20

```
adopted.early.ind <- which(ckm_nodes$adoption_date <= 2)</pre>
```

b.

```
adopted.late.boo <- ckm_nodes$adoption_date > 14
sum(adopted.late.boo)
```

[1] 23

```
adopted.late.ind <- which(ckm_nodes$adoption_date >14)
Part II
  5.
ckm_network <- read.table('data/ckm_network.dat')</pre>
#read_table() gives warning messages but read.table() doesn't (?)
dim(ckm_network)
## [1] 246 246
ckm_network <- ckm_network[anum,anum]</pre>
dim(ckm_network)
## [1] 125 125
  6.
contact.num <- rowSums(ckm_network)</pre>
contact.num[41]
## 70
## 3
  7.
  a.
contact.37 <- ckm_network[37,]==1 & ckm_nodes$adoption_date<=5</pre>
sum(contact.37)
## [1] 3
  b.
sum(contact.37)/sum(ckm_network[37,])
```

[1] 0.6