

BUILD: Project I / Design & Implement a Relational Database

1. Business Requirement

Our client is a sport event statistics committee who would like to have a database with information of Olympic Games during the past 120 years. Information they are interested in includes how many **athletes** **participated** in a **game**, how many and **teams** **attended** in a game, the number of **medals** for each team in a **game**, the athletes' information like their **age**, **weight**, and **height**, the number of athletes in an event, how many athletes have participated in multiple Olympic Games, which athlete **won** the most medals in the history of Olympic Games in a certain **event**, the general trend of athlete's **body information** along the years, as well as **types of sports** in different Olympic Games.

Nouns (In Red):

athletes
teams
game
medals
age
weight
height
event
types
sports
body information

Verbs (In Blue):

participated
attended
won

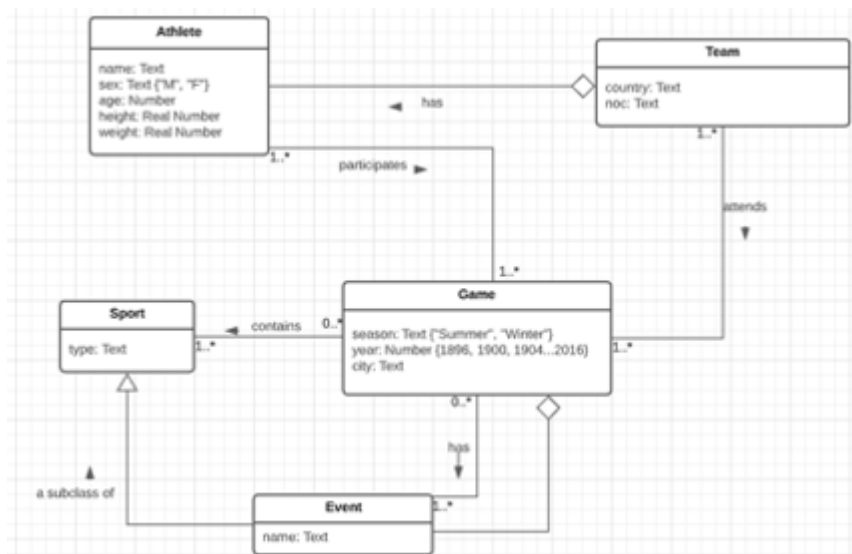
Business Rules

- A team could participate in multiple Olympic Games
- A team must participate in 1 Game to be recorded in the database.
- A team attending a Game must have at least 1 athlete.

- An athlete must participate in 1 Olympic Game to be recorded in the database.
- An athlete could participate in multiple events in an Olympic Games.
- An athlete could win several medals in 1 Game.
- An athlete could participate in Olympic Games for different teams, for instance Mary could participated in 1992 Summer with Team US and with Team Japan in 1996 Summer.
- A Sport type could have multiple events
- An event must belong to a Sport type.
- A Game must have multiple teams participating.

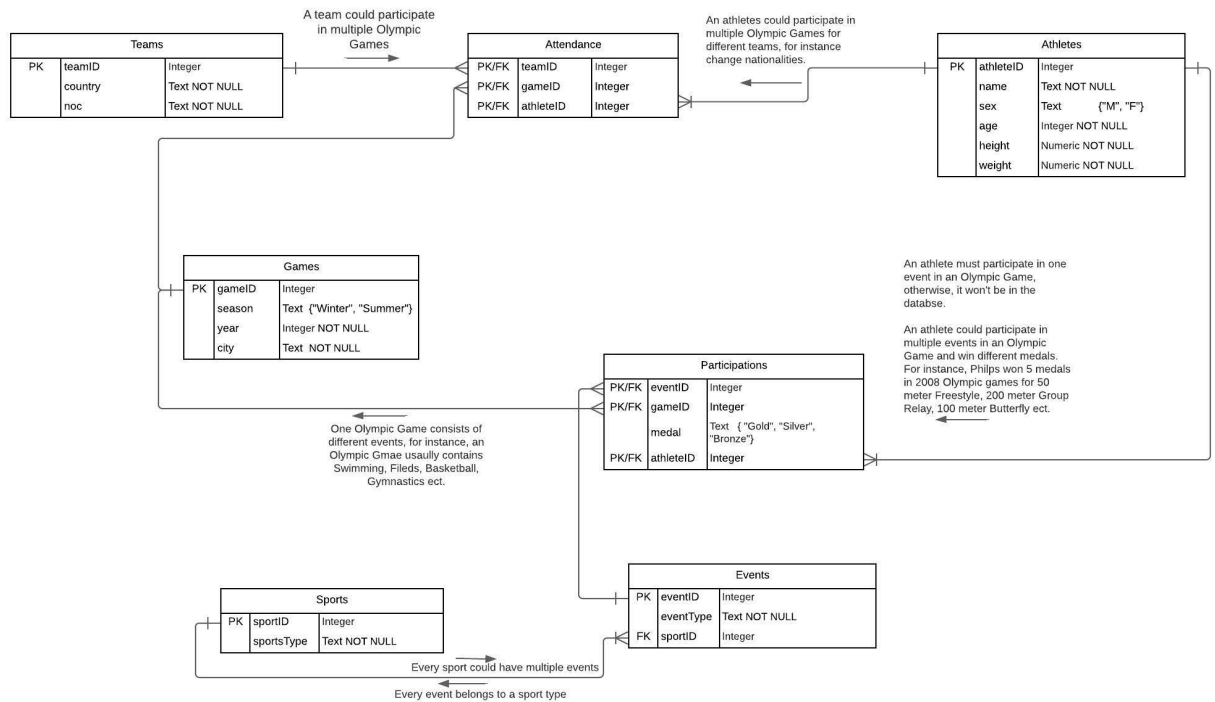
2. Conceptual Model in UML

https://lucid.app/lucidchart/47f13deb-0c7c-49cc-9430-6288f6ab24e9/edit?invitationId=inv_6602d40b-2285-42b7-b5b8-753d12cb2c87&page=sAllboIWdedI#



3. Logical Model in ERD

https://lucid.app/lucidchart/47f13deb-0c7c-49cc-9430-6288f6ab24e9/edit?viewport_loc=-596%2C4%2C3669%2C1955%2CRkZlGxn.R~cp&invitationId=inv_6602d40b-2285-42b7-b5b8-753d12cb2c87



4. Relational Schema

Teams {teamID, country, noc}

Attendance {teamID, gameID, athleteID}

Athletes {athleteID, name, sex, age, height, weight}

Participations {eventID, gameID, athleteID, medal}

Events {eventID, eventType, sportID}

Sports {sportID, sportsType}

Games {gameID, season, year, city}

Definition: A relation schema R is in **Boyce-Codd normal form (BCNF)** if, for every FD $X \rightarrow A$ in F , where X is the subset of the attributes of R , and A is an attribute of R , one of the following statements holds

$\Rightarrow X \rightarrow Y$ is a trivial FD, that is, $Y \subseteq X$.

$\Rightarrow X$ is a superkey.

In simple terms, it can be stated as

A relation schema R is in **BCNF** if and only if every non-trivial FD has a candidate key as its determinant.

In the Relation Schema Teams, teamID is unique to every country, and the attribute noc is fully functional dependent on the key {teamID}, therefore, it's in BCNF.

In Attendance, since all the attributes are a subset of primary key, all the FDs are trivial, therefore, it's in BCNF.

In Athletes, an athlete's name, sex, age, height, weight is all determined by athleteID, and athleteID is primary key, which is a minimal super key, so it's in BCNF.

In Participations, an athlete's participation in an event in a game can determine the result of the medal. {eventID, gameID, athleteID} \rightarrow medal and the primary key is composite key with eventID, gameID, athleteID. Therefore, it is in BCNF.

In Events, an eventID uniquely determines the eventType, and an event could only belong to one sport type, which is represented as sportID in this schema. Therefore, it is in BCNF.

In Sports, sportID determines sportsType. No other attributes are involved.

In Games, the season and year determines the city where a game held. {season, year} -> city. Season and year are superkeys. It's in BCNF.

5. Show that the tables were created and conform to the constraints through screen shots or other means.

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS "Teams" (  
    "teamID" Integer,  
    "country" Text NOT NULL,  
    "noc" Text NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY("teamID")  
);  
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS "Athletes" (  
    "athleteID" Integer,  
    "name" Text NOT NULL,  
    "sex" TEXT CHECK("sex" IN ("M", "F")),  
    "age" Integer NOT NULL,  
    "height" NUMERIC NOT NULL,  
    "weight" NUMERIC NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY("athleteID")  
);  
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS "Sports" (  
    "sportID" Integer,  
    "sportsType" Text NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY("sportID")  
);  
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS "Games" (  
    "gameID" Integer,  
    "season" TEXT CHECK("season" IN ("Winter", "Summer")),  
    "year" Integer NOT NULL,  
    "city" Text NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY("gameID")  
);  
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS "Events" (  
    "eventID" Integer,  
    "eventType" Text NOT NULL,  
    "sportID" Integer,  
    CONSTRAINT "FK_Events.sportID" FOREIGN KEY("sportID") REFERENCES "Sports"("sportID"),  
    PRIMARY KEY("eventID")  
);  
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS "Participations" (  
    "eventID" Integer,  
    "gameID" Integer,  
    "medal" TEXT CHECK("medal" IN ("Gold", "Bronze", "Silver")),  
    "athleteID" Integer,  
    CONSTRAINT "FK_Participations.athleteID" FOREIGN KEY("athleteID") REFERENCES "Athletes"("athleteID"),  
    CONSTRAINT "FK_Participations.gameID" FOREIGN KEY("gameID") REFERENCES "Games"("gameID"),  
    CONSTRAINT "FK_Participations.eventID" FOREIGN KEY("eventID") REFERENCES "Events"("eventID"),  
    PRIMARY KEY("eventID", "gameID", "athleteID")  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS "Attendance" (
  "teamID" Integer,
  "gameID" Integer,
  "athleteID" Integer,
  CONSTRAINT "FK_Attendance.teamID" FOREIGN KEY("teamID") REFERENCES "Teams"("teamID"),
  CONSTRAINT "FK_Attendance.athleteID" FOREIGN KEY("athleteID") REFERENCES "Athletes"("athleteID"),
  CONSTRAINT "FK_Attendance.gameID" FOREIGN KEY("gameID") REFERENCES "Teams"("gameID"),
  PRIMARY KEY("teamID","gameID","athleteID")
);
```

Name	Type	Schema
Tables (7)		
Athletes		CREATE TABLE "Athletes" ("athleteID" Integer,"name" Text NOT NULL,"sex" Text CHECK("sex" IN ("M","F")), "age" Integer NOT NULL,"height" Numeric NOT NULL,"weight" Numeric NOT NULL,PRIMARY KEY ("athleteID"))
Attendance		CREATE TABLE "Attendance" ("teamID" Integer,"gameID" Integer,"athleteID" Integer,PRIMARY KEY ("teamID","gameID","athleteID"),CONSTRAINT "FK_Attendance.teamID" FOREIGN KEY ("teamID") REFERENCES "Teams"("teamID"),CONSTRAINT "FK_Attendance.athleteID" FOREIGN KEY ("athleteID") REFERENCES "Athletes"("athleteID"),CONSTRAINT "FK_Attendance.gameID" FOREIGN KEY ("gameID") REFERENCES "Teams"("gameID"))
Events		CREATE TABLE "Events" ("eventID" Integer,"eventType" Text NOT NULL,"sportID" Integer,PRIMARY KEY ("eventID"),CONSTRAINT "FK_Events.sportID" FOREIGN KEY ("sportID") REFERENCES "Sports"("sportID"))
Games		CREATE TABLE "Games" ("gameID" Integer,"season" Text CHECK("season" IN ("Winter","Summer")), "year" Integer NOT NULL,"city" Text NOT NULL,PRIMARY KEY ("gameID"))
Participations		CREATE TABLE "Participations" ("eventID" Integer,"gameID" Integer,"medal" Text CHECK("medal" IN ("Gold","Bronze","Silver")), "athleteID" Integer,PRIMARY KEY ("eventID","gameID","athleteID"),CONSTRAINT "FK_Participations.eventID" FOREIGN KEY ("eventID") REFERENCES "Events"("eventID"),CONSTRAINT "FK_Participations.gameID" FOREIGN KEY ("gameID") REFERENCES "Games"("gameID"),CONSTRAINT "FK_Participations.athleteID" FOREIGN KEY ("athleteID") REFERENCES "Athletes"("athleteID"))
Sports		CREATE TABLE "Sports" ("sportID" Integer,"sportsType" Text NOT NULL,PRIMARY KEY ("sportID"))
Teams		CREATE TABLE "Teams" ("teamID" Integer,"country" Text NOT NULL,"noc" Text NOT NULL,PRIMARY KEY ("teamID"))

--Testing to enter incorrect medal type

```
INSERT INTO Participations(eventID, gameID, medal, athleteID) VALUES(765, 30, "Copper", 1)
```

```
Execution finished with errors.
Result: CHECK constraint failed: medal
At line 1:
INSERT INTO Participations(eventID, gameID, medal, athleteID) VALUES(765, 30, "Copper", 1)
```

-- Trying to add again with the same pk

```
INSERT INTO Participations(eventID, gameID, medal, athleteID) VALUES(765, 30, "Gold", 106890)
```

```
Execution finished with errors.
Result: UNIQUE constraint failed: Participations.eventID, Participations.gameID, Participations.athleteID
At line 1:
-- Trying to add again with the same pk
INSERT INTO Participations(eventID, gameID, medal, athleteID) VALUES(765, 30, "Gold", 106890)
```

--Testing Fk with non existing eventID

```
INSERT INTO Participations(eventID, gameID, medal, athleteID) VALUES(766, 30, "Gold", 106890)
```

```
Execution finished with errors.  
Result: FOREIGN KEY constraint failed  
At line 2:  
INSERT INTO Participations(eventID, gameID, medal, athleteID) VALUES(766, 30, "Gold", 106890)
```

7. Define and execute at least five queries that show your database.

```
SELECT *  
FROM Athletes  
INNER JOIN Participations ON Participations.athleteID = Athletes.athleteID  
INNER JOIN Events ON Participations.eventID = Events.eventID  
INNER JOIN Sports ON Sports.sportID = Events.sportID  
WHERE Sports.sportsType = "Judo"  
LIMIT 20
```

```
SELECT *  
FROM Athletes  
WHERE athleteID IN (SELECT athleteID  
                     FROM Athletes  
                     WHERE Athletes.sex = "M")  
LIMIT 20
```

```
SELECT *  
FROM Athletes  
GROUP BY age  
HAVING age > 25
```

```
SELECT Athletes.name, Athletes.age, Participations.medal, Sports.sportsType, Games.year  
FROM Athletes  
INNER JOIN Participations ON Participations.athleteID = Athletes.athleteID  
INNER JOIN Events ON Participations.eventID = Events.eventID  
INNER JOIN Sports ON Sports.sportID = Events.sportID  
INNER JOIN Games ON Games.gameID = Participations.gameID  
WHERE Participations.medal = "Gold" AND Sports.sportsType = "Swimming" AND Athletes.age > 30
```

```
SELECT Athletes.name, Athletes.age,  
CASE  
WHEN Athletes.age >= 22 THEN "Old"  
ELSE "Young"  
END as agecategory  
FROM Athletes  
LIMIT 40
```