【110上】1504資料結構 Data Structures

HW6 Singly Linked List

Due date: 2021/11/27 (Sat.) 23:30 遲交三天以上不收件!

參考影片:

https://sites.google.com/view/sjshyudsimf/programming-assignment/hw5-singly-linked-list?authuser=0

Requirement:

[A]. Singly circular list with a header node

- 0. Create a header node in the first position of the circular linked list
- 1. Print every element in the circular linked list in order.
- 2. Insert an "element" in the circular linked list
- 2.1 Insert an "element" as the first element in the circular linked list
- 2.2 Insert an "element" as the last element in the circular linked list
- 3. Find the "target"
- 3.1 Print message when the "target" is found or not found.
- 3.2 Find the "target" and insert an element after target
- 3.3 Find the "target" and insert an element before target
- 3.4 Delete the "target"
- 4. Randomly insert n elements (range can be assigned)
- 5. Clear all elements in the linked list (header node is not included), and return the memory space.
- 0. 維護一個開頭空白節點於環狀串列最前方
- 1. 依序印出環狀串列中所有元素 (不含開頭空白節點元素;此程序應在以下各項要求中呼叫,以確定該要求確實達成) (Print List)
- 2. 新增一元素 element
- 2.1 於開頭空白節點之後,使其成為環狀串列的第一個元素 (Insert as first)
- 2.2 使其為環狀串列的最後一個元素 (Insert as last) (利用一 last 指標固定指向串列中最後一個節點, 新節點直接加至其後)
- 3. 搜尋元素 target 是否存在於環狀串列中 (Find target)
- 3.1 找到或找不到,皆印出適當訊息
- 3.2 於其後新增一元素 element (若找不到, 應印出適當訊息) (Find target and insert element after target)
- 3.3 於其前新增一元素 element (若找不到,應印出適當訊息) (Find target and insert element before target)

- 3.4 刪除所找到的 target元素 (Delete target)
- 4. 新增 n 個節點 (各含一個亂數、可指定亂數範圍) 至環狀串列之最後 (Randomly insert n element)
- 5. 清除所有節點 (不含開頭空白節點)並歸還記憶空間
- [B] . Implementing Linked Stack (push, pop) (Empty header node is recommended)
- [C] . Implementing Linked Queue (insertQ, deleteQ) (Empty header node is recommended)

Bonus:

- 1. Doubly linked list
- 2. Reverse the list
- 3. 程式註解
- 4. 簡潔美觀的 user interface
- 5.詳細的說明文件及執行後的截圖畫面(.pdf)。

注意:

- 1. 要是C++builder都装不起來的同學,可以使用自己認為好用的開發環境。要是助教無法執行,需另外約時間demo。
- 2. 禁止抄襲, 抄襲者 0 分計。