

# 615 Assignment Strawberries 1

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#Preparing data for analysis — Strawberries

##read and explore the data

```
library(knitr)
library(kableExtra)
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr      1.1.3      v readr      2.1.4
## v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr    1.5.0
## v ggplot2    3.4.4      v tibble     3.2.1
## v lubridate  1.9.3      v tidyr      1.3.0
## v purrr      1.0.2
```

```
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter()      masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::group_rows()  masks kableExtra::group_rows()
## x dplyr::lag()         masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
```

```
library(dplyr)
library(readr)
library(tidyr)
library(stringr)
library(ggplot2)
```

Read the data and take a first look

```
strawberry <- read_csv("strawberries25_v3.csv", col_names = TRUE)
```

```
## Rows: 12669 Columns: 21
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (15): Program, Period, Geo Level, State, State ANSI, Ag District, County...
## dbl (2): Year, Ag District Code
## lgl (4): Week Ending, Zip Code, Region, Watershed
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
head(strawberry)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 21
##   Program Year Period `Week Ending` `Geo Level` State `State ANSI`
##   <chr>   <dbl> <chr>   <lgl>         <chr>         <chr>   <chr>
## 1 CENSUS  2022 YEAR   NA             COUNTY        ALABAMA 01
```

```
## 2 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## 3 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## 4 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## 5 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## 6 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## # i 14 more variables: `Ag District` <chr>, `Ag District Code` <dbl>,
## #   County <chr>, `County ANSI` <chr>, `Zip Code` <lgl>, Region <lgl>,
## #   watershed_code <chr>, Watershed <lgl>, Commodity <chr>, `Data Item` <chr>,
## #   Domain <chr>, `Domain Category` <chr>, Value <chr>, `CV (%)` <chr>
```

*#remove the (D) term in Value and CV% columns*

```
strawberry <- strawberry %>%
  mutate(
    Value = ifelse(Value == "(D)", NA, Value),
    `CV (%)` = ifelse(`CV (%)` == "(D)", NA, `CV (%)`)
  )
head(strawberry)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 21
##   Program Year Period `Week Ending` `Geo Level` State `State ANSI`
##   <chr>    <dbl> <chr>    <lgl>      <chr>      <chr>    <chr>
## 1 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## 2 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## 3 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## 4 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## 5 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## 6 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## # i 14 more variables: `Ag District` <chr>, `Ag District Code` <dbl>,
## #   County <chr>, `County ANSI` <chr>, `Zip Code` <lgl>, Region <lgl>,
## #   watershed_code <chr>, Watershed <lgl>, Commodity <chr>, `Data Item` <chr>,
## #   Domain <chr>, `Domain Category` <chr>, Value <chr>, `CV (%)` <chr>
```

*# do data cleaning for the Domain column, rearrange the info in this column into three columns: chemical, organic, and fungicide*

```
strawberry <- strawberry %>%
  mutate(Category = case_when(
    Domain == "Total" ~ NA_character_,
    str_detect(Domain, "CHEMICAL") ~ str_trim(str_remove(Domain, "CHEMICAL, ")),
    TRUE ~ Domain
  ))
unique(strawberry$Category)
```

```
## [1] "TOTAL"          "AREA GROWN"      "ORGANIC STATUS" "FUNGICIDE"
## [5] "INSECTICIDE"    "OTHER"           "HERBICIDE"      "FERTILIZER"
```

```
head(strawberry)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 22
##   Program Year Period `Week Ending` `Geo Level` State `State ANSI`
##   <chr>    <dbl> <chr>    <lgl>      <chr>      <chr>    <chr>
## 1 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## 2 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## 3 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## 4 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## 5 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## 6 CENSUS 2022 YEAR NA COUNTY ALABAMA 01
## # i 15 more variables: `Ag District` <chr>, `Ag District Code` <dbl>,
```

```
## # County <chr>, `County ANSI` <chr>, `Zip Code` <lgl>, Region <lgl>,
## # watershed_code <chr>, Watershed <lgl>, Commodity <chr>, `Data Item` <chr>,
## # Domain <chr>, `Domain Category` <chr>, Value <chr>, `CV (%)` <chr>,
## # Category <chr>

strawberry <- strawberry %>%
  mutate(
    Name = case_when(
      Category == "TOTAL" ~ NA_character_,
      str_detect(`Domain Category`, fixed(Category)) & str_detect(`Domain Category`, "\\(.*=.*\\)") ~
        str_extract(`Domain Category`, "(?<=\\().*?(?=\\s?)"),
      str_detect(`Domain Category`, fixed(Category)) & str_detect(`Domain Category`, "\\(.*=.*\\)") ~
        str_extract(`Domain Category`, "(?<=\\().*?(?=\\s?)"),
      TRUE ~ NA_character_
    ),
    Number = case_when(
      Category == "TOTAL" ~ NA_real_,
      str_detect(`Domain Category`, fixed(Category)) & str_detect(`Domain Category`, "\\(.*=.*\\)") ~
        as.numeric(str_extract(`Domain Category`, "(?<=\\(=\\s?).*?(?=\\s?)")),
      str_detect(`Domain Category`, fixed(Category)) & str_detect(`Domain Category`, "\\(.*=.*\\)") ~
        NA_real_,
      TRUE ~ NA_real_
    )
  )

strawberry <- strawberry %>%
  mutate(Category = case_when(
    `Domain Category` == "NOT SPECIFIED" ~ NA_character_,
    TRUE ~ Category
  ))

head(strawberry)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 24
##   Program Year Period `Week Ending` `Geo Level` State `State ANSI`
##   <chr>   <dbl> <chr>   <lgl>      <chr>      <chr>   <chr>
## 1 CENSUS  2022 YEAR   NA          COUNTY     ALABAMA 01
## 2 CENSUS  2022 YEAR   NA          COUNTY     ALABAMA 01
## 3 CENSUS  2022 YEAR   NA          COUNTY     ALABAMA 01
## 4 CENSUS  2022 YEAR   NA          COUNTY     ALABAMA 01
## 5 CENSUS  2022 YEAR   NA          COUNTY     ALABAMA 01
## 6 CENSUS  2022 YEAR   NA          COUNTY     ALABAMA 01
## # i 17 more variables: `Ag District` <chr>, `Ag District Code` <dbl>,
## # County <chr>, `County ANSI` <chr>, `Zip Code` <lgl>, Region <lgl>,
## # watershed_code <chr>, Watershed <lgl>, Commodity <chr>, `Data Item` <chr>,
## # Domain <chr>, `Domain Category` <chr>, Value <chr>, `CV (%)` <chr>,
## # Category <chr>, Name <chr>, Number <dbl>
```

*#data cleaning for AREA GROWN, the numerical intervals of the planted area are reintegrated inside the*

```
strawberry <- strawberry %>%
  mutate(
    Min = case_when(
      str_detect(Name, "100 OR MORE ACRES") ~ 100,
      str_detect(Name, "TO") ~ as.numeric(str_extract(Name, "[0-9.]+")),
      TRUE ~ NA_real_
    )
  )
```

```

),
  Max = case_when(
    str_detect(Name, "100 OR MORE ACRES") ~ "MORE",
    str_detect(Name, "TO") ~ str_extract(Name, "(?<=TO )^[0-9.]+"),
    TRUE ~ NA_character_
  )
)

# View the resulting data
head(strawberry)

## # A tibble: 6 x 26
##   Program Year Period `Week Ending` `Geo Level` State `State ANSI`
##   <chr>    <dbl> <chr>    <lgl>      <chr>      <chr>    <chr>
## 1 CENSUS  2022 YEAR    NA        COUNTY    ALABAMA 01
## 2 CENSUS  2022 YEAR    NA        COUNTY    ALABAMA 01
## 3 CENSUS  2022 YEAR    NA        COUNTY    ALABAMA 01
## 4 CENSUS  2022 YEAR    NA        COUNTY    ALABAMA 01
## 5 CENSUS  2022 YEAR    NA        COUNTY    ALABAMA 01
## 6 CENSUS  2022 YEAR    NA        COUNTY    ALABAMA 01
## # i 19 more variables: `Ag District` <chr>, `Ag District Code` <dbl>,
## #   County <chr>, `County ANSI` <chr>, `Zip Code` <lgl>, Region <lgl>,
## #   watershed_code <chr>, Watershed <lgl>, Commodity <chr>, `Data Item` <chr>,
## #   Domain <chr>, `Domain Category` <chr>, Value <chr>, `CV (%)` <chr>,
## #   Category <chr>, Name <chr>, Number <dbl>, Min <dbl>, Max <chr>
# Create a new column 'Unit' by extracting the substring after 'MEASURED'
strawberry <- strawberry %>%
  mutate(Unit = str_extract(strawberry$`Data Item`, "(?<=MEASURED ).*"))

# Create a new column 'Type' by extracting either 'BEARING' or 'ORGANIC'
strawberry <- strawberry %>%
  mutate(Type = str_extract(strawberry$`Data Item`, "BEARING|ORGANIC"))

# Create a new column 'Operation' by extracting the remaining parts of the string
# Removing the 'MEASURED' part, the Unit and the Type, keeping the rest
strawberry <- strawberry %>%
  mutate(Operation = str_replace_all(strawberry$`Data Item`, "MEASURED.*|BEARING|ORGANIC", "") %>%
    str_trim())

# Create a new column 'Operation' by extracting the remaining parts of the string,
# Removing the 'MEASURED', 'BEARING', 'ORGANIC', and 'STRAWBERRIES' parts
strawberry <- strawberry %>%
  mutate(Operation = str_replace_all(strawberry$`Data Item`, "MEASURED.*|BEARING|ORGANIC|STRAWBERRIES(,
    str_replace_all("[-,]", "") %>%
    str_trim())

# View the resulting dataset
head(strawberry)

## # A tibble: 6 x 29
##   Program Year Period `Week Ending` `Geo Level` State `State ANSI`
##   <chr>    <dbl> <chr>    <lgl>      <chr>      <chr>    <chr>
## 1 CENSUS  2022 YEAR    NA        COUNTY    ALABAMA 01

```

```
## 2 CENSUS      2022 YEAR      NA              COUNTY      ALABAMA 01
## 3 CENSUS      2022 YEAR      NA              COUNTY      ALABAMA 01
## 4 CENSUS      2022 YEAR      NA              COUNTY      ALABAMA 01
## 5 CENSUS      2022 YEAR      NA              COUNTY      ALABAMA 01
## 6 CENSUS      2022 YEAR      NA              COUNTY      ALABAMA 01
## # i 22 more variables: `Ag District` <chr>, `Ag District Code` <dbl>,
## #   County <chr>, `County ANSI` <chr>, `Zip Code` <lgl>, Region <lgl>,
## #   watershed_code <chr>, Watershed <lgl>, Commodity <chr>, `Data Item` <chr>,
## #   Domain <chr>, `Domain Category` <chr>, Value <chr>, `CV (%)` <chr>,
## #   Category <chr>, Name <chr>, Number <dbl>, Min <dbl>, Max <chr>, Unit <chr>,
## #   Type <chr>, Operation <chr>
```

```
view(strawberry)
```

```
# Export the cleaned dataset as a CSV file
```

```
write.csv(strawberry, "cleaned_strawberries.csv", row.names = FALSE)
```

```
#EDA
```

```
# Check data types
```

```
str(strawberry)
```

```
## tibble [12,669 x 29] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
```

```
## $ Program      : chr [1:12669] "CENSUS" "CENSUS" "CENSUS" "CENSUS" ...
## $ Year          : num [1:12669] 2022 2022 2022 2022 2022 ...
## $ Period        : chr [1:12669] "YEAR" "YEAR" "YEAR" "YEAR" ...
## $ Week Ending   : logi [1:12669] NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ Geo Level      : chr [1:12669] "COUNTY" "COUNTY" "COUNTY" "COUNTY" ...
## $ State          : chr [1:12669] "ALABAMA" "ALABAMA" "ALABAMA" "ALABAMA" ...
## $ State ANSI     : chr [1:12669] "01" "01" "01" "01" ...
## $ Ag District    : chr [1:12669] "BLACK BELT" "BLACK BELT" "BLACK BELT" "BLACK BELT" ...
## $ Ag District Code: num [1:12669] 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 ...
## $ County         : chr [1:12669] "BULLOCK" "BULLOCK" "BULLOCK" "BULLOCK" ...
## $ County ANSI    : chr [1:12669] "011" "011" "011" "011" ...
## $ Zip Code       : logi [1:12669] NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ Region         : logi [1:12669] NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ watershed_code : chr [1:12669] "00000000" "00000000" "00000000" "00000000" ...
## $ Watershed      : logi [1:12669] NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ Commodity      : chr [1:12669] "STRAWBERRIES" "STRAWBERRIES" "STRAWBERRIES" "STRAWBERRIES" ...
## $ Data Item      : chr [1:12669] "STRAWBERRIES - ACRES BEARING" "STRAWBERRIES - ACRES GROWN" "STRAWBERRIES - ACRES GROWN" ...
## $ Domain         : chr [1:12669] "TOTAL" "TOTAL" "TOTAL" "TOTAL" ...
## $ Domain Category : chr [1:12669] "NOT SPECIFIED" "NOT SPECIFIED" "NOT SPECIFIED" "NOT SPECIFIED" ...
## $ Value          : chr [1:12669] NA "3" NA "1" ...
## $ CV (%)         : chr [1:12669] NA "15.7" NA "(L)" ...
## $ Category       : chr [1:12669] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ Name           : chr [1:12669] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ Number         : num [1:12669] NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ Min            : num [1:12669] NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ Max            : chr [1:12669] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ Unit           : chr [1:12669] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ Type           : chr [1:12669] "BEARING" NA "BEARING" "BEARING" ...
## $ Operation      : chr [1:12669] "ACRES" "ACRES GROWN" "ACRES NON" "OPERATIONS WITH AREA" ...
```

```
# Convert 'Value' to numeric, removing non-numeric characters
```

```
strawberry$Value <- as.numeric(gsub("[^0-9.]", "", strawberry$Value))
```

```
# Convert 'CV (%)' to numeric, removing non-numeric characters (including %, parentheses)
```

```

strawberry$`CV (%)` <- as.numeric(gsub("[^0-9.]", "", strawberry$`CV (%)`))

# Check if conversion was successful
str(strawberry$Value)

## num [1:12669] NA 3 NA 1 6 5 NA NA 2 2 ...
str(strawberry$`CV (%)`)

## num [1:12669] NA 15.7 NA NA 52.7 47.6 NA NA 55.7 52.7 ...
# Check for any NAs introduced after conversion
sum(is.na(strawberry$Value))

## [1] 4744
sum(is.na(strawberry$`CV (%)`))

## [1] 7934
# Summary statistics for 'Value' and 'CV (%)'
summary(strawberry$Value)

##      Min.   1st Qu.   Median     Mean   3rd Qu.     Max.    NA's
## 0.000e+00 2.000e+00 4.000e+00 1.123e+07 2.100e+01 3.584e+09 4744
summary(strawberry$`CV (%)`)

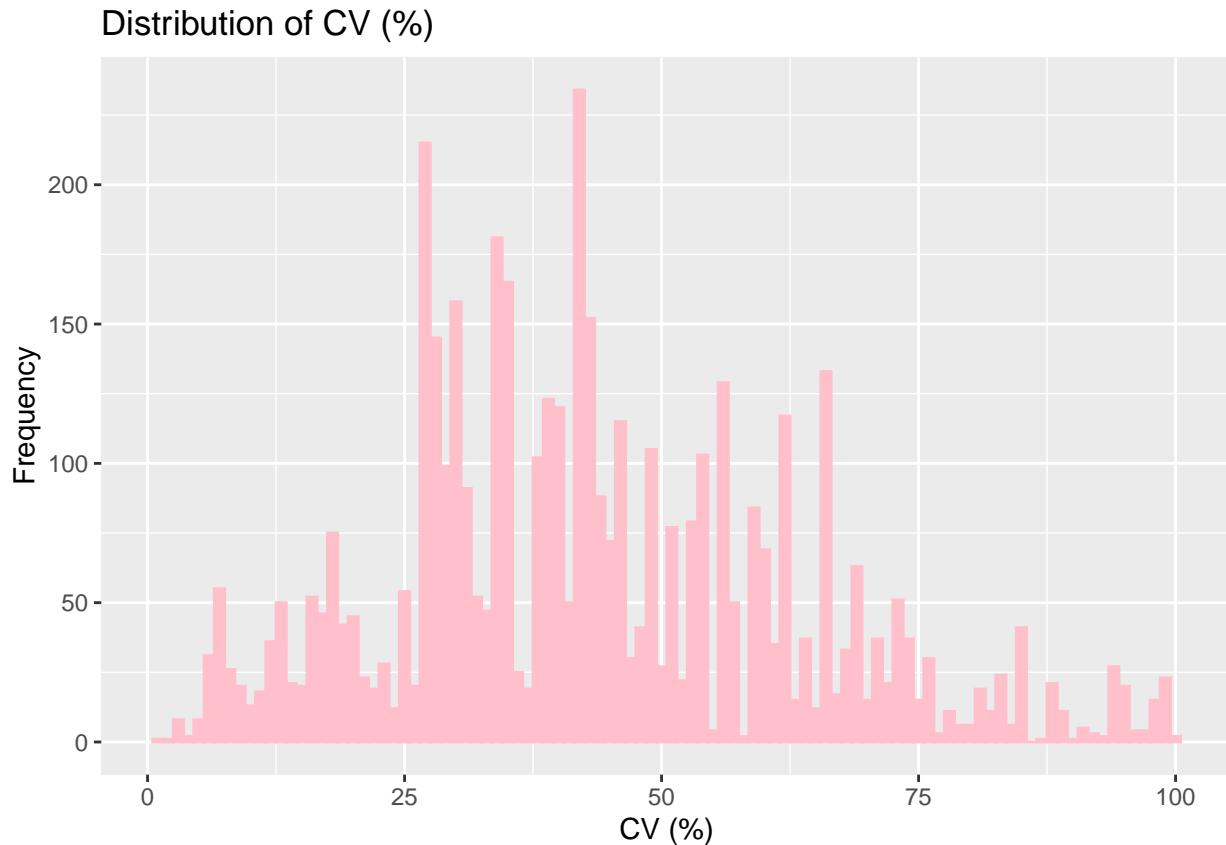
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median     Mean 3rd Qu.     Max.    NA's
##      0.60  29.50  41.60  43.43  56.10  99.90   7934
# Check for missing values in 'Value' and 'CV (%)'
sum(is.na(strawberry$Value))

## [1] 4744
sum(is.na(strawberry$`CV (%)`))

## [1] 7934
# Histogram for 'CV (%)'
ggplot(strawberry, aes(x = `CV (%)`)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 1, col = "pink", fill = "pink") +
  labs(title = "Distribution of CV (%)", x = "CV (%)", y = "Frequency")

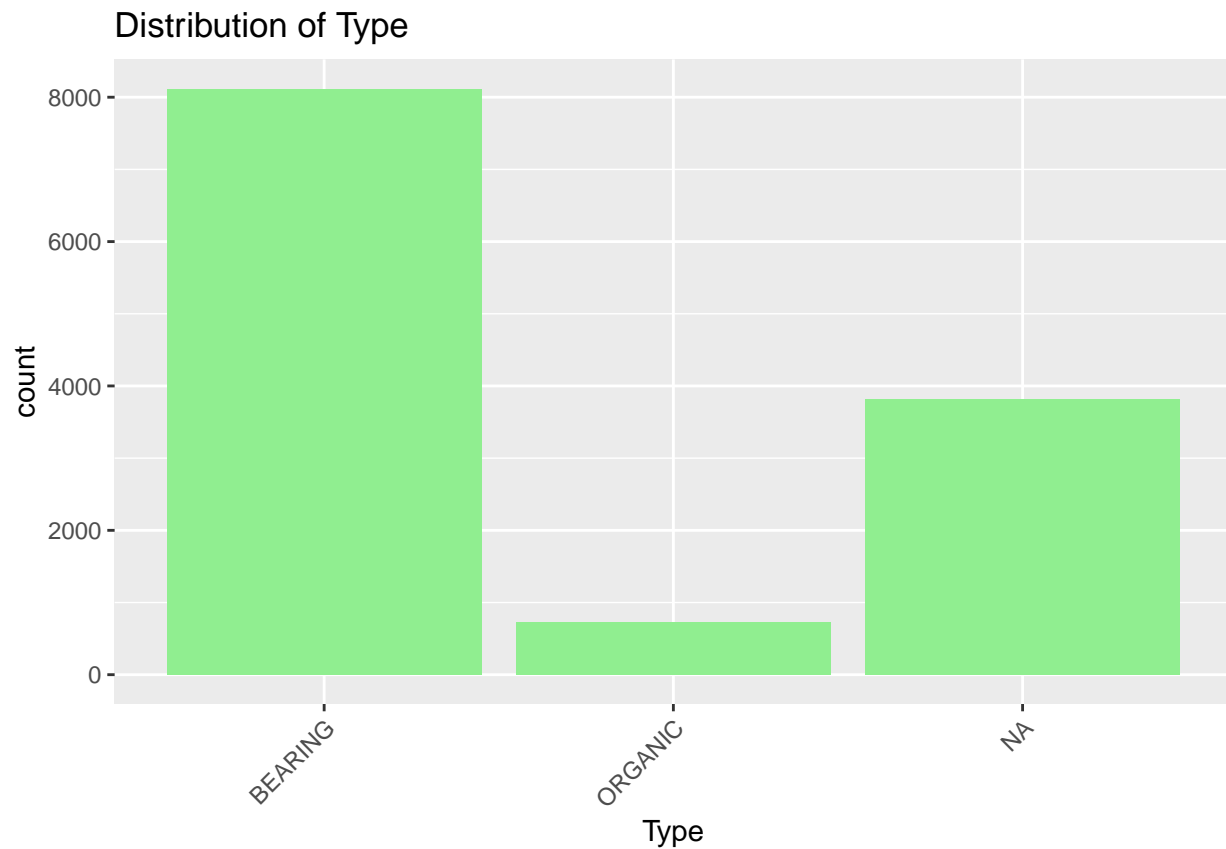
## Warning: Removed 7934 rows containing non-finite values (`stat_bin()`).

```



The Value column shows a strong right skew with most data concentrated at lower values and only a few larger ones. The CV (%) column displays a more spread distribution. The frequent occurrence of CV values between 20% and 30% may indicate that this range represents the typical variation in the dataset. However, the existence of high CV values suggests that certain categories or items show much higher variability.

```
# Bar plot for 'Type' column  
ggplot(strawberry, aes(x=Type)) +  
  geom_bar(fill="lightgreen") +  
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle=45, hjust=1)) +  
  labs(title="Distribution of Type")
```



The BEARING type is the most common category in the Type column, while ORGANIC data points are minimal. The significant proportion of NA values suggests that a substantial amount of Type information is missing, which could have implications for further analyses or interpretations related to strawberry types.

cite: Dayu tie, Yibing Wang, Chatgpt