"AIR TRAFFIC PASSENGER DATA" DATASET - NAIVE BAYES MODEL

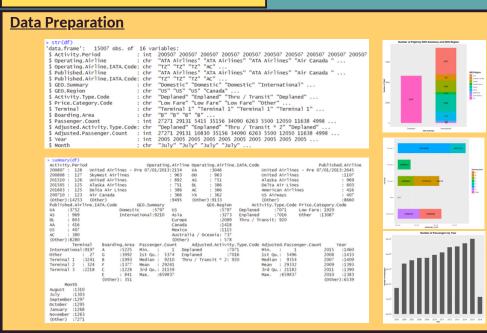
PROBLEM: USING THE NAÏVE BAYES MODEL TO IDENTIFY THE ASSOCIATION BETWEEN EACH FEATURE WITH THE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS

"HOUSING PRICES DATA" DATASET - LINEAR REGRESSION MODEL

PROBLEM: USING THE LINEAR REGRESSION MODEL TO IDENTIFY THE ASSOCIATION BETWEEN THE FEATURES AND THE HOUSING PRICE.

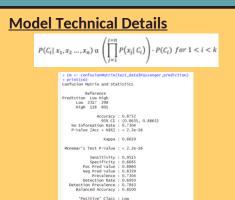
GROUP 13 PUN YI JIE (151625) SEET ZHI NIE (151502) TAN XIN YI (152804)

NAIVE BAYES MODEL

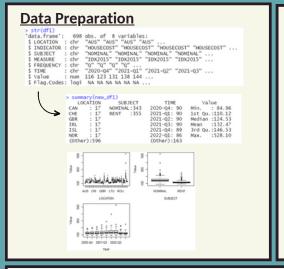


Model Planning and Development

- determine the category from each features that contributes the highest conditional probability
- classify the passenger count based on the defined predictor variables



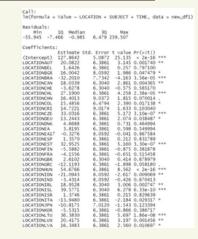
LINEAR REGRESSION MODEL



Model Planning and Development

- investigate the relationship between the continuous and categorical variables of our dataset
- categorical data as the predictor allows us to find out the average value of each categorical variable on the continuous variable

Model Technical Details



LOCATTONNEY 2.757 0.005995 ** 3.332 0.000913 *** LOCATIONNLD 6.3861 LOCATIONNOR 0.805 0.421177 4.398 1.28e-05 *** LOCATIONNZL 28,9536 6.5828 1.495 0.135322 LOCATIONOECD 3.674 0.000259 *** LOCATIONPOL 23.4634 LOCATIONPRT 3.551 0.000412 *** 22.6753 LOCATIONROU -1.2927 -0.160 0.872614 4.302 1.96e-05 *** LOCATIONRUS 29.4612 6.8479 LOCATIONSAU -6.294 5.74e-10 *** LOCATTONSVK 12.1022 6.3861 1.895 0.058533 LOCATIONSVN 23.6596 3.705 0.000230 LOCATTONSWE 3.3281 6 3861 0.521 0.602446 6.3861 18.886 < 2e-16 *** 6.3861 3.807 0.000154 *** 6.3040 1.200 0.230457 LOCATIONTUR 120,6085 LOCATIONUSA 24.3097 LOCATIONZAF -37,4931 -26.226 < 2e-16 *** SUBJECTRENT 2.2833 2.5472 0.896 0.370376 TIME2021-Q1 1.901 0.057690 TIME2021-02 TIME2021-Q3 7.8367 3.077 0.002183 ** 4.372 1.44e-05 *** TIME 2021-04 11.1708 2.5550 5.959 4.20e-09 *** 7.664 6.70e-14 *** TIME 2022-02 20.1199 2.6251 TIME2022-Q3 16.3769 5.188 2.86e-07 *** 3.1568 TIME2022-Q4 5.201 2.67e-07 *** Signif, codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 Residual standard error: 17.09 on 639 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.7583, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7364 F-statistic: 34.57 on 58 and 639 DF. p-value: < 2.2e-16

FINDINGS:

Naïve Bayes Model	Linear Regression Model
Only US provided domestic flights while Asia have the most	The features that give higher housing price is the location "TUR",
international flights.	subject "NOMINAL" and during the time "2022-Q2".
There is an increasing number of passengers from 2005 to 2016.	The housing price increasing from "2020-Q4" until "2022-Q2",
	decrease on "2022-Q3" and then increase on "2022-Q4".
The data is from one of the airports in the US.	

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- -The air traffic control might have to allocate some flights using terminal 3 or the international terminal to use terminal 2 to increase the air traffic efficiency.
- -The housing price can always be compared using linear regression to ensure a suitable and reasonable price with the features provided.