# CoreWeave, Inc. (CRWV)

Professional Equity Analysis Report

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# 1. Fundamental Analysis

## 1.1 Company Overview and Business Model

CoreWeave, Inc. operates as a specialized cloud infrastructure provider focused exclusively on GPU-accelerated computing for artificial intelligence and high-performance workloads. Founded as a cryptocurrency mining operation, the company has transformed into what it calls an "AI Hyperscaler," providing infrastructure that supports compute workloads for enterprises, hyperscalers, and AI laboratories[1][2]. The company's core value proposition centers on delivering NVIDIA GPU access through a flexible, bare-metal Kubernetes platform that eliminates virtualization overhead while providing enterprise-grade reliability and scale[5].

CoreWeave's business model operates on a rental-based approach where customers pay for GPU compute resources on a per-hour basis, similar to traditional cloud providers but optimized specifically for Al workloads[3]. The company generates approximately 85% gross margins by leveraging the difference between hardware acquisition and operational costs against customer rental fees[3]. This model proves particularly attractive to customers requiring intensive computational power for Al model training, inference, and high-performance computing applications, as it eliminates the substantial upfront capital expenditure required for building dedicated infrastructure.

The company's infrastructure spans 33 operational facilities across the United States and Europe, with approximately 470 megawatts of active power capacity and over 2.2 gigawatts contracted for future expansion[5] [11]. This geographic distribution enables reduced latency and high availability for clients while supporting CoreWeave's strategy of maintaining proximity to major metropolitan areas where Al companies and enterprises are concentrated. The company's modern infrastructure stack includes partnerships with technology leaders such as VAST Data for storage, NVIDIA for GPUs, and custom networking solutions optimized for GPU-to-GPU communication.

#### 1.2 Key Financial Metrics and Industry Comparison

CoreWeave's financial profile reflects its position as a high-growth, capital-intensive infrastructure provider experiencing rapid market adoption. Based on the most recent quarterly results, the company reported revenue of \$1.21 billion for Q2 2025, representing a 207% year-over-year increase from the prior year period[6][9]. This growth trajectory builds on the company's 2024 performance, where annual revenue reached \$1.92 billion, marking a 736% increase from 2023's \$229 million[1][3]. The explosive revenue growth demonstrates the company's ability to capitalize on surging demand for Al infrastructure while successfully scaling operations to meet customer requirements.

However, profitability metrics reveal the challenges inherent in CoreWeave's capital-intensive business model. The company reported a net loss of \$290.5 million for Q2 2025, compared to analyst estimates of \$241 million, while diluted loss per share reached \$0.60 versus consensus forecasts of \$0.45[6]. For the full year 2024, CoreWeave posted net losses of \$937.77 million, representing a 57.9% increase from 2023 losses[1]. These expanding losses primarily reflect the company's aggressive investment in infrastructure expansion, rising interest expenses from substantial debt financing, and stock-based compensation costs associated with rapid employee growth.

The company's debt position presents both opportunities and risks for future growth. CoreWeave has accumulated over \$11 billion in total debt to finance its infrastructure buildout, with quarterly interest expenses reaching \$267 million in Q2 2025 compared to \$67 million in the prior year[4][10]. The company's CFO disclosed that CoreWeave has raised over \$25 billion in debt and equity since the beginning of 2024 to fund infrastructure development[10]. While this substantial leverage enables rapid scaling, it also creates significant financial obligations that must be managed carefully as the company works toward sustainable Click superanalyst.pro for more professional research

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Metric	Q2 2025	Q2 2024	Change
Revenue	\$1.21B	\$0.39B	+207%
Net Loss	(\$290.5M)	(\$323M)	Improved
Adjusted Operating Income	\$200M	\$85M	+135%
Interest Expense	\$267M	\$67M	+299%

## 1.3 Latest Performance Analysis

CoreWeave's Q2 2025 results demonstrate the company's continued ability to execute on rapid scaling while achieving key operational milestones. The quarter marked the first time CoreWeave simultaneously achieved over \$1 billion in quarterly revenue and \$200 million in adjusted operating income, representing important proof points for the company's path toward sustainable profitability[9][11]. Adjusted EBITDA reached \$753 million, reflecting a 62% margin that underscores the inherent leverage in the company's business model once infrastructure is deployed and utilized[11].

The company's contracted backlog expanded to \$30.1 billion at the end of Q2 2025, representing a \$4 billion sequential increase and nearly doubling from the beginning of the year[6][9]. This backlog growth includes substantial expansions with existing customers, most notably a \$4 billion contract expansion with OpenAl that extends their partnership through multiple years[9]. The robust backlog provides visibility into future revenue streams and validates the company's strategic positioning in the Al infrastructure market, though it also represents significant capacity commitments that require continued capital investment to fulfill.

Management raised full-year 2025 revenue guidance to a range of \$5.15 billion to \$5.35 billion, representing a \$250 million increase from prior guidance and indicating confidence in demand sustainability[6][9]. This revised guidance implies revenue growth of approximately 170% compared to 2024 levels, demonstrating CoreWeave's ability to maintain exceptional growth rates even at increasing scale. The company projects adjusted operating income of \$800 million to \$830 million for the full year, suggesting improving operational leverage as revenue scales faster than certain fixed costs.

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# 2. Business Segments Analysis

#### 2.1 Revenue Structure and Customer Concentration

CoreWeave's revenue structure reveals both the strength of its market position and the concentration risks inherent in its customer base. According to company filings, over 60% of 2024 revenue originated from Microsoft, with the top two customers accounting for 77% of total revenue[13]. This concentration reflects CoreWeave's success in securing large-scale partnerships with major technology companies, but it also creates significant dependency risks that could impact financial performance if key relationships change. Microsoft's substantial commitment stems from Azure's need for additional GPU capacity to meet growing demand from cloud customers that Microsoft has been unable to satisfy with internal infrastructure alone[3].

The company's customer portfolio extends beyond hyperscalers to include Al laboratories, financial services firms, and enterprise customers across various industries. Recent expansion announcements include new partnerships with major financial institutions such as Goldman Sachs and Morgan Stanley, indicating CoreWeave's success in diversifying beyond pure–play Al companies[6]. The enterprise segment represents a significant growth opportunity as traditional businesses increasingly adopt Al capabilities and require specialized infrastructure to support these initiatives. However, enterprise customers typically demand more comprehensive service offerings and longer sales cycles compared to hyperscaler relationships.

OpenAl represents CoreWeave's second-largest customer relationship and a critical strategic partnership that has expanded significantly over time. The companies recently announced a \$4 billion contract expansion as part of CoreWeave's \$30.1 billion total backlog, reflecting OpenAl's continued reliance on external infrastructure to support its model development and deployment activities[9]. This relationship exemplifies CoreWeave's value proposition to Al-first companies that require massive computational resources but prefer to focus internal resources on model development rather than infrastructure management.

Customer Segment	Revenue Share	Key Customers	Growth Rate
Hyperscalers	~65%	Microsoft, Google	High
Al Laboratories	~20%	OpenAl, Anthropic	Very High
Enterprise	~10%	Goldman Sachs, Morgan Stanley	Expanding
Others	~5%	VFX, Research Institutions	Stable

#### 2.2 Geographic Revenue Distribution

CoreWeave's geographic footprint concentrates primarily in North America, with 28 operational facilities across the United States representing the majority of the company's revenue generation[5]. The company's largest single facility investment includes the \$1.6 billion Plano, Texas datacenter, which houses over 3,500 H100 GPUs in 454,421 square feet and serves as a flagship example of CoreWeave's scale and technical capabilities[5]. This geographic concentration aligns with the location of major Al companies and hyperscaler operations, ensuring low–latency connectivity and regulatory compliance for key customer workloads.

European operations contribute a smaller but growing portion of revenue, with CoreWeave expanding its international presence to serve customers requiring data sovereignty and reduced latency for European users. The company's international expansion strategy focuses on machine the company is a second of the company in the company is a second of the company in the company is a second of the company in the company is a second of the company in the company is a second of the company in the company is a second of the company in the company is a second of the company in the company is a second of the company in the company is a second of the company in the company is a second of the company in the company is a second of the company in the company is a second of the company in the company is a second of the company in the company is a second of the company is a second of the company is a second of the company is a sec

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growth opportunities while reducing dependency on U.S. market conditions, though international operations currently represent a minority of total revenue generation.

The company's expansion into sovereign cloud services represents an emerging revenue opportunity with governments and enterprises requiring domestic data processing capabilities. Management indicated ongoing discussions with multiple countries regarding sovereign cloud implementations, which could provide substantial revenue opportunities while diversifying the customer base beyond commercial technology companies[6]. These opportunities typically involve longer sales cycles and more complex regulatory requirements but offer the potential for large, long-term contracts with government and enterprise customers.

## 2.3 Service Portfolio and Revenue Mix

CoreWeave's service portfolio centers on GPU compute as the primary revenue driver, complemented by CPU compute, storage, networking, and managed services that together create a comprehensive Al infrastructure platform[1][2]. GPU compute services generate the majority of revenue, with customers paying hourly rates ranging from \$0.24 to \$4.76 per hour depending on the specific GPU model and configuration[2]. The company's broad NVIDIA GPU portfolio includes everything from legacy A40 cards to the latest GB200 NVL72 systems, enabling customers to select optimal price—performance combinations for their specific workloads.

Storage and networking services provide complementary revenue streams while enhancing customer stickiness through integrated solutions. CoreWeave's partnership with VAST Data enables high-performance storage systems that achieve up to 1 GB/s per GPU sustained throughput, while the company's LOTA (Local Object Transfer Accelerator) technology reduces network traffic and improves performance for frequently accessed datasets[5]. These value-added services typically generate higher margins than basic compute while creating switching costs that help retain customers over time.

The company's recent acquisition of Weights & Biases adds machine learning operations and observability capabilities to the service portfolio, enabling CoreWeave to offer more comprehensive solutions for Al model development and deployment[11][13]. This acquisition represents part of CoreWeave's strategy to expand beyond infrastructure—as—a—service toward platform—as—a—service offerings that provide additional value and revenue opportunities. The integration of these capabilities should enable higher revenue per customer and improved competitive positioning against comprehensive cloud platforms offered by major hyperscalers.

Service Category	Revenue Contribution	Pricing Model	Margin Profile
GPU Compute	~80%	\$0.24-\$4.76/hour	High
CPU Compute	~10%	\$0.0125/vCPU	Moderate
Storage Services	~5%	Per GB/month	High
Managed Services	~5%	Custom pricing	Very High

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# 3. Growth Catalysts and Strategic Initiatives

### 3.1 Market Opportunity and Demand Drivers

The artificial intelligence infrastructure market presents CoreWeave with an unprecedented growth opportunity, with the AI infrastructure market projected to reach \$499.33 billion by 2034, expanding at a compound annual growth rate of 26.6% from 2025 to 2034[15]. Graphics processing units account for over 80% of AI workload deployments in data centers, directly benefiting CoreWeave's specialized GPU-focused infrastructure approach[15]. This market expansion reflects the fundamental shift toward AI-driven applications across industries, creating sustained demand for the high-performance computing resources that CoreWeave provides.

CoreWeave operates in what management describes as a "structurally supply-constrained environment" where demand far outstrips available GPU capacity[6]. This supply-demand imbalance creates pricing power and utilization advantages for existing providers while presenting barriers to entry for potential competitors. The company's early partnerships with NVIDIA and aggressive infrastructure investments have positioned CoreWeave to capture a disproportionate share of this growing market, though the capital requirements to maintain this advantage continue to increase as the market expands.

Enterprise adoption of artificial intelligence represents a significant expansion opportunity beyond CoreWeave's current hyperscaler and Al laboratory customer base. Traditional enterprises across financial services, healthcare, manufacturing, and other industries are beginning to implement Al capabilities that require specialized infrastructure support. CoreWeave's recent partnerships with Goldman Sachs and Morgan Stanley demonstrate the company's ability to penetrate enterprise markets, though these customers typically require more comprehensive service offerings and longer implementation timelines compared to pure–play Al companies[6].

Market Segment	Size (2025E)	Growth Rate	CoreWeave Opportunity
Al Training Infrastructure	\$45B	35%	Large market share
Al Inference Services	\$28B	40%	Growing penetration
Enterprise Al Adoption	\$62B	30%	Early stage expansion
Sovereign/Edge Computing	\$15B	25%	Emerging opportunity

#### 3.2 Strategic Initiatives and Capacity Expansion

CoreWeave's strategic expansion plan centers on aggressive infrastructure development to capture market share before competitors can match its scale and capabilities. The company is on track to deliver over 900 megawatts of active power before the end of 2025, representing substantial capacity additions from the current 470 megawatts deployed[10][11]. This expansion includes major facility developments such as the \$6 billion Pennsylvania data center, which will significantly expand CoreWeave's power and capacity footprint upon completion[9].

The proposed \$9 billion acquisition of Core Scientific represents a transformative strategic initiative that could accelerate CoreWeave's capacity expansion timeline while improving capital efficiency[6][10]. Upon closing, CoreWeave would control approximately 1.3 gigawatts of gross power capacity across Core Scientific's national datacenter footprint, with an additional one gigawatt available for future expansion[10]. Management projects the acquisition will eliminate more than \$10 billion in future leas Click superanalyst.pro for more professional research.

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CoreWeave's technology partnerships provide competitive advantages and early access to next-generation hardware that enable sustained market leadership. The company achieved first-to-market general availability of NVIDIA's GB200 NVL72 systems in February 2025 and first deployment of GB300 NVL72 systems in July 2025, demonstrating its preferential access to cutting-edge GPU technology[5]. These early deployments enable CoreWeave to offer superior performance capabilities while competitors wait for hardware availability, creating differentiation opportunities and pricing premiums during initial deployment periods.

#### 3.3 Technology Innovation and Platform Development

CoreWeave's technical infrastructure investments focus on delivering measurable performance advantages across Al training, fine-tuning, and inference workloads through purpose-built architecture optimizations. The company's bare-metal Kubernetes approach provides direct hardware access without virtualization overhead, while topology-aware scheduling minimizes inter-GPU communication latency and dedicated InfiniBand fabric delivers 400Gb/s per GPU connectivity[5]. Recent MLPerf Training v5.0 benchmark results demonstrated CoreWeave's technical capabilities, with the company, NVIDIA, and IBM achieving training of Llama 3.1 405B in 27.3 minutes using 2,496 GB200 GPUs—over 2x faster than comparable cluster sizes from other providers[5].

The company's partnership with IBM showcases CoreWeave's ability to deliver customized solutions that generate significant performance improvements for enterprise customers. IBM achieved greater than 80% faster speed and enhanced performance results on NVIDIA GB200 NVL72 systems through CoreWeave's optimized infrastructure, enabling accelerated development of IBM's Granite models[8]. This collaboration demonstrates CoreWeave's value proposition beyond simple hardware provision, offering engineered environments that maximize customer productivity and model development velocity.

CoreWeave's software layer development through acquisitions and internal innovation creates additional differentiation opportunities and revenue streams. The Weights & Biases acquisition adds machine learning operations capabilities that enable customers to monitor, optimize, and manage Al model development processes more effectively[11][13]. These platform capabilities reduce customer switching costs while providing opportunities for higher–margin services that complement the underlying infrastructure offerings. Additional software investments include CoreWeave's LOTA caching technology and custom storage optimizations that improve performance while reducing operational costs.

#### 3.4 Market Expansion and Customer Diversification

CoreWeave's expansion into sovereign cloud services represents a significant long-term growth catalyst as governments and enterprises increasingly require domestic data processing capabilities for security and regulatory compliance. Management indicated ongoing discussions with multiple countries regarding sovereign cloud implementations, which could provide substantial contract opportunities while diversifying revenue beyond commercial technology companies[6]. These opportunities typically involve larger initial investments and longer implementation timelines but offer the potential for stable, long-term revenue streams with government and enterprise customers.

The company's vertical integration strategy through strategic acquisitions and partnerships aims to capture more value from the Al infrastructure stack while improving competitive positioning against comprehensive hyperscaler offerings. Beyond the Core Scientific acquisition, CoreWeave's integration of Weights & Biases enables platform—as—a—service capabilities that provide additional revenue opportunities and customer stickiness[9][13]. Future vertical integration opportunities could include networking, storage, or software companies that complement CoreWeave's infrastructure foundation while expanding addressable market opportunities.

International expansion provides geographic diversification and access to new customer segments requiring local data processing capabilities. CoreWeave's European oper Click superanalyst.pro for more professional research compliance while capturing demand from local Al compar....

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capabilities. The company's expansion strategy focuses on markets with favorable regulatory environments, reliable power infrastructure, and proximity to major technology centers, though international operations currently represent a smaller portion of total revenue compared to North American activities.

Growth Initiative	Timeline	Investment Required	Expected Impact
Capacity Expansion to 900MW	2025	\$3-5B	2x current capacity
Core Scientific Acquisition	2025–2026	\$9B	1.3GW additional capacity
Sovereign Cloud Expansion	2025–2027	\$2-3B	New market segments
Platform Services Development	Ongoing	\$500M annually	Higher margin services

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# 4. Valuation Analysis and Key Findings

### 4.1 Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

CoreWeave's discounted cash flow analysis requires careful consideration of the company's current losses, substantial growth trajectory, and capital-intensive business model. Based on management's guidance for 2025 revenue of \$5.15 billion to \$5.35 billion and the company's contracted backlog of \$30.1 billion, we project revenue growth moderating from current triple-digit rates to approximately 50-60% annually through 2027 before stabilizing in the 25-35% range as the market matures[6][9]. This growth trajectory reflects CoreWeave's early market position and the expanding AI infrastructure market, though competition and market saturation should naturally moderate growth rates over time.

Free cash flow projections incorporate CoreWeave's path toward profitability as infrastructure investments generate returns through customer utilization. The company currently reports negative operating cash flow of \$251 million in Q2 2025, but adjusted EBITDA of \$753 million demonstrates the underlying profitability potential once capital expenditure moderates[4][11]. We assume CoreWeave achieves positive free cash flow by 2027 as revenue growth outpaces infrastructure investment requirements, with margins expanding toward the 15–20% range typical of mature infrastructure providers. Interest expenses will remain elevated due to the company's substantial debt load, requiring approximately \$1 billion annually based on current borrowing levels and rates[4].

Using a weighted average cost of capital of 12–14% reflecting CoreWeave's growth profile, execution risk, and leverage, our DCF analysis yields an intrinsic value estimate in the range of \$85–\$105 per share. This valuation assumes CoreWeave successfully executes its expansion plans, maintains market share leadership, and achieves sustainable profitability by 2027–2028. The analysis incorporates terminal value assumptions of 15–20% long–term EBITDA margins and 3–4% perpetual growth rates, reflecting CoreWeave's specialized market position but acknowledging competitive pressures from hyperscalers and potential market saturation over time.

DCF Assumptions	2025E	2026E	2027E	Terminal
Revenue Growth	170%	60%	45%	3–4%
EBITDA Margin	15%	18%	20%	18–20%
CapEx % Revenue	80%	60%	40%	25%
Free Cash Flow	(\$8B)	(\$2B)	\$1.5B	Growing

#### 4.2 Comparable Company Analysis

CoreWeave's valuation comparison requires analysis against both traditional cloud providers and specialized infrastructure companies, as few direct competitors match the company's GPU-focused approach and growth profile. Amazon Web Services trades at approximately 8–10x revenue multiples, Microsoft Azure at 12–15x, and Google Cloud at 6–8x, though these comparisons have limitations due to different business models, maturity levels, and diversification[14]. CoreWeave's current trading multiple of approximately 10.3x trailing revenue reflects a premium to traditional cloud providers but appears reasonable given the company's growth rate and specialized market position[14].

Specialized infrastructure providers offer more relevant comparisons, with companies like Digital Realty Trust trading at 6-8x revenue and Crown Castle at 8-10x reven models with dividend obligations and lower growth expec Click superanalyst.pro for more professional research nilar expansion rates typically trade at 15-25x revenue multiples, suggesting CoreWeave's current valuation may be

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reasonable relative to growth expectations. However, the capital-intensive nature of CoreWeave's business model creates different risk and return profiles compared to software companies with higher margins and lower capital requirements.

NVIDIA's enterprise value—to—sales ratio of approximately 20x reflects its dominant position in Al hardware, though direct comparison is limited by NVIDIA's hardware manufacturing model versus CoreWeave's infrastructure services approach. The comparison highlights the premium valuations available to Al–focused companies, though CoreWeave's customer concentration and capital intensity create different risk profiles. Applied Digital and other emerging GPU cloud providers trade at 5–8x revenue multiples, though most lack CoreWeave's scale, customer relationships, and technical capabilities, suggesting CoreWeave merits some premium for market leadership and execution capabilities.

Comparable Company	EV/Revenue	Growth Rate	EBITDA Margin	Business Model
CoreWeave	10.3x	200%+	62%	GPU Infrastructure
Amazon (AWS)	9.2x	15%	35%	Diversified Cloud
Microsoft (Azure)	13.1x	25%	42%	Diversified Cloud
Digital Realty	7.8x	8%	65%	Data Center REIT
Applied Digital	6.2x	45%	25%	HPC Infrastructure

#### 4.3 Asset-Based Valuation Methods

CoreWeave's substantial infrastructure investments provide tangible asset value that supports valuation analysis, particularly given the company's specialized GPU hardware and data center facilities. The company's GPU fleet of approximately 250,000 units includes high-value NVIDIA H100, H200, and GB200 systems that retail for \$30,000-\$50,000 per unit, suggesting gross hardware value exceeding \$10 billion[3][5]. However, technology depreciation, utilization rates, and operational costs significantly impact the net asset value, as GPUs typically depreciate 20-30% annually while generating revenue that must cover operational expenses and capital costs.

Data center facilities represent another significant asset category, with CoreWeave's 33 operational facilities and power infrastructure representing billions in invested capital. The company's contracted power capacity of over 2.2 gigawatts at current market rates could be valued at \$3,000-\$5,000 per kilowatt, suggesting infrastructure value of \$6-\$11 billion[5][11]. However, many facilities operate under lease agreements rather than ownership, limiting direct asset value while creating ongoing liability obligations. The proposed Core Scientific acquisition would add substantial owned real estate assets that could improve the asset-based valuation profile.

The company's contracted backlog of \$30.1 billion provides another asset-based valuation perspective, representing committed future revenue that reduces business risk and supports higher valuation multiples[9]. However, this backlog requires substantial capital investment to fulfill customer commitments, and the net present value depends on execution costs, margin assumptions, and discount rates applied to future cash flows. Using conservative assumptions for fulfillment costs and appropriate discount rates, the backlog could support intrinsic values in the \$75-\$95 per share range, though execution risk and capital requirements create uncertainty around these projections.

#### 4.4 Valuation Synthesis and Key Findings

Our comprehensive valuation analysis indicates CoreWeave's intrinsic value followithin a range of \$75, \$405 per share, with the current trading price of \$100.22 positioned (Click superanalyst.pro for more professional research DCF analysis supports the higher end of this range assuming successful execution of expansion plans and achievement

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of sustainable profitability, while comparable company analysis suggests current trading multiples appear reasonable relative to growth expectations and market position. Asset-based approaches provide some downside protection given the tangible infrastructure investments, though technology depreciation and capital intensity limit the asset value relative to revenue multiples.

Key valuation drivers include CoreWeave's ability to maintain market share leadership as competition intensifies, successful integration of acquisitions like Core Scientific, and achievement of positive free cash flow within the projected timeline. The company's customer concentration creates both opportunities and risks, with Microsoft and OpenAl relationships providing revenue visibility while creating dependency concerns if these partnerships change. Debt service requirements of approximately \$1 billion annually create financial pressure that must be balanced against growth investments and profitability improvements.

The analysis reveals several critical risk factors that could impact valuation outcomes significantly. Competition from hyperscalers developing internal GPU capabilities could reduce CoreWeave's addressable market and pricing power over time. Technology shifts away from NVIDIA architectures or improvements in GPU efficiency could impact demand for CoreWeave's specialized infrastructure. Market saturation as AI infrastructure supply catches up with demand could pressure utilization rates and pricing, particularly affecting the company's high–margin business model. Financial leverage creates vulnerability to market downturns or operational challenges that could impair the company's ability to service debt obligations while funding growth requirements.

Valuation Method	Low Estimate	Base Case	High Estimate	Key Assumptions
DCF Analysis	\$85	\$95	\$105	Profitability by 2027
Relative Valuation	\$75	\$90	\$110	10-12x revenue multiple
Asset-Based	\$70	\$85	\$95	Infrastructure value realization
Consensus Range	\$75	\$90	\$105	Multiple methodologies

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