

8TA 601 HW10

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ym 154

1. Hoff 10.1

① $\theta_0, \theta_1 > \delta$



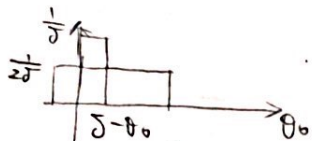
$$J(\theta_1 | \theta_0) = \frac{1}{2\delta}$$



$$J(\theta_0 | \theta_1) = \frac{1}{2\delta}$$

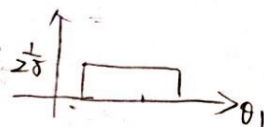
$$\Rightarrow J(\theta_1 | \theta_0) = J(\theta_0 | \theta_1)$$

② $\theta_0 \leq \delta < \theta_1$



$$\theta_1 > \delta > \delta - \theta_0$$

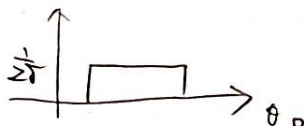
$$J(\theta_1 | \theta_0) = \frac{1}{2\delta}$$



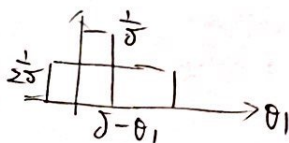
$$J(\theta_0 | \theta_1) = \frac{1}{2\delta}$$

$$\Rightarrow J(\theta_1 | \theta_0) = J(\theta_0 | \theta_1)$$

③ $\theta_1 \leq \delta < \theta_0$



$$J(\theta_1 | \theta_0) = \frac{1}{2\delta}$$

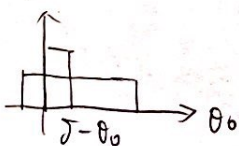


$$\theta_0 > \delta > \delta - \theta_1$$

$$J(\theta_0 | \theta_1) = \frac{1}{2\delta}$$

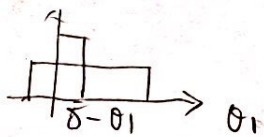
$$\Rightarrow J(\theta_1 | \theta_0) = J(\theta_0 | \theta_1)$$

④ $\theta_1, \theta_0 < \delta$ and $\theta_1 + \theta_0 \leq \delta$



$$\theta_1 \leq \delta - \theta_0$$

$$J(\theta_1 | \theta_0) = \frac{1}{\delta}$$

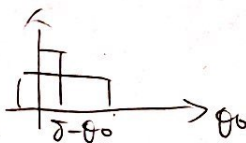


$$\theta_0 \leq \delta - \theta_1$$

$$J(\theta_0 | \theta_1) = \frac{1}{\delta}$$

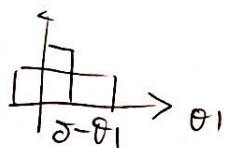
$$\Rightarrow J(\theta_1 | \theta_0) = J(\theta_0 | \theta_1)$$

⑤ $\theta_1, \theta_0 < \delta$ and $\theta_1 + \theta_0 > \delta$



$$\theta_1 > \delta - \theta_0$$

$$J(\theta_1 | \theta_0) = \frac{1}{2\delta}$$



$$\theta_0 > \delta - \theta_1$$

$$J(\theta_0 | \theta_1) = \frac{1}{2\delta}$$

$$\Rightarrow J(\theta_1 | \theta_0) = J(\theta_0 | \theta_1)$$

Therefore, the proposal distribution is symmetric.



2. Consider the following sampling model,

$$y_1, \dots, y_n | \theta \sim p(y | \theta_1, \theta_2)$$

and prior,

$$\theta_1 \sim g(\theta_1), \theta_2 \sim h(\theta_2)$$

where,

$$\theta_1, \theta_2 \in \mathbb{R}$$

Write down the acceptance probability for MH.

① Based on Full conditional: $J(\theta_1^* | \theta_1^{(s)}, \theta_2^{(s)}) = p(\theta_1 | y_1, \dots, y_n, \theta_2^{(s)})$

$$\begin{aligned} r &= \min\left(1, \frac{p(\theta_1^* | y, \theta_2^{(s)})}{p(\theta_1^{(s)} | y, \theta_2^{(s)})} \times \frac{J(\theta_1^{(s)} | \theta_1^*, \theta_2^{(s)})}{J(\theta_1^* | \theta_1^{(s)}, \theta_2^{(s)})}\right) \\ &= \min\left(1, \frac{p(\theta_1^* | y, \theta_2^{(s)})}{p(\theta_1^{(s)} | y, \theta_2^{(s)})} \times \frac{p(\theta_1^{(s)} | y, \theta_2^{(s)})}{p(\theta_1^* | y, \theta_2^{(s)})}\right) \\ &= \min(1, 1) \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

② Based on Prior: $J(\theta_1^* | \theta_1^{(s)}, \theta_2^{(s)}) = g(\theta_1)$

$$\begin{aligned} r &= \min\left(1, \frac{p(\theta_1^* | y, \theta_2^{(s)})}{p(\theta_1^{(s)} | y, \theta_2^{(s)})} \times \frac{J(\theta_1^{(s)} | \theta_1^*, \theta_2^{(s)})}{J(\theta_1^* | \theta_1^{(s)}, \theta_2^{(s)})}\right) \\ &= \min\left(1, \frac{p(y | \theta_1^*, \theta_2^{(s)}) g(\theta_1^*)}{p(y | \theta_1^{(s)}, \theta_2^{(s)}) g(\theta_1^{(s)})} \times \frac{g(\theta_1^{(s)})}{g(\theta_1^*)}\right) \\ &= \min\left(1, \frac{p(y | \theta_1^*, \theta_2^{(s)})}{p(y | \theta_1^{(s)}, \theta_2^{(s)})}\right) \\ &= \min\left(1, \frac{\prod_{i=1}^n p(y_i | \theta_1^*, \theta_2^{(s)})}{\prod_{i=1}^n p(y_i | \theta_1^{(s)}, \theta_2^{(s)})}\right) \end{aligned}$$

③ Based on Random walk: $J(\theta_1^* | \theta_1^{(s)}, \theta_2^{(s)}) = \text{Normal}(\theta_1^{(s)}, \sigma^2)$

$$\begin{aligned} r &= \min\left(1, \frac{p(y | \theta_1^*, \theta_2^{(s)}) g(\theta_1^*)}{p(y | \theta_1^{(s)}, \theta_2^{(s)}) g(\theta_1^{(s)})} \times \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(\theta_1^{(s)} - \theta_1^*)^2\right)}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(\theta_1^* - \theta_1^{(s)})^2\right)}\right) \\ &= \min\left(1, \frac{p(y | \theta_1^*, \theta_2^{(s)}) g(\theta_1^*)}{p(y | \theta_1^{(s)}, \theta_2^{(s)}) g(\theta_1^{(s)})}\right) \\ &= \min\left(1, \frac{g(\theta_1^*) \prod_{i=1}^n p(y_i | \theta_1^*, \theta_2^{(s)})}{g(\theta_1^{(s)}) \prod_{i=1}^n p(y_i | \theta_1^{(s)}, \theta_2^{(s)})}\right) \end{aligned}$$

