COMP2610 / COMP6261 - Information Theory

Tutorial 3: Entropy and Information

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1. Let X be a random variable with possible outcomes $\{1,2,3\}$. Let the probabilities of the outcomes be

$$p(X = 1) = \frac{\theta}{2}$$

$$p(X = 2) = \frac{\theta}{2}$$

$$p(X = 3) = 1 - \theta$$

for some parameter $\theta \in [0,1]$.

Suppose we see N observations of the random variable, $\{x_1,...,x_N\}$. Let n_i denote the number of times that we observe the outcome X = i, i.e.

$$n_i = \sum_{k=1}^N \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x_k = i \text{ else.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Write down the likelihood function of θ given the observations $\{x_1,...,x_N\}$ in terms of n_1,n_2,n_3 .
- (b) Suppose the observations are

$${3,3,1,2,3,2,2,1,3,1}.$$

Compute the maximum likelihood estimate of θ . (*Hint*: Compute the log-likelihood function, and check when the derivative is zero.)

2. Consider the following joint distribution over X,Y:

	p(X,Y)	X			
		1	2	3	4
	1	0	0	1/8	1/8
	2	1/8	0 1/16	1/16	0
Y	3	1/8	1/8	0	0
	4	0	1/16	1/16	1/8

- (a) Show that X and Y are not statistically independent. (*Hint*: You need only show that for at least one specific x,y pair, p(X=x,Y=y) not equal to p(X=x)p(Y=y).)
- (b) Compute the following quantities:
 - (i) H(X)
 - (ii) H(Y)
 - (iii) H(X|Y)
 - (iv) H(Y|X)
 - (v) H(X,Y)

3. A standard deck of cards contains 4 *suits* — ♥,♦,♠,♠("hearts", "diamonds", "clubs", "spades") — each with 13 *values* — A,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,J,Q,K (The *A,J,Q,K* are called "Ace", "Jack", "Queen", "King"). Each card has a *colour*: hearts and diamonds are coloured red; clubs and spades are black. Cards with values J, Q, K are called *face cards*.

Each of the 52 cards in a deck is identified by its value v and suit s and denoted vs. For example, $2 \heartsuit$, $J \clubsuit$, and $7 \spadesuit$ are the "two of hearts", "Jack of clubs", and "7 of spades", respectively. The variable c will be used to denote a card's colour. Let f = 1 if a card is a face card and f = 0 otherwise.

A card is drawn at random from a thoroughly shuffled deck. Calculate:

- (a) The information in observing a red King, i.e., h(c = red, v = K)
- (b) The conditional information in observing a King given a face card was drawn, i.e., h(v = K|f = 1)
- (c) The entropies H(S) and H(V,S).
- 4. Let X be a random variable taking on a finite number of values. What is the (general) inequality relationship of H(X) and H(Y) if
 - a. $Y = 2^{X}$?
 - b. Y = cos X?