# **Statistical Machine Learning 2022**

(COMP4670 / 8600)

## Take-Home Practice / Hurdle Exam

Writing period: 90 minutes. Study period: 0.

Permitted materials: A computer for the coding question only.

Total marks: 17.

This does not contribute to your grade. However if you find it at all difficult to score fifty percent without any preparation then you should seriously consider dropping the course.

1. (1 mark)

In a box there are two black balls, one red ball and three yellow balls. What is the probability that a ball selected at random is yellow given that it is not black?

2. (1 mark)

Which of the following statements is correct?

- i) p(a,b)/p(b) = p(b|a)
- ii) p(a|b)/p(a) = p(b|a)
- iii) p(a,b)/p(b) = p(a|b)
- iv) None of the above.
- 3. (1 mark)

A fair six-sied die has 1, 1, 2, 3, 5 and 8 dots on each face. What is the expected number of dots?

4. (2 marks)

Let D be a random variable with smooth (infinitely differentiable) probability density function on the real line Let x and y be independent and identically distributed according to D. What is the probability that x > y?

- i) 0
- ii) 1/2
- iii) 1
- iv) It depends on the choice of D.
- v) None of the above.
- 5. (1 mark)

What is the derivative of  $x^x$  with respect to x?

6. (2 marks)

Let  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}ax^2 + bx + c$ , where a < 0. What is the maximum value obtained by this function, for real valued x?

7. (1 mark)

What is the order of computational time complexity (roughly speaking, the number of computational operations required) of matrix-vector multiplication, assuming the matrix is of size N by N?

- i) O(1)
- ii) O(N)
- iii)  $O(N^2)$
- iv)  $O(N^3)$
- v)  $O(N \log N)$
- vi) None of the above.
- 8. (2 marks)

Consider a linear regression model y = ax + b with (x, y) data pairs (1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 3). What is the derivative with respect to a of the mean squared error, at a = 1, b = 2?

#### 9. (1 mark)

If A is a square matrix, then we write tr(A) for its trace, which is the sum of the diagonal elements of A. Let  $||A||_F = \sqrt{tr(A^T A)}$  be the Frobenius norm of a matrix.

Let C be a fixed symmetric  $n \times n$  matrix (so  $C = C^{\top}$ ). Let  $\mu$  be a scalar that is larger than the  $p^{th}$  smallest eigenvalue of C. Let N be a diagonal  $p \times p$  matrix with distinct positive entries on the diagonal.

Let our cost function f(X) be defined for  $n \times p$  matrices X as

$$f(X) = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{tr}(X^{\top} C X N) + \mu \frac{1}{4} \left\| N - X^{\top} X \right\|_{F}^{2},$$

where  $X \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times p}$ ,  $n \ge p$ .

Derive the gradient  $\nabla_X f(X)$ .

### 10. (1 mark)

What is the name of the numpy function that samples from the "standard normal" distribution?

#### 11. (4 marks)

Complete the implementation of

linear.py released with this problem set,

in order to successfully run the program

test\_linear.py.

Which you may execute using e.g. the command

anaconda3-python test\_linear.py