

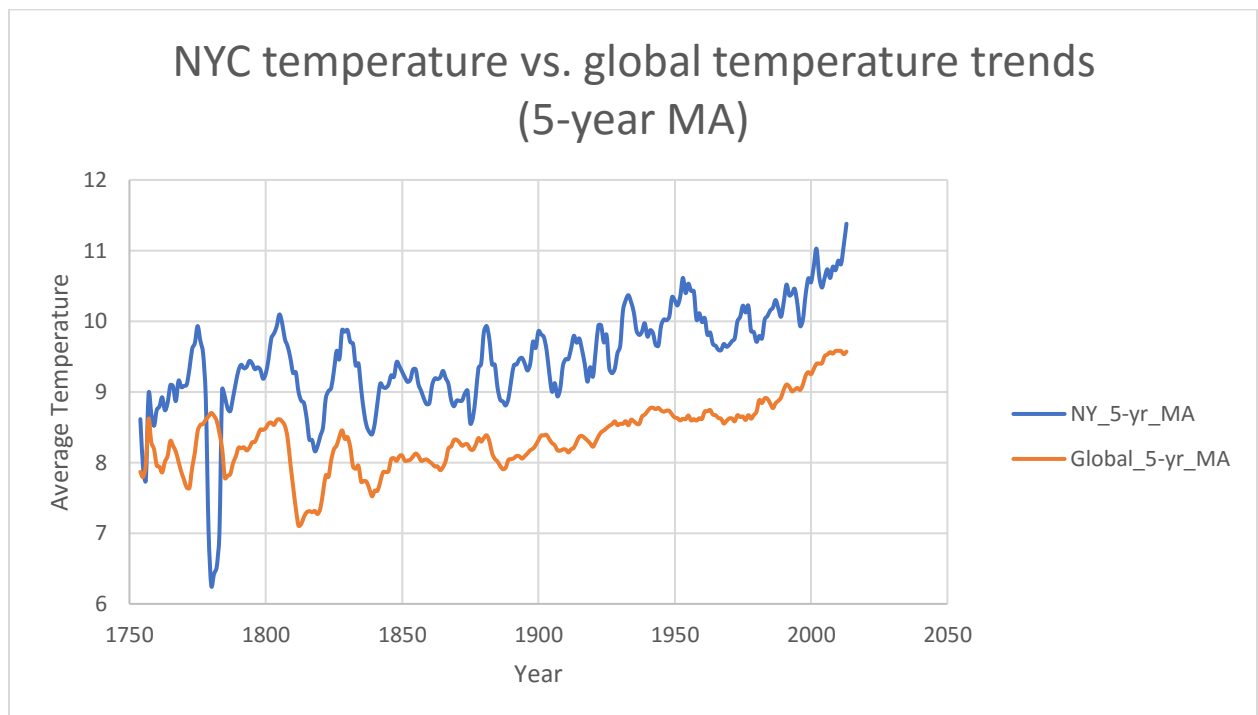
1. I used SQL to extract temperature data of New York City and temperature data globally.

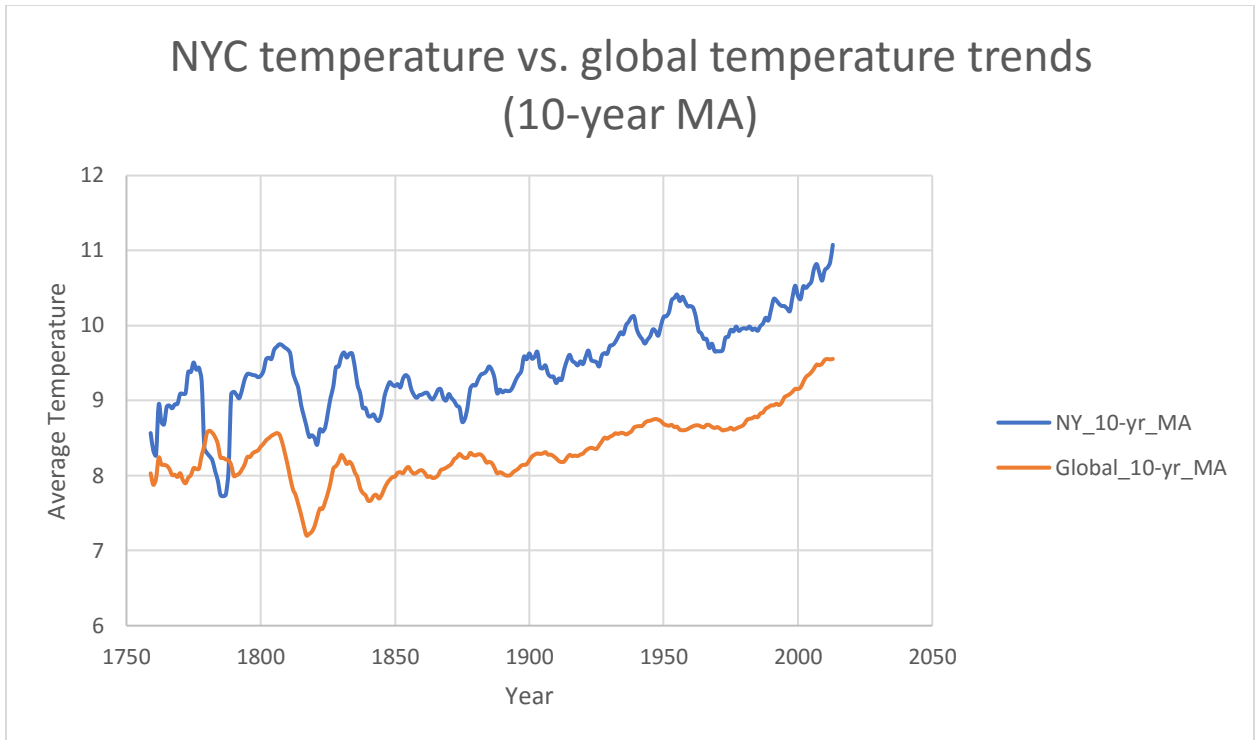
Codes:

```
SELECT *  
FROM city_list
```

```
SELECT *  
FROM city_data  
WHERE city IN ('New York')
```

2. I opened .csv files in Excel, then calculated the 5-year moving average and 10-year moving average of temperature data of New York City and temperature data globally. For each year, I took the average of the temperatures of that year and the 4 years ahead to calculate the 5-year moving average, and I took the average of the temperatures of that year and the 9 years ahead to calculate the 10-year moving average.
3. I plotted the 5-year moving average and 10-year moving average of temperature data of New York City and temperature data globally as line charts.





4. The 10-year moving average line chart gave smoother lines, so I decided to use the plot of 10-year MA for analysis.

My observations are:

- New York's average temperature and the global average temperature both increased over time, and the trends are similar.
- New York's average temperature is higher compared to the global average temperature, and this difference has been consistent over time.
- New York's average temperature has been increased more than the global average temperature, the difference was 0.5 degree around year 1750, but more than 1 degree after year 2000.
- The world is getting hotter, and the increase has been consistent over the last few hundred years, especially after year 1850.