Computer vision

Homework 10

Zero Crossing Edge Detection

Description

Implement 2 Laplacian Mask, Minimum Variance Laplacian, Laplacian of Gaussian, and Difference of Gaussian(inhibitory sigma=3, excitatory sigma=1, kernel size 11x11).

- 1. Some functions take homework 9 for reference. All of the kernel and threshold values use the reference in the lecture slide.
- 2. For the laplacian output pixel t, I have changed the value from -1 to 100.

```
Input pixel gradient magnitude >= threshold (15)

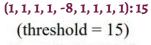
→ Laplacian output pixel t = 1

Input pixel gradient magnitude <= -threshold (15)

→ Laplacian output pixel t = -1 100

Else → Laplacian output pixel t = 0
```

(a) Laplace Mask 1



	1	
1	-4	1
	1	

(b) Laplace Mask 2

$$(0, 1, 0, 1, -4, 1, 0, 1, 0)$$
: 15
 $(\text{threshold} = 15)$

	1	1	1	1
3	1	-8	1	1
	1	1	1	1

(c) Minimum variance

(threshold = 20)

Laplacian: 20

```
Zero-crossing (section)
                      Laplacian output (section)
int result = 0;
                                                if (tmp.at<uchar>(i, j) == 100 || tmp.at<uchar>(i, j) == 0) {
for (int a = 0; a < 3; a++) {
                                                   output.at<uchar>(i, j) = 255;
   for (int b = 0; b < 3; b++) {
                                                   continue;
       result += array[a][b] * kernel[a][b];
                                                int flag = 0;
                                                for (int a = 0; a < 3; a++) {
result /= constant;
                                                    for (int b = 0; b < 3; b++) {
if (result >= threshold) {
                                                         if (a == 1 && b == 1) {
   tmp.at<uchar>(i, j) = 1;
                                                              continue;
else if (result <= (threshold * -1)) {
   tmp.at<uchar>(i, j) = 100; //-1 -> 100
                                                         if (array[a][b] == 100) {
                                                              flag = 1;
else {
   tmp.at<uchar>(i, j) = 0;
                                                if (flag == 1) {
                                                    output.at<uchar>(i, j) = 0;
                                                else {
                                                    output.at<uchar>(i, j) = 255;
```

(For more information, please refer to lines 14~171.)

(d) Laplace of Gaussian: 3000

(e)Difference of Gaussian: 1

```
(threshold = 3000)
                                                                 (threshold = 1)
                                               -1 -3 -4 -6 -7 -8 -7 -6 -4 -3 -1
   0 0 -1 -1 -2 -1 -1 0 0 0
0
                                               -3 -5 -8 -11 -13 -13 -13 -11 -8 -5 -3
-4 -8 -12 -16 -17 -17 -17 -16 -12 -8 -4
   0 -2 -4 -8 -9 -8 -4 -2 0 0
0
0 -2 -7 -15 -22 -23 -22 -15 -7 -2 0
                                               -6 -11 -16 -16 0 15 0 -16 -16 -11 -6
-1 -4 -15 -24 -14 -1 -14 -24 -15 -4 -1
                                                 -7 -13 -17
                                                                   85 160
                                                                             85
   -8 -22 -14 52 103 52 -14 -22
                                               -8 -13 -17 15 160 283 160 15 -17 -13 -8
-2 -9 -23 -1 103 178 103 -1 -23
                                               -7 -13 -17 0 85 160 85 0 -17 -13 -7
-6 -11 -16 -16 0 15 0 -16 -16 -11 -6
-1 -8 -22 -14 52 103 52 -14 -22 -8 -1
-1 -4 -15 -24 -14 -1 -14 -24 -15 -4 -1
0 -2 -7 -15 -22 -23 -22 -15 -7 -2 0
                                               -4 -8 -12 -16 -17 -17 -17 -16 -12 -8 -4
0 0 -2 -4 -8 -9 -8 -4 -2 0 0
0 0 0 -1 -1 -2 -1 -1 0 0 0
                                               -3 -5 -8 -11 -13 -13 -13 -11 -8 -5 -3
                                                -1 -3 -4 -6 -7 -8 -7 -6 -4 -3 -1
```

```
Laplacian output (section)
                                                                                                                          Zero-crossing (section)
                                                                                 if (tmp.at<uchar>(i, j) == 100 || tmp.at<uchar>(i, j) == 0) {
int array[11][11];
                                                                                     output.at<uchar>(i, j) = 255;
         result += ori.at<uchar>(i - 5 + a, j - 5 + b) * kernel[a][b];
                                                                                 int flag = 0;
                                                                                     for (int b = 4; b < 7; b++) {
  if (a == 5 && b == 5) {
result /= constant;
if (result >= threshold) {
                                                                                          if (tmp.at<uchar>(i - 5 + a, j - 5 + b) == 100) {
     tmp.at<uchar>(i, j) = 1;
                                                                                               flag = 1;
else if (result <= (threshold * -1)) {
    tmp.at<uchar>(i, j) = 100; //-1 -> 100
                                                                                 if (flag == 1) {
else {
                                                                                     output.at<uchar>(i, j) = 0;
    tmp.at<uchar>(i, j) = 0;
```

(For more information, please refer to lines 173~227.)

main and function

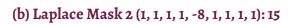
```
| Bould laplacian(Mat ori, Mat output, int threshold, int kernel[3][3], int constant) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ..
```

<u>Result</u>

(a) Laplace Mask 1 (0, 1, 0, 1, -4, 1, 0, 1, 0): 15



(c) Minimum variance Laplacian: 20





(d) Laplace of Gaussian: 3000



(e) Difference of Gaussian: 1



Reference:

 lecture slide http://cv2.csie.ntu.edu.tw/CV/_material/CH7_HW9_10%E8%AC%9B%E8%A7%A3(v4).pdf