

# **Network Simulator: Final Presentation**

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# Agenda

- Architecture
- Routing
- Congestion Control
- Data Analysis and Plotting
- Test Cases

# Tools

**Python (2.7)**

**SimPy:** process-based simulation in Python

**Github:** source control

**Hackpad:** issue tracking and documentation

**Google Slides:** presentation

# Main Programs

## Simulator

- Output logs as simulation progresses.

## Analyzer

- Bins logs into intervals and do statistics.

## Plotter

- Visualizes the above hard works.

# Simulator

## Device

- Physical objects e.g. Host, Link, and Router.
- Packet exchange via SimPy

## Packet

- Messages e.g. Data, Ack, Routing
- Tells devices what to do on arrival

## Flow

- Data transmission and congestion control

# Device

## Host

- Source holds Flow
- Target acks data packets

## Router

- (will explain in detail later)

## Link

- Full-duplex (equiv. to two half-duplex)
- Buffer, transmission time ( $\sim$ packet size), latency (const)

# Packet

## Methods

- reach\_host()
- reach\_router()

## Rationale

- No if/elif/else type testing
- Separate high-level logic from SimPy codes in Device
- New routing algorithm => new packet class(es)

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# Bellman-Ford Algorithm

1. Packet starts at the router and goes to the host/router
2. Records the time it took to get there.
3. It goes back to the initial router and checks to see if that path was faster than other paths to that host or that router's hosts

# Dijkstra's Algorithm

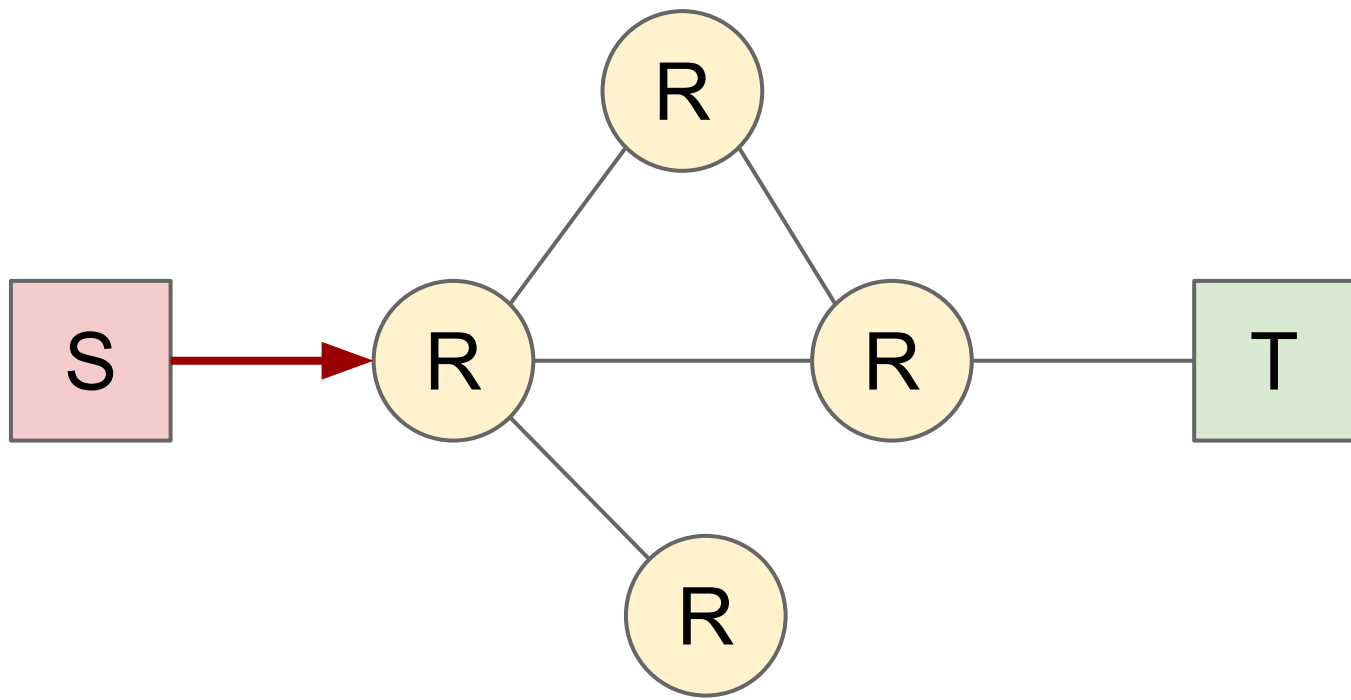
## 1. Sonar from Source

- Explores the network in Dijkstra's fashion
- Builds reverse routing table

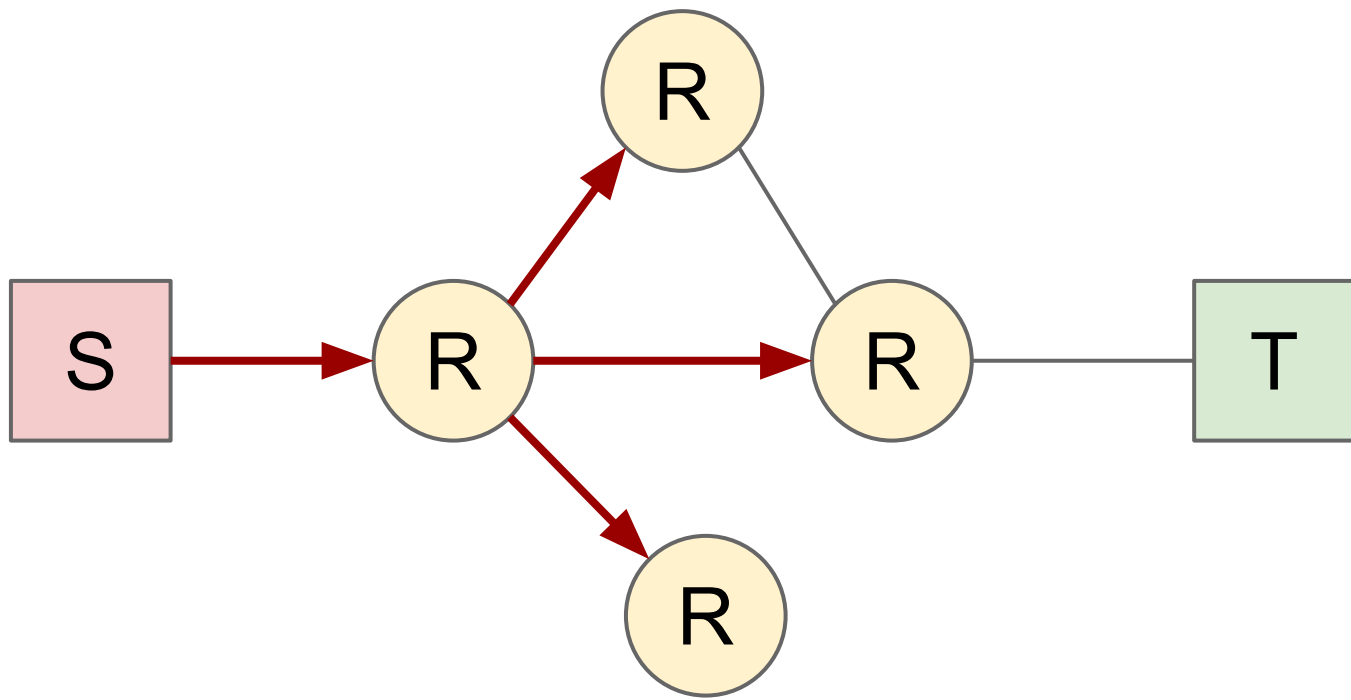
## 2. Echo by Target

- Reverse routing table points to the source
- Builds forward routing table along the way
- Cost = one-way delay (source => target)

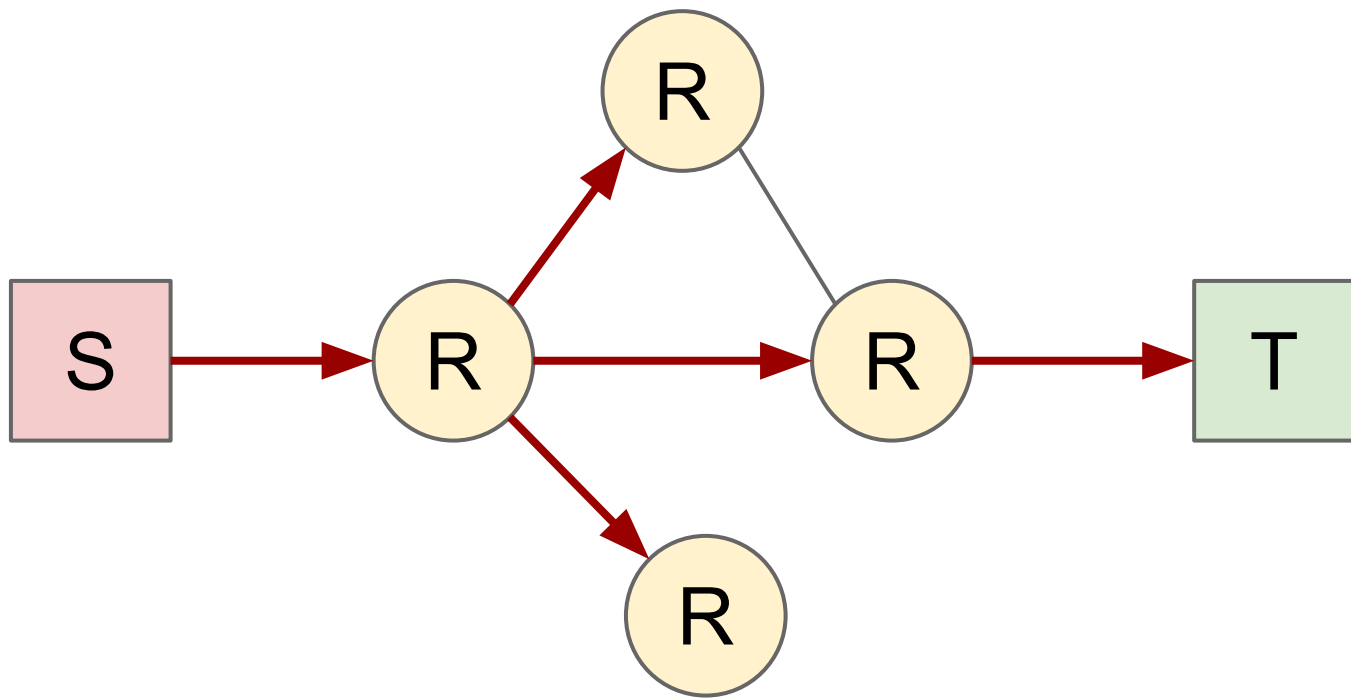
# Sonar Phase



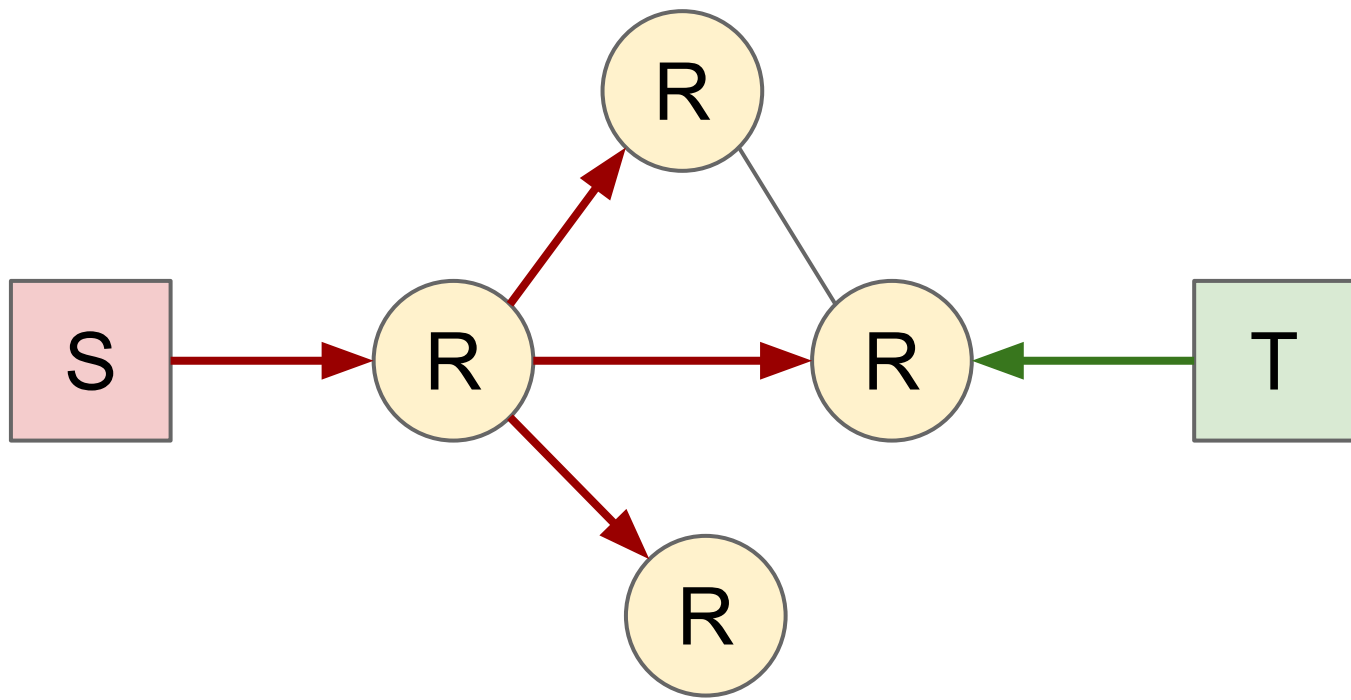
# Sonar Phase



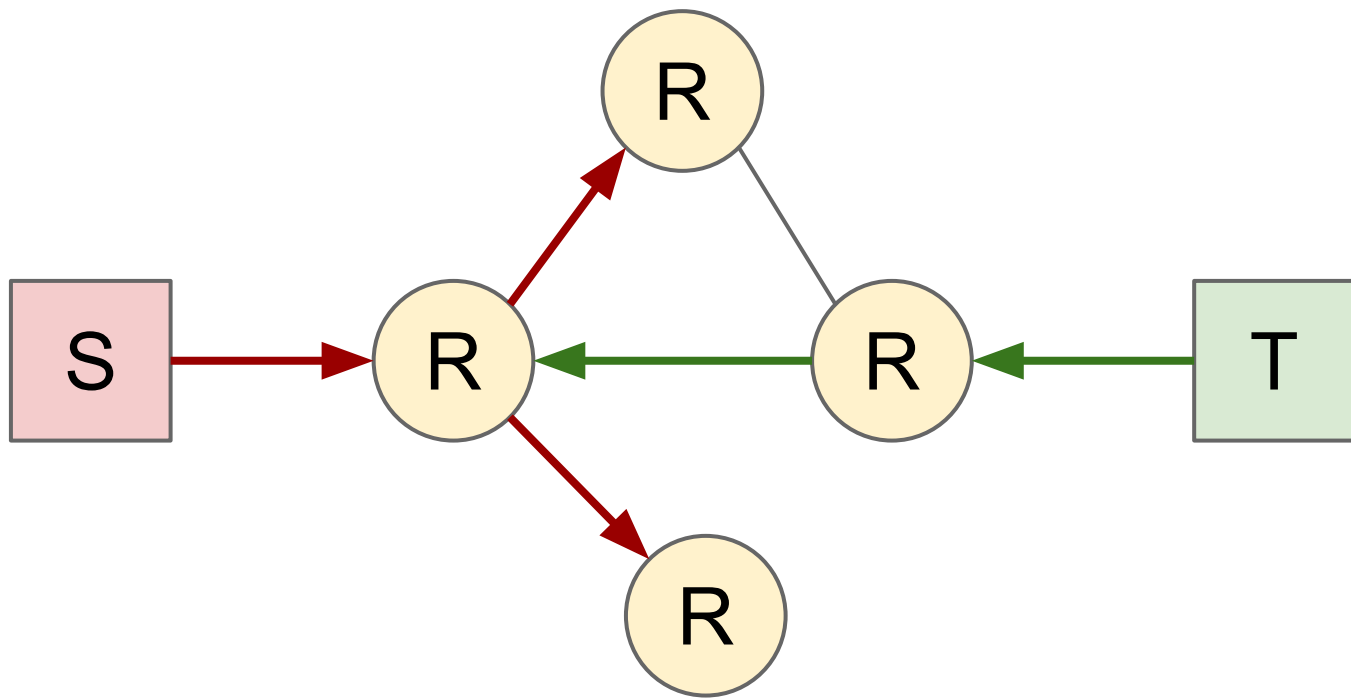
# Sonar Phase



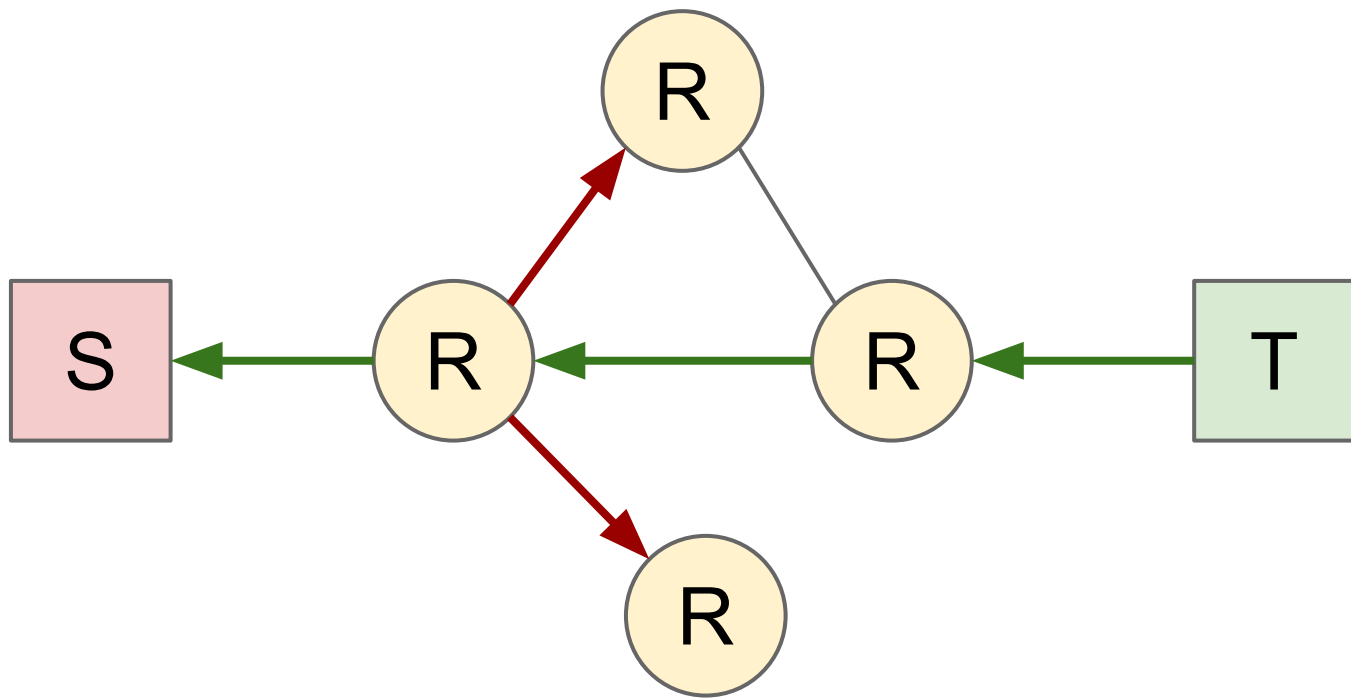
# Echo Phase



# Echo Phase



# Echo Phase





# Routing Strategies

- **Dijkstra**

- Host starts the process
- Fast network discovery
- Measures the whole trip

- **Bellman-Ford**

- Router takes the initiative (decentralized)
- Reacts to individual links (fast)
- Oscillations?

# Agenda

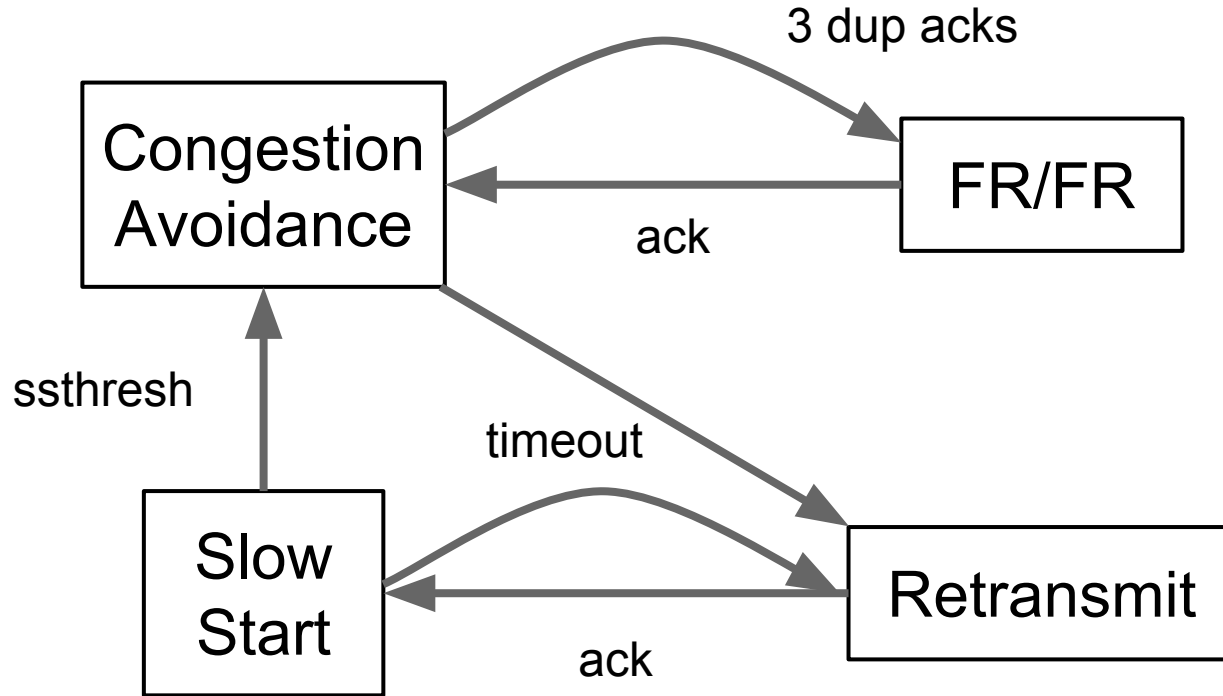
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# Flow Functionality

- Send data packets sequentially
- Maintain transmission window
- Detect timeout
- Process good acks, dup acks

Complicated enough. To make things worse...

# Flow States



# Lego-like Design

a.k.a. State Pattern

## BaseFlow

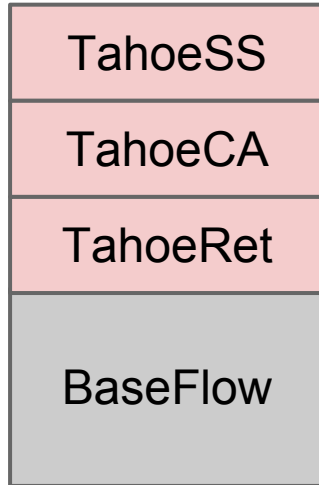
- Basic functionality + API
- Holds constructors for class FlowState

## FlowState

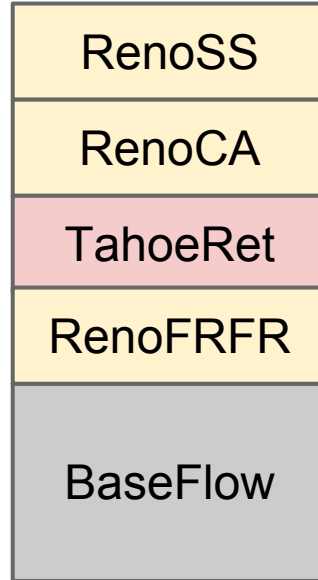
- Implements state-dependent event handlers
- State transition

# Building Examples

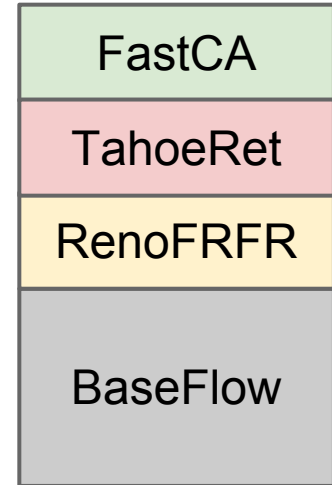
TCP Tahoe



TCP Reno



FastTCP



# Congestion Control Algorithms

- TCP Tahoe

ACK:  $W += 1$

LOSS:  $W = W/2$

- TCP Reno

ACK:  $W += 1/W$

LOSS:  $W = W/2$

- FAST-TCP

$$W = \frac{\text{baseRTT}}{\text{RTT}} W + \alpha$$

- CUBIC-TCP

$$W_{cubic} = C(t - K)^3 + W_{\max}$$

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# Network Input

## Sections

- Host
- Router
- Link
- Flow

S1

T1

-

R1

-

L0 S1 R1 12.5 10 64

L1 R1 T2 12.5 10 64

-

F1 S1 T1 20 0.5

**Example ==>**

# Raw Output

Network simulator gives

- **send\_data:** data packet leaves source
- **receive\_data:** data packet reaches target
- **packet\_loss:** packet dropped by link due to full buffer
- **packet\_rtt:** RTT reported when source receives ack
- **buffer\_diff:** packet enters/leaves link buffer
- **transmission:** packet enters cable section of link

# Processed Output

Calculated from raw logs:

- **link rate:** [time] link\_flow\_rate [link\_id] [flow\_rate]
- **buffer occupancy:** [time] buf\_level [link\_id] [level\_kb]
- **packet loss:** [time] pkt\_loss [link\_id] [loss\_rate]
- **flow rate:** [time] flow\_send\_rate [flow\_id] [rate]
- **window size:** [time] window\_size [flow\_id] [average\_size]
- **packet delay:** [time] packet\_rtt [flow\_id] [average\_delay]

# Graphics

## Tkinter

- General gui package for python

## matplotlib

- Draw specialized charts

## Networkx

- Graph drawing in gui generator

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# Demos

- Test case 0
- Test case 1
- Test case 2