## **Reuters News Topic Classification**

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## **About me**

- Data Analyst in Fintech Startup Cmin
- Master in Data Science at WPI
- Bachelor in Finance at JinanUniversity





## Goal



Tag the news with various topics with NLP technologies

# Getting to know the data -Reuters 21578

1. Dataset Introduction

2. Data Preprocess

3. Data Visualization

## **Reuters 21578**

- **10000** news in 22 sgm data files
- **135** topics
- The Modified Apte Split
  - 9303 training set
  - 3299 testing set
  - Split by 1987/4/7

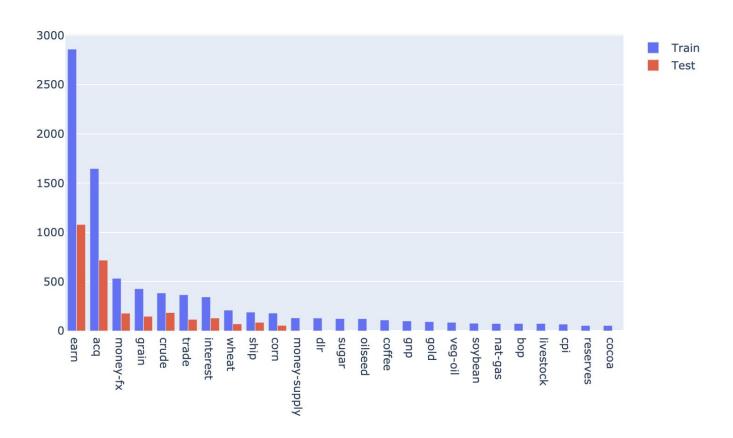
```
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 <PLACES> <D>el-salvador</D> <D>usa</D> <D>uruquay</D> </PLACES>
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 <ORGS></ORGS>
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 <COMPANIES></COMPANIES>
 <UNKNOWN>C T f0704reute u f BC-BAHIA-COCOA-REVIEW 02-26 0105/UNKNOWN>
 <TEXT>
   <TITLE>BAHIA COCOA REVIEW</TITLE>
   <DATELINE>SALVADOR, Feb 26 -</dateLine>
   <BODY>Showers continued throughout the week in the Bahia cocoa zone,
         alleviating the drought since early January and improving prospects for
         after carnival which ends midday on February 27. Reuter</BODY>
 </TEXT>
:/REUTERS>
```

## **Data Preprocessing**

- Parse SGM file
  - Extract topics
  - Extract news title and body
- Build Training and Testing data based on the modified apte split
  - Flatten topics

	id	topics	texts
0	4005	interest	u.s. economic data key to debt futures outlook
1	4005	retail	u.s. economic data key to debt futures outlook
2	4005	ipi	u.s. economic data key to debt futures outlook
3	4012	earn	bank of british columbia 1st qtr jan 31 netope
4	4014	earn	restaurant associates inc <ra> 4th qtr jan 3sh</ra>

#### Top topics distribution in reuters dataset



## **Problem Statement**

- Multiclass classification
- Challenges include dealing with over 100 classes, imbalanced dataset, topics overlapping

## Research

Text Categorization with Support Vector Machines [1]

Approaches	Data Preprocess	Criteria	Best Result
Tf-idf + SVM	<ul> <li>Remove stop words</li> <li>Keep words over 3 occurrences</li> <li>Choose best 500, 1000, 2000, 5000 features</li> <li>ModApte split</li> <li>One-vs-all classification</li> </ul>	Precision / recall	86.4

Reference: [1] Text Categorization with Support Vector Machines

## Research

- Previous research only makes classifier on topics with most frequency
- BERT shows capacity in imbalanced dataset, but for over 100 classes?
- A close look at the dataset

## Hierarchical Classifier

1. Multilabel Classification

2. Few Shot Learner

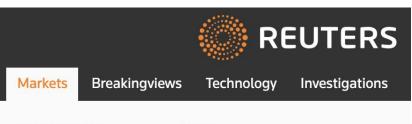
## **Hierarchical Classifier**

\*\*\*\*Subject Codes (135)

Money/Foreign Exchange (MONEY-FX) Shipping (SHIP) Interest Rates (INTEREST)

\*\*Economic Indicator Codes (16)

Balance of Payments (BOP)
Trade (TRADE)
Consumer Price Index (CPI)
Wholesale Price Index (WPI)
Unemployment (JOBS)
Industrial Production Index (IPI)
Capacity Utilisation (CPU)
Gross National/Domestic Product (GNP)
Money Supply (MONEY-SUPPLY)
Reserves (RESERVES)



Markets Home Deals

U.S. Markets Global Market Data

European Markets Stocks

Asian Markets Bonds

Funds

Commodities

Currencies

First Layer:

**Multilabel Classifier** 

1. Data Preprocessing

2. Model Construction

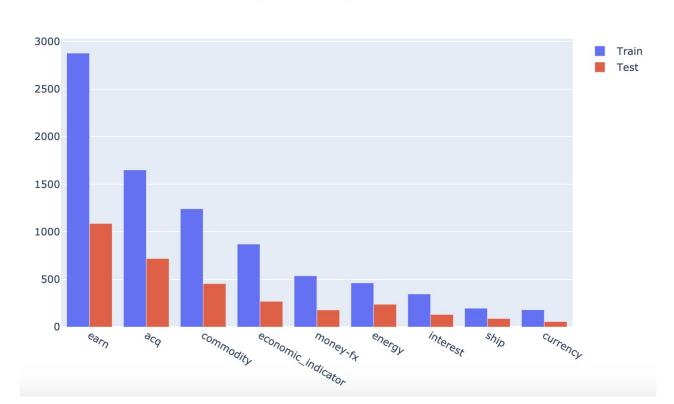
3. Model Evaluation

## **Data Preprocess**

- Generate mapping for topics and categories
- Add categories columns
- Generate labels
  - 7% of news have over 2 categories.

```
"money-fx": ["money-fx"],
"ship": ["ship"],
"interest": ["interest"],
"acq": ["acq"],
"earn": ["earn"],
"economic_indicator": ["bop", "trade", "cpi", "wpi",...],
"currency": ["dlr", "austdlr", "hk", "singdlr", ...],
"commodity": ["alum", "barley", "carcass", "castor-meal",...],
"energy": ["crude", "heat", "fuel", "gas", "nat-gas",...]}
```

#### Category Distribution in Training and Testing Dataset



## **Data Preprocess**

texts	topics
u.s. economic data key to debt futures outlook	[interest, retail, ipi]
bank of british columbia 1st qtr jan 31 netope	[earn]
restaurant associates inc <ra> 4th qtr jan 3sh</ra>	[earn]

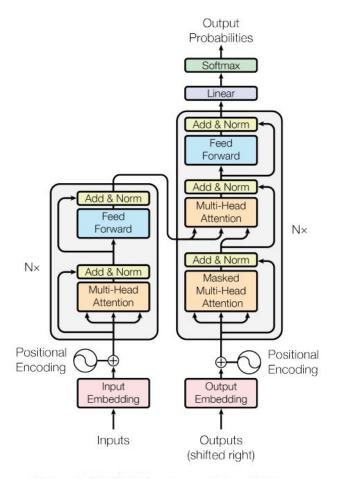
texts	categories	labels
key to debt futures outlook	[interest, economic_indicator]	[0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
lumbia 1st qtr jan 31 netope	[earn]	[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1]
ates inc <ra> 4th qtr jan 3sh</ra>	[earn]	[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1]

## **Model Construction**

- **Pretrained DistilBert** -- light, fast
- A drop out layer is added for Regularization
- A **linear layer** are added for Classification

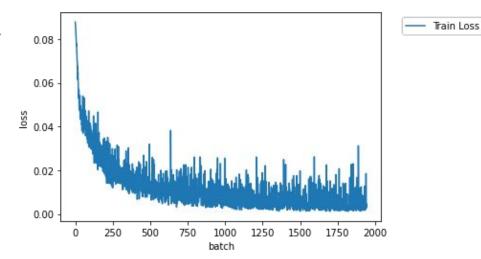


A dog is standing on a hardwood floor.



## **Multilabel Classification**

- Loss function: Binary Cross Entropy
- Optimizer: Adam Optimizer
- Hyperparameter:
  - Max length: 200
  - Learning rate: 1e-05
  - Batch size: 8
  - **EPOCH**: 2



## **Model Evaluation**

#### Metrics:

- Hamming Score: 0.94
- Hamming Loss: 0.013
- Accuracy Score = 0.91
- F1 Score (Micro) = 0.94
- F1 Score (Macro) = 0.89

```
>>> from sklearn.metrics import hamming_loss
>>> y_pred = [1, 2, 3, 4]
>>> y_true = [2, 2, 3, 4]
>>> hamming_loss(y_true, y_pred)
0.25
```

## **Second Layer:**

**Few Shot Learner** 

1. Few Shot Learner

2. Data Preprocess

3. Model Construction

4. Model Evaluation

## **Dataset**

Main classes (5): money-fx, ship, interest, acq, earn

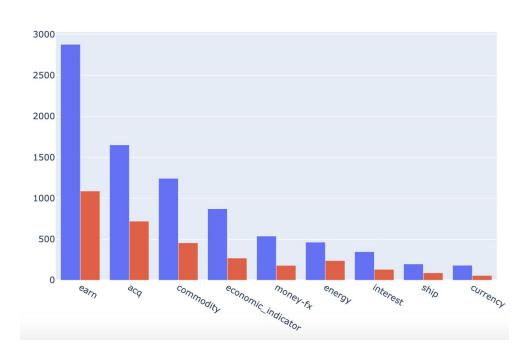
#### Train:

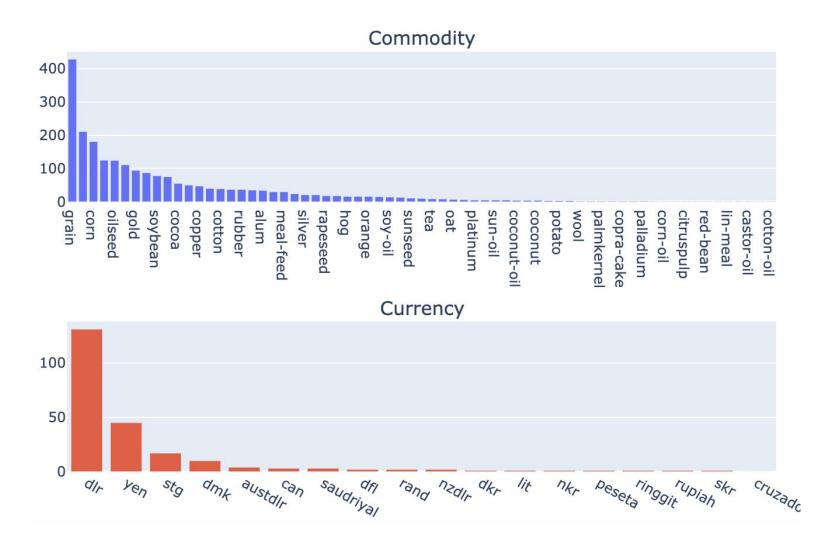
The proportion of main classes is 0.58. The proportion of minor classes is 0.42.

#### Test:

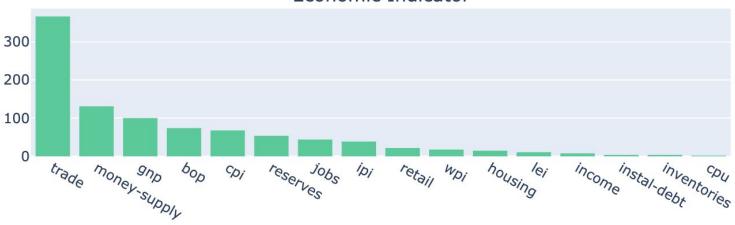
The proportion of main classes is 0.59. The proportion of minor classes is 0.41.

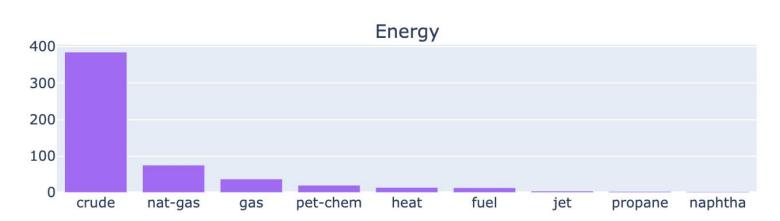
#### Category Distribution in Training and Testing Dataset











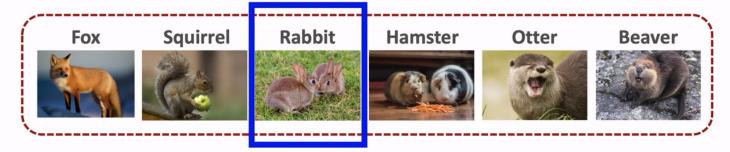
## **Few Shot Learner**

- Classify new data having seen only a few training examples
- Learn to learn

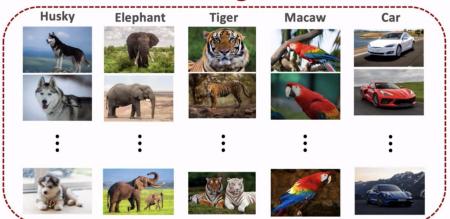


Give him the cards:





**Training Set** 



## **Query Sample**



## **Few Shot Learner**

- Learning a **similarity** function

 Running two identical CNN on two different inputs and then comparing them



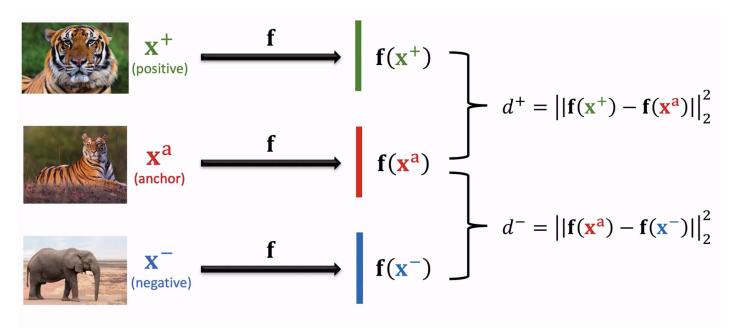
## **Few Shot Learner**

Step 1: Learn a similarity function from large-scale training sample

Step 2: Apply the similarity function for prediction

- Compare the query with every sample in the support set
- Find the sample with the highest similarity score

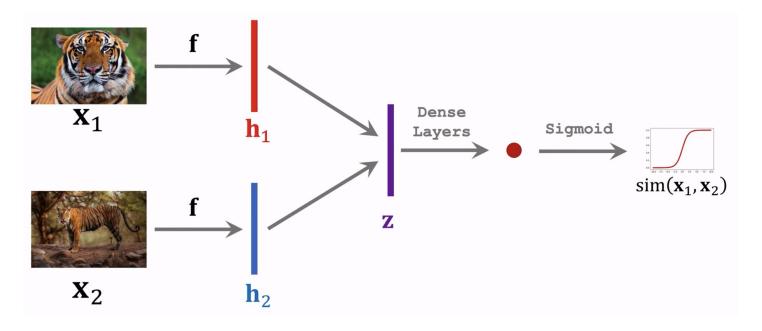
## Loss function - triplet loss



## **Loss function - siamese network**

## **Positive Samples Negative Samples** $(\mathbf{z}, \mathbf{z}, \mathbf{0})$ ( **%**, **%**, O) $(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{1})$ $(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{O})$

## **Loss function - siamese network**

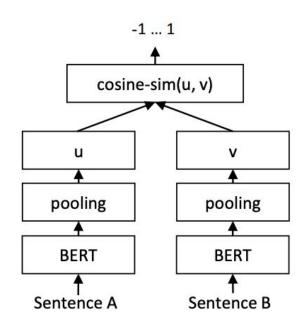


## **Data Preprocess**

- For each category
  - Training set: a pair of data contains anchor, positive and negative
  - Support set: N way 1 shot
  - Test set: all data within the same category

## **Model Construction**

- Siamese Neural Network
- Loss function: Triplet loss
- Optimizer: Adam Optimizer
- Hyperparameter:
  - Max length: 200
  - Learning rate: 1e-05
  - Batch size: 8
  - EPOCH: 2



## **Model Evaluation**

Category	N way one shot (N)	Accuracy
commodity	65	35%
currency	18	43%

## **Further Study**

1. Few shot fine-tuning

2. Top modeling

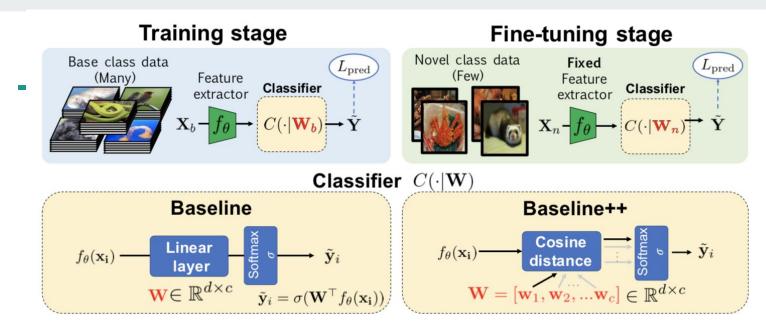


Figure 1: **Baseline and Baseline++ few-shot classification methods.** Both the baseline and baseline++ method train a feature extractor  $f_{\theta}$  and classifier  $C(.|\mathbf{W}_b)$  with base class data in the training stage In the fine-tuning stage, we fix the network parameters  $\theta$  in the feature extractor  $f_{\theta}$  and train a new classifier  $C(.|\mathbf{W}_n)$  with the given labeled examples in novel classes. The baseline++ method differs from the baseline model in the use of cosine distances between the input feature and the weight vector for each class that aims to reduce intra-class variations.

#### A Closer Look at Few-shot Classification

## Timeline and github

Time	Implement	Research
12/21/2020 - 12/24/2020	Parse File	Weak Supervision
12/25/2020 - 12/28/2020	TF-IDF Embedding	Few Shot Learner
12/29/2020 - 1/1/2021	Multilabel Classification	Hugging Face
1/2/2021 -1/6/2021	Few Shot Learner	Few Shot Learner
1/7/2021 - 1/11/2020	Refine Model and Presentation	

GitHub: https://github.com/yinhao0424/reuters/blob/master/README.md

## **Thank You**