

BE1401 Business Operations and Processes Solution for Practice Problems for Project Management

Question 1

Activity	Activity Predecessor	Time Estimate (weeks)							
		Mean	Variance	ES	EF	LS	LF	SLACK	
A	-	9	4	0	9	0	9	0	<--critical
B	-	11	4	0	11	7	18	7	
C	A	7	1	9	16	11	18	2	
D	A	10	9	9	19	9	19	0	<--critical
E	B,C	1	0	16	17	18	19	2	
F	B,C	5	4	16	21	26	31	10	
G	D,E	6	1	19	25	19	25	0	<--critical
H	D,E	3	1	19	22	21	24	2	
I	H	1	0	22	23	24	25	2	
J	F,G	2	0	25	27	31	33	6	
K	G,I	8	1	25	33	25	33	0	<--critical

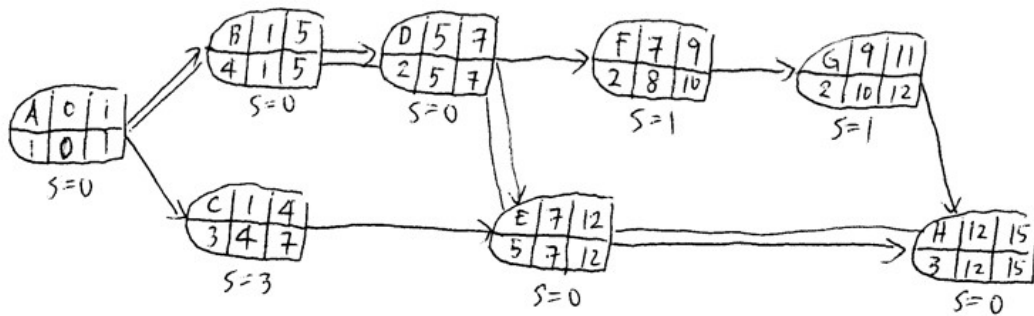
Probability that the project will be completed in 40 weeks or less is 96.46%.
Probability that the project will be completed within 30 weeks is 21.93%

Question 2

Activity	Mean	Variance	ES	EF	LS	LF	SLACK	
A	4	1.333333333	0	4	0	4	0	<--critical
B	5	0.333333333	4	9	15	20	11	
C	9	3	9	18	20	29	11	
D	13	3	4	17	4	17	0	<--critical
E	8	1.333333333	17	25	21	29	4	
F	12	5.333333333	17	29	17	29	0	<--critical
G	3	0.333333333	29	32	29	32	0	<--critical
H	5	0.333333333	32	37	32	37	0	<--critical
I	4	0.333333333	37	41	37	41	0	<--critical
J	6	1.333333333	32	38	35	41	3	

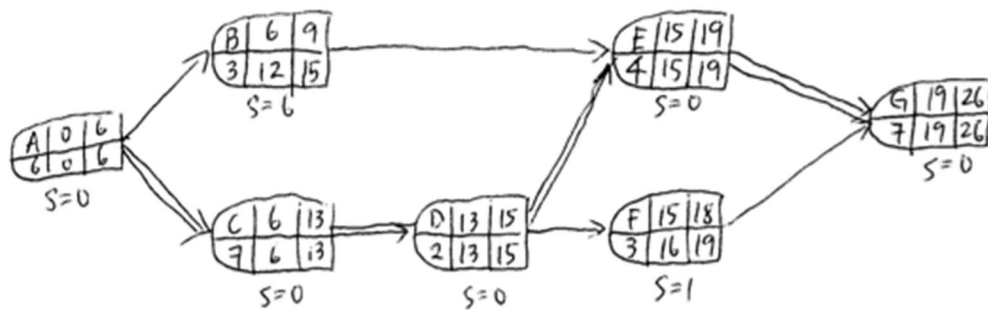
Critical path is A-D-F-G-H-I and expected completion time is 41. Probability that the project will be completed in 44 weeks or less is 82.08%.

Question 3



- (a) The critical path is A-B-D-E-H.
- (b) It will take 15 weeks to complete the project.
- (c) The following activities have slack.
- C - 3 weeks
 - F - 1 week
 - G - 1 week.

Question 4



- (a) The critical path is A-C-D-E-G.
- (b) It will take 26 weeks to complete the project.
- (c) Activity B has a slack of 6 weeks.

Question 5

Mean = 33, standard deviation = 3.87

$$(a) P(T > 38) = P(Z > (38-33)/3.87) = P(Z > 1.29) = 1 - P(Z < 1.29) = 1 - 0.9015 = 0.0985$$

$$(b) P(T > 33) = P(Z > (33-33)/3.87) = P(Z > 0) = 0.5$$

$$(c) P(T > 28) = P(Z > (28-33)/3.87) = P(Z > -1.29) = 1 - P(Z < -1.29) = 1 - P(Z > 1.29) \text{ (because of the symmetry of standard normal distribution about its mean 0)} = P(Z < 1.29) = 0.9015.$$

Question 6

Mean = 41, standard deviation = 3.266

$$(a) \text{ Find } x \text{ such that } 0.9 = P(Z \leq (x-41)/3.266).$$

$$1.28 = (x-41)/3.266 \text{ (From the normal table, we find that 1.28 is the closest "z value" for which the cumulative probability is approximately 0.9)}$$

$$x = (1.28)(3.266) + 41 = 45.18 \approx 46 \text{ weeks}$$

$$(b) \text{ Find } x \text{ such that } 0.99 = P(Z \leq (x-41)/3.266).$$

$$2.33 = (x-41)/3.266 \text{ (Again, we find that 2.33 is the closest "z value" for which the cumulative probability is approximately 0.99)}$$

$$x = (2.33)(3.266) + 41 = 48.61 \approx 49 \text{ weeks}$$