## Violence against children in and around schools in Indonesia

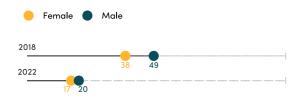


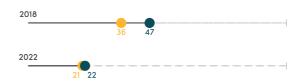
Violence against children is preventable, and the education sector can play a critical role in driving change through schools and school systems. This note summarizes the state of school related violence in Indonesia, and highlights key data gaps.

### **Bullying**

**Physical bullying** refers to a pattern of repetitive aggressive behaviours involving hitting, kicking, pushing, and stealing or destroying personal belongings. 19% of 15 year olds reported experiencing **physical bullying in the last 12 months.**<sup>1</sup>

**Emotional bullying** includes any form of isolating, rejecting, excluding from a group, or any other non-physical form of hostile treatment. 21% of 15 year olds reported experiencing **emotional bullying in the last 12 months**. $^1$ 





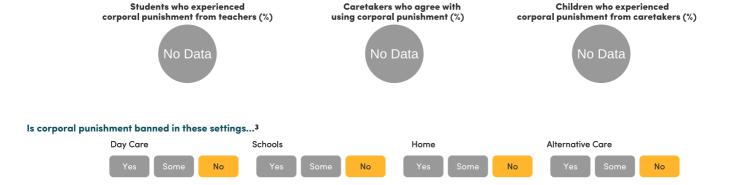
#### **Sexual Violence**

Sexual violence takes different forms, and includes non-consensual completed or attempted sexual contact or acts of a sexual nature that do not involve physical contact, and any form of coercion into sexual situations. <sup>2</sup>

-----No Data--

### Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment refers to any form of punishment involving physical force intended to cause pain or discomfort.



### **Data Gaps**

PISA 2022 provides information about physical and emotional bullying from peers. GSHS 2015 has data on student bullying. Data cannot be broken down by disability or LGBTQ+ status. <sup>4</sup> The table below denotes where data is available.

Type of Violence	Aged 6 to 12	Aged 13 to 22	2008 - 2012	2013 - 2018	2019 or after
Physical (Peers)	✓	✓		GSHS, PISA, TIMSS	PISA
Emotional (Peers)		<b>√</b>		GSHS, PISA, TIMSS	PISA
Sexual (Peers)					
Sexual (Teachers)					
Corporal Punishment (Teachers)					
Corporal Punishment (Caretakers)					

# Indonesia Compared to Other Countries



The graphs below include only countries with data from the same international survey, which means the data were collected from children of similar ages using the same questions. **Below are country averages**.

East Asia and Pacific Low/Middle Income Average Physical Bullying is... **Emotional Bullying is...** Sexual Violence data is not available 3 percentage points lower than the East Asia and About the same as the East Asia and Pacific average, and about the same as the average for Pacific average, and 7 percentage points lower middle-income countries with data. than the average for middle-income countries with data. Mexico Vietnam Costa Rica Thailand Guatemala Guatemala Thailand Indonesia Mongolia Mexico Malaysia Mongolia Peru Cambodia Jamaica lamaica Colombia No Data Jordan Brazil **Palestine** Paraguay Malaysia Indonesia Brazil Dominican Rep. Peru 29 Vietnam Dominican Rep. Iordan Argentina 31 El Salvador 24 Colombia 32 Cambodia Philippines Palestine Paraguay Morocco El Salvador 36 Argentina 30 Morocco Philippines Costa Rica 37 PISA 2022

### Corporal Punishment (Teachers)

PISA 2022

### **Corporal Punishment (Caretakers)**

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### **Notes**

- International surveys cover different forms of violence and do not use a standard definition of violence.
- This brief covers international survey data. We recommend complementing it with national surveys (e.g., household surveys) when available.
- The violence figures included in this brief are likely an underestimate, as many victims do not disclose their experiences of violence.<sup>5</sup>
- Country comparisons created with DHS, VACS, and GSHS data, include low- and middle-income countries within +/- 3 years of Indonesia's survey round. Graphs created with MICS, TIMSS, PIRLS, PISA, PISA-D, and ERCE, include low- and middle-income countries with data on the same survey round.

### Sources

- 1. Calculations using PISA 2022.
- ${\tt 2.\,Data\,for\,sexual\,violence\,against\,children\,includes\,VACS,\,DHS,\,and\,PISA-D.}$
- 3. End Corporal Punishment of Children, data accessed 2024. Note: "Some" represents cases where prohibition is stated for specific provisions (eg., forms of corporal punishment or school levels). Alternative Care refers to cases where a child's primary caregiver is not their parents (eg. foster care).
- 4. Evans, Hares, Smarrelli, and Wu. CGD 2023.
- 5. <u>Smarrelli, Wu, Baago-Rasmussen, Hares, and Naker</u>. CGD 2024.