Violence against children in and around schools in Jamaica



Violence against children is preventable, and the education sector can play a critical role in driving change through schools and school systems. This note summarizes the state of school related violence in Jamaica, and highlights key data gaps.

Bullying

Physical bullying refers to a pattern of repetitive aggressive behaviours involving hitting, kicking, pushing, and stealing or destroying personal belongings. 16% of 15 year olds reported experiencing **physical bullying in the last 12 months.**¹

Emotional bullying includes any form of isolating, rejecting, excluding from a group, or any other non-physical form of hostile treatment. 25% of 15 year olds reported experiencing **emotional bullying in the last 12 months**. ¹



Sexual Violence

Sexual violence takes different forms, and includes non-consensual completed or attempted sexual contact or acts of a sexual nature that do not involve physical contact, and any form of coercion into sexual situations. ²

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment refers to any form of punishment involving physical force intended to cause pain or discomfort.



Data Gaps

PISA 2022 provides information about physical and emotional bullying from peers. GSHS 2017 has data on student bullying. MICS 2022 provides data on corporal punishment by caretakers. MICS can be broken down by disability status, while other data cannot be disaggregated by LGBT+ or disability status. ⁵ The table below denotes where data is available.

Type of Violence	Aged 6 to 12	Aged 13 to 22	2008 - 2012	2013 - 2018	2019 or after
Physical (Peers)		✓	GSHS	GSHS	VACS
Emotional (Peers)		V	GSHS	GSHS	PISA
Sexual (Peers)		✓			VACS
Sexual (Teachers)		✓			VACS
Corporal Punishment (Teachers)		V			VACS
Corporal Punishment (Caretakers)	√	✓			MICS

Jamaica **Compared to Other Countries**



No Data

The graphs below include only countries with data from the same international survey, which means the data were collected from children of similar ages using the same questions. Below are country averages

> Latin America and Caribbean Other Low/Middle Income Average

Physical Bullying is...

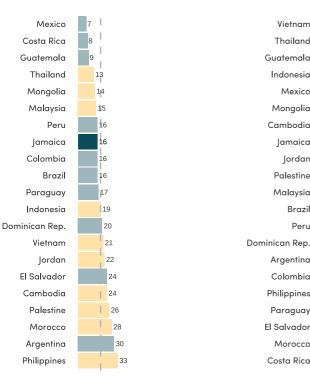
About the same as the Latin America and Caribbean average, and 3 percentage points lower than the average for middle-income countries with data

Emotional Bullying is...

5 percentage points lower than the Latin America and Caribbean average, and 3 percentage points lower than the average for middle-income countries with data.

> 15 18

Sexual Violence data is not available



Guatemala Indonesia Mexico Mongolia Cambodia 25 lamaica Jordan **Palestine** Malaysia 28 Brazil Peru Dominican Rep. Argentina 31 Colombia Philippines Paraguay El Salvador Morocco Costa Rica

PISA 2022

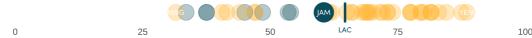
Corporal Punishment (Teachers)

PISA 2022

No Data

Corporal Punishment (Caretakers)

Parents who reported using corporal punishment against Children Aged 1 to 14 (%) - MICS 6



Notes

- International surveys cover different forms of violence and do not use a standard definition of violence.
- This brief covers international survey data. We recommend complementing it with national surveys (e.g., household surveys) when available.
- The violence figures included in this brief are likely an underestimate, as many victims do not disclose their experiences of violence.
- Country comparisons created with DHS, VACS, and GSHS data, include low- and middle-income countries within +/- 3 years of Jamaica's survey round. Graphs created with MICS, TIMSS, PIRLS, PISA, PISA-D, and ERCE, include low- and middle-income countries with data on the same survey round.
- Jamaica participated in a benchmarking exercise with Safe to Learn, which establishes a baseline to monitor progress in ending violence against children in and around schools. Results are forthcoming.

Sources

- 1. Calculations using PISA 2022.
- 2. Data for sexual violence against children includes VACS, DHS, and PISA-D.
- 3. Calculations using MICS 2022.
- 4. End Corporal Punishment of Children, data accessed 2024. Note: "Some" represents cases where prohibition is stated for specific provisions (eg., forms of corporal punishment or school levels). Alternative Care refers to cases where a child's primary caregiver is not their parents (eg. foster care).
- 5. Evans, Hares, Smarrelli, and Wu. CGD 2023.
- 6. Smarrelli, Wu, Baago-Rasmussen, Hares, and Naker. CGD 2024.