Milestone 3 – DB Population & Query

AWS RDS MySQL Database Connection Credentials:

Username: irisma

Host: database-1.csksccuvxnwr.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com

Port: 3306

Password: koala0312

Database Name: DataOmni_NGA

Feature #1 - 1) Filter by:

#1 - Nationality

• Filter Artworks by Nationality of artists

#2 - Artist lastName

• Filter Artworks by lastName of artists

#3 - Style

• Filter Artworks by Style (i.e whether they are of 'Baroque', 'Impressionist', 'Romantic', 'Minimalist'...)

- School On hold, Don't need to implement yet

Filter Artworks by School (i.e whether they are of 'Italian', 'French', 'Dutch', 'American', 'Netherlandish', Czechoslovakian'....)

#5 Technique On hold, Don't need to implement yet

Alter Artworks by Style (i.e whether they are of 'painted surface', 'punched design', 'etching', 'graphite', 'drypoint', 'aquatint'.....)

```
`SELECT O.title, O.attribution, O.objectID, OI.thumbURL
FROM objects O JOIN objects_images OI

JOIN objects_terms OT
```

```
ON O.objectID =OI.objectID AND O.objectID =OT.objectID
WHERE OT.term = '${TechniqueName}' AND OT.termType = 'Technique'
LIMIT ${offset}, ${limit}; `
```

#6 – TimeSpan

• Filter Artworks by their time of completion (marked by "endYear" attribute of "objects"-relation)

```
`SELECT O.title, O.attribution, O.beginYear, O.endYear, O.objectID, OI.thumbURL FROM objects O JOIN objects_images OI ON O.objectID =OI.objectID WHERE O.beginYear >= '${beginYear}' AND O.endYear <= '${endYear}' LIMIT ${offset}, ${limit};
```

Feature #1 − 2) Specific keyword Search:

#7 - Search For Artist Name

- User enters the name of the artist to search
- We will modify the user's input Artist Name with the wildcard character %
- i.e. if user entered "Picasso", it will be modified into "%Picasso", so that we can match as much art-objects with artists' name(s) that are relevant to this searching keyword

#8 - Search For Artwork Title

- Note: we will modify the user's input Artwork Title with the wildcard character %
- i.e. if user entered "Portrait", it will be modified into "">Portrait", so that we can match as much art-objects with titles that are relevant to this searching keyword

```
SELECT O.title, O.attribution, O.endYear, O.objectID, OI.thumbURL FROM objects O JOIN objects_images OI ON O.objectID =OI.objectID WHERE (O.title LIKE '${ArtworkName}') ORDER BY O.title, O.attribution LIMIT ${offset}, ${limit};
```

Feature #1 – 3) Specific Artwork by its unique objectID

#9 – Display Specific Artwork (on a single webpage)

Every time user click on to browse a specific artwork in detail, these 3 queries will be executed together (atomically)
to get the full information about this artwork, and user will be redirected to a webpage dedicated to display this
artwork

```
Part 1: get the info about this artwork (will always return a single tuple)

SELECT 0.title, 0.attribution, 0.medium, 0.dimensions, 0.classification, production of the second of the se
```

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#10 - Similarity

- On the bottom of any artwork detailed-display page, we will show some recommended artworks (by similarity)
- We will first try the query for "Primary Recommendation", if get back less than 4 similar artworks, we will initiate the query for "Secondary Recommendation"
 - Primary Recommandation: find similar artworks based on similar portfolio, series, volume or composing artist

• **Secondary Recommandation**: if no serie/volume/portfolio/artist in common, consider recommendation by Keyword, School, Style, Theme

```
SELECT O.title, O.attribution, O.objectID, OI.thumbURL, OT.termType, O.series, O.portfolio, O.volume
FROM objects O JOIN objects_images OI JOIN objects_terms OT
ON O.objectID = OI.objectID AND O.objectID = OT.objectID
WHERE (O.objectID <> ${objectID} ) AND (O.classification = ${artworkClassification}) AND (
(OT.termType = 'Style' AND OT.term = '${artworkStyle}') OR
(OT.termType = 'School' AND OT.term = '${artworkSchool}') OR
(OT.termType = 'Keyword' AND OT.term = '${artworkKeyword}') OR
(OT.termType = 'Theme' AND OT.term = '${artworkTheme}'))
ORDER BY termType
LIMIT 4;
```

Feature #2 - Naughty Search

#11 - User's Height

- Search by User's Height: User enters his/her height, we return a set of artworks that is around the similar height
- we use the ABS() function of MySQL, to rank and return the height of the artworks from the closest to the furthest to the user's height

```
`SELECT O.title, O.attribution, O.objectID, OI.thumbURL, OD.dimension, ABS( ${userHeight} - OD.dimension)
FROM objects O JOIN objects_images OI JOIN objects_dimensions OD
ON O.objectID = OI.objectID AND O.objectID = OD.objectID
WHERE O.classification = '${artworkClassification}' AND
OD.dimensionType = 'height' AND OD.unitName = 'centimeters'
ORDER BY ABS( ${userHeight} - OD.dimension), O.title
LIMIT ${offset}, ${limit};
```

#12 - BirthYear

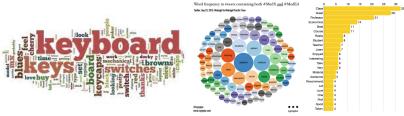
- Search by User's BirthYear: User enters his/her year of birth, we return a set of artworks that was completed in
 this birthYear. Or user can also specify if he/she would like to see artworks that were completed 1 century (100
 years), 2, 3...centuries ago
- we use the ABS() function of MySQL, to rank artworks based on their the completion years from the closest to the furthest to user's birthYear

```
` SELECT O.title, O.attribution, O.objectID, O.endYear, ABS(${birthYear}-${yearsAgo}-O.endYear), OI.thumbURL,
OD.dimension
FROM objects O JOIN objects_images OI JOIN objects_dimensions OD
    ON O.objectID =OI.objectID AND O.objectID = OD.objectID
WHERE O.endYear IS NOT NULL AND OD.dimensionType = 'height'
ORDER BY ABS(${birthYear}-${yearsAgo}-O.endYear), OD.dimension DESC
LIMIT ${offset}, ${limit}; `
```

Feature #3 - Semantic Analysis

#13 - Quantitative Semantic Analysis

- We will use the following queries to generate a "word frequency graph", or "world frequency chart"
- graph or chart would look like this (just for idea demostration):



- $*\ https://www.reddit.com/r/MechanicalKeyboards/comments/2 afcf8/meta_word_frequency_chart_for_rmechanicalKeyboards/comments/2 afcf8/meta_word_frequency_chart_for_rmechanicalKeyboards/ch$
- * https://twitter.com/tmlfox/status/647033025897730048
- * https://cagrimmett.com/til/2016/06/22/frequency-for-better-word-clouds/
- the analysis result will contain some embedded hyperlinks, which lead the user to see the query results of relavent artworks

13.1) Semantic Analysis: Style

SELECT OT.term, COUNT(*) AS StyleCounts
FROM objects O JOIN objects_terms OT ON O.objectID = OT.objectID
WHERE OT.termType = 'Style'
GROUP BY OT.term
ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC;

13.2) Semantic Analysis: School

SELECT OT.term, COUNT(*) AS SchoolCounts

FROM objects O JOIN objects_terms OT ON O.objectID = OT.objectID

WHERE OT.termType = 'School'

GROUP BY OT.term

ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC;

13.3) Semantic Analysis: Technique

SELECT OT.term, COUNT(*) AS TechniqueCounts
FROM objects O JOIN objects_terms OT ON O.objectID = OT.objectID
WHERE OT.termType = 'Technique'
GROUP BY OT.term
ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC;

13.4) Semantic Analysis: Theme

SELECT OT.term, COUNT(*) AS ThemeCounts

FROM objects O JOIN objects_terms OT ON O.objectID = OT.objectID

WHERE OT.termType = 'Theme'

GROUP BY OT.term

ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC;

13.5) Semantic Analysis: Keyword

SELECT OT.term, COUNT(*) AS KeywordCounts
FROM objects O JOIN objects_terms OT ON O.objectID = OT.objectID
WHERE OT.termType = 'Keyword'
GROUP BY OT.term
ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC;

13.6) Semantic Analysis: Place Executed

SELECT OT.term, COUNT(*) AS PlaceExecutedCounts
FROM objects O JOIN objects_terms OT ON O.objectID = OT.objectID
WHERE OT.termType = 'Place Executed'
GROUP BY OT.term
ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC;

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#14 – Portrait Across Time

- To get portraits of a certain time period, we ask user to enter:
 - o 1) the upper-bound year and lower-bound year of the time period; AND
 - 2) Which t ype (i.e. paintings, drawings, or prints) of artwork the user would like to check
- Then we query the collection of artwork based on these specifications:

```
SELECT O.title, O.attribution, O.classification, O.objectID, OI.thumbURL, O.endYear
FROM objects O JOIN objects_images OI JOIN objects_terms OT
ON O.objectID = OI.objectID AND O.objectID = OT.objectID
WHERE OT.visualBrowserTheme = 'portrait' AND
(O.endYear <= ${lowerYear} AND O.endYear >= ${upperYear}) AND
classification = '${artworkClassification}'
ORDER BY O.endYear
LIMIT ${offset}, ${limit}; `
```

 We will use this big UNION-query to generate a general overview of artwork of portraits across 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21th centuries

```
(SELECT O.title, O.attribution, O.classification, O.objectID, OI.thumbURL, O.endYear
        FROM objects O JOIN objects_images OI JOIN objects_terms OT
        ON O.objectID =OI.objectID AND O.objectID = OT.objectID
        WHERE OT.visualBrowserTheme = 'portrait' AND ( 0.endYear <= 1599 AND 0.endYear >= 1500) AND classification =
'${artworkClassification}'
        ORDER BY O.endYear
        LIMIT 5)
UNTON
(SELECT O.title, O.attribution, O.classification, O.objectID, OI.thumbURL, O.endYear
        FROM objects O JOIN objects images OI JOIN objects terms OT
        ON O.objectID =OI.objectID AND O.objectID = OT.objectID
        WHERE OT.visualBrowserTheme = 'portrait' AND ( O.endYear <= 1699 AND O.endYear >= 1600) AND classification =
'${artworkClassification}'
        ORDER BY O.endYear
        LIMIT 5)
UNION
(SELECT O.title, O.attribution, O.classification, O.objectID, OI.thumbURL, O.endYear
        FROM objects O JOIN objects_images OI JOIN objects_terms OT
        ON O.objectID =OI.objectID AND O.objectID = OT.objectID
        WHERE OT.visualBrowserTheme = 'portrait' AND ( O.endYear <= 1799 AND O.endYear >= 1700) AND classification =
'${artworkClassification}'
        ORDER BY O.endYear
        LIMIT 5)
UNION
(SELECT O.title, O.attribution, O.classification, O.objectID, OI.thumbURL, O.endYear
        FROM objects O JOIN objects_images OI JOIN objects_terms OT
        ON O.objectID =OI.objectID AND O.objectID = OT.objectID
        WHERE OT.visualBrowserTheme = 'portrait' AND ( O.endYear <= 1899 AND O.endYear >= 1800) AND classification =
'${artworkClassification}'
        ORDER BY O.endYear
        LIMIT 5)
UNION
(SELECT 0.title, 0.attribution, 0.classification, 0.objectID, 0I.thumbURL, 0.endYear
        FROM objects O JOIN objects images OI JOIN objects terms OT
        ON O.objectID =OI.objectID AND O.objectID = OT.objectID
        WHERE OT.visualBrowserTheme = 'portrait' AND ( O.endYear <= 1999 AND O.endYear >= 1900) AND classification =
'${artworkClassification}'
        ORDER BY O.endYear
        LIMIT 5)
(SELECT O.title, O.attribution, O.classification, O.objectID, OI.thumbURL, O.endYear
        FROM objects O JOIN objects_images OI JOIN objects_terms OT
        ON O.objectID =OI.objectID AND O.objectID = OT.objectID
        WHERE OT.visualBrowserTheme = 'portrait' AND ( O.endYear <= 2099 AND O.endYear >= 2000) AND classification =
'${artworkClassification}'
        ORDER BY O.endYear
        LIMIT 5);
```