Doing fast and slow: Qualitative differentiation among house dancers in Singapore

Yin Lin Tan 17 April 2025

Background

Axes of differentiation organized through contrasting qualities

e.g., East/West dichotomy in 19th century United States (Gal & Irvine 2019)

Differentiation at the 'assemblage' level

- Characterological figures, personae, ...
- Key semiotic processes

Background

Differentiation at the 'quality' level?

➤ How do dancers construct differences between *fast* and *slow*?

Dance as sensuous, experiential, and embodied

Background

A note on terminology

- quality = abstract, uninstantiated potentiality (e.g., redness)
- qualia = subjective experience of quality (e.g., experience of redness)
- qualisign = quality acting as a sign (e.g., redness of apples)

Qualia in sociolinguistics

- Descriptions of languages, dialects, and accents
- Multimodality and style

The ethnography

Fieldwork in Summer 2023, 2024

- Existing member of the community
- Participant observation, interviews

Freestyle house dancers in Singapore

- Historicity of street dance from USA to Japan to Southeast Asia
- Relatively smaller community compared to other dance styles
- Connecting movement with music; "the feeling of the sound"

Data

'Dance and Discussion'

- Five dancers (CK, Sam, Junjie, Huimin, May)
- Two-part interview

Analysis

How do dancers do fast and slow?

- Lexical Analysis
 - How are fastness and slowness relevant qualities?
- Acoustic Analysis
 - How are prosodic features associated with fastness and slowness?
- Discourse Analysis
 - How are embodied features associated with fastness and slowness?

Junjie

Active member of house dance community

- Organizes events
- Engages in house-adjacent practice, like capoeira
- Regularly sessions and competes

Identifying fastness and slowness

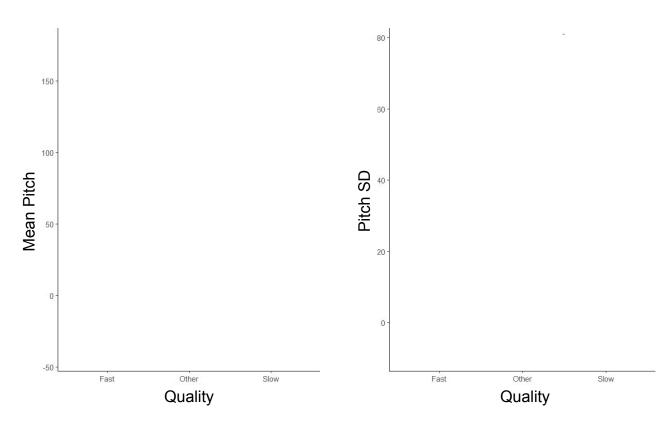
Explicit mention and elaboration of 'fast' and 'slow' in transcripts

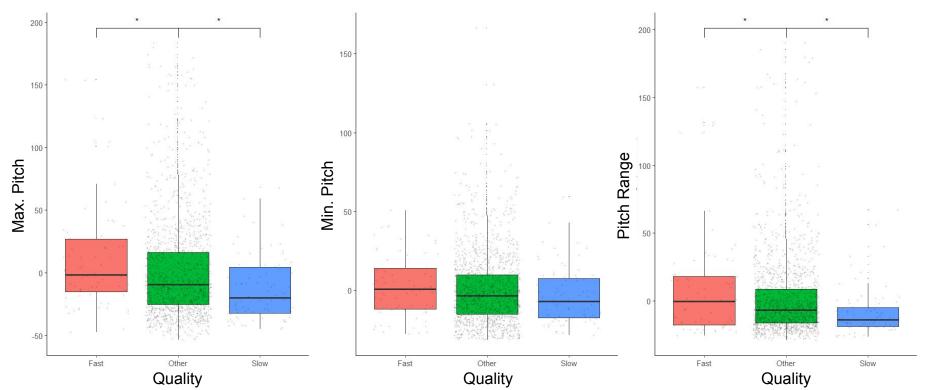
Extract prosodic features

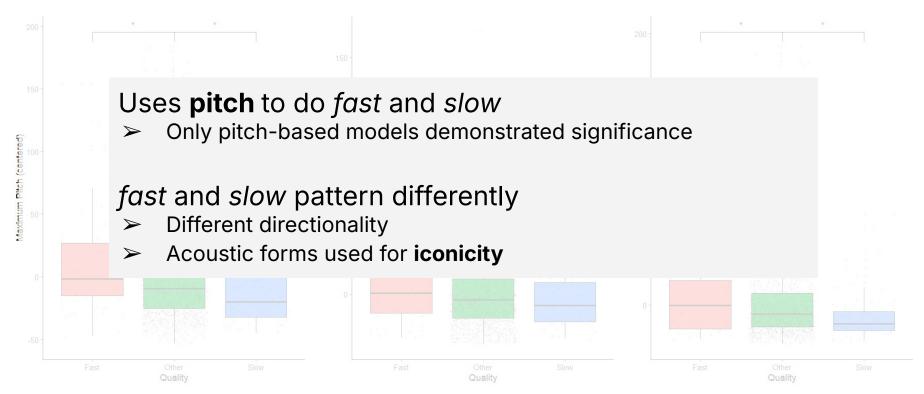
- > Pitch: mean, max, min, SD, range
- Intensity: mean, max, min, SD, range
- Speech rate

Statistical model per feature per speaker

- > Fixed effects: Quality, Distinction, Phrase Position
- Random effects: Word, Speaker







Acoustic forms can be iconized into acoustic qualisigns

- A specific quality of the utterance can act as a sign
- Sonic qualities of language carry semiotic potential

How is this iconization carried out?

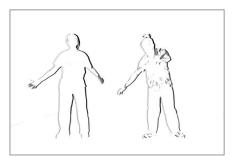
Statistical analysis does not explain this

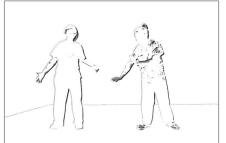
- 1 cause as you like that,
- 2 SLOWLY.
- 3 if you do it slowly,
- 4 it'll be like [e]:→ you can you can feel your hands moving.
- 5 but if you do it fast,
- 6 you will probably like,
- 7 be like that.

- 1 cause as you like that,
- 2 **SLOWLY.**
- 3 if you do it slowly,
- 4 it'll be like [e]:→ you can you can feel your hands moving.
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"SLOWLY": Referential meaning without acoustic iconization

- > High intensity, high pitch
- Gaze at interlocutor, tilts palms upward





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"[e]:→": No referential meaning

- Low intensity, low pitch, level intonation, slow speech rate
- Bodily demonstration of slowness

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 you can feel your hands
 moving.
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Use of explicit lexical items

- Establishes context for interpretation of bodily demonstration
- > Even if acoustic realization is not iconic
 - "SLOWLY": high intensity, high pitch
- Lexical items precede demonstration

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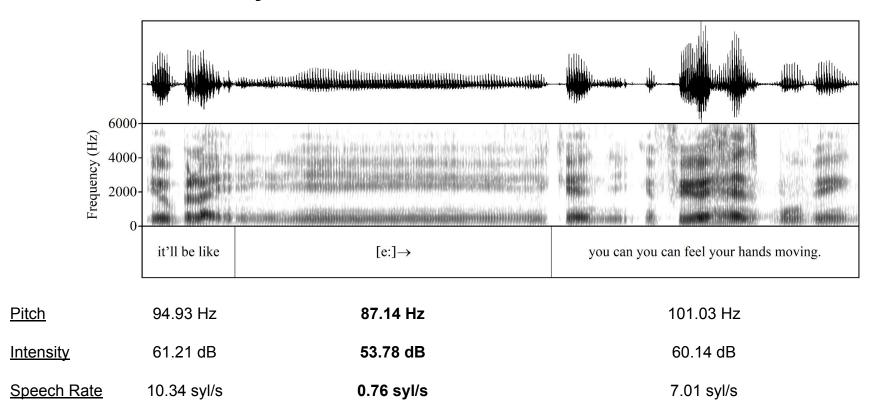
Perceptible contrast in **discourse**

- Parallel conditional clauses frame both sections as instances of demonstration
- Explicit contrast through use of conjunction "but"

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Perceptible contrast in acoustics

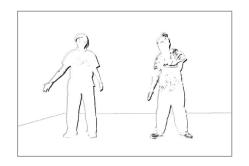
- ➤ L3-4 are faster than L5-7
- But "it'll be like" and "you can you can feel your hands moving" (L4) bracket "[e]:→", the locus of slowness



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Perceptible contrast in **embodiment**

slow: arm moves slowly, fingers move quickly in back-and-forth motion

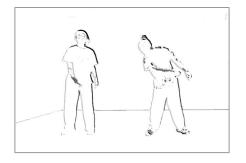


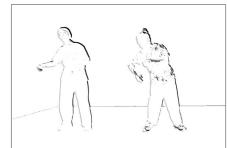


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- 7 <mark>be like that.</mark>

Perceptible contrast in **embodiment**

fast: quick initiation with torso, arm flows out slowly





Summary

Iconization and referential meaning are jointly mobilized

- When referential meaning is available, other signs are freed to do semiotic work
- Absence of referential meaning allows us to trace iconic pathways

Referential meaning sets the semiotic context for interpretation

- Each section can be construed as qualically congruent
- Allows iconization to be successfully deployed and interpreted in-the-moment

Recurring contrasts enhance relevant qualities

- Occurs across modalities: discursively, acoustically, bodily
- Perceptible contrast highlight the slowness and fastness of each section

Conclusion

How do dancers construct differences between fast and slow?

Acoustic features can be iconized as acoustic qualisigns

Referential meaning and iconization work together across multiple modalities to generate relevant qualia

Differences between qualities, like fastness and slowness, are constructed through qualic congruence and explicit contrast

Thank you!

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