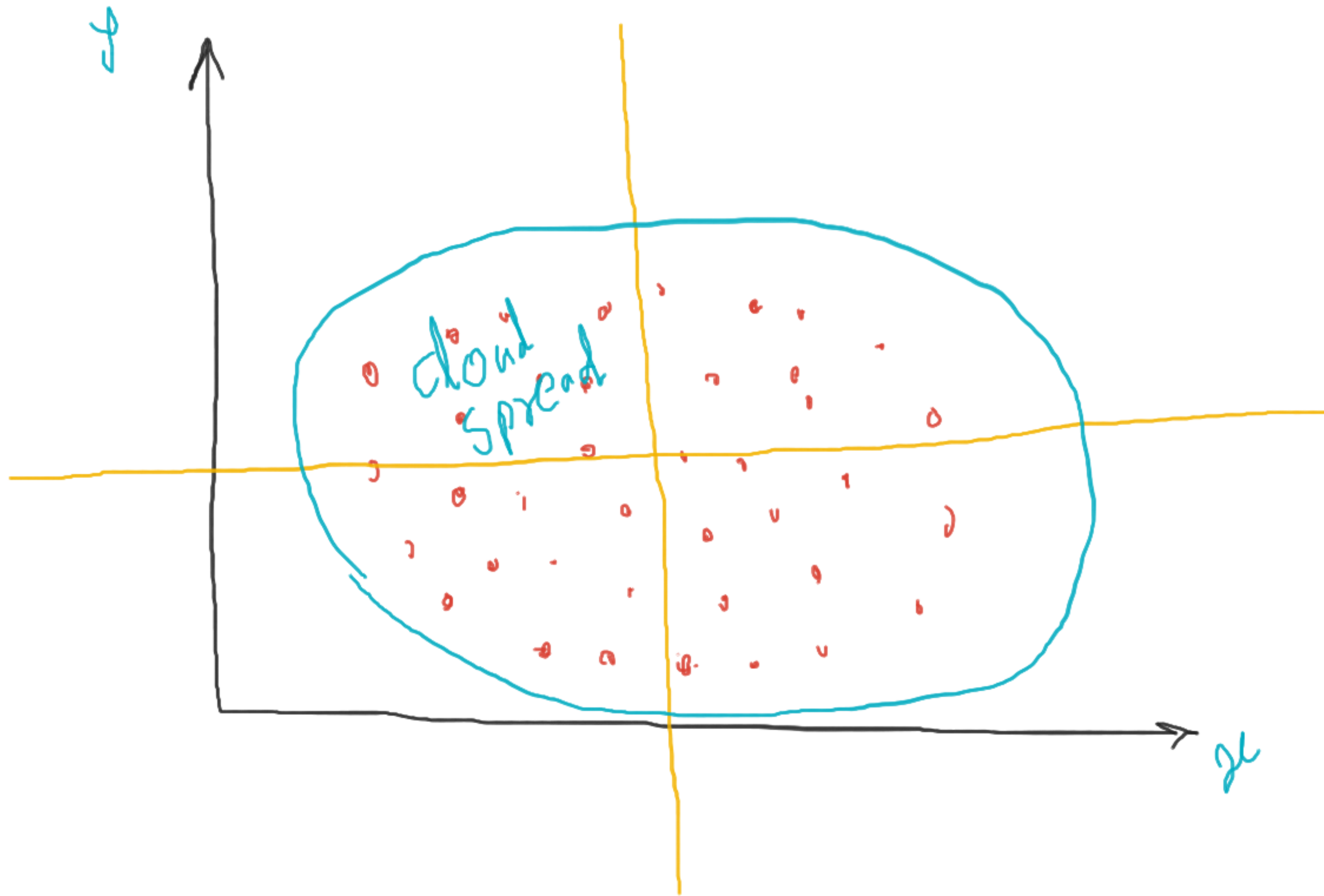


$$\begin{array}{l} R > 0.9 \\ \hline R < -0.9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



Coefficient of correlation: (R) =

$$r_{xy} = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{\sqrt{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \cdot \sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2}}$$



$$x = -ve$$

$$y = +ve$$

$$= -ve \times +ve$$

$$= -ve$$

II  
-ve

+ve

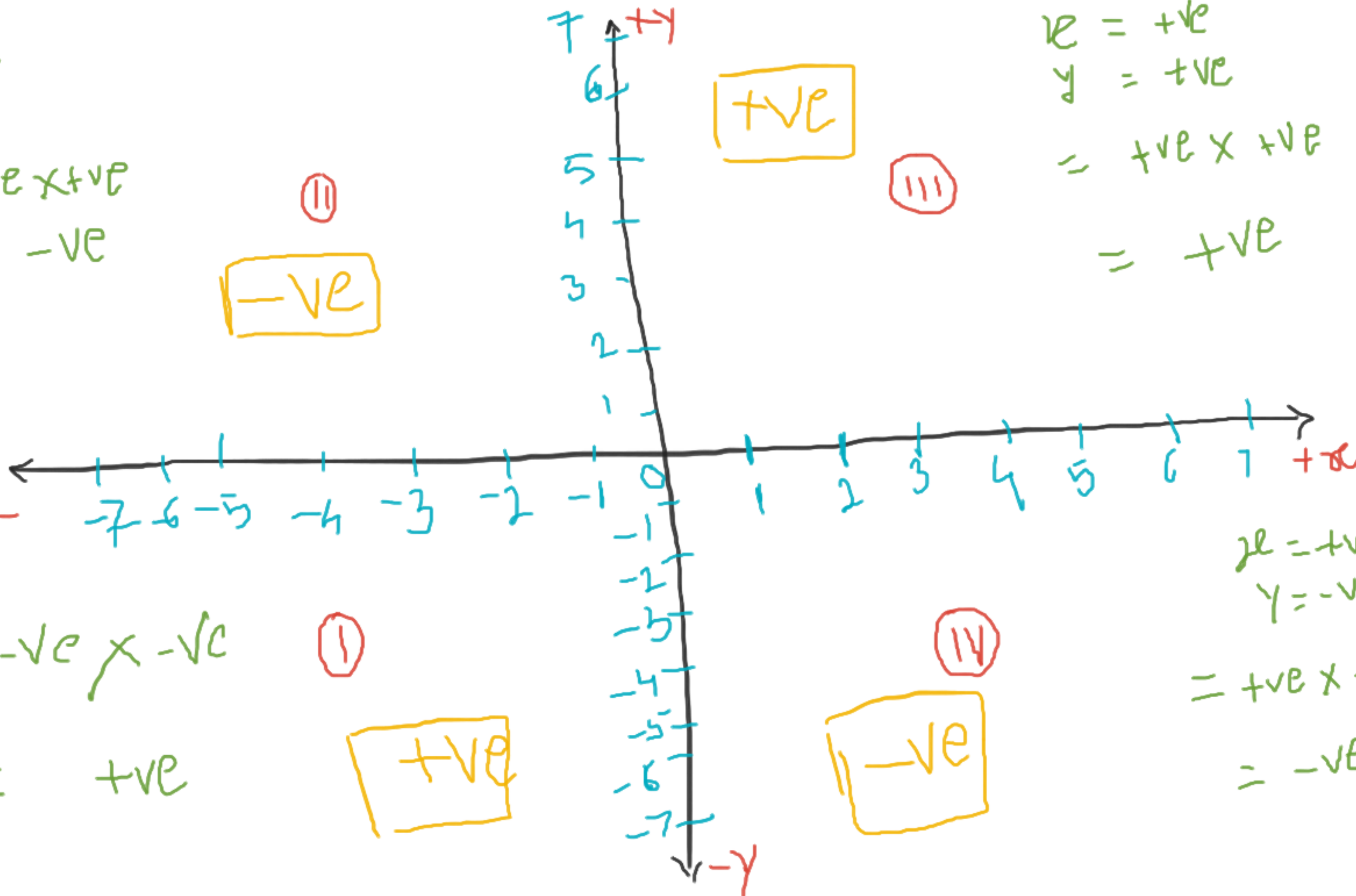
III

$$x = +ve$$

$$y = +ve$$

$$= +ve \times +ve$$

$$= +ve$$



$$x = -ve$$

$$y = -ve$$

$$= -ve \times -ve$$

$$= +ve$$

I

+ve

IV

-ve

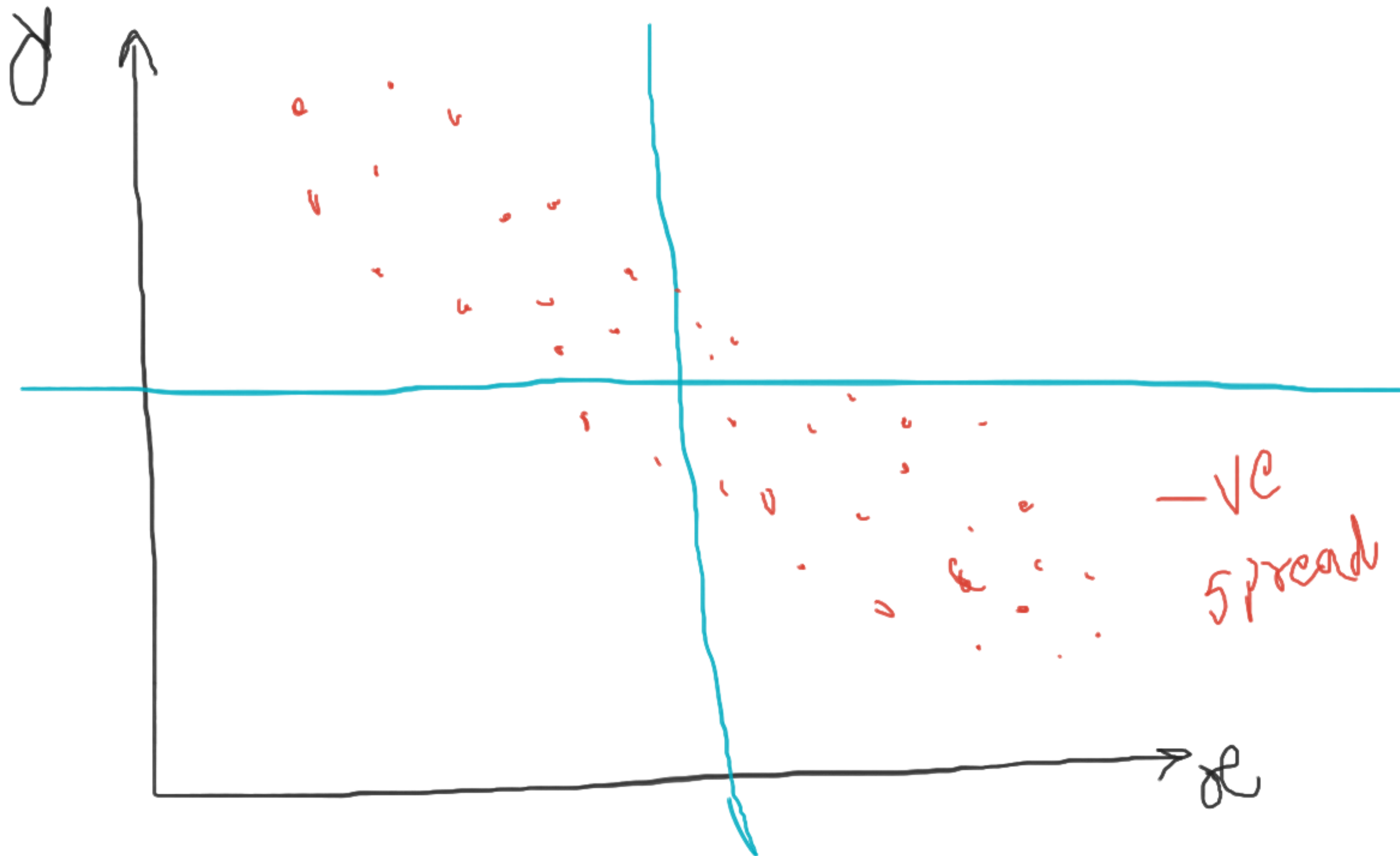
$$x = +ve$$

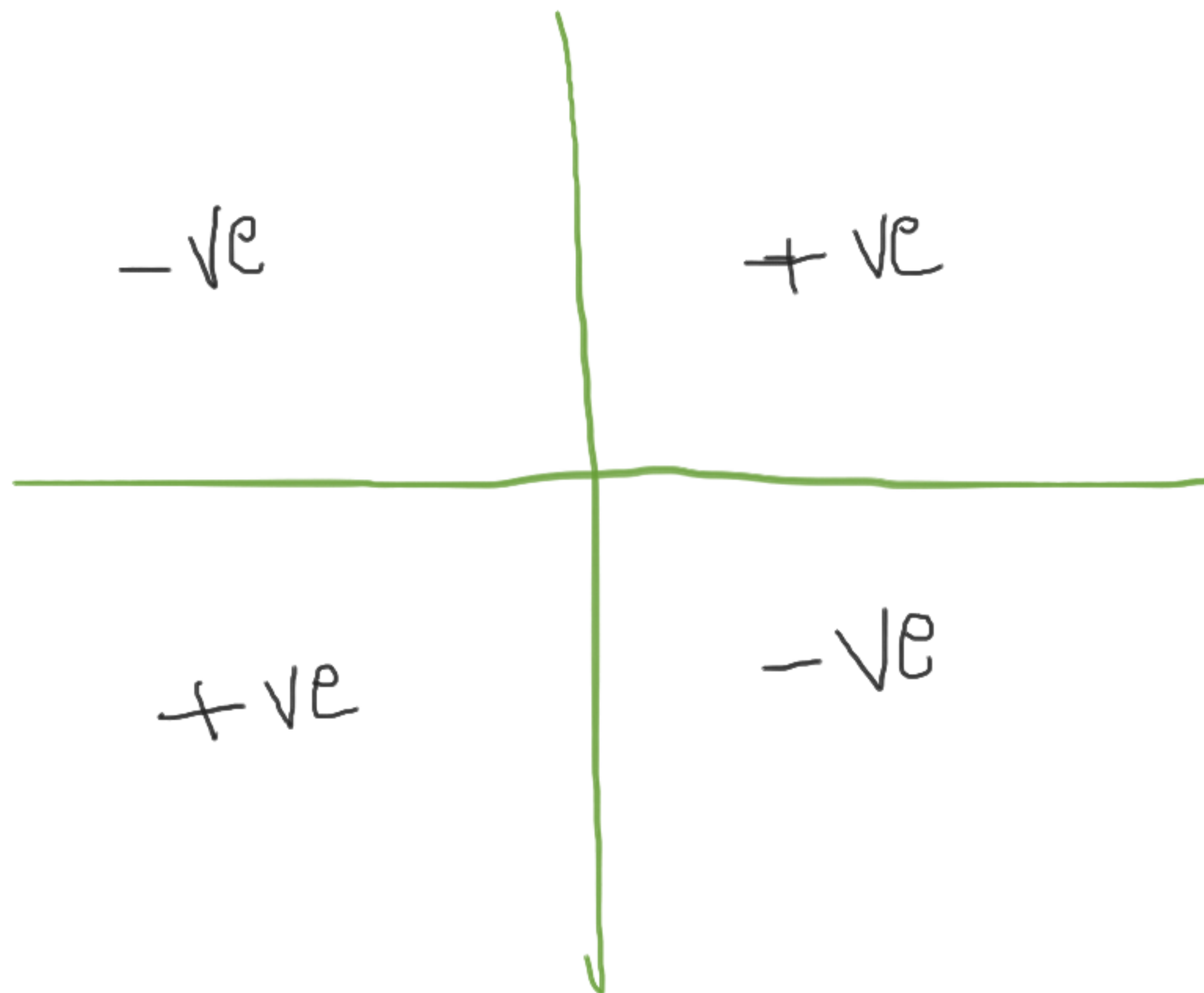
$$y = -ve$$

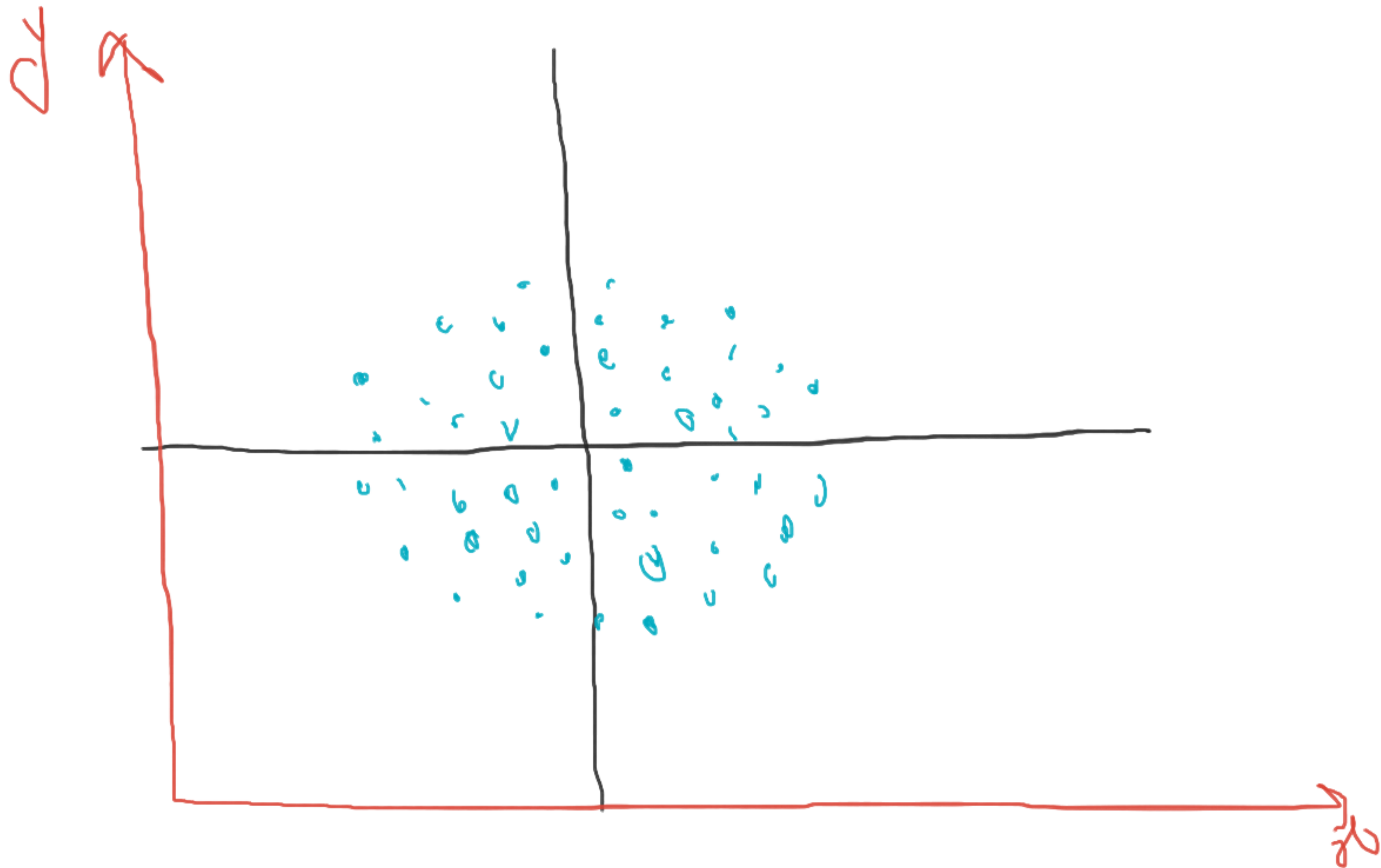
$$= +ve \times -ve$$

$$= -ve$$









Coefficient  
of  
Correlation

$\rho_{xy}$

$R$

Pearson  
Coefficient  
of  
Correlation

$$\text{Covariance} = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{n-1}$$

$$\text{Std} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2}{n-1}}$$

$$\text{Std} = \sqrt{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \cdot \sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2 / n-1}$$

$R_{xy}$

=

$$\frac{\text{Covariance}}{\text{std}}$$

=

$$\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x}) \cdot (y_i - \bar{y})}{n-1}$$

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$$\frac{\sqrt{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \cdot \sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2}}{n-1}$$

$$r_{xy} = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{\sqrt{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \cdot \sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2}} = \frac{\text{Covariance}}{\text{Std}}$$