

Remote MCP Servers

Remote MCP Servers (with Fast MCP)

Agenda of the Video

1. Build a simple remote MCP server (basic functions: add numbers, generate random numbers).
2. Replace the simple code with **Expense Tracker MCP server code**.
3. Deploy the server using **Fast MCP Cloud**.
4. Identify issues and fix them.

1. Local vs Remote MCP Servers

- **Local MCP Server**
 - Runs on the same machine as host and client.
 - Faster (communication stays on the same machine).
- **Remote MCP Server**
 - Runs on a different machine (usually over the internet).
 - Advantages:
 - Supports multiple clients simultaneously.
 - Runs on powerful machines → can handle compute-intensive tasks.
 - Disadvantages:
 - Slower than local servers (network latency).
 - In enterprises, most MCP servers are **remote**.

2. Steps to Create a Remote MCP Server

1. Install dependencies

- `pip install uv`
- `uv add mcp`

2. Setup project

- Create a folder → open in VS Code.
- Initialize with `uv init .`

3. Write server code (main.py)

- Tools: add numbers, generate random numbers.
- Key difference from local server:
 - Local → `mcp.run()` (default: stdio transport).
 - Remote → use `transport = HTTP` with host `0.0.0.0` and a defined port.

4. Run server

- `fastmcp run main.py --transport http --host 0.0.0.0 --port <number>`

5. Debug with MCP Inspector

- `uv run fastmcp dev main.py`
- Select transport: `streamable http`.
- Check tools & resources.

3. Deployment with Fast MCP Cloud

1. Push code to GitHub.

- `git init, git add., git commit -m "initial commit".`
- Add remote & push: `git remote add origin <url>` → `git push origin main.`

2. Go to fastmcp.cloud.

- Connect GitHub account.
- Select repository → Deploy.
- Set entry point (`main.py`).
- Optional: change server name, discoverability.

3. Once deployed → server URL generated → shareable.

4. Using Remote MCP Server with Claude Desktop

- Go to **Settings** → **Connectors** → **Add Custom Connector**.
 - Provide server name + URL.
 - Works only with **Pro plan** currently.
 - Free plan users: workaround (explained later in video).
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5. Converting Expense Tracker into Remote MCP

- Copy Expense Tracker code (from last video) into `main.py`.

- Add supporting `categories.json` file.
 - Run locally → test with MCP Inspector.
 - If working → push to GitHub → deploy with Fast MCP Cloud (same process as above).
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Key Takeaways

- Remote MCP servers = necessary for enterprise setups.
- Minimal code difference from local MCP servers (main change = transport → HTTP).
- Fast MCP Cloud simplifies deployment.
- Once deployed, servers can be shared globally via a URL.