

7A. Supervised Techniques IV

DS-GA 1015, Text as Data
Arthur Spirling

March 25, 2019

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Plus ways to **combine** those techniques: **ensembles**.

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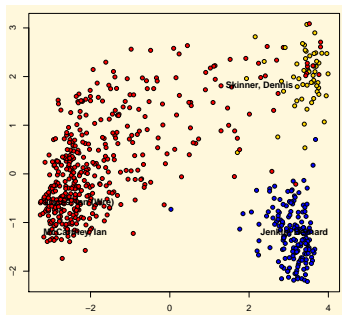
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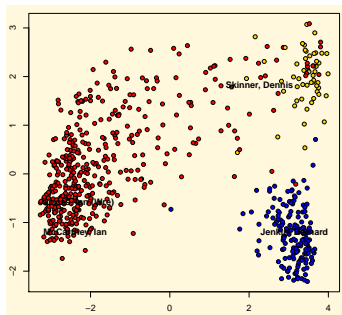


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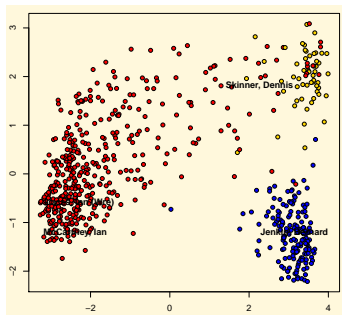
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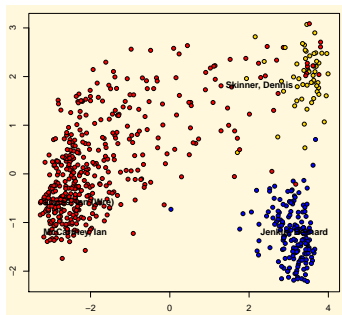


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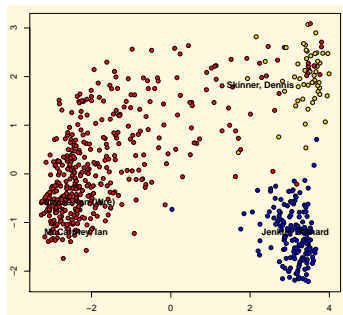
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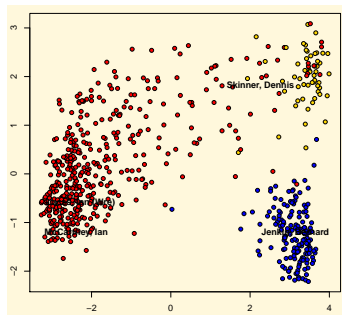
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CRITIC REVIEWS FOR STAR WARS: EPISODE VII - THE FORCE AWAKENS

All Critics (313) | Top Critics (48) | My Critics | Fresh (293) | Rotten (20)


🍅 The new movie, as an act of pure storytelling, streams by with fluency and zip.

[Full Review...](#) | December 21, 2015

 **Anthony Lane**
New Yorker
★ Top Critic


🍅 While Star Wars: The Force Awakens gets temporarily bogged down taking us back to the world that we left in 1983, it introduces us to the new and exciting torch-bearers of the franchise.

[Full Review...](#) | December 30, 2015

 **Blake Howard**
Graffiti With Punctuation

🍀 At the end The Force Awakens looks more like a nostalgic film that will work as a transition to the new Star Wars' age. [Full Review in Spanish]

[Full Review...](#) | December 29, 2015

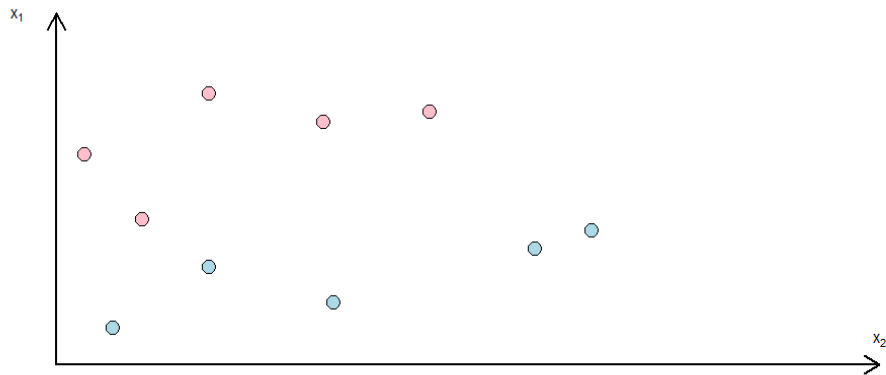
 **Salvador Franco Reyes**

🍅 This film is a well-planned product that balances nostalgia with the capacity to attract new generations into the Star Wars universe. [Full Review in Spanish]

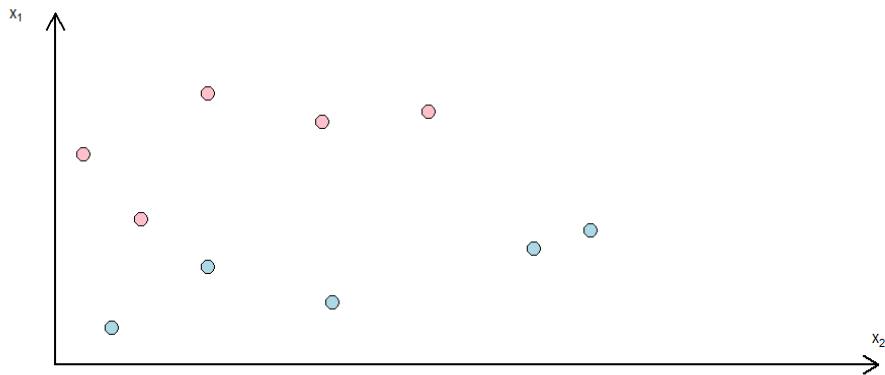
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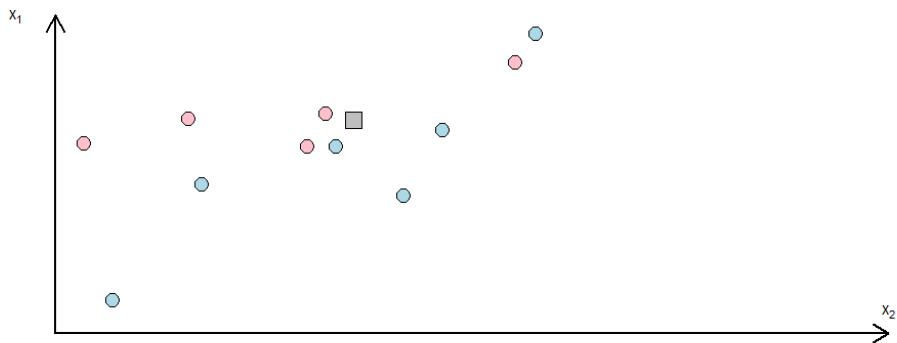
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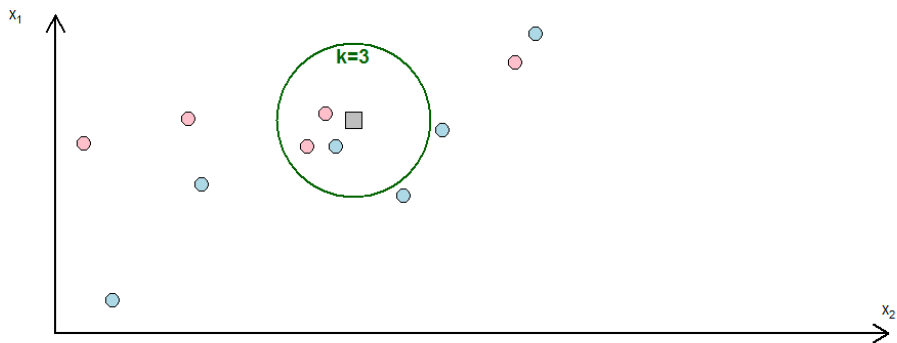
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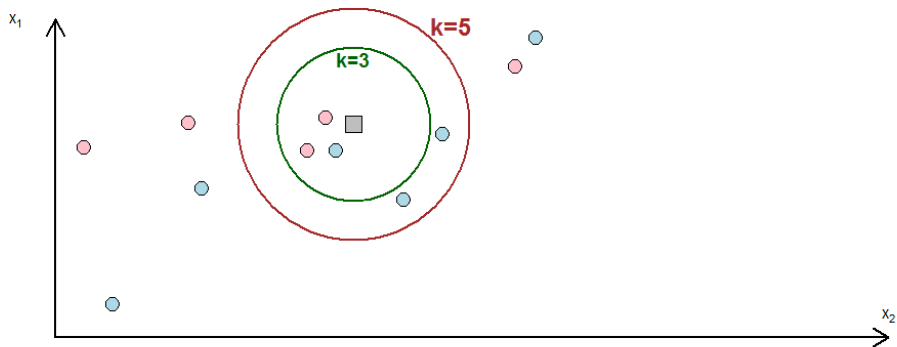
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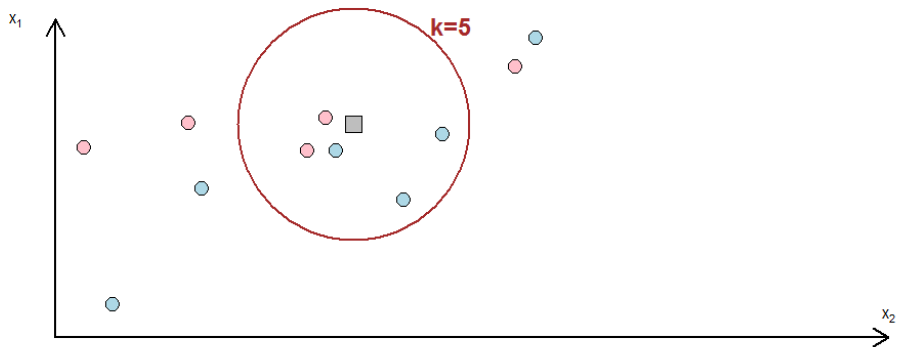
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- Choice of k can be optimized, but generally case that noise in data causes poor classification.

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Works with any types of features, though typically requires **rescaling** (normalizing) to ensure that one unit of one variable is not treated same as one unit of another (e.g. gender vs income: male is more different to female than \$10,000 is to \$10,001)

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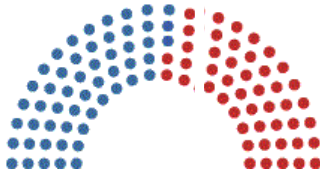
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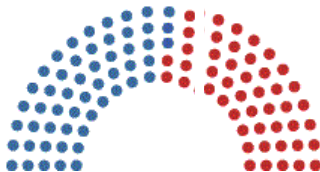
Trees and Forests

Partitioning the Senators With Trees

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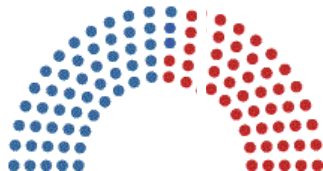


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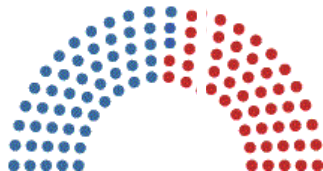
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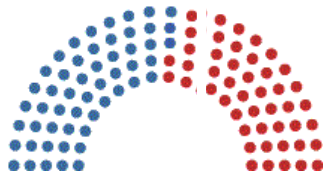
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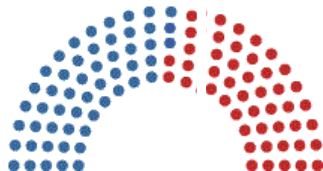
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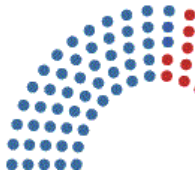


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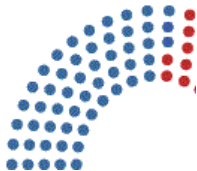
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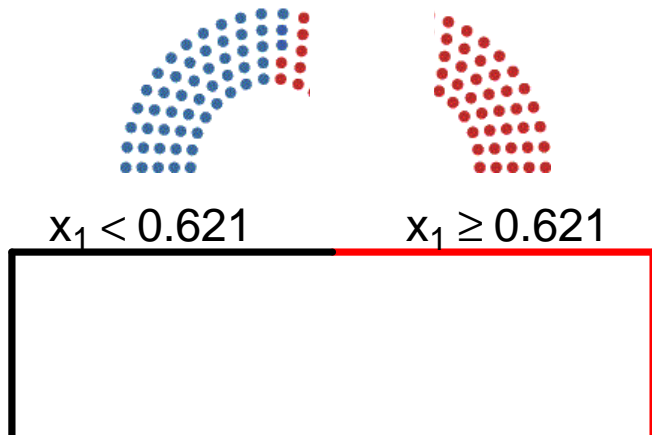
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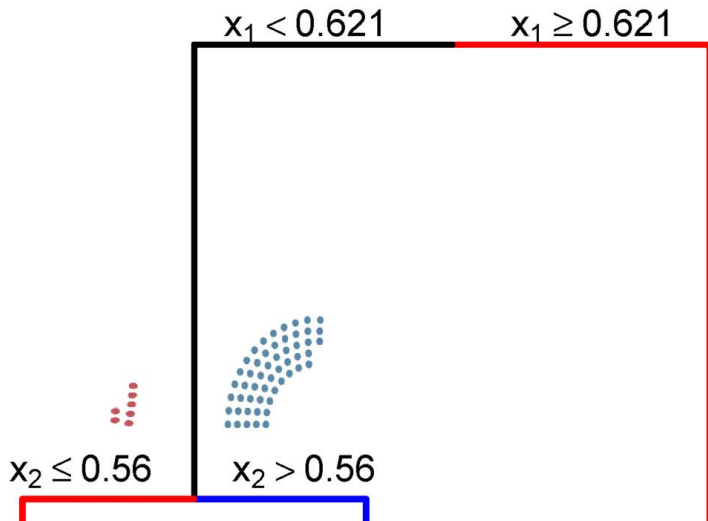
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and it turns out that the (remaining) Republicans tend to use this less. So, when we partition according to, say, $x_2 \leq 0.56$ this enables us to perfectly divide this remaining subset into Democrats and Republicans.

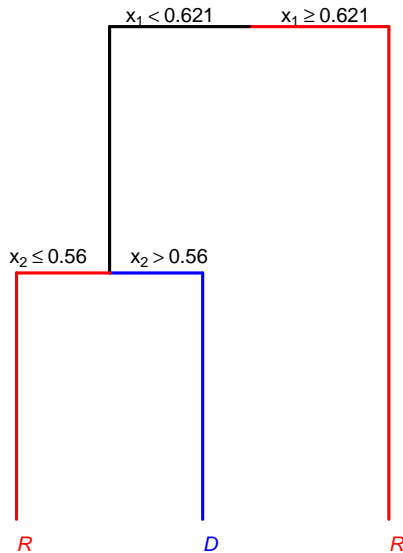
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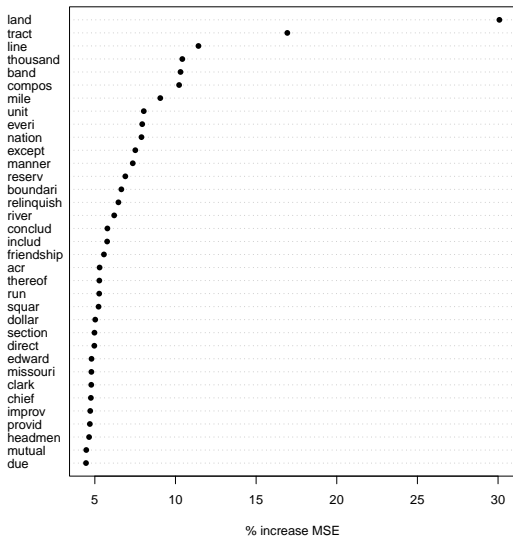
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stem	appearance	common phrasing (frequency)	ρ
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mutual	mutually	"shall be mutually forgiven and forgot" (19)	0.255
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peac	peace	"A treaty of peace and friendship" (15)	0.179
cession	cession	"In consideration of the foregoing cession" (15)	-0.205
relinquish	relinquish	"cede and relinquish to the United States" (4)	-0.208
boundari	boundary	"land included within the following boundaries" (4)	-0.214
tract	tract	"One tract," (14)	-0.442
dollar	dollars	"forty dollars" (11)	-0.457
land	lands	"one section of land" (29)	-0.567
reserv	reservation	"one other reservation" (5)	-0.622

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Q Can they use supervised learning to do better? (better in terms of time: assume humans are accurate)

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	SVM	MaxEnt	Boostexter	Naïve Bayes	Ensemble
Major topic $N = 20$	88.7% (.881)	86.5% (.859)	85.6% (.849)	81.4% (.805)	89.0% (.884)
Subtopic $N = 226$	81.0% (.800)	78.3% (.771)	73.6% (.722)	71.9% (.705)	81.0% (.800)

Note. Results are based on using approximately 187,000 human-labeled cases to train the classifier to predict approximately 187,000 other cases (that were also labeled by humans but not used for training). Agreement is computed by comparing the machine's prediction to the human assigned labels. (AC1 measure presented in parentheses).

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Imagine you apply the model from the 2015 data to 2016, and then every year thereafter: 2017, 2018...2024, 2025. Would you expect it to get more or less accurate over time? Why?