# Advanced Machine Learning (GR5242)

Fall 2017

# Homework 2

Due: Wednesday 10 October, at 4pm (for both sections of the class)

**Homework submission:** Please submit your homework by publishing a notebook that cleanly displays your code, results, and plots to pdf or html.

For conciseness, we assume that you have imported the numpy package as np, and the matplotlib.pyplot package as plt.

### Problem 1 (HMMs and topics)

This is a former exam problem.

Suppose we have to model text data which is streamed from a news feed; each news item is part of a single topic. After a (random) number of words, the new item ends and the next item begins, which in general has a different topic. Over time, topics may repeat. Suppose we have estimated empirically that:

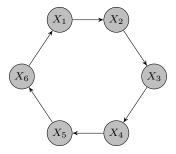
- There are K topics, and we have estimated the probability vectors  $\theta_1, \ldots, \theta_K$  (where  $\theta_k$  is the parameter vector of a multinomial which models text with topic k).
- At any given word, the probability of remaining within the current topic is 0.99.
- The probability of switching to a different topic is 0.01. For simplicity, assume all topics are equally probable, so the probability to switch to a specific new topic is  $q:=\frac{0.01}{K-1}$  for each topic.
- a) Define a hidden Markov model to model the word sequence  $X_1, X_2, \ldots$  Please make sure that you specify:
  - The state space of your model.
  - The observed and hidden variables.
  - The transition and emission probabilities.
- b) Are the variables  $X_i$  and  $X_{i+2}$  (for any  $i \in \mathbb{N}$ ) stochastically dependent?

#### Problem 2 (Gibbs sampling)

For a set  $x_1, \ldots, x_d$ , we write  $x_{-i}$  for the set with the *i*th element removed,

$$x_{-i} = \{x_1, \dots, x_{i-1}, x_{i+1}, \dots, x_d\}$$
.

- a) Let p be a Gaussian density on  $\mathbb{R}^d$ , with mean  $\mu$  and covariance  $\Sigma$ . Derive the full conditionals  $p(x_i|x_{-i})$ , for  $i \in \{1, \dots, d\}$ .
- b) Consider a directed graphical model with graph:



If i=1, we read  $X_{i-1}$  as  $X_6$ . Suppose each variable  $X_i$  takes values in  $\{0,1\}$ , with conditional

$$P(X_i = 1 | X_{i-1}) = \sigma(\theta_i X_{i-1}) \qquad \text{ for some } \theta_i \in [0,1] \;,$$

where  $\sigma$  is the sigmoid function, given by  $\sigma(y) = \frac{1}{1 - \exp(-y)}$ . What are the full conditionals  $P(X_i = \bullet | X_{-i})$ ?

# Problem 3 (Implementation)

- ullet Implement a Gibbs sampler for the d-dimensional Gaussian.
- ullet Run the sampler for d=2 on a Gaussian with mean vector and covariance matrix

$$\mu = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \; ,$$

and visualize the results: Plot the contour lines of Gaussian (for one standard deviation) against, say, 1000 samples of the Gibbs sampler.

• Implement Gibbs sampler for distribution in 2b above, with  $\theta_1 = \ldots = \theta_6 = \frac{1}{3}$ . Compare before and after burn-in.