## Worksheet #26; date: 04/24/2018 MATH 53 Multivariable Calculus

1. (Stewart 16.6.3) Identify the surface with the given vector equation:

$$\mathbf{r}(u,v) = (u+v)\mathbf{i} + (3-v)\mathbf{j} + (1+4u+5v)\mathbf{k}$$

2. (Stewart 16.6.5) Identify the surface with the given vector equation:

$$\mathbf{r}(u,v) = \langle s\cos t, s\sin t, s \rangle$$

- 3. (Stewart 16.6.21) Find a parametric representation for the surface: The part of the hyperboloid  $4x^2-4y^2-z^2=4$  that lies in front of the yz-plane.
- 4. (Stewart 16.6.23) Find a parametric representation for the surface: The part of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$  that lies above the cone  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ .
- 5. (Stewart 16.6.33) Find an equation of the tangent plane to the given metric surface at the specified point.

$$x = u + v$$
,  $y = 3u^2$ ,  $z = u - v$ ;  $(2,3,0)$ 

- 6. (Stewart 16.6.49) Find the area of the surface with parametric equations  $x=u^2, y=uv, z=\frac{1}{2}v^2, 0 \le u \le 1, 0 \le v \le 2.$
- 7. (Challenging; Stewart 16.6.62) A surface is created when the cylinder  $y^2 + z^2 = 1$  intersects the cylinder  $x^2 + z^2 = 1$ . Find the area of this surface.
- 8. Turn in your homework, it's quiz time!
- 9. (Stewart 16.7.9) Evaluate the surface integral

$$\iint_{S} x^2 yz \, dS,$$

where S is the part of the plane 2x + 2y + z = 4 that lies above the rectangle  $[0,3] \times [0,2]$ .

10. (Stewart 16.7.17) Evaluate the surface integral

$$\iint_{S} (x^2z + y^2z) \, dS,$$

where S is the hemisphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$ ,  $z \ge 0$ .