

Yao_Yishan_Program 1: Move-to-front Lists Brief Writeup

I took the initialized LinkedList/MTFList right out of the provided sample, i.e. 0 - 999 of size 1000, and below are the simulation output for both LinkedList and MTFList cases:

Uniform Distribution:

For Linked Lists uniform average: 500.778

For MTFList uniform average: 498.903

Under uniform distribution, since each access value has an equal probability of being drawn, therefore, the two implementations will have equivalent performance.

Normal Distribution

For Linked List normal average: 500.791

For MTFList normal average: 388.467

Under normal distribution, the random access value that is around the mean will have a higher probability of being drawn, hence, by moving these frequent occurrences to the front of the linked list will reduce the number of traverses when one is accessed for a second time. The simulation result backed up the assumption, where the average number of traverse in MTFList is significantly lower than that of a plain linked list.

MTFList uniform average and normal average:

```
> clang++-7 -pthread -std=c++17 -o main LinkedList.cpp MTFList.cpp main.cpp
> ./main
Average number of nodes traversed per access (uniform): 498.903
Average number of nodes traversed per access (normal): 388.467
> █
```

Linked Lists uniform average and normal average:

```
> clang++-7 -pthread -std=c++17 -o main LinkedList.cpp MTFList.cpp main.cpp
> ./main
Average number of nodes traversed per access (uniform): 500.778
Average number of nodes traversed per access (normal): 500.791
> █
```