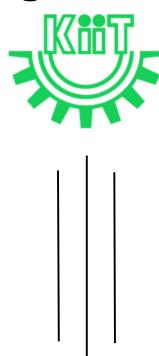
Object Oriented Programming Laboratory

Assignment – 5



Submitted By:

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Question 1:

```
// Write a program to demonstrate hybrid inheritance.
    #include <iostream>
    using namespace std;
    class Base
    {
        public:
        int a;
11
    class Derived1 : virtual public Base
13
        public:
14
15
        int b;
     };
17
    class Derived2 : virtual public Base
21
        int c;
     };
     class Derived3 :public Derived2, public Derived1
24
```

```
PS C:\Users\KIIT01\Desktop\programming> cd "c:\Users\KII
; if ($?) { .\q1_hybrid }
Total = 60
PS C:\Users\KIIT01\Desktop\programming\OOP\20 october>
```

Question 2:

```
// Write a program to demonstrate multiple inheritance.
    #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
    class Base1
8
    class Base2
        int b;
18 class Derived : public Base1, public Base2
        int total;
   int main()
      Derived obj;
      obj.a = 10;
       obj.b = 20;
        obj.total = obj.a + obj.b;
        cout << "Total = " << obj.total << endl;</pre>
        return 0;
```

```
PS C:\Users\KIIT01\Desktop\programming> cd "c:\Users\KI
?) { .\q4_multiple_inhrtnc }
Total = 30
PS C:\Users\KIIT01\Desktop\programming\OOP\20 october>
```

Question 3:

```
// Write a program to demonstrate multilevel inheritance.
     #include <iostream>
     using namespace std;
     class Base
        public:
        int a;
     };
11
12
     class Derived1 : public Base
13
         public:
            int b;
     };
17
     class Derived2 : public Derived1
         public:
21
            int total;
     };
```

```
24  int main()
25  {
26     Derived2 obj;
27     obj.a = 10;
28     obj.b = 20;
29     cout << "a = " << obj.a << endl;
30     cout << "b = " << obj.b << endl;
31     obj.total = obj.a + obj.b;
32     cout << "Total = " << obj.total << endl;
33     return 0;
34 }</pre>
```

```
PS C:\Users\KIIT01\Desktop\programming> cd "c:\Users\KII
q5_multilevel_inhrtnc } ; if ($?) { .\q5_multilevel_inhr
a = 10
b = 20
Total = 30
PS C:\Users\KIIT01\Desktop\programming\OOP\20 october>
```

Question 4:

```
// Write a program to demonstrate ++ unary operator overloading.
     #include <iostream>
     using namespace std;
    class Test{
         int a,b,c;
              void read_data(int x, int y, int z){
                 b = y;
              void operator ++(){
                  a++;
16
                  b++;
                  C++;
              void display(){
                  cout << "a = " << a << endl;</pre>
                  cout << "b = " << b << endl;</pre>
                  cout << "c = " << c << endl;</pre>
```

```
int main(){
26
27
          Test obj;
28
          obj.read_data(10,20,30);
29
          cout<<"Before incrementing: "<<endl;</pre>
          obj.display();
31
          ++obj;
32
          cout<<"After incrementing: "<<endl;</pre>
33
          obj.display();
34
          return 0;
35
```

```
PS C:\Users\KIIT01\Desktop\programming> cd "c:\Users\KIIT01
    _operator_ovrldng } ; if ($?) { .\q2_operator_ovrldng }
Before incrementing:
a = 10
b = 20
c = 30
After incrementing:
a = 11
b = 21
c = 31
PS C:\Users\KIIT01\Desktop\programming\OOP\20 october>
```

Question 5:

```
int main(){
26
27
          Test obj1, obj2;
28
          obj1.read_data(10,20,30);
29
          obj2.read_data(2,3,4);
          cout<<"Before multiplication: "<<endl;</pre>
30
31
          obj1.display();
32
          obj2.display();
33
          obj1 * obj2;
          cout<<"After multiplication: "<<endl;</pre>
35
          obj1.display();
36
          return 0;
37
```

```
PS C:\Users\KIIT01\Desktop\programming> cd "c:\Users\KIIT01\Desktop\programming\OO
f ($?) { .\q3_binary_overloading }
Before multiplication:
a = 10
b = 20
c = 30
a = 2
b = 3
c = 4
After multiplication:
a = 20
b = 60
c = 120
PS C:\Users\KIIT01\Desktop\programming\OOP\20 october>
```