

# Homework 1: Control **hw01.zip (hw01.zip)**

*Due by 11:59pm on Thursday, 1/31*

## Instructions

Download hw01.zip (hw01.zip).

**Submission:** When you are done, submit with `python3 ok --submit`. You may submit more than once before the deadline; only the final submission will be scored. Check that you have successfully submitted your code on okpy.org (<https://okpy.org/>). See Lab 0 (/lab/lab00#submitting-the-assignment) for more instructions on submitting assignments.

**Using Ok:** If you have any questions about using Ok, please refer to this guide. (/articles/using-ok.html)

**Readings:** You might find the following references useful:

- Section 1.2 (<http://composingprograms.com/pages/12-elements-of-programming.html>)
- Section 1.3 (<http://composingprograms.com/pages/13-defining-new-functions.html>)
- Section 1.4 (<http://composingprograms.com/pages/14-designing-functions.html>)
- Section 1.5 (<http://composingprograms.com/pages/15-control.html>)

**Grading:** Homework is graded based on effort, not correctness. However, there is no partial credit; you must show substantial effort on every problem to receive any points.

## Homework Questions

### Q0: Welcome Survey

Please complete this welcome survey (<https://goo.gl/forms/feBnXxIESOZi3QIk1>) before you submit your homework. Your responses will not be visible to anyone outside the course.

### Q1: A Plus Abs B

Fill in the blanks in the following function for adding `a` to the absolute value of `b`, without calling `abs`. You may **not** modify any of the provided code other than the two blanks.

```
from operator import add, sub

def a_plus_abs_b(a, b):
    """Return a+abs(b), but without calling abs.

    >>> a_plus_abs_b(2, 3)
    5
    >>> a_plus_abs_b(2, -3)
    5
    """
    if b < 0:
        f = _____
    else:
        f = _____
    return f(a, b)
```

Use Ok to test your code:

```
python3 ok -q a_plus_abs_b
```

## Q2: Two of Three

Write a function that takes three *positive* numbers and returns the sum of the squares of the two largest numbers. **Use only a single line for the body of the function.**

```
def two_of_three(a, b, c):
    """Return x*x + y*y, where x and y are the two largest members of the
    positive numbers a, b, and c.

    >>> two_of_three(1, 2, 3)
    13
    >>> two_of_three(5, 3, 1)
    34
    >>> two_of_three(10, 2, 8)
    164
    >>> two_of_three(5, 5, 5)
    50
    """
    return _____
```

**Hint:** Consider using the `max` or `min` function:

```
>>> max(1, 2, 3)
3
>>> min(-1, -2, -3)
-3
```

Use Ok to test your code:

```
python3 ok -q two_of_three
```

## Q3: Largest Factor

Write a function that takes an integer  $n$  that is **greater than 1** and returns the largest integer that is smaller than  $n$  and evenly divides  $n$ .

```
def largest_factor(n):
    """Return the largest factor of n that is smaller than n.

    >>> largest_factor(15) # factors are 1, 3, 5
    5
    >>> largest_factor(80) # factors are 1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 10, 16, 20, 40
    40
    >>> largest_factor(13) # factor is 1 since 13 is prime
    1
    """
    """ YOUR CODE HERE """
```

**Hint:** To check if  $b$  evenly divides  $a$ , you can use the expression  $a \% b == 0$ , which can be read as, "the remainder of dividing  $a$  by  $b$  is 0."

Use Ok to test your code:

```
python3 ok -q largest_factor
```

## Q4: If Function vs Statement

Let's try to write a function that does the same thing as an `if` statement.

```
def if_function(condition, true_result, false_result):
    """Return true_result if condition is a true value, and
    false_result otherwise.

    >>> if_function(True, 2, 3)
    2
    >>> if_function(False, 2, 3)
    3
    >>> if_function(3==2, 3+2, 3-2)
    1
    >>> if_function(3>2, 3+2, 3-2)
    5
    """
    if condition:
        return true_result
    else:
        return false_result
```

Despite the doctests above, this function actually does *not* do the same thing as an `if` statement in all cases. To prove this fact, write functions `c`, `t`, and `f` such that `with_if_statement` prints the number 2, but `with_if_function` prints both 1 and 2.

```
def with_if_statement():
    """
    >>> result = with_if_statement()
    2
    >>> print(result)
    None
    """
    if c():
        return t()
    else:
        return f()

def with_if_function():
    """
    >>> result = with_if_function()
    1
    2
    >>> print(result)
    None
    """
    return if_function(c(), t(), f())

def c():
    "*** YOUR CODE HERE ***"

def t():
    "*** YOUR CODE HERE ***"

def f():
    "*** YOUR CODE HERE ***"
```

**Hint:** If you are having a hard time identifying how an `if` statement and `if_function` differ, consider the rules of evaluation for `if` statements and call expressions.

Use Ok to test your code:

```
python3 ok -q with_if_statement
python3 ok -q with_if_function
```

## Q5: Hailstone

Douglas Hofstadter's Pulitzer-prize-winning book, *Gödel, Escher, Bach*, poses the following mathematical puzzle.

1. Pick a positive integer  $n$  as the start.
2. If  $n$  is even, divide it by 2.
3. If  $n$  is odd, multiply it by 3 and add 1.
4. Continue this process until  $n$  is 1.

The number  $n$  will travel up and down but eventually end at 1 (at least for all numbers that have ever been tried -- nobody has ever proved that the sequence will terminate). Analogously, a hailstone travels up and down in the atmosphere before eventually landing on earth.

This sequence of values of  $n$  is often called a Hailstone sequence. Write a function that takes a single argument with formal parameter name  $n$ , prints out the hailstone sequence starting at  $n$ , and returns the number of steps in the sequence:

```
def hailstone(n):
    """Print the hailstone sequence starting at n and return its
    length.

    >>> a = hailstone(10)
    10
    5
    16
    8
    4
    2
    1
    >>> a
    7
    """
    "*** YOUR CODE HERE ***"
```

Hailstone sequences can get quite long! Try 27. What's the longest you can find?

Use Ok to test your code:

```
python3 ok -q hailstone
```

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## **Resources (/resources.html)**

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[Debugging Guide \(/articles/debugging.html\)](/articles/debugging.html)

[Composition Guide \(/articles/composition.html\)](/articles/composition.html)

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## Grading (/articles/about.html#grading)