Télécom Saint-Étienne : Master Web-Intelligence Web Services TP n°4 - 3h00

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Remarks

- You need to form groups of two students (binôme).
- A binôme should write a report containing the answers of questions and exercises listed in this document and send them to amro.najjar@telecom-st-etienne.fr.
- you can write the report in French.
- DEADLINE: 5/02/2016

In TD4, we learned how to develop a client for twitter RESTful API. In this TD we will develop a simple RESTful service.

Objectives

- Introduction to **Jersey**: Java for RESTful services.
- Develop a RESTful service that answers GET requests.

Tools Needed

- Eclipse EE (Enterprise Edition) Luna, Kepler etc.
- Glassfish
- REST-client. Postman for Chrome or RESTClient for Firefox.

In order to be able to do these tasks, *twitter* requires you to do a process of authentication. Next section guides you through this process.

Jersey

Jersey RESTful Web Services framework is an open source, production quality, framework for developing RESTful Web Services in Java that provides support for JAX-RS APIs and serves as a JAX-RS Reference Implementation.

JAX-RS: Java API for RESTful Web Services (JAX-RS) is a Java programming language API that provides support in creating web services according to the Representational State Transfer (REST) architectural pattern.

1 Create a Web Service Application In Eclipse

- 1. Go to File ▶New ▶Other ▶Web ▶Dynamic Web Project.
- 2. Call the project TD4.
- 3. Call the package com.yourlastName.RESTfulService.
- 4. Add an HTML page called index.html. Add something in the body of this page (e.g. <h1> Hello </h1>)

- 5. Add a new Glassfish to Eclipse. If you do not know how to do, look in TD2.
- 6. Create a new class called CurrencyConverterApplication. This class should extend (heritage) the following class javax.ws.rs.core.Application. Do not forget to make the necessary imports.
- 7. Above the class declaration, add the following annotation: @ApplicationPath("v1/converterApp")

The class will look like:

```
import javax.ws.rs.ApplicationPath;
import javax.ws.rs.GET;
import javax.ws.rs.Path;
import javax.ws.rs.core.Application;

@ApplicationPath("v1/converterApp")
public class CurrencyConverterApplication extends Application{
}
```

The annotation <code>@ApplicationPath("v1/converterApp")</code> is very important. It marks the main link (entrance) to your web service. From now on, resource URI (i.e. link) in your web service should be preceded by <code>v1/converterApp</code>.

Note that you project now includes two subprojects:

- 1. A very small web-site containing your index.html
- 2. A web service server.

To test **the web site**, run the project on the server. You will get the index.html page displayed.

2 RESTful Currency Converter

- 1. Create a new package called com.yourlastName.model. Usually, you put your own classes in this package.
- 2. Create a copy of the class Currency created in TD2 to this package.
- 3. Add an attribute int ID to the class. Do not forget to update the constructor to create setters and getter to this attribute.
- 4. In the other package com.yourlastName.RESTfulService, create a new class and call it CurrencyConverter.
- 5. Add the following annotation before the class declaration <code>@Path("currencyConverter")</code>. Now all the **resources** in this class will be preceded by <code>currencyConverter</code>. If you do not understand, we will have an example soon.
- 6. Add a String to this class. The string name is **version**. It indicates the current version of your API. version = "1.0";
- 7. Add the following method:

```
/*-----*/
@GET
@Path("version")
public String version()
{
    return "The current version is " +version;
```

}

Here is an explanation of the annotations:

- QGET: specifies the method version() is invoked when the rest-client makes an "HTTP GET" on the resource URI.
- @Path specifies the resource of this method.

After adding this method, do not forget to re-run the project on the GlassFish server. Now let us test the results. Put the following link in your web browser:

http://localhost:8080/TD4/v1/converterApp/currencyConverter/version/ You should get an output indicating the version message.

2.1 Using The RestClient Tester

- 1. In Firefox go to Outil \triangleright RESTClient.
- 2. Put the method to be GET copy the URL above in the URL field and click on send.
- 3. Check the results and go to the different available tabs i.e. Response Headers, Response Body (Raw), Response Body (highlights).

Questions:

Question 1: Retrieve Data About a Resource (a currency)

version() method did not take arguments. This excercise shows how to write a Java method with an argument.

Our conversion agency converts three currencies (Dollar, Euro and Yen). Therefore, create a list which will contain this information:

```
private static List<Currency> currencyList = new ArrayList<Currency>();
```

Then create a method that initialize this list:

Since your project does not, up until now, contain a Database to ensure data persistence, remember to call this method whenever you re-deploy the project. Otherwise the list <code>currencyList</code> will be null .

Question 1: Write a method that allows to retrieve a currency name when the user provides the ID e.g.:

http://localhost:8080/TD4/v1/converterApp/currencyConverter/currency/1 This example should gives you "dollar" as output since the currency "dollar" is associated with ID=1. If the ID indicated by the user is not found, return an error message.

Hints

- You should search for how you can add an ID to the path. @Path("currency/identifier: [0-9]*")
- Now to path the argument from the path to the method, check the "@PathParam" annotation.

Question 2: The Conversion Method

Question 2.1: rewrite the method convert of TD2 in REST(Jersey).

Please specify the path of the new method as <code>QPath("conversion/source/destination/amount")</code> . For instance, the following link:

 $http://localhost: 8080/TD4/v1/converter App/currency Converter/conversion/D/Y/1000\ should\ lead\ to\ the\ result\ of\ converting\ 1000\ dollars\ to\ Yens.$

Question 2.2: compare the method you write, with the method of TD2. Please explain the difference between RESTful Services and SOAP services.

Hints

- To pass multiple arguments to a method see "@PathParam" annotation.

Question 3: Producing Complex Data Types

In the previous two questions, the return type of the method was a simple String. In this question, we want to return a group of objects of a complex class (i.e. currency). Usually when a RESTful service returns an object. It either uses **XML** or **JSON** (as we have seen in TD3) to encode the response. In this question you should write two methods one produces the list of currencies encoded in XML and the other produces the list of currencies encoded in JSON. The first method should have getCurrenciesXML() as name, and the second getCurrenciesJSON() as name. Question 3.1: write a method that returns the list of currencies encoded in XML.

The path should of this method should be @Path("currencies").

Hints

- To specify the type produced by the method, use the annotation <code>@Produces(MediaType.TEXT_XML)</code> before the method declaration
- You should tell Jersey that your class currency is convertible to XML. This is done by using the annotation @XmlRootElement(name="currency") and @XmlAccessorType(XmlAccessType.FIELD).
- You need to provide a default constructor (i.e. constructor with no arguments and that does nothing) to your class Currency

Test the result by putting the URL:

http://localhost:8080/TD4/v1/converterApp/currencyConverter/currencies/ in the browser or in the REST Client.

Question 3.2: write another method that returns the list of currencies encoded in JSON.

The @Path should be exactly the same path i.e. @Path("currencies").

Hints

- To specify the type produced by the method, use the annotation <code>QProduces(MediaType.APPLICATION_JS)</code> before the method declaration.

Test the same URL, what do you get?

Now you have two methods invoked when calling the GET HTTP-Method the same resource (URL). To choose the type of the result, you can use the REST-Client as follows:

in RESTClient (Firefox), go to Headers ►Custom Header.

- in the field put Accept. In the field value put text/xml and send the request. This means that you specify in the header of the request the type of the response that you want.
- Repeat the process with application/json as value.
- take a photo of the result XML and JSON and put it in the report.

Using Query Parameters

In this question, we want the methods getCurrenciesXML() and getCurrenciesJSON() to return the list of currencies sorted by the name of the currency. You should add a queryParameter to the method. This query parameter, let us call it sortedYN, is a String. When sortedYN="y", this means that the user wants the results sorted. Otherwise, no need to sort the results. For instance the following link:

http://localhost:8080/TD4/v1/converterApp/currencyConverter/currencies?sortedYN=y should display a list of currencies sorted by the currency name.

Question 4: Add a query parameter to the methods getCurrenciesXML() and getCurrenciesJSON() so that the results are sorted .

Hints

- Note how the query parameter is added to the URL preceded by '?'.

Remarks

- Compress the project as a .zip file, attach it with the answers (pdf file) and send it to the email address mentioned above. Please put "WS-TD" in the subject (title) of the email.