

# System Programming

## Programming Assignment 1

Fall 2015

Due: 23:59 Tue, Oct 27, 2015

### 1 Problem description

In assignment 1, you are expected to implement a simplified “bidding system”. You need to complete the simple servers which we already handled a lot of works such as internet connection, memory allocation, etc. The provided source code can be compiled and run as very simple read/write servers, which can only serve one request per time.

Things you need to do is to modify it so that it can support I/O multiplexing, deal with many requests at the same time, rather than be blocked by only one request, and to guarantee the correctness of the details of each item when more than one client do actions on the same item by using different servers.

To summarize, there are **three** tasks for you:

1. Use *select()* to do a multiplexing bidding system.  
There may be multiple clients that connect to servers and send request at the same time.
2. Use *file lock* to guarantee the correctness when there are multiple read/write requests occurring on one account at the same time.
3. Implement the Item structure.  
The structure of an item is a struct in C which have three members, *id*, *amount*, *price*, of type int.

```
typedef struct {  
    int id;  
    int amount;  
    int price;  
} Item;
```

There is a file called **item\_list** including 20 continuous Item structures with id from 1 to 20, amount of 10 and randomly specified price at beginning.

## 2 How to run the sample servers

- Compile

To produce execution files, you have to compile *server.c* . If you take a look on *Makefile*, you will see that the execution file *write\_server* is compiled directly. However, if you compiling it with *-D READ\_SERVER*, the execution file *read\_server* will be produce.

On the first attempt, you can type the command, *make*, after extracting the files on the CSIE workstation.

- Run

Let's take the read server for example.

```
$ ./read_server {port_num}
```

where the *{port\_num}* is the port that you want assign to the server, say, 4000. Similarly, *write\_server* can be executed in the same way.

## 3 How to test the servers at client side

Use *telnet* to connect to your servers.

```
$ telnet {host} {port_num}
```

where *{host}* is the location of your servers run, i.e., *linux1.csie.ntu.edu.tw*. Note that the *{port\_num}* must be the same with the one you run the read/write server.

If you're testing the sample server, you can type anything, pressing enter and the content of your input will immediately send back to you.

However, if you're testing your bidding system, there may be different cases described below.

After connecting to the read server, you need to send an item-id to query the details of the corresponding item. And then type single enter to indicate the end of the input. There have two different situations.

- **Case 1:** you can query this item  
The bidding system should return the details of the item and the connection will be closed.
- **Case 2:** anyone else is changing this item  
The bidding system should return "This item is locked." and the connection will be closed.

On the other hand, if you connect to a write server, you should send an item-id to specify the item that you want to change at the first line. You might get two different types of response immediately.

- **Case 1:** you get the right to do some actions on this account  
The bidding system should return “This item is modifiable.” Next, you should type an action command, i.e., *buy*, *sell* or *price*, followed by a whitespace and an integer indicated the amount. If you succeed in changing the details of the item, the connection will be closed.
- **Case 2:** you get the right to buy but you failed  
The bidding system should return “This item is modifiable.” Next, if you specify a amount greater than the remaining amount of the item or specify a negative number for price, the operation will fail and the bidding system should return “Operation failed.” And then the connection will be closed.
- **Case 3:** anyone else is changing the same item  
The bidding system should return “This item is locked.” and the connection will be closed.

## 4 Input/Output format

The following text marked with green color is entered by user. Suppose the host is at linux1.csie.org

- Read

– Server-side

```
$ ./read_server 12345
starting on linux1, port 12345, fd 3, maxconn 65536...
```

– Client-side

```
$ telnet linux1.csie.ntu.edu.tw 12345
Trying 140.112.30.32...
Connected to linux1.csie.ntu.edu.tw.
Escape character is '^]'.
```

Case1

2

```
item2 $300 remain: 10
Connection closed by foreign host.
```

Case2

2

```
This item is locked.
Connection closed by foreign host.
```

- Write

– Server-side

```
$ ./write_server 12346
starting on linux1, port 12346, fd 3, maxconn 65536...
```

– Client-side

```
Trying 140.112.30.32...
Connected to linux1.csie.ntu.edu.tw.
Escape character is '^]'.
```

Case1

2

This item is modifiable.

sell 20

Connection closed by foreign host.

Case2-1

2

This item is modifiable.

buy 200

Operation failed.

Connection closed by foreign host.

Case2-2

2

This item is modifiable.

price -200

Operation failed.

Connection closed by foreign host.

Case3

2

This item is locked.

Connection closed by foreign host.

## 5 Grading

There are 7 subtasks in this assignment. By finishing all subtasks that you earn the full 7 points.

1. You can produce the execution file successfully. (1 point)  
That is, produce `read_server` and `write_server` by Makefile.
2. `read_server` returns the details of specific item. (1 point)  
There would be only one request at a time for this subtask.
3. `write_server` can change the details of item correctly. (1 point)  
There would be only one request at a time for this subtask.
4. Two requests issued to `read_server`. (1 point)  
A read request  $p$  connects to `read_server` but hasn't send the request. Then a read request  $q$  connects to `read_server` and sends the request. The `read_server` should be able to respond to request  $q$ .
5. Two requests issued to `write_server`. (1 point)  
A write request  $p$  connects to `write_server`, and it specifies the item-id but doesn't send the

action command. Then a write request  $q$  connects to write\_server and it specifies a *different* item id. The write\_server should be able to respond to request  $q$ .

6. Protection on single write\_server (1 point)  
If two or more clients connect to single write\_server, the item locked by a certain request should not be written by other request.
7. Protection on multi-server. (1 point)  
In multi-server schema, the item locked by a certain server should be protected by *advisory file lock* to keep correctness.

## 6 Submission

Your assignment should be submitted to the CEIBA before the deadline. Or you will receive penalty.

At least three files should be included:

1. server.c (as well as all other .c files)
2. Makefile
3. readme.txt

Since we will directly execute your *Makefile*, therefore you can modify the names of .c files, but *Makefile* should compile your source into two executable files named **read\_server** and **write\_server**.

In readme.txt, please briefly state how do you finish your program and something valuable you want to explain.

These files should be put **inside a folder named with your student ID (in lower case)** and you should compress the folder into a *.tar.gz* before submission. Please do not use .rar or any other file types.

The commands below will do the trick. Suppose your student ID is b03902000:

```
$ mkdir b03902000
$ cp Makefile readme.txt *.c b03902000/
$ tar -zcvf SP_HW1_b03902000.tar.gz b03902000/
$ rm -r b03902000/
```

Please do NOT add executable files to the compressed file. Errors in the submission file (such as files not in a directory named with your student ID (in lower case), compiled binary not named read\_server and write\_server, and so on) may cause deduction of your credits.

Submit the compressed file *SP\_HW1\_b03902000.tar.gz* to CEIBA.

## 7 Reminder

1. Plagiarism is **STRICTLY** prohibited.
2. Your credits will be deducted 5% for each day delay, but a late submission is still better than absence.
3. If you have any question, please ask questions at the board SysProgram on PTT2, contact us via email or come to R302.  
Check whether your questions has been asked on P2 before you send an email or come.
4. If you don't have an account for CSIE workstation, contact R217 TAs to get an account or use some Unix-like operating system.
5. Please start your work ASAP and do not leave it until the last day!