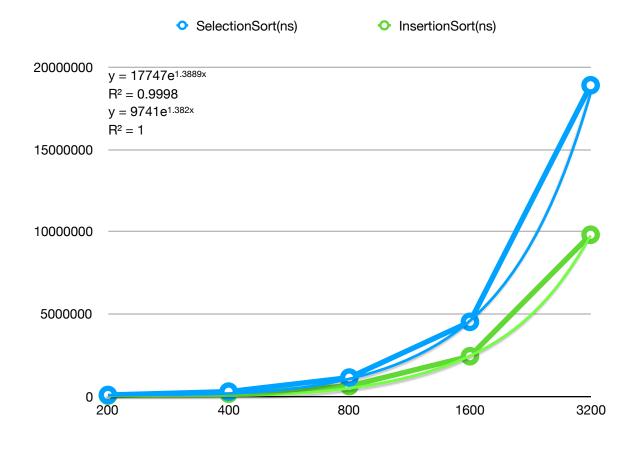
## Runing time of reverse-ordered arrays: SelectionSort: InsertionSort: n 200 73673.08 38629.74 276268.98 400 155931.90 800 1130468.28 615345.24 4518849.84 2428815.22 1600 3200 18894461.08 9810912.18

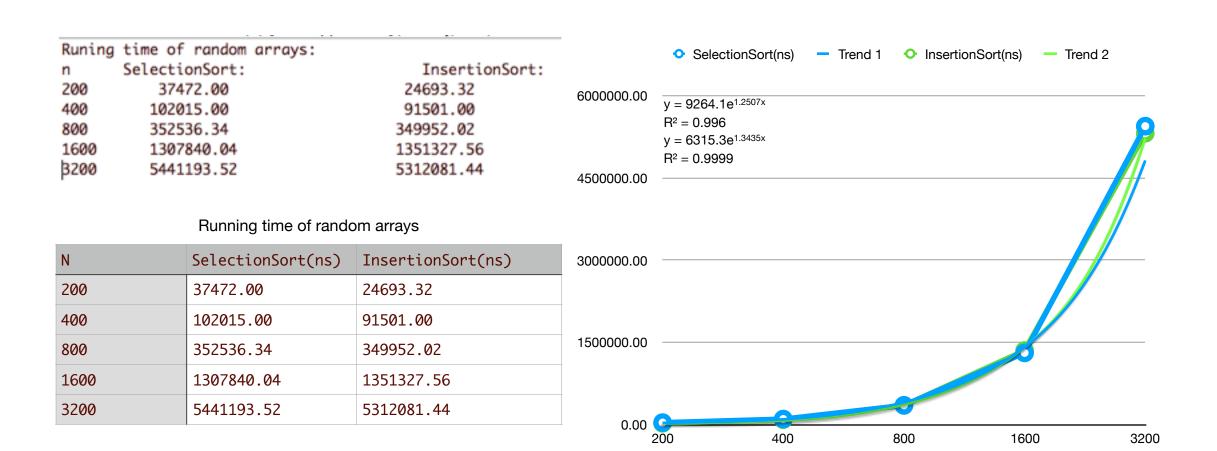


N	SelectionSort(ns)	<pre>InsertionSort(ns)</pre>
200	73673.08	38629.74
400	276268.98	155931.90
800	1130468.28	615345.24
1600	4518849.84	2428815.22
3200	18894461.08	9810912.18



For the chart of SelectionSort, the trend line is  $y=17747e^{(1.3889x)}$ , and  $e^{1.3889}=4.01$ , thus  $y\approx17747*4^x$ ; For the chart of InsertionSort, the trend line is  $y=9741e^{(1.382x)}$ ,  $e^{1.382}=3.98$ , thus  $y\approx9741*4^x$ ;

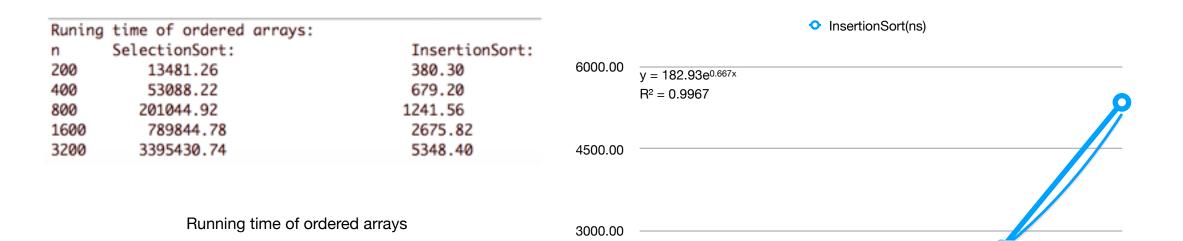
Therefore, for the reversed-order arrays, when n is expanded by twice, the time or both SelectionSort and InsertionSort will expend by 4 times.



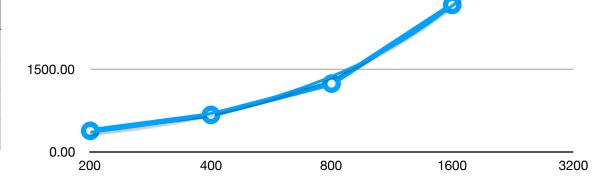
For the chart of SelectionSort, the trend line is  $y=6315.3e^{(1.3435x)}$ , and  $e^{1.3889=3.83\approx4}$ ;

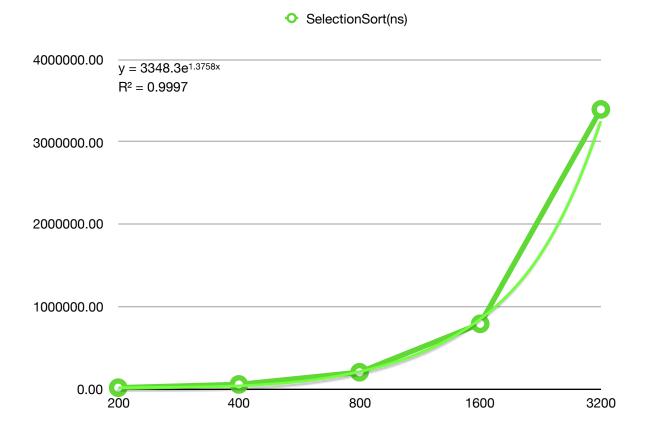
For the chart of InsertionSort, the trend line is y=6264.1e^(1.2507x), e^1.382=3.50;

Therefore, for the random arrays, when n is expanded by twice, the time for both SelectionSort and InsertionSort will expend by 4 times.



N	SelectionSort(ns)	InsertionSort(ns)
400	53088.22	671.20
800	201044.92	1241.56
1600	789844.78	2675.82
3200	3395430.74	5348.40





For the chart of SelectionSort, the trend line is  $y=3348.3.3e^{(1.3758x)}$ , and  $e^{1.3758=3.96\approx4}$ ; For the chart of InsertionSort, the trend line is  $y=182.93e^{(0.667x)}$ ,  $e^{0.667=1.95\approx2}$ ;

Therefore, for the ordered arrays, when n is expanded by twice, the time for InsertionSort will expend by twice, while for the SelectionSort, it will expend by 4 times.