FPGA Image Processing Final Project Report

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Github link: https://github.com/yixin0829/fpga final project

1. Introduction

This report describes the implementation of image processing using the FPGA DE1-SOC board and Quartus by coding in verilog (HDL). Our goal in the project was to successfully import a menu, select a preloaded RAM, and implement various effects such as inverting, red, red filter, green filter, blue filter, greyscale, changing the brightness, box blur, gaussian blur, sobel edge detection and embossing the image.

We believed this would be the best project for us because this project is a parallel project, i.e. if one of the modules isn't working (eg. greyscale), this doesn't stop us from working on the other modules (eg. brightness)and implementing them, which we believe is an important factor for efficiency and excellence of a project.

Moreover we wanted to do a project, which along with being complex, is also interesting. We were intrigued by the fact that a device like the DE1-SOC board can implement functionalities on an image like a photoshop tool.

Due to all these reasons, we believed image processing was the best project option for us.

2. Description of the Design

This part will explain inputs and outputs of our design on a high-level perspective. And some of the key components of the design including top-level module, control path, data path, and some of the key low-level modules.

2.1.1 Functions:

- 1) To process a 160x120 pixel, 8-bit-colour image to yield filter effects, for example, Gaussian blur, box blur, RGB filters,
- 2) Be able to process the user inputs (i.e. control signals from DE1-SOC board) and respond accordingly

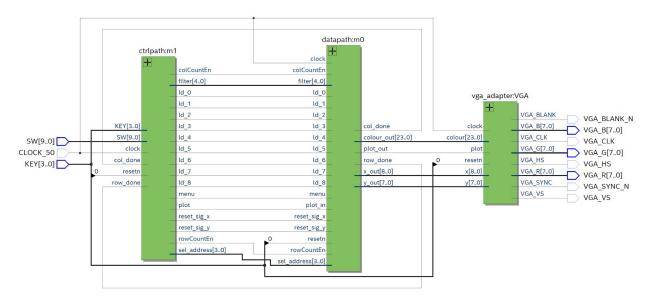
2.1.2 Objectives:

- 1)To use 9 registers to read the centre pixel (based on x, y counter outputs) and the eight neighbouring pixels in order to implement effects on a 3x3 kernel of the image to yield filter effects such as Gaussian blur, box blur, Sobel edge detection, and emboss.
- 2) To display the after effect using on a monitor using a VGA cable.
- 3) Inputting specific combinations of switches and keys on the DE1-SOC board to effectively apply the mentioned filters on the original image and revert back to the original image.

2.1.3 Constraints:

- 1) FPGA memory only allowed us to fit two 8-bit-coloured images and one 3-bit-coloured menu.
- 2) We had to use nine clock cycles to read 9 pixels of data from the RAM. (24x19200)

2.2 Top-level module Display:



The top level modules includes three main components: ctrl path:m0, data path:m1, and vga_adpator:VGA. The VGA adaptor module generally has 4 major inputs: x coordinate, y coordinate, 24-bit colour, and plot signal.

2.3 Data path (see appendix A):

- 1. a 8-bit x counter and a 7-bit y counter
 - a. to traverse through the 320x240 resolution VGA display and display the processed 160x120 image at the centre of the VGA display,
- Nine 24-bit registers for storing the pixel data
 - a. Each register has an enable signal (i.e. Id_#) that the control path controls.
 - b. Register 0 8 will store the pixel data read from image RAM in the following form. (#4 is the pixel which process and draw):

r0	r1	r2
----	----	----

r3	r4	r5
r6	r7	r8

3. *Image processing module

- a. Core of the design, responsible for taking the 24-bit coloured data from the registers and process into one 24-bit colour data.
- b. Contains different sub-modules for filter effects.
- c. Outputs the processed 24-bit colour data to VGA adaptor module.

4. Address adaptor

a. Takes the x, y coordinates and sel_address as inputs and outputs altered pixel locations in the 3x3 kernel

2.4 Control path (see AppendixB):

- 1. Id# signals enables different registers to store pixel data .
- 2. Row_done Triggered after we have traversed through all the pixels of the row.
- 3. Col_done Triggered after we have traversed through all the pixels of the column.
- 4. Sel address controls which pixel is read from the RAM in the kernel.

3. Report of success



GREYSCALE

RED FILTER BLUE FILTER



BRIGHTNESS INCREASE



BRIGHTNESS DECREASE BOX BLUR





GAUSSIAN BLUR



SOBEL EDGE DETECTION



EMBOSSING

Parts That Didn't Work:

We were considering connecting a video camera to our project to implement the effects on them. But, another group who was doing a similar project ended up doing that before us. So we decided, instead of using a camera, to implement complex functionalities such as gaussian blur, edge detection, embossing etc

4. Lessons Learned

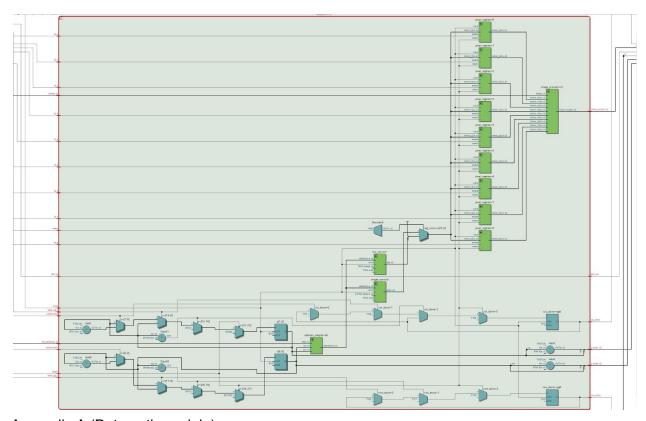
The main factor which messed up our time management in this project was disorganisation of code and improper planning on the long term by not utilizing github in the early phase of the project development.

After typing the code, sometimes a module which was previously working, wouldn't work after certain changes were implemented. As a result, we would have to debug a previously working code. If we had used github where we would keep versions of our code which we would update after every major change, a lot of time would've been saved, and it would also create a clean repository of all our progress.

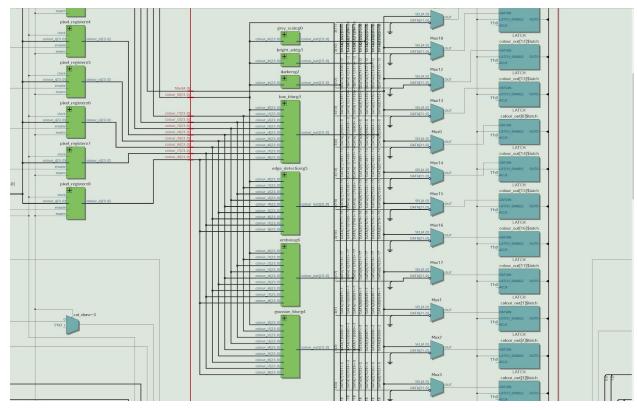
Secondly, once the image was displayed, whenever any change was done in the code, we used to compile and check the output from the VGA cable which would take around 3 and a half minutes. Instead, if we had used modelsim for faster compilation, along with saving time, it would also help us to easily detect what part of the code is creating an error by individually and collectively simulating the modules.

Third, we would use resources like emailing the TA and piazza more often. A few times, we were overcomplicating simple ideas or thinking from the wrong point of view just for the TA to tell us a simple idea to do this project thus pointlessly wasting our time.

Appendix



Appendix A (Data path module)



Appendix B (Image processing module)

Verilog code:

```
module display
     (
          CLOCK_50,
                                               //
                                                    On Board 50 MHz
          // Your inputs and outputs here
          KEY, SW,
                    // On Board Keys
          // The ports below are for the VGA output. Do not change.
          VGA_CLK,
                                               //
                                                    VGA Clock
          VGA_HS,
                                                    //
                                                         VGA H_SYNC
          VGA_VS,
                                                    //
                                                         VGA V_SYNC
          VGA_BLANK_N,
                                                         VGA BLANK
          VGA_SYNC_N,
                                                         VGA SYNC
          VGA_R,
                                               //
                                                    VGA Red[9:0]
          VGA_G,
                                                         VGA
                                                    //
Green[9:0]
          VGA_B
                                               //
                                                    VGA Blue[9:0]
     );
```

```
//
                                                                     50 MHz
      input
                           CLOCK_50;
      input [3:0] KEY;
      input [9:0] SW;
      // Declare your inputs and outputs here
      // Do not change the following outputs
      output
                           VGA_CLK;
                                                              //
                                                                     VGA Clock
      output
                           VGA HS;
                                                                     //
                                                                            VGA H_SYNC
                           VGA VS;
      output
                                                                     //
                                                                            VGA V SYNC
      output
                           VGA_BLANK_N;
                                                                     //
                                                                            VGA BLANK
      output
                           VGA_SYNC_N;
                                                                     //
                                                                            VGA SYNC
      output [7:0]
                    VGA_R;
                                                       //
                                                              VGA Red[7:0] Changed from
10 to 23-bit DAC
      output [7:0]
                    VGA_G;
                                                                     VGA Green[7:0]
      output [7:0]
                    VGA_B;
                                                       //
                                                              VGA Blue[7:0]
      wire resetn;
      assign resetn = KEY[0];
      // Create the colour, x, y and writeEn wires that are inputs to the controller.
      wire [23:0] colour;
      wire [8:0] x;
      wire [7:0] y;
      wire writeEn;
      // Create an Instance of a VGA controller - there can be only one!
      // Define the number of colours as well as the initial background
      // image file (.MIF) for the controller.
      vga adapter VGA(
                    .resetn(resetn),
                    .clock(CLOCK_50),
                    .colour(colour),
                    .x(x),
                    .y(y),
                    .plot(writeEn),
                    /* Signals for the DAC to drive the monitor. */
                    .VGA_R(VGA_R),
                    .VGA_G(VGA_G),
                    .VGA_B(VGA_B),
                    .VGA_HS(VGA_HS),
                    .VGA VS(VGA VS),
                    .VGA_BLANK(VGA_BLANK_N),
```

```
.VGA_SYNC(VGA_SYNC_N),
              .VGA_CLK(VGA_CLK));
       defparam VGA.RESOLUTION = "320x240";
       defparam VGA.MONOCHROME = "FALSE";
       defparam VGA.BITS_PER_COLOUR_CHANNEL = 8;
       defparam VGA.BACKGROUND_IMAGE = "black.mif";
// Put your code here. Your code should produce signals x,y,colour and writeEn
// for the VGA controller, in addition to any other functionality your design may require.
wire plot, rowCountEn, colCountEn, reset_sig_x, reset_sig_y, row_done, col_done;
wire Id_0, Id_1, Id_2, Id_3, Id_4, Id_5, Id_6, Id_7, Id_8;
wire [2:0] sel_im;
wire [4:0] filter;
wire [3:0] sel_address;
datapath2 m0(.clock(CLOCK_50),
                             .resetn(resetn),
                            .rowCountEn(rowCountEn),
                             .colCountEn(colCountEn),
                             .plot_in(plot),
                            .filter(filter),
                            .reset_sig_x(reset_sig_x),
                            .reset_sig_y(reset_sig_y),
                            .ld_0(ld_0),
                            .ld_1(ld_1),
                            .ld_2(ld_2),
                            .ld_3(ld_3),
                            .Id_4(Id_4),
                            .ld_5(ld_5),
                            .ld_6(ld_6),
                            .ld_7(ld_7),
                            .ld_8(ld_8),
                            .sel_address(sel_address),
                            .sel_im(sel_im),
                             .row_done(row_done),
                             .col_done(col_done),
                            .x_out(x),
                            .y_out(y),
                             .colour_out(colour),
                             .plot_out(writeEn));
```

```
ctrlpath m1(.clock(CLOCK_50),
                                     .resetn(resetn),
                                     .SW(SW[9:0]),
                                    .KEY(KEY[3:0]),
                                     .row_done(row_done),
                                     .col_done(col_done),
                                    .rowCountEn(rowCountEn),
                                     .colCountEn(colCountEn),
                                     .plot(plot),
                                    .reset_sig_x(reset_sig_x),
                                    .reset_sig_y(reset_sig_y),
                                     .filter(filter),
                                    .ld_0(ld_0),
                                    .ld_1(ld_1),
                                    .ld_2(ld_2),
                                    .ld_3(ld_3),
                                    .ld_4(ld_4),
                                    .ld_5(ld_5),
                                    .ld_6(ld_6),
                                    .ld_7(ld_7),
                                    .ld_8(ld_8),
                                     .sel_address(sel_address),
                                     .sel_im(sel_im));
endmodule
// Data path2 for Guassian blur, Sobel edge detection
module datapath2(
       input clock, resetn,
       input rowCountEn,
       input colCountEn,
       input plot_in,
```

> input reset_sig_x, input reset_sig_y,

```
input Id_0, Id_1, Id_2, Id_3, Id_4, Id_5, Id_6, Id_7, Id_8, // register enable signals
input [2:0]sel_im,
input [3:0]sel_address,
input [4:0]filter,
output reg row_done,
output reg col_done,
output [8:0]x_out,
output [7:0]y_out,
output [23:0]colour_out,
output plot_out);
reg [8:0]x;
reg [7:0]y;
wire [23:0]c0, c1, c2, c3, c4, c5, c6, c7, c8;
wire [16:0]address;
reg [23:0]ram_colour;
wire [23:0]colour_im, colour_im2;
wire [8:0]colour_mu;
// x-8bit counter
always@(posedge clock)begin
       if(!resetn)begin
               x \le 9'd1;
               row_done = 1'b0;
       end
       else if(x == 9'd158)begin
               x \le 9'd0;
               row_done = 1'b1;
       end
       else if(reset_sig_x)begin
               row_done = 1'b0;
       end
       else if(rowCountEn)begin
               x \le x + 1'b1;
       end
       else
               \chi \leq \chi;
end
// y-7bit counter
always@(posedge clock)begin
       if(!resetn)begin
```

```
y \le 8'd1;
                      col done = 1'b0;
              end
              else if(y == 8'd118)begin
                      y \le 8'd0;
              end
              else if(reset_sig_y)begin
                      col\_done = 1'b0;
              end
              else if(colCountEn)begin
                      y \le y + 1'b1;
                      col_done = 1'b1;
              end
              else
                      y \le y;
       end
       //
              input x, y count into the address_adaptor
       address_adaptor a0(.x(x), .y(y), .sel(sel_address), .address(address));
       // read the colour from the ram and store in ram colour wire
       image_ram m0(.address(address), .clock(clock), .data(24'd0), .wren(1'b0),
.q(colour_im));
       image2_ram m1(.address(address), .clock(clock), .data(24'd0), .wren(1'b0),
.q(colour_im2));
       mu_ram m2(.address(address), .clock(clock), .data(24'd0), .wren(1'b0), .q(colour_mu));
       // case statement for select read colour from which RAMs
       always@(*)begin
              case(sel_im)
               3'd0: ram_colour = colour_im; //000
              3'd1: ram_colour = colour_im2; //001
               3'd2: ram_colour = {15'd0, colour_mu}; //010
              default: ram_colour = colour_im;
              endcase
       end
       // 9 registers while will hold the 9 pixels of colour
```

```
pixel register r0(.resetn(resetn), .clock(clock), .enable(ld 0), .colour i(ram colour),
.colour_o(c0));
       pixel_register r1(.resetn(resetn), .clock(clock), .enable(ld_1), .colour_i(ram_colour),
.colour o(c1));
       pixel register r2(.resetn(resetn), .clock(clock), .enable(ld 2), .colour i(ram colour),
.colour_o(c2));
       pixel_register r3(.resetn(resetn), .clock(clock), .enable(ld_3), .colour_i(ram_colour),
.colour o(c3);
       pixel register r4(.resetn(resetn), .clock(clock), .enable(ld 4), .colour i(ram colour),
.colour_o(c4));
       pixel_register r5(.resetn(resetn), .clock(clock), .enable(ld_5), .colour i(ram colour),
.colour o(c5);
       pixel_register r6(.resetn(resetn), .clock(clock), .enable(ld_6), .colour_i(ram_colour),
.colour_o(c6));
       pixel_register r7(.resetn(resetn), .clock(clock), .enable(ld_7), .colour_i(ram_colour),
.colour_o(c7));
       pixel_register r8(.resetn(resetn), .clock(clock), .enable(ld_8), .colour_i(ram_colour),
.colour_o(c8));
       // new image process module
       image_process m3(
               .filter(filter),
               .colour i0(c0),
               .colour_i1(c1),
               .colour_i2(c2),
               .colour_i3(c3),
               .colour i4(c4),
               .colour_i5(c5),
               .colour_i6(c6),
               .colour_i7(c7),
               .colour i8(c8),
               .colour_out(colour_out));
       // direct assignments
       assign x_out = x + 80;
       assign y_out = y + 60;
       assign plot_out = plot_in;
endmodule
```

```
3 4 5
678
*/
module address_adaptor(
       input [8:0]x,
       input [7:0]y,
       input [3:0]sel,
       output reg [16:0]address);
       wire[16:0] p0, p1, p2, p3, p4, p5, p6, p7, p8;
       assign p0 = 160*y + x - 161;
       assign p1 = 160*y + x - 160;
       assign p2 = 160*y + x - 159;
       assign p3 = 160*y + x - 1;
       assign p4 = 160*y + x;
       assign p5 = 160*y + x + 1;
       assign p6 = 160*y + x + 159;
       assign p7 = 160*y + x + 160;
       assign p8 = 160*y + x + 161;
       always@(*)begin
              case(sel[3:0])
                      4'd0: address = p0;
                      4'd1: address = p1;
                      4'd2: address = p2;
                      4'd3: address = p3;
                      4'd4: address = p4;
                      4'd5: address = p5;
                      4'd6: address = p6;
                      4'd7: address = p7;
                      4'd8: address = p8;
              default: address = p0;
              endcase
       end
endmodule
// Control Path module
module ctrlpath(
       input clock, resetn,
       input [9:0]SW,
       input [3:0]KEY,
```

```
input row_done,
input col_done,
output reg rowCountEn,
output reg colCountEn,
output reg plot,
output reg reset_sig_x,
output reg reset_sig_y,
output reg ld_0, ld_1, ld_2, ld_3, ld_4, ld_5, ld_6, ld_7, ld_8,
output reg [3:0]sel_address,
output [2:0]sel_im,
output [4:0]filter);
reg [5:0] current_state, next_state;
localparam
      // states for reading pixels from the image
      S_IDLE = 6'd0,
      S_WAIT_KEY = 6'd1,
      S LD0 = 6'd2,
      S_WAIT_C0 = 6'd3,
      S_LD1 = 6'd4,
      S_WAIT_C1 = 6'd5,
      S_LD2 = 6'd6,
      S_WAIT_C2 = 6'd7
      S_LD3 = 6'd8,
      S_WAIT_C3 = 6'd9,
      S_LD4 = 6'd10,
      S_WAIT_C4 = 6'd11,
      S LD5 = 6'd12,
      S_WAIT_C5 = 6'd13,
      S_LD6 = 6'd14,
      S_WAIT_C6 = 6'd15,
      S_LD7 = 6'd16,
      S_WAIT_C7 = 6'd17,
       S_LD8 = 6'd18,
      S_WAIT_C8 = 6'd19,
      S_DISPLAY = 6'd20,
      S_INCR_X = 6'd21,
      S_RESET_SIG = 6'd22,
       S_INCR_Y = 6'd23
       S_WAIT_STABLE = 6'd24;
```

// State table always@(*)begin

case(current_state)

```
S_IDLE: next_state = KEY[1] ? S_IDLE : S_WAIT_KEY;
      S_WAIT_KEY: next_state = KEY[1] ? S_LD0 : S_WAIT_C0;
      S_WAIT_C0: next_state = S_LD0;
      S_LD0: next_state = S_WAIT_C1;
      S_WAIT_C1: next_state = S_LD1;
      S_LD1: next_state = S_WAIT_C2;
      S_WAIT_C2: next_state = S_LD2;
      S_LD2: next_state = S_WAIT_C3;
      S_WAIT_C3: next_state = S_LD3;
      S_LD3: next_state = S_WAIT_C4;
      S_WAIT_C4: next_state = S_LD4;
      S_LD4: next_state = S_WAIT_C5;
      S_WAIT_C5: next_state = S_LD5;
      S_LD5: next_state = S_WAIT_C6;
      S WAIT_C6: next_state = S_LD6;
      S_LD6: next_state = S_WAIT_C7;
      S_WAIT_C7: next_state = S_LD7;
      S_LD7: next_state = S_WAIT_C8;
      S_WAIT_C8: next_state = S_LD8;
      S_LD8: next_state = S_WAIT_STABLE;
      S_WAIT_STABLE: next_state = S_DISPLAY;
      S_DISPLAY: next_state = S_INCR_X;
      S_INCR_X: next_state = row_done ? S_INCR_Y : S_LD0;
      S_INCR_Y: next_state = col_done ? S_IDLE : S_RESET_SIG;
      S RESET SIG: next state = S LD0;
      default: next_state = S_IDLE;
```

```
endcase
end
// Output logic
always@(*)begin
       rowCountEn = 1'b0;
       colCountEn = 1'b0;
       plot = 1'b0;
       reset_sig_x = 1'b0;
       reset_sig_y = 1'b0;
       Id_0 = 1'b0;
       Id_1 = 1'b0;
       Id_2 = 1'b0;
       Id_3 = 1'b0;
       Id_4 = 1'b0;
       Id_5 = 1'b0;
       Id_6 = 1'b0;
       Id_7 = 1'b0;
       Id_8 = 1'b0;
       sel_address = 4'd0;
       case(current_state)
       S_IDLE:begin
       reset_sig_x = 1'b1;
       reset_sig_y = 1'b1;
       end
       // for drawing the pic
       S_LD0:begin
       Id_0 = 1'b1;
       sel_address = 4'd0;
       end
       S_LD1:begin
       Id_1 = 1'b1;
       sel_address = 4'd1;
       end
```

S_LD2:begin

```
Id_2 = 1'b1;
sel_address = 4'd2;
end
S_LD3:begin
Id_3 = 1'b1;
sel_address = 4'd3;
end
S_LD4:begin
Id_4 = 1'b1;
sel_address = 4'd4;
end
S_LD5:begin
Id_5 = 1'b1;
sel_address = 4'd5;
end
S_LD6:begin
Id_6 = 1'b1;
sel_address = 4'd6;
end
S_LD7:begin
Id_7 = 1'b1;
sel_address = 4'd7;
end
S_LD8:begin
Id_8 = 1'b1;
sel_address = 4'd8;
end
S_DISPLAY:begin
plot = 1'b1;
end
S_INCR_X:begin
rowCountEn = 1'b1;
end
```

```
reset_sig_x = 1'b1;
            reset_sig_y = 1'b1;
            end
            S_INCR_Y:begin
            colCountEn = 1'b1;
            end
            endcase
      end
     // Direct assignment
      assign filter = SW[4:0];
      assign sel_im = SW[9:7];
     // current_state registers
  always@(posedge clock)
  begin
    if(!resetn)
      current_state <= S_IDLE;
    else
      current_state <= next_state;</pre>
  end // state_FFS
endmodule
**********************************
// Image processing module
// SW[9:7] filter option
module image_process(
      input [4:0]filter,
      input [23:0]colour_i0,
      input [23:0]colour_i1,
      input [23:0]colour_i2,
      input [23:0]colour_i3,
      input [23:0]colour_i4,
      input [23:0]colour_i5,
```

S_RESET_SIG:begin

```
input [23:0]colour i6,
input [23:0]colour_i7,
input [23:0]colour_i8,
output reg[23:0]colour_out);
// Filter options (USER MANUAL!) SW[4:0]
localparam
       ORIGIN = 5'd0, // 00000
       INVERT = 5'd1, // 00001
       R FILTER = 5'd2, // 00010
       G FILTER = 5'd3, // 00011
       B_FILTER = 5'd4, // 00100
       GREY_SCALE = 5'd5, // 00101
       BRIGHTEN = 5'd6, // 00110
       DARKEN = 5'd7, //00111
       BLUR = 5'd8, // 01000
       GBLUR = 5'd9, // 01001
       SOBEL EDGE = 5'd10, // 01010
       EMBOSS = 5'd11; // 01011
wire [23:0]colour_grey;
wire [23:0]bright, dark;
wire [23:0]box_blur, gaussian_blur, edge_detection, emboss;
always@(*)begin
       case(filter[4:0])
              ORIGIN: colour_out = colour_i0;
              INVERT: colour out = ~colour i0;
              R FILTER: colour out = {colour i0[23:16], 16'd0};
              G_FILTER: colour_out = {8'd0, colour_i0[15:8], 8'd0};
              B_FILTER: colour_out = {16'd0, colour_i0[7:0]};
              GREY_SCALE: colour_out = colour_grey;
              BLUR: colour_out = box_blur;
              BRIGHTEN: colour_out = bright;
              DARKEN: colour out = dark;
              GBLUR: colour out = gaussian blur;
              SOBEL_EDGE: colour_out = edge_detection;
              EMBOSS: colour_out = emboss;
       endcase
end
```

```
grey_scale g0(.colour_in(colour_i0), .colour_out(colour_grey));
bright_add g1(.colour_in(colour_i0), .colour_out(bright));
darken g2(.colour_in(colour_i0), .colour_out(dark));
box_blur g3(
       .colour_i0(colour_i0),
       .colour_i1(colour_i1),
       .colour_i2(colour_i2),
        .colour_i3(colour_i3),
       .colour_i4(colour_i4),
       .colour_i5(colour_i5),
        .colour_i6(colour_i6),
       .colour_i7(colour_i7),
       .colour_i8(colour_i8),
        .colour_out(box_blur));
gaussian_blur g4(
       .colour_i0(colour_i0),
       .colour_i1(colour_i1),
       .colour_i2(colour_i2),
       .colour_i3(colour_i3),
       .colour_i4(colour_i4),
        .colour_i5(colour_i5),
        .colour_i6(colour_i6),
       .colour_i7(colour_i7),
       .colour_i8(colour_i8),
       .colour_out(gaussian_blur));
edge_detection g5(
       .colour_i0(colour_i0),
        .colour_i1(colour_i1),
       .colour_i2(colour_i2),
       .colour_i3(colour_i3),
        .colour_i4(colour_i4),
       .colour_i5(colour_i5),
       .colour_i6(colour_i6),
        .colour_i7(colour_i7),
       .colour_i8(colour_i8),
       .colour_out(edge_detection));
emboss g6(
```

```
.colour_i0(colour_i0),
               .colour_i1(colour_i1),
               .colour_i2(colour_i2),
               .colour_i3(colour_i3),
               .colour_i4(colour_i4),
               .colour_i5(colour_i5),
               .colour_i6(colour_i6),
               .colour_i7(colour_i7),
               .colour_i8(colour_i8),
               .colour_out(emboss));
endmodule
module grey_scale(
       input [23:0]colour_in,
       output [23:0]colour_out);
       wire [7:0]r_in, g_in, b_in;
       wire [7:0]r_out, g_out, b_out;
       assign r_in = colour_in[23:16];
       assign g_in = colour_in[15:8];
       assign b_in = colour_in[7:0];
       assign r_out = (r_in != 0)? (299*r_in/1000)+(587*g_in/1000)+(114*b_in/1000): 0;
       assign g_{out} = (g_{in}!= 0) ? (299*r_{in}/1000) + (587*g_{in}/1000) + (114*b_{in}/1000) : 0;
       assign b_out = (b_in != 0) ? (299*r_in/1000) + (587*g_in/1000) + (114*b_in/1000) : 0;
       assign colour_out = {r_out, g_out, b_out};
endmodule
module bright_add (
  input [23:0]colour_in,
        output [23:0]colour_out
        );
  parameter black = 0;
  parameter white = 255;
       parameter threshold = 126;
```

```
parameter value1 = 50;
wire [7:0]r_in, g_in, b_in;
assign r_in = colour_in[23:16];
assign g_in = colour_in[15:8];
assign b_in = colour_in[7:0];
reg [7:0]r_out, g_out, b_out;
reg [15:0] tempR1, tempG1, tempB1;
always@(*)
begin
       tempR1 = r_in + value1;
if (tempR1 > 255)
       r_out = white;
else
       r_out = tempR1;
       tempG1 = g_in + value1;
if (tempG1 > 255)
       g_out = white;
else
       g_out = tempG1;
       tempB1 = b_in + value1;
if (tempB1 > 255)
       b_out = white;
else
       b_out = tempB1;
```

```
end
       assign colour_out = {r_out, g_out, b_out};
endmodule
module darken (
  input [23:0]colour_in,
       output [23:0]colour_out
       );
  parameter black = 0;
  parameter white = 255;
       parameter threshold = 126;
       parameter value1 = 50;
       wire [7:0]r_in, g_in, b_in;
       assign r_in = colour_in[23:16];
       assign g_in = colour_in[15:8];
       assign b_in = colour_in[7:0];
       reg [7:0]r_out, g_out, b_out;
       reg [15:0] tempR1, tempG1, tempB1;
       always@(*)
       begin
              tempR1 = r_in - value1;
       if (tempR1[8] == 1)
       r_out = 0;
       else
       r_out = tempR1;
       tempG1 = g_in - value1;
       if (tempG1[8] == 1)
       g_out = 0;
       else
       g_out = tempG1;
```

```
tempB1 = b_in - value1;
       if (tempB1[8] == 1)
       b_out = 0;
       else
       b_out = tempB1;
       end
       assign colour_out = {r_out, g_out, b_out};
endmodule
/*
0 1 2
3 4 5
678
*/
module box_blur(
       input [23:0]colour_i0,
       input [23:0]colour_i1,
       input [23:0]colour_i2,
       input [23:0]colour_i3,
       input [23:0]colour_i4,
       input [23:0]colour_i5,
       input [23:0]colour_i6,
       input [23:0]colour_i7,
       input [23:0]colour_i8,
       output [23:0]colour_out);
       wire[7:0]red0, red1, red2, red3, red4, red5, red6, red7, red8;
       wire[7:0]green0, green1, green2, green3, green4, green5, green6, green7, green8;
       wire[7:0]blue0, blue1, blue2, blue3, blue4, blue5, blue6, blue7, blue8;
       wire[31:0] red_x, green_x, blue_x;
       assign red0 = colour_i0[23:16];
       assign red1 = colour_i1[23:16];
       assign red2 = colour_i2[23:16];
```

```
assign red3 = colour_i3[23:16];
       assign red4 = colour i4[23:16];
       assign red5 = colour_i5[23:16];
       assign red6 = colour_i6[23:16];
       assign red7 = colour i7[23:16];
       assign red8 = colour_i8[23:16];
       assign green0 = colour i0[15:8];
       assign green1 = colour i1[15:8];
       assign green2 = colour_i2[15:8];
       assign green3 = colour_i3[15:8];
       assign green4 = colour i4[15:8];
       assign green5 = colour_i5[15:8];
       assign green6 = colour_i6[15:8];
       assign green7 = colour_i7[15:8];
       assign green8 = colour_i8[15:8];
       assign blue0 = colour_i0[7:0];
       assign blue1 = colour_i1[7:0];
       assign blue2 = colour i2[7:0];
       assign blue3 = colour_i3[7:0];
       assign blue4 = colour_i4[7:0];
       assign blue5 = colour_i5[7:0];
       assign blue6 = colour i6[7:0];
       assign blue7 = colour_i7[7:0];
       assign blue8 = colour_i8[7:0];
       assign red_x = red0 + red1 + red2 + red3 + red4 + red5 + red6 + red7 + red8;
       assign green_x = green0 + green1 + green2 + green3 + green4 + green5 + green6 +
green7 + green8;
       assign blue_x = blue0 + blue1 + blue2 + blue3 + blue4 + blue5 + blue6 + blue7 + blue8;
       assign colour_out[23:16] = red_x / 9;
       assign colour_out[15:8] = green_x / 9;
       assign colour_out[7:0] = blue_x / 9;
endmodule
module gaussian_blur(
       input [23:0]colour i0,
       input [23:0]colour_i1,
```

```
input [23:0]colour i2,
input [23:0]colour_i3,
input [23:0]colour_i4,
input [23:0]colour_i5,
input [23:0]colour i6,
input [23:0]colour_i7,
input [23:0]colour_i8,
output [23:0]colour_out);
wire[7:0]red0, red1, red2, red3, red4, red5, red6, red7, red8;
wire[7:0]green0, green1, green2, green3, green4, green5, green6, green7, green8;
wire[7:0]blue0, blue1, blue2, blue3, blue4, blue5, blue6, blue7, blue8;
wire[31:0] red_x, green_x, blue_x;
assign red0 = colour i0[23:16];
assign red1 = colour_i1[23:16];
assign red2 = colour_i2[23:16];
assign red3 = colour_i3[23:16];
assign red4 = colour i4[23:16];
assign red5 = colour_i5[23:16];
assign red6 = colour_i6[23:16];
assign red7 = colour i7[23:16];
assign red8 = colour i8[23:16];
assign green0 = colour_i0[15:8];
assign green1 = colour i1[15:8];
assign green2 = colour_i2[15:8];
assign green3 = colour_i3[15:8];
assign green4 = colour i4[15:8];
assign green5 = colour i5[15:8];
assign green6 = colour_i6[15:8];
assign green7 = colour_i7[15:8];
assign green8 = colour_i8[15:8];
assign blue0 = colour_i0[7:0];
assign blue1 = colour i1[7:0];
assign blue2 = colour_i2[7:0];
assign blue3 = colour_i3[7:0];
assign blue4 = colour_i4[7:0];
assign blue5 = colour_i5[7:0];
assign blue6 = colour i6[7:0];
assign blue7 = colour_i7[7:0];
```

```
assign blue8 = colour_i8[7:0];
       0 1 2 1 2 1
       |3 4 5| 2 4 2
       |6 7 8| 1 2 1
       */
       assign red_x = red0 + 2*red1 + red2 + 2*red3 + 4*red4 + 2*red5 + red6 + <math>2*red7 + red8;
       assign green_x = green0 + 2*green1 + green2 + 2*green3 + 4*green4 + 2*green5 +
green6 + 2*green7 + green8;
       assign blue_x = blue0 + 2*blue1 + blue2 + 2*blue3 + 4*blue4 + 2*blue5 + blue6 +2*blue7
+ blue8;
       assign colour_out[23:16]= red_x/16;
       assign colour_out[15:8]= green_x/16;
       assign colour_out[7:0]= blue_x/16;
endmodule
// sobel edge detection
      sobel edge detection
//
     | 1 0 -1 |
                    |121|
//
     | 2 0 -2 |
                    |000|
      | 1 0 -1 |
//
                    |-1 -2 -1 |
module edge_detection(
       input [23:0]colour_i0,
       input [23:0]colour i1,
       input [23:0]colour_i2,
       input [23:0]colour_i3,
       input [23:0]colour_i4,
       input [23:0]colour_i5,
       input [23:0]colour_i6,
       input [23:0]colour_i7,
       input [23:0]colour_i8,
       output [23:0]colour_out);
       wire[7:0]red0, red1, red2, red3, red4, red5, red6, red7, red8;
       wire[7:0]green0, green1, green2, green3, green4, green5, green6, green7, green8;
       wire[7:0]blue0, blue1, blue2, blue3, blue4, blue5, blue6, blue7, blue8;
```

```
wire[31:0] red_x, blue_x;
       reg[31:0] green_x;
       assign red0 = colour i0[23:16];
       assign red1 = colour_i1[23:16];
       assign red2 = colour_i2[23:16];
       assign red3 = colour_i3[23:16];
       assign red4 = colour i4[23:16];
       assign red5 = colour_i5[23:16];
       assign red6 = colour_i6[23:16];
       assign red7 = colour i7[23:16];
       assign red8 = colour_i8[23:16];
       assign green0 = colour_i0[15:8];
       assign green1 = colour_i1[15:8];
       assign green2 = colour_i2[15:8];
       assign green3 = colour_i3[15:8];
       assign green4 = colour_i4[15:8];
       assign green5 = colour i5[15:8];
       assign green6 = colour_i6[15:8];
       assign green7 = colour_i7[15:8];
       assign green8 = colour_i8[15:8];
       assign blue0 = colour_i0[7:0];
       assign blue1 = colour_i1[7:0];
       assign blue2 = colour i2[7:0];
       assign blue3 = colour_i3[7:0];
       assign blue4 = colour_i4[7:0];
       assign blue5 = colour_i5[7:0];
       assign blue6 = colour i6[7:0];
       assign blue7 = colour_i7[7:0];
       assign blue8 = colour_i8[7:0];
      | 1 0 -1 |
                     |121|
      |20-2|
                     0001
      |10-1|
                     |-1 -2 -1 |
// |012|
// |345|
// |678|
       assign red_x = red0 - red2 +2*red3 -2*red5 + red6 - red8;
       assign blue x = red0 + 2*red1 + red2 - red6 - 2*red7 - red8;
```

//

//

//

```
always@(*)begin
        if(red_x > 1024 \& blue_x > 1024)begin
              green_x = -(red_x + blue_x)/2;
  end else if(red_x > 1024 & blue_x < 1024)begin
   green_x = (-red_x + blue_x)/2;
  end else if(red_x < 1024 & blue_x < 1024)begin
   green_x = (red_x + blue_x)/2;
  end else begin
   green_x = (red_x - blue_x)/2;
  end
       end
       assign colour_out[23:16] = green_x;
       assign colour_out[15:8] = green_x;
       assign colour_out[7:0] = green_x;
endmodule
module emboss(
input [23:0]colour_i0,
input [23:0]colour_i1,
input [23:0]colour_i2,
input [23:0]colour_i3,
input [23:0]colour_i4,
input [23:0]colour_i5,
input [23:0]colour_i6,
input [23:0]colour_i7,
input [23:0]colour_i8,
output reg [23:0]colour_out);
wire[7:0]red0, red1, red2, red3, red4, red5, red6, red7, red8;
wire[7:0]green0, green1, green2, green3, green4, green5, green6, green7, green8;
wire[7:0]blue0, blue1, blue2, blue3, blue4, blue5, blue6, blue7, blue8;
wire[31:0] red_x;
assign red0 = colour_i0[23:16];
```

assign red1 = colour_i1[23:16];

```
assign red2 = colour i2[23:16];
assign red3 = colour_i3[23:16];
assign red4 = colour_i4[23:16];
assign red5 = colour_i5[23:16];
assign red6 = colour i6[23:16];
assign red7 = colour_i7[23:16];
assign red8 = colour_i8[23:16];
assign green0 = colour_i0[15:8];
assign green1 = colour_i1[15:8];
assign green2 = colour_i2[15:8];
assign green3 = colour_i3[15:8];
assign green4 = colour_i4[15:8];
assign green5 = colour_i5[15:8];
assign green6 = colour_i6[15:8];
assign green7 = colour_i7[15:8];
assign green8 = colour_i8[15:8];
assign blue0 = colour_i0[7:0];
assign blue1 = colour i1[7:0];
assign blue2 = colour_i2[7:0];
assign blue3 = colour_i3[7:0];
assign blue4 = colour_i4[7:0];
assign blue5 = colour i5[7:0];
assign blue6 = colour_i6[7:0];
assign blue7 = colour_i7[7:0];
assign blue8 = colour_i8[7:0];
|0 1 2| -2 -1 0
|3 4 5| -1 1 1
|678| 012
*/
assign red_x = red4 + red5 -red3 -red1 + 2*red8 - 2*red0;
always@(*)begin
               if (red_x > 1280) begin
               colour_out<=0;
               end
               else begin
               colour_out[23:16] \le red_x;
               colour_out[15:8] \le red_x;
```

```
colour_out[7:0] <= red_x;
           end
 end
endmodule
// register
module pixel_register(
     input resetn, clock,
     input enable,
     input [23:0] colour_i,
     output reg [23:0]colour_o);
     always@(posedge clock)begin
           if(!resetn)
                colour_o <= 23'd0;
           else if(enable)
                 colour_o <= colour_i;
           else
                colour_o <= colour_o;
     end
endmodule
```