Dashboard / My cou	urses / COSC264 / Week 10: Quiz (Error Detection, Correction, and Control Problems)	
/ Quiz: Error Detect	tion, Correction, and Control Problems (practice copy)	
	Friday, 15 October 2021, 1:52 PM	
State	Finished	
	Friday, 15 October 2021, 5:05 PM	
	3 hours 13 mins 84.71 out of 100.00	
Grade	64.71 Out 01 100.00	
Question 1		
Correct		
Mark 1.71 out of 2.00		
Salaat all the items	that can cause transmission errors:	
Penalty regime: 33°	%, 66%, 100%	
Select one or more	:	
a. Interference	ce (two waveforms colliding)	•
	ations in signal timings)	•
c. Faulty rout		
d. Jamming	of a signal	,
e. Weak sign	al strength 🗸	•
f. Crosstalk	(signals in one circuit interfering with signals in another circuit)	•
g. Thermal n	oise (noise generated by random thermal motion)	•
Your answer is corn	rect.	
Correct		
Marks for this submis	ssion: 2.00/2.00. Accounting for previous tries, this gives 1.71/2.00 .	
Question 2		
Correct		
Mark 2.00 out of 2.00		
Using odd parity w	hat is the parity bit if the frame is 01010111?	
	ional parity bit, rather than the full codeword	
-		
Penalty regime: 100	J ⁷ 6	
Answer: 0	✓	
Correct		
Marks for this submis	ssion: 2.00/2.00.	

Correct
Marks for this submission: 5.00/5.00.

e500

Answer:

Please give the answer in hexadecimal. Penalty Regime: 33%, 66%, 100%

What is the result after the ones-complement addition on the whole data block send by Alice?

Correct

Question 9	
Correct	
Mark 4.00 out of 12.00	
What is the corresponding Frame Check Sequence (FCS)? Please enter the FCS in the binary formation Penalty regime 33%, 66%, 100%	at.
Answer: 11010	•
Correct Marks for this submission: 12.00/12.00. Accounting for previous tries, this gives 4.00/12.00 .	
Information	

Suppose there are senders A and B that want to send data between each other although there is interference on the channel connecting them. To overcome this issue both A and B agree on a Hamming code to use so that errors can be detected or corrected (depending on the severity of the error). The messages and the codewords they map to are given below.

Message	Codeword
0000	0000000
0001	0001111
0010	0010011
0011	0011100
0100	0100101
0101	0101010
0110	0110110
0111	0111001
1100	1100011
1101	1101100
1110	1110000
1111	1111111
1000	1000110
1001	1001001
1010	1010101
1011	1011010

With this information, answer the following questions.

Question 10
Correct
Mark 2.00 out of 2.00

Suppose that user A sends user B the codeword 0110110. Assuming there were no errors, what is the message that user B has received?

Penalty Regime: 33%, 66%, 100%

Answer: 0110

Correct

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Question 1'	1	
Mark 2.00 o	ut of 2 00	
Suppos	e now that user B receives a codeword 1001	1011 from user A. What is the Hamming distance from 1011010?
Penalty	Regime: 33%, 66%, 100%	
Answer	2	✓
Correct	r this submission: 2.00/2.00.	
IVIdIKS IU	II IIIS SUDITIISSIOTI. 2.00/2.00.	
Question 12	2	
Correct		
Mark 2.00 o	ut of 2.00	
With the	e same codeword as before (1001011), wha	t is the Hamming distance from the received codeword and 1001001?
	Regime: 33%, 66%, 100%	•
Answer	: 1	✓
Correct		
Marks fo	r this submission: 2.00/2.00.	
Ouestion 1	<u> </u>	
	3	
Correct Mark 3.00 o	ut of 3.00	
Walk 3.00 0	ut 01 3.00	
With ref	erence to the last two questions, suppose u	ser B receives 1001011 from user A. Which conclusion can B draw?
Penalty	Regime: 50%, 100%	
Select o	ano:	
a.		ived block
b.	It could either be two (detectable) bit	Correct. Both is possible (although in general these two events do not have the same
© 2.	errors or one (correctable) bit error.	probability), user A could either have sent 1011010 or 1001001, and B cannot reliably
	Without further configuration B cannot	distinguish between these possibilities. It can only suspect that the option with fewer
	decide on the proper action.	bit errors is the more likely one.
О с.	There is one bit error in the received block	which we are able to correct.
Your an	swer is correct.	
Correct		
Marks fo	r this submission: 3.00/3.00.	

Question 14		
Correct		
Mark 2.00 out of 2.00		

There is another class of Hamming codes that are extended with an additional parity bit, providing the ability to detect up to three errors, correct up to two errors, or simultaneously correct up to one error and detect up to two errors. How would the code rate of the extended Hamming code compare to normal Hamming codes? The code rate is defined as the ratio of the number k of user data bits to the total number n of bits for the coded message (which includes the user data and redundant bits), i.e. k/n.

Penalty Regime: 100%

Select one:

- a. The code rate of the extended hamming code would be larger.
- b. The code rate of the extended hamming code would be smaller.

Your answer is correct.

Correct

Marks for this submission: 2.00/2.00.

Question 15

Correct

Mark 2.00 out of 2.00

Is the Automatic Repeat Request (ARQ) protocol closed loop or open loop error control?

Penalty regime: 100%

Select one:

- a. ARQ is open loop error control as ARQ does not send feedback
- b. ARQ is closed loop error control as ARQ sends feedback

~

Your answer is correct.

Correct

e. 4

Your answer is correct.

Correct

Marks for this submission: 2.00/2.00.

Information

Two neighbour nodes (A and B) use the ARQ mechanism stop-and-wait for their data transfer. Assuming A is transmitting and B is receiving, show the number of usable sequence numbers at A for the following succession of events.

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Question 18	
Correct	
Mark 1.33 out of 2.00	
After A sends frame 0	e 0, but before A receives an acknowledgement from B for 0, the number of usable sequence numbers at A becomes
Penalty regime: 33%	%, 66%, 100%
Correct Marks for this submis	sion: 2.00/2.00. Accounting for previous tries, this gives 1.33/2.00 .
Question 19 Correct Mark 2.00 out of 2.00	
After A sends frame 1 ✓ . Penalty regime: 339 Correct Marks for this submis	
Information	
	s (A and B) use go-back-N with a 3-bit sequence number and a window size of N=4. Assuming A is transmitting and B is window positions (sequence numbers currently in the window) for the following succession of events.
Question 20 Correct Mark 2.00 out of 2.00	
Before A sends any 4 • . Penalty regime: 33%	frames, the number of usable sequence numbers of A is %, 66%, 100%

https://quiz2021.csse.canterbury.ac.nz/mod/quiz/review.php? attempt = 100536&cmid = 749

15/10/2021 Quiz: Error Detection, Correction, and Control Problems (practice copy): Attempt review Question 21 Correct Mark 2.00 out of 2.00 Before A sends any frame, the first usable sequence number in the sliding window of A is 0 Penalty regime: 33%, 66%, 100% Correct Marks for this submission: 2.00/2.00. Ouestion 22 Correct Mark 2.00 out of 2.00 After A sends frames 0, 1, 2 and receives acknowledgement from B for 0 and 1, the number of usable sequence number of A becomes 3 Penalty regime: 33%, 66%, 100% Correct Marks for this submission: 2.00/2.00. Question 23 Correct Mark 2.00 out of 2.00 After A sends frames 0, 1, 2 and receives acknowledgement from B for 0 and 1, the sequence number of the next new frame of A is 3



Penalty regime: 33%, 66%, 100%

Correct

15/10/2021 Quiz: Error Detection, Correction, and Control Problems (practice copy): Attempt review Question 24 Correct Mark 2.00 out of 2.00 After B receives frames 0, 1, 2 and acknowledges 0, 1, 2, B expects the sequence number of the next in-order packet to be 3 Penalty regime: 33%, 66%, 100% Correct Marks for this submission: 2.00/2.00. Question 25 Correct Mark 2.00 out of 2.00 After A sends frames 3, 4, and 5 and B acknowledges 4 and the ACK is received by A, the number of usable sequence numbers at A becomes 3 Penalty regime 33%, 66%, 100% Correct Marks for this submission: 2.00/2.00.

Question 26

Correct

Mark 2.00 out of 2.00

After B receives frames 3 and 4, B expects the sequence number of the next in-order packet to be

5

Penalty regime: 33%, 66%, 100%

Correct

Marks for this submission: 2.00/2.00. Accounting for previous tries, this gives 1.33/2.00.

d. ACK0

Your answer is correct.

First A sends frames 0, 1, 2, 3 and B receives frames 0, 2, 3 correctly; then B sends ACKs but A receives ACK0 only. Which sequence numbers are in A's window?

Penalty regime: 33%, 66%, 100%

Select one or more:

_ a. 0

✓ c. 1

.

✓ d. 4

☑ e. 2

·

Your answer is correct.

Correct

First A sends frames 0, 1, 2, 3 and B receives frames 0, 2, 3 correctly; then B sends back ACKs, delivers in-order frame(s) and buffers out-of-order frame(s). After a while B receives frame 1 correctly. Now which frame(s) will be delivered to the upper layer at B?

Penalty regime: 33%, 66%, 100%

Select one or more:

a. 3

✓ b. 2✓ c. 1

d. 0

Your answer is correct.

Correct

- 🗾 b. In TCP flow control, the sender maintains a variable called **receive window** (RcvWindow) which tells itself how much free buffer 💉 space is available at the receiver.
- c. TCP flow control is a speed-matching service.
- d. TCP flow control is the same as TCP congestion control.

Your answer is correct.

Correct

Marks for this submission: 2.00/2.00. Accounting for previous tries, this gives 1.33/2.00.

Your answer is correct.

Correct

Marks for this submission: 2.00/2.00. Accounting for previous tries, this gives **0.67/2.00**.

b. Some segments can be retransmitted before timeout. This is called fast retransmit.

d. When there is a timeout, the sender retransmits all not-yet-acknowledged segments.

c. The reliable data transfer mechanism in TCP is different from both Go-back-N and Selective Repeat.

a. TCP usually uses cumulative acknowledgements.

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Question 39	
Correct	
Mark 2.00 out of 3.00	
CongWin is 16 MSS	CP connection begins, its congestion window (CongWin) is initialised to 1MSS (Max Segment Size) and the threshold for S. Now TCP is in the Slow Start phase. Roughly after how many round trips, CongWin will grow to the threshold?
Penalty regime: 33'	%, 66%, 100%
Select one:	
○ a. 5	
○ b. 3	
oc. 2	
d. 4	✓
Your answer is cor	rect.
Correct	
Marks for this submis	ssion: 3.00/3.00. Accounting for previous tries, this gives 2.00/3.00 .
■ Quiz: Error Dete	ection, Correction, and Control Problems

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