Mathematics Methods for Computer Science

Motivation

Parametric Regression

Least Squares

Cholesky Factorization

Sparsity

Special Structure

## Mathematics Methods for Computer Science

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## Lecture

Designing and Analyzing Linear Systems

## Theorist's Dilemma

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"Find a nail for this really interesting hammer."

$$A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$$

## Today's Lesson

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# Linear systems are insanely important.

## Linear Regression

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$$f(\vec{x}) = a_1 x_1 + a_2 x_2 + \dots + a_n x_n = \vec{a}^T \vec{x}$$

Find 
$$\{a_1, \cdots, a_n\}$$

## n Experiments

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$$\vec{x}^{(k)} \mapsto y^{(k)} \equiv f\left(\vec{x}^{(k)}\right)$$

$$y^{(1)} = f\left(\vec{x}^{(1)}\right) = a_1 x_1^{(1)} + a_2 x_2^{(1)} + \dots + a_n x_n^{(1)}$$
$$y^{(2)} = f\left(\vec{x}^{(2)}\right) = a_1 x_1^{(2)} + a_2 x_2^{(2)} + \dots + a_n x_n^{(2)}$$
$$\vdots$$

## Linear System for $\vec{a}$

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$$\begin{pmatrix} - \vec{x}^{(1)\top} & - \ - \vec{x}^{(2)\top} & - \ \vdots \ - \vec{x}^{(n)\top} & - \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \ a_2 \ \vdots \ a_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} y^{(1)} \ y^{(2)} \ \vdots \ y^{(n)} \end{pmatrix}$$

## General Case

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$$f(\vec{x}) = a_1 f_1(\vec{x}) + a_2 f_2(\vec{x}) + \dots + a_m f_m(\vec{x})$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} f_1\left(\vec{x}^{(1)}\right) & f_2\left(\vec{x}^{(1)}\right) & \cdots & f_m\left(\vec{x}^{(1)}\right) \\ f_1\left(\vec{x}^{(2)}\right) & f_2\left(\vec{x}^{(2)}\right) & \cdots & f_m\left(\vec{x}^{(2)}\right) \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ f_1\left(\vec{x}^{(m)}\right) & f_2\left(\vec{x}^{(m)}\right) & \cdots & f_m\left(\vec{x}^{(m)}\right) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ \vdots \\ a_m \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} y^{(1)} \\ y^{(2)} \\ \vdots \\ y^{(m)} \end{pmatrix}$$

f can be nonlinear!

## Two Important Cases

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$$f(\vec{x}) = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + \dots + a_n x^n$$
"Vandermonde system"

$$f(x) = acos(x + \phi)$$
  
Mini-Fourier

# Something Fishy

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Why should you have to do exactly n experiments?

What if  $y^{(k)}$  is measured with error?

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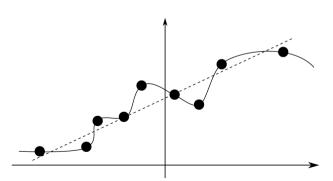
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## Over fitting

# Overfitting

Finding patterns in statistical noise



## Interpretation of Linear Systems

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$$\begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ \vdots \\ b_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} - & \vec{r}_1^\top & - \\ - & \vec{r}_2^\top & - \\ \vdots & \cdots & \vdots \\ - & \vec{r}_n^\top & - \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \vec{r}_1 \cdot \vec{x} \\ \vec{r}_2 \cdot \vec{x} \\ \vdots \\ \vec{r}_n \cdot \vec{x} \end{pmatrix}$$

"Guess  $\vec{x}$  by observing its dot products with  $\vec{r_i}$ 's."

## What happens when m > n?

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# Rows are likely to be incompatible.

Next best thing:

$$A\vec{x} \approx \vec{b}$$

An over-determined least-squares problem.

## Least Squares

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$$A\vec{x} \approx \vec{b} \iff \min_{\vec{x}} ||A\vec{x} - \vec{b}||_2$$
$$\iff A^{\top} A \vec{x} = A^{\top} \vec{b}$$

## Normal Equations

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$$A^T A \vec{x} = A^T \vec{b}$$

 $A^TA$  is the Gram matrix.

## Regularization

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Tikhonov regularization ("Ridge Regression;" Gaussian prior):

$$\min_{\vec{x}} \|A\vec{x} - \vec{b}\|_2^2 + \alpha \|\vec{x}\|_2^2$$

Lasso (Laplace prior):

$$\min_{\vec{x}} \|A\vec{x} - \vec{b}\|_2^2 + \beta \|\vec{x}\|_1$$

Elastic Net:

$$\min_{\vec{x}} \|A\vec{x} - \vec{b}\|_2^2 + \alpha \|\vec{x}\|_2^2 + \beta \|\vec{x}\|_1$$

## Regularization

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Tikhonov regularization ("Ridge Regression;" Gaussian prior):

$$\min_{\vec{x}} \|A\vec{x} - \vec{b}\|_2^2 + \alpha \|\vec{x}\|_2^2$$

## Least-Squares "In the Wild"

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Make lots of expressions approximately zero.

$$\sum_{i} [f_i(\vec{x})]^2$$

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## Example: Image Alignment

 $\vec{y}_k \approx A\vec{x}_k + \vec{b}$  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2} \quad \vec{b} \in \mathbb{R}^2$ 

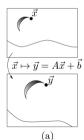
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(b) Input images with keypoints

(c) Aligned images

## Example: Robotics

# Planar Serial Chain Manipulator

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# **Problem:** How to change redundant joint angles $\vec{q}$ to move toward goal position?

- Joint angles:  $\vec{q} = (q_1, q_2, \cdots, q_n)^T$
- End-effector position:  $\vec{p} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$
- $\bullet \ \ {\rm Kinematic \ model:} \ \vec{p} = \vec{f}(\vec{q}) \ \stackrel{\rm Linearize}{\longrightarrow} \ \Delta \vec{p} = J \Delta \vec{q}$
- An under-determined linear least-squares problem.
- Minimum-norm solution for  $\Delta \vec{q}$  given  $\Delta \vec{p}$ .



## A Ridiculously Important Matrix

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$$A^T A$$

 $A^TA$  is the Gram matrix.

# Properties of $A^TA$

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## Symmetric

B is symmetric if  $B^T = B$ .

## Properties of $A^TA$

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### Symmetric

B is symmetric if  $B^T = B$ .

### Positive (Semi-)Definite

B is positive semidefinite if for all  $\vec{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $\vec{x}^T B \vec{x} \geq 0$ . B is positive definite if  $\vec{x}^T B \vec{x} > 0$  whenever  $\vec{x} \neq \vec{0}$ .

## Pivoting for SPD ${\cal C}$

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# Goal:

Solve  $C\vec{x} = \vec{d}$  for symmetric positive definite C.

$$C = \left( \begin{array}{cc} c_{11} & \vec{v}^{\top} \\ \vec{v} & \tilde{C} \end{array} \right)$$

## Forward Substitution

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$$E = \begin{pmatrix} 1/\sqrt{c_{11}} & \overrightarrow{0}^{\top} \\ \overrightarrow{r} & I_{(n-1)\times(n-1)} \end{pmatrix}$$

## Symmetry Experiment

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# Try post-multiplication:

$$ECE^{T}$$

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. Positive definite  $\Rightarrow$  existance of  $\sqrt{c_{11}}$ 

Symmetry  $\Rightarrow$  apply E to both sides

## Cholesky Factorization

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$$C = LL^T$$

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## Observation about Cholesky

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$$L = \begin{pmatrix} L_{11} & 0 & 0 \\ \vec{\ell}_k^{\top} & \ell_{kk} & 0 \\ L_{31} & L_{32} & L_{33} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$LL^{\top} = \begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ \vec{\ell}_k^{\top} L_{11}^{\top} & \vec{\ell}_k^{\top} \vec{\ell}_k + \ell_{kk}^2 & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}$$

## Observation about Cholesky

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$$\ell_{kk} = \sqrt{c_{kk}} - \left\| \vec{\ell}_k \right\|_2^2$$

$$L_{11}\vec{\ell}_k = \vec{c}_k$$

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## Harmonic Parameterization

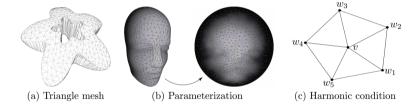
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E.g., mesh Laplacian matrices.

## Storing Sparse Matrices

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Want O(n) storage if we have O(n) nonzeros!

## Examples:

- List of triplets (r,c,val)
- For each row r, matrix[r] holds a dictionary c  $\rightarrow$  A[r][c]

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# Storing Sparse Matrices

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- Common strategy: Permute rows/columns
- Mostly heuristic constructions
   Minimizing fill in Cholesky is NP-complete!
- Alternative strategy:
   Avoid Gaussian elimination altogether
   Iterative solution methods only need
   matrix-vector multiplication! More in a few weeks.

## Banded Matrices

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## Cyclic Matrices

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$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc}
a & b & c & d \\
d & a & b & c \\
c & d & a & b \\
b & c & d & a
\end{array}\right)$$